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THAT GOD IN ALL THINGS MAY BE CLORIFIED THROUGH CHRIST."- Poter

OL. L. NO. 6.

FREDERICTON N. B. FEBRUARY 5 1902.

WHOLE NO. 2540

February Renewals

We thank those who have been mpt to renew, and those, also, who e sent new names.

vals due. It would be very grati-We hope, too, that every one whe will send a new subscriber with own renewal.

Pastors can do the INTELLIGENCER | important. eat good-and help the cause for ich they and we are labouring, by aking again to their people -advisprompt renewals and soliciting w subscribers.

We are desirous that in renewals new subscribers February's record l beat all previous records.

Give us your co-operation in this, concerned for the part of the deminational work carried on by the THLLIGENCER. We "are workers ether."

NOTES AND GLEANINGS

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he bishop of Rochester is thority for the statement that on Sunday in South London two blic houses were entered by five ndred and forty-seven children to rchase drinks for parents or other

et none ever argue against hibition as "trying to make men ral by law" so long as there is a use system in the world which mits men to be and to make others cidneys in moral by law.

> French surgeon has collected tistics relative to deafness. It ap ars that males are more subject to ral diseases than females and that of every seven middle-aged person re are two who do not hear as well one ear as with the other.

> Germany the physician is paid the year and calls regularly to see the family is doing and to pret illness if possible. That is not a idea, and is much like the Chinese according to which the doctor is paid so long as the patient is The pay stops while the patient

Prohibition has ruined Maine" badly that it is now in the best ition, financially, in the history ne State, having a surplus of \$300,in its treasury. Before the day Veal Dow the people of the Pine wa' Hall be State were poverty-stricken, and State was bankrupt. Would that more States were "ruined" by hibition as badly as Maine is.

> ancient philosopher declares ens ruled Greece, that he ruled efore his wife ruled the world. power and influence of woman, the mothers who make the homes or in our government.

> the Mary Baker Eddy delusion: man much loved in a certain comity was critically ill. His wife

OVER THE SEA

No. XX.

Our longest stay in Belgium was at Brussels, the capital. It has a population of half a million, and ranks idea of our checking their luggage there are yet many hundreds of re- among the finest cities of the contin- through, why we would necessarily en', being remarkable for its magnifi- need access to it on the journ ey." Of ng, and would help our work very has a Court of Justice that alone cost servatism of an Englishman so I dropch, if our friends whose subscrip- 60 million francs. We drove to this ped the conversation, but I should as are due would send them at once. building, but were a little late for like to have stretched before his view entering. We spent one afternoon in our Canadian Territory from the Atdriving about the city and visiting the lant c to the Pacific, but while I could famous lace manu acturies. Its car-

an Anniversary Festival was opening. | Canada had an area that could not be hotel accommodation was no as good | most. as in other places, simply because every hotel was crowded to excess. Here as in Paris you see a great deal of eating and drinking on the streets. It was a lovely morning that we left in Russel Square. Here we spent the city and the proprietor of the hotel offered us to have our early we had failed to see on our previous ethren in the ministry, and all who breakfast on the sidewalk in front of visits. We found the weather exceeds tood back a little from the street, been the hottest weather London had and the chairs and small tables were experienced in fifty years. And then took breakfast in the dining hall. The city is beautifully kept, but my were set up to dinners, suited to h eart ached for the poor women who January in this country, boiling soups walks. The streets were perfectly clean but it seemed to be all done by women, and by hand sweeping. When I saw the hard work and exposure of the great numbers of women in these countries I felt that the women of America are indeed a favored people. Nearly the entire population are Roman Catholics. Ten miles south of Brussels is the historic battle field of Waterloo.

Leaving Brussels we went by train to Antwerp, but the cities are connecte d by canal. Antwerp is situated on t he Scheldt, and has a very large harbor strongly fortified. It is a city of 160,000 inhabitants, and was at one time the first commercial city in Europe. We took a carriage, and visited the Cathedral and other places of interest, but in many parts found the city rather dirty, and not kept as most European cities, but nevertheless we spent a pleasant day, and were fortunate in securing a driver Heath is Parliament Hill. From my both in the morning and in the afternoon, who could speak English. Our Continental tour was now drawing to a close, and our couriers had been

