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Prompt renew als for 1901. hens, makes makes glossy inners. If you i one package, can, \$1.20; six New subscribers from every con

e Coug buildings belonging to the government are yellow, is a capital off nse for any person to use that color on terior of his dwelling or place

> are few more prosperous ies belonging to Great Britain New Zealand. Its climate is sed nowhere in the world, ineral wealth is vast, and its boundless.

Japanese government is conld be fewer having the advisability of inflicting punishment by means of cation. It is proposed to place this powerful, subjects in an air tight chamber then exhaust the air from the . Carter, North by means of a pump.

tish Columbia and Ontario h which my fr is fast driving California fruit but all failed ket. This is as it should be. to make the best results posthe fruit must always be ally selected, packed and keted in time.

on Victoria and the Prince of es are seeking to discourage the tice of docking the tails of and therefore this method County of York isfiguring and ill-treating valuand sensitive animals may pass out of fashion in Eagland night to be abandoned every-

key has been taking a consus lam, and finds that the number Mohammedans in the world is western Asia and Hindostan, thern and north-eastern Africa, rovince of New 23 000,000 scattered in other sday the second to of the world.

at the hourd a recent postoffice regulation in the afternoon ds and prem ince, it is decreed to be a serious Beginning at glement" the postoffice employe also prohibited from forwarding le of the Grai on the Southwe nent, thence S thing abusive or indecent, Now West sixty seat is the postal clerk to do?

exico seems anxious to get back sons and grandsons of her forcitizens who are now citizens the United States, living in grees, West hit w Mexico. In a colonization cession recently made the govment stipulated that all col Lyons (the E sts must be from foreign y of Merch A th all the build intries, with preference for those Mexican origin now in the States ll be held under territories above mentioned.

e of Mortgage here are nearly 29,000,000 farmers the United States, including nty-eighth day ir families. The city population ounts to 19,670,984. The growth the city population has not been said Indenture great, rela ively during the last red in the office years as it was during the prehaving been m the moneys the pulation of over half a million : Louis, Boston and Baltimore. nty-fourth day

> inyone call or ask for me by phone while I was out Katie?" d the mistress.

Indude they did, wum. The jingled and a lady with a voice a coffee mill says, 'Hello' and I 'Hello yourself,' and she says, o is this?' and I says, 'None of business.' And she says, 'Is said nuthin' I'll talk in that nent Churches

contains more arti asants of Russia live mainly n thin vegetable soup, sour T ON REQUES rye bread and oil. The tch Highlander, whose courage hardihood are proverbial, sel- considered, the picture is worthy of a Church, down in the ignorance and beyond the limits of civilization. YN N. Y.

hine no more mum."

dom touches meat, living mainly place of honor in the Dresden Gallery. superstition which prevail there to-day. upon natmeal, vegetables and uttermilk. Among the most active and vital people of the world are the Irish peasants, whose diet con sists almost entirely of potatoes and buttermilk. The farmers of Corsica live all winter upon dried fruit; mainly dates, and polenta (chestnut) meal. During the Middle Ages the Moors used to provision their fortified cities with chestnuts and olive oil.

BY PROF. JAMES A. HOWE, D. D., MORNING STAR.

Wittenberg is one of the places to which Protestants, when in Northern Germany, direct their steps. It is a place of fifteen thousand inhabitants, forty miles north of Leipsic. Leipsic is ten degrees north of Boston. Hence one should expect that, at either of these North German towns, in the middle of October, the winds would be somewhat chilled. That, at any rate, they were on the occasion of our visit to Wittenberg. Boreas was out for a constitutional, and the way he whisked about our hats and hair was very monarchical and disrespectful. The exercise did not warm our blood, nor deter us from visiting the town, hallowed by the wisdom, piety, and glorious works of Martin Luther.

Leaving the station, we first went up the street to a garden in which stands an oak surrounded by an iron fence. An inscription informs us that the tree marks the spot where, on Dec. 10, 1520, the bold reformer burnt to ashes the papal bull fulminated against him. A couragous act it was -one that, without Providential care. would have ended in another burning, with Luther himself, like John Huss later, reduced to ashes. But that fate of many of the reformers was not reserved for him.

