Beligious

Smielligencer.

THAT GOD IN ALL THINGS MAY BE GLORIFIED THROUGH CHRIST."-Peter

L XLIX,-NO. 51

FREDERICTON N.B, DECEMBER 18 1901

WHOLE No. 2533

the four hundred thousand s of school age in Kansas 120, not attend school.

e numbers of Russians are rossing the border into Turkey ape religious persecution. Life ssia for the poor is, in some s, worse than Turkey.

essor Zimmer, of Berlin, wi.9 en investigating the matter, says Germany, Switzerland, Austria ussia, one in every eighty-five found in asylums for insane is school teacher.

smallest exhibit at the Exposition was the flag wasp difornia. It can be seen only microscope. The insect is an ant aid in producing the fruit, e United States government 16,000 in establishing it in the region.

orth Dakota, two new laws into operation on the first inwhich are decidedly in the of good morals. One of nakes it a misdemeanor, punishtem th fine and imprisonment, to in the hearing of another person; er prohibits the marriage of d persons within three months he date of the divorce.

oubl

mond

of Mi

Centr

consi

dy, an

e Pills

druggi

dition

ice, \$1

ogue,

r Bus

study.

enter.

n Street

ashion, Ca

neral run

. Ohlene

merehan

dvantage

re. We

actions.

atyllah

manufact

and at

0 18

number of Stundist immiin America is surprising. It is to about two hundred thous Of these a part are in Canada: are mostly in the Dakotas. are industrious, peaceable They are people of piety, eran, Presbyterian or Baptist ength and, unlike many immigrants,

cising a happy influence.

Extensive gold mines have the hills. The discovery will fresh impetus to Egyptian ty. Particulars of the disre scanty. The other disnot less interesting from an ian point of view. Explorers LIC, et on have by the diligent use of shovel unearthed Nebuchadhrone-room—a building, 160 by 60 feet wide. The door e end, and opposite it, 160 y, is the niche where of old of the proud conqueror blaze of gold and pearls.

E WORK LAST YEAR. nts a p

lety-seventh annual report of and Foreign Bible Society auch interesting and instrucg. The B and F. Society the principal agency for s for the circulation of the tures. In giving our readline of the contents of the use a summary prepared Oddfelld sbyterian Witness.

of last year the venerable f the Society, Earl Harrowand the Marquis of North-**3ED** las been called to take the that she lived and died, a

d, 17 were Bibles, 27 were nents, and 56 were Scripsues from the Bible House or the year ending March 872,798 copies—a decrease on the previous year 000 "khaki" English Testathe ninety-seven years 44 copies.

but their work was only for seven ages in which the Scriptures have been months—the other months having issued, 363. Four have been added been dark with disaster. Colporta e for the first time last year. Editions sales exceeds 1,600,000 copies. In the for the blind have been issued (in East, both in India, China. Syria, raised type) in English, Welsh, Gælic, Egypt, etc., the effective circulation is French, Dutch, German, Swedish, largely effected by women. The in. Italian and twenty other languages. come during the year amounted to All in all the work of the Bible Soci-£211,553. Increase over the previous eties is truly magnificent, and happy year £10,000. The amount expended are the people who are privileged to in translating, revising, printing etc , exceeds £108,000.

Action was taken during the year in regard to no fewer than 150 different languages, and dialects. 31 of these belonged to Europe, 59 to Asia, 38 to Africa, 6 to America and 16 to Oceania.

Editions for Ireland, for Greece, for Jews of different countries, for different regions and races in India and China, for the Tagalogs, for a number of African countries, are now in press or in preparation for the press.

The partnership between the Society and every Foreign Mission of the Reformed Churches grows closer and more intimate year by year. Two typical examples may illustrate what is equally true of the rest. The Bible Society supplies missionaries of the S. P. G. with Scriptures in fifty different languages; and Presbyterian Missions throughout the world use about fifty of its versions. And thus, isparagingly of the character of a beyond almost any other institution, the Bible Society can claim the proud title servus servorum Dei, (Servant of the servants of God.)

As a rule, books for the Foreign field are granted on "missionary terms," i. e., the books needed are sent out free, and carriage paid, to the missicnaries, who remit proceeds from copies sold after defraying expenses of circulation. In most cases only a small fraction of what the society expends on the preparation and delivery of these missionary versions come back to it as the result of such sales. In this way, the Bible Society, alike in its translations and toteworthy discoveries are its distribution, forms a lively bond of Union between Christian workers of ound in Egyptian territory; diverse types. To quote Bishop King, of the S. P. G. Mission in Madagascar. "It is the Bible which gives unity to the teaching of all English Missions, in spite of certain differences in the presentment of the truth."