From Antwerp we sailed to H.r. wich at the mouth of the Thames, We sailed at 6 o'clock in the evening. I shall never forget the beautiful rays of the setting sun as we sailed out the harbor, and the sweet perfume of the new mown hay from the marshes. It was a Saturday evening and all was as quiet as a Sabbath, even on the dock order and quietness prevailed. We had driven down to the dock an hour or more before the steamer sailed in order to secure our state rooms etc., and we were more than surprised to see on the wicket of the ticket office a printed notice, that no person showing any appearance of intoxication would Greece ruled the world, that be sold a ticket, nor would any person having liquor deposited about ems, that his wife ruled him, and their person be allowed to embark on the steamer. This was entirely new probably is an overestimate of to us we had seen nothing of the kind in any other country, and were scarceit is not an exaggeration to say ly prepared to see such an exemplary notice in a large port like Antwerp. our land are the most powerful It may have only been a Saturday night regulation, but even that would be exemplary, and I think we Canahe Ram's Horn publishes the dians might well be proud if we would owing, which we reproduce for the see just such a notice on the ticket efit of any inclined to take stock offices of the local steamers of our own

Fortunately the night was calm, and we were so closely bound in "slumlittle son were walking on the bers chain" that we did not awaken, ic street, when a neighbor, meet- till the knock of the stewardess at our them, inquired anxiously how the door, told us that we were nearing band and father was faring. "Oh, Harwick. As we were coming into ectly well," said the complacent the pier, each was looking after their a devout apostle of Mrs. Eddy. baggage (English fashion), and as a thinks he is ill, but is really number of us stood wi h bags in hand, well." A few days later a broad some remark was made about our of crape was hanging on the checking system, when a clergyman of door of his house. The same the Anglican order who had been hbor, being near-sighted, did not pointing out the sights to me, made they desired. The committee noted it in passing, but she saw the some response to the remark, and I these suggestions, and n the occasion boy, who was playing in the said it does seem strange that you of the new pastor's in-tallation the "How's your pa, Johnny?" have not adopted the American sys- senior deacon read the list of qualifi-

such a system may be all very well in small country like Canada, but a system of that kind could not be utilized to advantage "in a great country like England" and added "the very cent buildings, and its great wealth. It | course I had already learned the connot do that to advantage, I did not pets and tapestry industries are also fail to tell him of our Canadian Pacific Railway and its excellent service, and The city was crowded with visitors, he was really surprised to hear that and would continue for a week, so our covered by train in a day or two, at

From Harwick we went by train to London. It is a ride of about fifty miles. Once again in London we were settled near our old quarters twelve days taking in the sights that the hotel, of course the building ingly warm, indeed it was sa d to have then all ready, but we declined and to make it more so, London people are not accustomed to hot weather. We swept the streets and washed the side- roasts, and the hottest of desserts, instead of cold meats, and salads, and ices suited for the season of heat.

> The most of our companions had sailed for New York from Antwerp and others had sailed from S uthampton; so we were quite alone, but their loss was fully compensated by other friends with whom we visited Spurgeon's Tabernacle, Kew Gardens, these lovely gardens I thought the most beautiful spot on earth. The old Palace where Queen Charlotte died, the Water Lily house, the Cactus house, the tropical fern house, and the Napoleon Willow now nearly fifty feet high, planted in 1825, a small twig from the tree which over hung the Emperor's grave at St. Helena. We also paid a visit to Victoria Park and which is very fine. Then our visit to the Crystal Palace, and to Hampstead Heath which locality is one of the fashionable ports of London. Adjoining Hampstead close connection with Hampstead in this country, it did seem really good to see Hampstead in the Old Land, and though it was not intentional, my eyes would follow longingly after the Hampstead trains and Hampstead busses, which are so numerous on the streets of London.

We also visited the World's Christian Endeavor Convention which was then in session at Alexandra Park. I must say it was a remarkable gathering. Every part of the civilized world was represented, and from America, the home of Christian Endeavor, came two thousand delegates. As one of the English papers said "It was a convention that reached high water mark in the matter of oratory" and then the spirit of devotion was so prominent in the meeting. We were present at the great Praise Service. It was estimated that 90,000 people were in attendance that day. There was a united choir of 1200 voices with the great organ which was pumped by two engines. As I looked over the vast audience and listened to the sweet strains of the choir, the glorious scene (to me) I cannot describe suffice to say that I never expect to hear nor see anything on earth more heavenly, but we know "that eye hath not een, nor ear heard, neither hath it entered the heart, the things God hath prepared for them that love Him. The impressions of that hour will go with me till time shall be no more.

QUALIFICATIONS REQUIRED.

The Canadian Baptist tells of an Ontario church in need of a pastor The pulpit committee not only received intimations from different sources of pasters who might perhaps be willing to serve, but also from different members of the church of the kind of man he thinks he is dead," said the tem of checking in this country. He cations required of him according to replied "Yes I have no doubt but the expressed desire of the members :

He must be a young man. Not too young a man. Single man. Married man.

A man suited to our young people A man fond of the children.

A man for the old people. He must be a man of dignity. He mus not be proud.