Leaving the oak as a symbol of the strength of the truths rooted by the Reformation, one passes up "Collegien Strasse" to what is now known as the 500,000. Of these 18,000,000 "Luther House." It became Luther's in Turkey in Europe, 99,000,000 by a gift of the elector. Originally it was part of the monastery to which 100,000 in China, 36,500,000 in Luther came from Erfurt as a teacher of philosophy. The buildings formed a quadrangle, having a large inner court. The Luther House faces the court from within, standing parallel to the one on the street. The decrepitude nce for a postoffice employe to of four hundred years' wear and tear d situate and b d what is written on the back of appears in many ways, giving to the Canterbury, in t-cards—a very excellent order. structure a peculiar charm, one, it may resaid, and bout t by another article in the same be noticed, that no building in our country can have. Entering the court, guided by a bright little miss, we were postcard on which is written led to the maiden with keys, whose business it is to show visitors the sacred relics.

The house in recent years has been fitted up as a museum. Six rooms are set apart to this wise use. One of these is devoted to pictures of Luther ifornia, Colorado, Arizona, and Catharine his wife, Melanchthon, and other reformers, especially of the and the sword. Another room, now used as a chapel, contains a three-story deskor "cathedra" from which Luther's lectures were given. To mount the desk and stand on the spot where he stood as he taught 'divinity, was to bring past and present into a union that could be felt. In this room, inclosed in a glass case, is a large ivy gift of man to Germany." Among the issue of Nov. 17th, said : many objects of interest may be mentioned some boards on the floor prent Mary there? And I told preacher, when he did not forget to others should assist us to shorten our she'd better ask a policeman, look at it, that it was time to stop; suffering. Let us, therefore pray He cares not for the laws of God or she foired sumthin' in my ear, and an old pulpit from which he had earnestly, by word and deed, in order man and fights for his bread as best he I dared her to show the ugly many times declared the doctrine of to gain merits to be applied to the poor, can in the midst of dirt and violence use the "Helps for monthly meetings" g of her back of our barn, and justification by faith. One picture suffering souls in purgatory." represented Luther standing and look-

richest gifts to his nation—the German

One could linger long over memorials like these. But a day so far north is short in autumn, and he who would see Wittenberg between noon and dark would better move along. He must go past the place where Melanchthon lived and died, -or rather, he must go into the house of the great theologian without whose aid Luther would not have won his case at Augsburg. In the house are shown the couch on which Melanchthon died. There were his books and manuscripts, and articles of use of many kinds. In the garden stood a stone table with his name cut into it. All of these things brought before us with living force the reality and value of Melanch-

thon's life. Mext, one passes on to the church where Luther and Melanchton are buried. But, in passing, their two statues in front of the old Rath House will be noticed. It was touching to see a wreath of fresh flowers laid at Luther's feet. An old church that turies the Jesuit missionaries found lifts its antique form into the air, shut there a splendid group of buildings in from the main street by other belonging to the Jews, one of which buildings, was the one in which the was a synagogue, and more than forty the baby, who about seven months communion was first administered in both forms to communicants of the middle ages. That scene is represented | English translations of three of greatest on one side of the "monument of the Reformation," at Leipsic. Time would not allow us even to look through the tion is made of Abraham, who is doors of that church. We sighed in harmony with the wind, and kept on to the church, to the doors of which Luther nailed his ninety-five theses destroyed by fire but replaced in 1858 by metal doors on which is inscribed the Latin text of that memorable document. The doors were the gift of Frederick William IV. Again we fung-foo.' In 1890 the Emperor say "Well done." In 1885-1888 this in Germany to Luther's fourth centennial. It is a beautiful memorial church that suggests, though not to be compared with, Westminster Abbey. Beside the pillars that support the the gallery are hung medallions of other reformers and their protectors. The graves of Frederick the Wise and John the Constant are benea h the floor. Near the chancel are two flat monuments, raised twenty inches or more above the floor, that are of the utmost interest. They are plain the consumption of beer is on the instructures, having inserted on the top crease in Canada and the United material and workmen, that it will surface brass plates that were over graves in the pavement of the old church, bearing the names, one of Luther, the other of Melanchthon. Here their bodies rest. The thought by the graves of Martin Luther and poisoned beer, and one thousand r electors and burgomasters who defend- Philip Melanchthon is to feel anew ed Luther and his cause with money the worth of their lives, and to be inspired with a quicken d love for the