In Upper and Lower Austria the colporteurs of the Bible Society are not permitted to circulate the scriptures either by sale or grant,—these regions being still under the sway of the reaction. In Tunis the French authorities, fearing to offend the Mohammedans, will not permit Bibles to be circulated. In Cochin China the French authorities, instigated by other than Mohammedan agents, have forbidden colporteur work.

Turkish officials in like manner put difficulties in the way of Bible circulation. The Society encounters the "sleepless hostility of the Roman Church in all countries where it has power:" but it still enjoys the "cordial co-operation of the Russian

The outbreak in China was severely Love of them for Christ's sake. felt by the Bible society. One of its agents, Rev. W. T. Beynon, was among the slain. Large quantities of The report refers to scriptures were circulated among the Eph. 4:4-16. ath of the "greatest queen troops of Europe and America on who was in nothing greater their way to China and while there. Last year 163,000 copies of the arted, Bible-loving Chris- | Scripture were circulated in France in Belgium 2000; in Germany 311,000 lications for the year were: German societies circulated over half 91; New Testaments 1,- a million copies. In Hungary Bible Portions 2,760,586; — Total circulation is not only permitted—it is encouraged. The "away from Rome" movement has added largely to the g in China reduced the cir- demand for Bibles. In Russia over ere by more than a quarter half a million copies were circulated. copies. Out of every 100 In India the circulation by sale reached nearly 165,000 copies. All the world over, the sower has gone forth ns, chiefly Gospels or Psalt- to sow; the good seed is being scat- graphic way. He sketched out the tered and the growth is in His hand who gives sunshine and shower as seems to Him best.

The work of Bible circulation is not gospels were specially left to the British and Foreign Society; The total issues of the there are worthy fellow-helpers. For example, the Scottish National Society udation in 1804, amount last year circulated 911,535 copies. The Irish Society issued over 46,000 copies. The American Bible Society ars were employed in sell- issued 1,654,128 copies. Total issues abuting Bibles during the of the American Society during 85 ina 289 were employed years nearly 69,000,000. Total langu- un in by the police.

take part in it.

THE WEEK OF PRAYER.

The following programme is issued by the Evangelical Alliance, in the hope that all Christian churches and families may comply with it so far as practicable:

Sunday, Jan. 5th, 1902-Sermons, Christ Jesus the Head; our Prophet, Priest and King. Col. 1:18; Eph 1:22; Col. 2:10-19.

Monday, Jan. 6th-The Church Universal, Faith in our Lord Jesus Christ, and in God the Father who sent him

Indwelling by God the Holy Spirit Obedience to the Truth. True estimate of spiritual realities. The Church doing God's will and rightly representing Christ, always and everywhere. The clear recognition of all bel evers as constituting the one church, and or Jesus Christ as the Head.

Tuesday, Jan. 7th-Christendom. Abounding errors in doctrine and prac tice. Needless divisions. Assumptions of infallibility. The Sabbath dishonored. Sacred Scriptures doubted, discouraged or forbidden. The Holy Ghost resisted, grieved, quenched. The Jews persecuted, and the world left largely unevangelized.

Wednesday, Jan. 8th - Nations and Their Rulers. International relationship and action. Biblical Principles and their Application. Political and social action. Liberty of worship and teaching. The golden rule. All rulers acknowledging the one Supreme King. War. Drink. Opium. Slavery. Impurity. National exclusiveness and

Thursday, Jan. 9th-Families, Colleges, Schools. Christian character and rule of life. Parental responsibility. Training the Young. Home example. Family prayer. School and college influence. Pure literature and amusements. Temperance and self-restraint. Godly ministers, professors and teachers. The spirit of Christ animating and energizing. God's Word studied, obeyed and apolied to conduct.

Friday, Jan. 10th - Non-Christian Races. Their exceeding need. Their claims. Efforts to reach and evangelize them by the power of the Holy Ghost. Missionaries—their preparation, sending and support. Their difficulties and dangers; hindrances and helps.

Saturday, Jan. 11th-The Jews. 'Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the the Jews. The whole Bible for the Jew in languages understood by them.

Sunday, Jan. 12th-Sermons. The one Body of Christ. 1 Cor. 10:17:1 Cor. 12:12, 13:27; Ccl. 1:17, 18, 24

The programme is accompanied by the request "Please pray daily for

WHAT HE WOULD DO.

Lord Palmerston was once chatting with a French general on the subject of a possible French Invasion of Engand. The Frenchman for a time discussed the subject very quietly as a purely academic question; but gradually he warmed up to his work, and, forgetting his politeness, depicted the whole thing as he saw it in a very audden swoop upon the English coast of a great French fleet, the landing of 50,000 men, the dispersal of the hastily organ'zed English levies, and finally the advance of the Gallic conquerors upon undefended London. 'Then," he cried rising to a climax, "when our brave troops had entered your Lendon, what would you do, you Eng ish?"