He must be a teacher. He must be a good preacher. He must be sound.

He must be a singer.

He must be sympathetic. He must be a visitor.

the rich and cultured.

the poor.

He must be a mon of good appear-

dollars a week,

Missionary

'Iss up ye women that are at ease salah 32: 9.

[All contributions for this column should be addressed to Mrs. Jos. MCLEOD, FREDERICTON.

OUR INDIA LETTER.

Balasore, Jan. 2nd, 1902. DEAR MRS. MCLEOD

Just a few lines today to remind \$19.50. you that I have not forgotten. I hope soon to send you the remaind r of artic'e on Puri. I have not been well or I would ong ago have written.

You have, doubtless, heard that the doctors by it is necessary for me to go home this Spring. My passage is already engaged per S. S. "Gosskha," which is booked to sail from Calcutta to London March 11th. This cold season is beautiful, and I am gaining strength from it; yet I do not think it is all due to the cold weather, for I believe God has answered the prayers of friends. Yesterday, New Year's day, annual dinner. They had a happy day. The little ones have grown so during the year that not a few are out-growing their dresses. I see one and when reminded of it they say, 'Missi Baba, it is bawer-daw Koss,' vacation, and I have them at work a a new baby, which is very much at her Jennie. At present we have no sick ones in the Orphanage.

This week I sent two Bible women out to the Ujurda. The church there is without a pastor. Phillip did not care to remain another year, no one . e., among the ative pastors, cares very much to go there. I am hoping to get some one soon for the place. Many of the workers have gone out into the district for cold-season work. Mr. Lougher's party report a good interest among the Hindus. Some of the workers have become so interested in telling the "old, old story," that they have forgotten to eat.

May 1902 witness a great work in India, and not in India only, but in Africa, China and the Islands of the sea. And may the Lord's people be aroused to greater service and sacri-

Yours sincerely L. E. GAUNCE. REPORT OF REV. J. N. BARNES

To the Corresponding Secretary of

the Woman's Missionary Society: DEAR SISTER.

My report for January is due. In the month we visited Upper Hamp-Flat, Westfield, Upper Gagetown, Waterville, Victoria, Waasis, L ncoln, Hibernia we organized a society of 6 members, and a band of 18; at Jerusalem, a society of 6, and a band of 12; of 13, organized by brother S. J. Perry, and we organized a band of 8 member; at Westfield we organized 10; at Upper Gagetown, a society of

organize a band, as they desire one. in private houses for the winter.

societies I would say that very much depends upon you in order that the societies be kept in working order.Do not think of giving up your meetings. pray and talk the matter up. Read He must be a man who can reach all you can at home and at your meetings about the Mission; ask the aid of He must be willing to mingle with the Holy Spirit to warm your hearts LIGHT FOR THE DARK CONwith love to Jesus and this greatest He must be a strong temperance of all work—the conversion of the world to Christ. Look well after the dear children. God bless them all They are the hope of this lost world. He must be willing to live on ten | We will soon be gone, but they will remain to do our work, and I hope much better work than we have done. Tell them of Jesus and His great love, and how much they are needed in the whitening fields.

> All this work will need much prayer and faith in God's promises; but you cannot fail to see success in your work in due time.

Summary of work for the month: Families visited, 68; prayed with, 48; sick visited, 4; unconverted con- suggested to some one the possibility versed with, 12; sermons preached, 8; other meetings, 6; mission societies organized, 5; mission bands organized, 6; schools visited, 1; Sabbath schools visited, 2; names on the pledge, 75; miles traveled, 200; cash collected.

about organizing Young Peoples Societies. I will think about it, and may see my way to do so later. I was in hopes to be at Newtown this evening, but it is not possible, as there is

J. N. BARNES. Jan. 30th 1902.

AN INCIDENT.

As I called from house to house, at Upper Gagetown, last Saturday, trying to encourage the sisters to band the girls of the Orphanage gave their themselves together in a Missionary Society to help on the good work of the Lord, I wrote each name down in my book-eleven in all. As I wrote the eleventh name my heart was and another unbuttoned at the waist, deeply touched. It was the name of the mot er of sister McMulkin, an old lady who had lived, as she told which means very tight. The school me, to see ninety Christmases. She is closed until Monday for Christmas is in good health, has very good sight, and a wonderful memory. I found it part of day on new dresses. We have pleasant to converse with the dear old saint of God, who does not think herhome with us. The girls have named | self too old to be interested in Foreign missionary work. I think in this respe.t Upper Gagetown can say of its society what perhaps no other in New Brunswick can say. Should not we who are much younger be more in earnest in this great work which God has given us to do for Him?