PURGATORY.

gratitude of every Christian heart.

Purgatory, and the ability of priests and others to pray their friends out of wreath laid on Luther's monument by its torments, is, the Telescope says, order of the Emperor on the celebra- one of the distinct superstitions taught k in Book L. N with over a milion popula. tion of Luther's four hundreth birth- by the Roman Catholic hierarchy. In- the had jotted down, as ministers do, time since our society has contributed on pages 93.

New York Chicago Phila day in 1882. "Thanks noble Fred telligent people outside that church the places and dates of its delivery on the column. New York, Chicago, Phila- day, in 1882. "Thanks, noble Fred- telligent people, outside that church, the places and dates of its delivery on ted to the column. phia, Brooklyn; and three with erick," we exclaimed, "the Protest- find it difficult to believe this, but here antism thus honored was the truth is the proof. The Catholic Telegraph, with the text, at the head of the revealed by Jesus Christ, and the best a standard organ of the church, in its column.

and table that he used; his drinking Rule, 'Do unto others as you would article to it, and Robert Buchanan cup; engagement and marriage rings; have others do unto you.' When we self is new but there did not exist a

It told the story of one of Luther's Even in Porto Rico, completely dominated by that church for more than three hundred years, the present commissioner of education reports that 80 per cent. of the people can neither read

Is giving these facts to the world in the interests of liberty and education 'making an unwarranted assault upon the Roman Catholic Church"? Rather is it not speaking out in favour of American liberty and education?

JEWS IN CHINA.

The current number of The Jewish Quarterly has an interesting article from the pen of Marcus Adler, son of the late Chief Rabbi, on the history and present condition of the Jews in China. There are Jews not only at Shanghai but also in the interior. There is a Jewish colony at Tangchwang, which is about 100 miles to south-west of Kai-fung-foo. Its mem bers are silk-weavers, and are all wellto-do. There are a few hundred Jews in the city and the country round, but they have almost completely lost their religion. They have no synagogue and no teacher. They do not keep the Sabbath, and cannot read a word of Hebrew. They inter marry with Mohammedans and heathens, and one of them is a Buddhist priest. Yet in | not tell you how thankful I am for her the seventeenth and eighteenth ceninscriptions. The latter have been carefully edited by a Jesuit scholar in the course of the present year, and importance are given by Mr. Adler. The oldest, which is dated A. D. 1489, abounds in curious information. Mendescribed as the founder of the Jewish religion, Moses, Ezra, the Law, the three d sily prayers, the Sabbath and the innual fast on the day of Atonement. When the first Jews numbering seventy famidoors of wood they were, long since lies, entered the country, they are said to have been welcomed by the Emperor and allowed the free exercise of their religion. 'You have come to China,' he said; 'keep and follow the customs of your forefathers and settle at Kai granted land to all who submitted to his authority, on which they could building put off its old dress and put dwell peaceably, and profess their on a new. It was modernized by the religion without molestation.' About Emperor at the time of the honor paid thirty years later the synagogue was rebuilt by a Jewish physician, who received honours and titles from the Imperial Court. The present rulers of China might study this inscription with profit. Still, it must be admitted that these Jews of Kai-fung-foo were not very scrupulous, for they humoured gallery and the roof stand nine large- Chinese prejudice by worshipping sized statues of the most prominent their ancestors, offering them twice reformers. From pendants in front of year oxen and sheep and fruit. The time at which the Jews first settled in China cannot be fixed, except that it was before the end of the Handy nasty in 220 A. D. Mr. Adler thinks it possible that the settlers may have