"Well," returned Lord Palmerston with a meditative air, "if they didn't tehave themselves, I am afraid that we should be obliged to have them

Missionary

women that are at ease saiah 32: 9.

[All contributions for this column should be addressed to Mas. Jos. McLEOD, FREDERICTON.]

THE STORY OF A CONGO BOY.

The story of a Congo Boy was written by Mrs. Clara E. Hill, a missionary of the American Baptist Missionary Union, in Lukunga, Congo Free State, S. W. Africa. Mrs. Hill, who is a daughter of Mr. John E. Gosline, Sussex, says: "The story I am sending the INTELLIGENCER I have writter as it was told me by the young man himself, He is with us, working and going to school in order to have a better understanding of the Bible before going out to teach others.'

We will be glad to hear often from Mrs. Hill.-Ed.

About twenty-five years ago on the northern bank of the great Congo River, a little brown-skinned baby boy first opened his eyes to the light of this world. While still a babe in arms his father having grown tired of his wife, drove her and the child from his house. She sought refuge in an other village, leaving her unworthy husband and first-born son behind.

In course of time she married again. and a little girl came to the home (? Some time after her first husband sought her out, and according to Congo custom in such a case, the children were divided between the wife and first and second husbands. The oldest son was given to the first husband as his share of the children; the second son, the little boy of whom I wish to tell you, fell to the lot of the le rn, but had few opportunities. step-father, while the mother kept the daughter.

Years passed by, the litt'e lad was nine or ten years old when, one day, the step-father, wanting some money, and having nothing e'se saleable, decided to sell the boy. He took him to the market not making known to him his intention.

A Congo market is simply an open space, generally under shady trees, where, on certain days in the week, the people come together for the purpose of buying and selling

purchaser. Presently he not ced a number of men and the step-father a sharply and talking together. He knew some evil was being planned, and his heart was filled with fear.

Jews." The world's indebtedness to paid—the paltry sum of \$4.00—the the Jew. Their presence in all lands. | little fellow was taken to one side, Their sins and sorrows. Their past tied and carried away a little slave | Mpambu as one, he is all the time and future. The relations of the boy. His cries and intreaties were of church of Christ to them. Missions to no avail, men hardened in sin and of God, we will get rid of him." But without any gospel light and knowthe pleadings of the innocent and help-

> He was taken to a strange village where he remained only a few months. when, one day, his master said to him, "I am going across the river (Congo) and want you to go with me.' He went—a slave he dare not refuse though he knew too well what it

probably quite a sum would be realized from him. After one and a half days march the village was reached his value having risen from \$4 to only he worked and again returned to his own people into the light of the \$10.00. He served his new master his home. His knowledge of the gospel of God. faithfully and gained the goodwill of his mistress. One day he heard them | the light but dimly shone in his heart. talking together, his owner wanted to In the village there was no one to teach sell him again, but the wife protested him, no one to lead him on, he was as them, but the husband would not for the light. heed her words. He, with others, were going to Matadi, the boy was taken along a mere chattel to be sold | needed as soldiers to go to the Upper to the first man who would pay a sufficient price.

African slave!

for men to go and fight the Kasi them, they pursued, the road was a possible to see more than a few yards was no time to regain his feet so he threw himself into the grass, and the soldiers passed by. For a few mothose who would have carried him away by force. God's protecting care was over him, though he was ignorant perhaps even of his very existence.

Later he left his home to work on the railroad, then being constructed between Matadi and Sanley Poo!. There, he with others from his village, first heard the word of God, but they loads whi'e out on an evangelist i were filled with anger, and resented trip and sent word to his village, he the teach ng until one day an official with others, came. At that time h in c arge of the workmen said to one made known his desire to the mission of the number, one who had sought to ary, and wanted to come to the sta lead the others into the light, 'I want | tion in order to learn how to read an you to write down the names of all the men, and whether they work well of God. The missionary was very

nam s were being written down, and friends his intention there was so much was filled with amazement to know opposition that he gave it up for a that it were possible for a Congo man to know how to write. He thought it must be because this young man had the Word of God in his heart. Pr haps his words to us are true, and from that time he became anxious to

When his time was finished at th railroad and he returned to the vil lage, his kno ledge was very meagre. but the fire had been kindled, a desire awakened.