belonged to the ten tribes. Poisoned Beer - The English people are enormous beer-drinkers, and States. In England recently beer has come in for a very "black eye." Ches p beer has of late been made with chemilicals instead of barley and in the chemieals is arsenic. Analysis of the beer has proved that arsenic enough has been used to kill a regular drinker of beer. gives sacredness to the place. To stand | Sixty are known to have died of this more have been ill from it. Manchester 11th., (next Sunday) at Midnapore. is the chief scene of the resultant panic; but there is a general scare. If only men would avoid the poisonous st ff precious and their work entitled to the | uals and for the country !- Pres. Wit-

THE DATES. - It is told of a minister who had kindly consented at the eleventh hour, to take the place of one who had been engaged to deliver a special sermon, that he came to grief y allowing his MS. to be printed DEAR SISTERS :without revision by himself. It chanced to be an old sermon, on which various occasions. These were all We still hold our monthly meetings and Empire. faithfully displayed in print, together

A NEW WORD .- "Hooliganism" is than a Hoodlum. He is the dangerous moral sediment of city depravity. and the vilest immorality. Yet he is in the "Miss. Helper;" the topic for not altogether without a sense of his Such teaching and the practicing of depravity. It is in the East End of ing thoughtfully away, trying to find such superstitions have doubtless had London that the best (or worst) speciand dictate to his assistants the much to do with holding the masses of mens of the Hooligan can be caught. ters were read from Miss Gaunce, German translation of the Hebrew or Italy, Spain, and other countries in He commits murders; he can develop written after her return from visiting Greek text of the Scriptures that they Europe and South America completely same time he may escape the police kindly and says she has such a nice longer a suppliant for the favors of a were reading off to him. Artistically dominated by the Roman Catholic and consort with persons that are not kindly, and says she has such a nice longer a suppliant for the favors of a

Missionary

"Rise up ye women that are at ease. Isaiah 32: 9.

[All contributions for this column should be addressed to MRs. Jos. MoLEOD, FREDERICTON.

INDIA LETTER.

Balasore, Nov. 7th., 1900 DEAR MRS. McLEOD .-

There is much I would like to write you about, but will not have time to write all to-day. It is four weeks to-day since I returned from my vacation. Perhaps in Gaya, with Mrs. Sunder. I thought it probably the last year I should be able to visit her, i. e., if her plan to go home in the Spring is carried out, for on her return my furlough will be 000 persons, less than 3,000 are evandue. I always enjoy my visits with gelical Christians. her, and this was no exception. I can

is to me, a bit of the home-land in India. I must not forget to mention 600 per cent. ago came to their home. She is happy, good-natured girlie, and makes friends wherever she goes.

true, pure friendship. Her being here

The week before I left Gaya, the papers were full of reports of the heavy rains and the flood in Calcutta but there was so very little said about Balasore, that I was quite disappoint ed when I got to Khargpur to learn that sections of the line were under water, that it would be days, at least, before the train would run, and that it was best for me to return to Calcutta. There seemed to be no other choice, as the line to Midnapore was also broken and I spent over a week waiting in Calcutta. I often thought of my charge, and wondered how they were making out. Since my return I have been very busy, and now I have

I miss Rachel who always, when I went away was left in charge of the children, but now I have no one. Before going to Gaya, I called Marium, a Bible woman, and gave her charge to look after their bathing, studies, etc. I expect I shall have to do the same when I am absent in Ujurda.

set led down to something like the old

On account of the flood damage has been done to the Ujurda build ngs. I have not yet been able to get out to estimate the extent of repairs that will be required, but it is such an outof-the-way place, in the way of getting probably cost \$30, or \$40. The Christians there have not suffered beyond the partial loss of their paddy. They say that if the water had risen two feet higher the whole village would have been destroyed.

The Yearly Meeting convenes on do not expect to attend. The new missionaries are due in Calcutta principles that make their memory aitogether how much better for individ. Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Lougher are going up to meet them.

Yours sincerely, L. E. GAUNCE. Balasore, Nov. 7th., 1900.

WOODSTOCK SOCIETY.

It has been some

the first Tuesday of the month. We Too Long. have also, a public monthly missionary meeting in the church the first Wednesday of the month, which takes specially dedicated to the relief of the Standard or any other Dictionary, but the place of our regular Wednesday of a good thing. If passing through served from Luther's time but well souls in purgatory, let us keep con- it is a word that has come to stay. evening prayer meeting; the collecworn down since his day; the desk stantly before our minds the Golden The London Times devotes a leading tion taken is given half to Foreign programme for the evening is prethe rosary of Catharine; an hour-glass are enduring the pains of the cleansing word exactly descrip ive of the phenowhich showed the lecturer and fires, we certainly would desire that menon. A Hooligan is a little worse pointed from among them for each

We met in our monthly meeting to day with Mrs. Chas. Vanwant. We this month was Christian Mission and numberless evils in its train, the consocial progress. Two interesting let gregation looks upon its minister as

the Spring if nothing happens, when we shall all be so glad to see her.

We are much pleased to have some of our young ladies so interested in our work, as to meet with us. A very well prepared paper, on "Caste in India," was read at our meeting this afternoon by Miss Lulu Vince, and a resolution to have it printed in the INTELLIGENCER, for the benefit of others, was carried An appeal was made by the President for the "Helper" and the subscriptions, new ones and renewals, will be forwarded by Mrs. Johnson this week.

> Sincerely yours, MARY SLIPP.

Woodstock, Dec. 4th.

MISSION NEWS AND NOTES-

-In 1890 there were in India only you may have heard that it was spent 797 ordained Indian ministers of the gospel, but last year there were 1,010.

> -It is estimated that in a large district in Wyoming, containing 75,-

-Eight mission stations in Burma have had increase in membership in the last ten years ranging from 214 to

-Buddhist priests in Japan are frequent purchasers of the Bible. In one case, a priest had not the money, but begged it in order to get a copy.

-Not until recently have the Japan ese book-stores been willing to carry the Bible in stock, for fear of offending their Buddhist patrons. Now, however, Bibles are so eagerly sought that they are kept on sale in all the prominent book-stores in Japan:

-The Moravians, who have one missionary in the foreign field for every fifty-eight communicants at home, have just closed an unusually prosperous year in their evangelistic work. Their 453 missionaries, have under their care 95,424 souls; and while theirs is one of the poorest churches, measured by the average wealth of its membership, it spent last year \$415,155 upon its foreign enterprises. This sum is more than that contributed by some of the richest denominations in the States. Nor is their work spent upon fields already pre-occupied by other and perhaps stronger denominations. When, as in Greenland, they find that some other church, like the Danish Lutheran, can do the work to better advantage or with less cost, they turn over the results of their long labor to such body and push further into "the regions beyond." In their entire history they have never entered upon a field already occupied by another church. Their 191 mission stations are distributed in and among twenty different countries, some of them the most difficult and forbidding.

AMONG EXCHANGES.

THE BRAVEST.

The bravest man is he who can perform a noble deed without the world standing ready to applaud, conscious of the presence of him who will justly reward at last .- Methodist St. Louis.

BETTER DO IT.

If France loved Kruger half as much as she hates Britain, she would cheer the old gentleman by making over to him French Congo, where he and his people should be free to set up another African Republic.-Mail

A forty minutes' introductory service-anthems, solos, prayers, Scripture-readings, collections, and announcements-is altogether too much his having a chance to get at his ser mon, does not take "the preach" out of a pastor and exhaust the patience of the congregation, it is because there was no "preach" in the former and no intelligence in the latter.—Rel. Teles-

MINISTER AND CHURCH.

Shall the minister seek the church or shall the vacant congregation seek the minister? The former is now the universal astom, and it is bringing one engaged for so much money, to do so much work, to be dismissed at pleasure. Is it not possible to change