In his village (or rather the village to which he had been brought as little slave boy) superstition and sin reigned supreme. The missionaries had attempted again and again to gain an entrance but in vain. Native teachers, from time to time, had been sent only to be beaten and shamefully dr'ven out On his arrival he said to The step-father left the little fellow | the people, let us accept the teachers and sought amongst the crowd for a and learn the Word of God for I believe it is true. Their anger was enkindled against him they said, "do little distance from him looking at him | you not know that those people of God

Not long aft r this the State were seeking men to train as soldiers, each | The bargain was made, the price village giving a certain number, when word was sent to his village the chiefs the story of Jesus love to the little immediately said "we will send troubling us about having the teachers God willed it otherwise. Word reached ledge have no hearts to be touched by his ears of their secret plans, he fled and hid in the grass and could not be found, other men were secured, the quota sent, and he came forth from station, and is being instructed in his hiding place:

way in company with four others. On of the Bible. Full of zeal he earnestly the way he said, "we have left our desires to return to the land of his villages and friends behind, let us birth that the gospel light may reach throw away our "minkisi" (fetish | his relatives and friends who are still charms) and learn about the true God." | in the darkness of heathen night.

His master wanted money, and he They were given work on the road As he looks back over his life and being a bright, good-natured lad near to Tumba where there were a the way he has been led and kept he number of missionaries at that time. realizes he has been spared for a pur-He gladly availed himself of the op- pose and has been brought under the portunities within his reach of hearwhere he again passed into new hands, | ing the gospel story. For six months | that he may be the means of leading gospel plan was still very imperfect. and plead that he might remain with one grouping in the dark but longing

Again word was sent to the villages round about that more men were Congo River. The s ate official came to Mpyambu's town, when he knew of Oh the desolate, lenely life of an 'his arrival he said to some women loneliness are forgotten in the joy of On the road they planned to sell him white man." They intreated him not at Mbanza Manteke, but on their ar- to go or he would surely be taken as a rival could find no purchaser. The soldier, but he had no fear until with- ever and ever in the kingdom of our gospel light was b ginning to s ine in a few rods of where the official was God.

there, and no doubt it was because of resting, when he seemed restrained by its influence that they failed in their an unseen power and his heart smote purpose. Finding no one who would him with sudden fear and he turned buy, the boy was taken back to the | back. The official passed on to other vil age much to the joy of the woman. | towns leaving the choosing and send-There he remained and grew to be a | ing of the man in charge of the chiefs young man. One day, having fowls to of the village. Again Mpambu was sell, he went to market. A number chosen as one who must go, but susof State soldiers were there looking picion of their secret plannings, and knowledge of their desire to get rid of people who were then giving the State | him, caused him again to flee to the much trouble, and had killed a Belgium grass. His wife sought him out and officer. They wanted to take him but stealthily brought him food. For two he did not want to go, and fled from days and nights he lay in concealment filled with sorrow and loneliness mere foot path with tall, thick grass his thoughts ran thus: I have no on either side so that it was not fa her, no mother, no friends, no one to help me, and those with whom I ahead. He stumbled and fell, there have grown up want to getrid of me, what shal I do. Then he recalled to memory the words he had heard when working on the railroad and he said to ments he lay still, they passed on still | himself, "Perhaps if I knew, God, perin pursuit, and then hurried back to haps if I knew His word He could help his village. Saved from the hands of me in my trouble," and so the old desire was rekindled in his heart.

> Other men having been found and sent, so on the morning of the third day he returned to his home. (This occurred only two years ago.)

A few months later the missionar and his wife, at the station about fiv m les away, wanted men to carry thei write and be instructed in the Wor glad and told him to come, but when This young man watched as the he went to his village and told hi

Many times he wen with the missionary and his wife o ntheir itinerating trips, and she was only too glad to help him in his eagerness to learn. It was not easy work his mind was not trained to think nor his hand to grasp the pencil, bu the thirst for knowledge could not k easily quenched so he toiled patiently on, while other were idly setting around smoking their pipes or sleeping he was spelling out a chapter word by word from the Gospel of John or writing the alphabet on a bit of paper, and in the services he listened eager to catch every word as it fell from the lips of the

Though so opposed and persecuted by his village people his life and determination had its influence on those around him. In October 1899 a number of young men were sent to the village to preach the gospel to as many as they could find. Mpambu gladly welcomed them to his house, and gave them food. They told them why they had come. He said, "the people will not come to hear you, e have only two or three boys, but w will be glad to listen." So they told group of three or four. This was the opening of the door. Not long afterwards a teacher was put there, and the work has been blessed of God, many souls have been gathered for the Master, though many yet remain out! side the fold.

Ten months ago he came to the different branches of knowledge, but Again he went to work on the rail- most of all longs to know the truths

power of the redeeming love of Christ

He is only waiting for further instruction, for deeper, clearer knowledge of the truths he longs to teach, then will go forth with joy, but even now he is not idle in the Master's vineyard, but is "instant in season, and out of season" "redeeming the time" day by day as opportunities present

Would to God we had many more such young men that the gospel light might be speedily carried to those who are still in darkness. The work is blessed, all thoughts of sacrifice or standing by, "I am going to see the being permitted to gather precious jewels from the accumulation of sin and superstition that abounds in the land. Jewels which shall shine for-