C. M. BARNES. Jan. 30th.

CABINET MAKING .- The gradual reconstruction of Mr. Roosevelt's Cabinet lends a direct and timely interest to an article which the Hon. Charles E nory Smith has just written for the Saturday Evening Post of Philadelphia. Cabinets and Cabinet-Making tells how Presidents choose their offictal advisers. One of the conclusions reached is that most Presidents have followed one of two methods in forming their official families: that of Mr. Lincoln and his predecessors, who surrounded themselves with party leaders and former Presidential candidates, and that of Mr. McKinley, who appointed strong, broad-gauged men, regardless of previous political preeminence. Tois article will appear in an early issue of The Saturday Even-

TACKS DID IT.

A series of spiritual seances which have been in progress at Austin, stead, Hibernia, Jewisalem, Browns Texas, for several weeks past and have resulted in the conversion of several hundred converts to the faith Douglas, Keswick and Oromocto. At of spiritualism were abruptly terminated when one of the "ghosts," which the mediums have nightly called, stepped on some tacks placed in the at Brown's Flat they have a society "ghosts" path by a couple of doubtthemselves whether the white-robed spirits had nerves or not. The proa society of 7 members and a band of moters of the seances had warned all who attended that to touch one of the Life in new baskets. - Free Baptist.

11, and a band of 8; at Douglas a 'ghosts' would not only be fatal to society of 12, and a band of 19; at the experiments but might result Keswick, the sisters, assisted by seriously to the dou ter. John and brother Knollin, organized a society | Henry Jacobs believed the seances to of 18, and as soon as possible we will be fake. The tack-theory test suggested itself to them and was execut-The most of these societies will meet ed with startling success. A "ghost" being called up proceeded to peram-To the sis ers in charge of these bulate the room with steady tread. As he crossed the double line of tacts with upward turned points a howl of pain rent the air, and the disembodied spirit grasped one bare foot in both If but few can get together, meet and hands, screaming most unghostly malediction on the doubting Thomases. The seance was broken up iu a hurry.

TINENT.

Says the Interior :-- It is but thirty years since Livingstone was stumbling through the unexplored forests of Africa; and now Livingstonia itself is to be lighted by electricity, The whole cost of the machinery and its transportation to the mission will be about \$20,000; but the sum has been provided by generous friends who realize what the introduction for the home or the school or the church has been, hitherto, kerosene; but as this costs, by the time it reaches Lake Nyassa \$1.50 a gallon, labor and study both practically cease at sundown. Steam power is out of the question owing to the city of fuel. The contiguity of the river Manchewe to the mission. of using its falls for the production of light and the driving of machinery. The case was stated in Scotland, and large-hearted friends resolved that their representatives in central Africa should no longer be compelled to go to bed to save oil, or grind wheat by hand to make bread. So the machinery is on its way, and will be set up I notice what one of our sisters says this month, by means of which the natural wa erfail will thrash wheat, grind it to flour and bolt it in the mill. by day; and at nightfall the whole mill will blaze with illumination produced by the same beneficent stream. It is pleasant to know that part of the money and part of the machinery came from America. And the outfit for a mission from henceforth will include not simply a church and a school and a bospital, but an electric dynamo also,

BRITAIN IN INDIA.

Rav. David Downie, for many years a missionary in India, writes as follows of some of the things that Britian has done for that country. She has encouraged the development of the country, and has fostered industries. She has constructed railroads, and canals, and has developed commerce. She has established a magnificent postal and telegraph system. She has abolished the arbitrary rule of their native princes, for the most part, and has given the country a government by law. But perhaps the greatest of all Britain's benefits to India is the excellent system of public education by which the poorest native may qualify himself for public life and usefulness. There are some 150,009 institutions of learning in India with 5,000,000 students, 400,000 of whom are females. There are five great universities turning out 10,000 graduates every year.'

CIRCUMCISION -Says the Journa and Messenger: A good deal of inter est has been excited among the Jew of to-day over the question of circumcision. It is certainly not a new queation, and it is hardly probable that the present discussion will end in its abolishment from all Jewish congregations. But it is interesting to notice how those who will can find a way. The great argument for the continuance of the practice is that circumcislon, more than anything else, is the essence of Judaism. Abolish it and Judaism is gone. No uncircumcised child can be considered a Jew. "One who does not circumcise his son has placed himself not in an indifferent, but into a hostile position of Judaism.

AMONG EXCHANGES

A MISTARE

It is a mistake to conclude that, because there is a large number of applicants for a vacant pastorate, therefore there must be a similarly large number of unemployed ministers. Perhaps of a dozen applicants for any particular pastorate, nine are from pastors who are willing to leave their present fields when desirable openings occur. - Journal and Messenger.

THE OLD GOSPEL.

Preaching the Old Gospel does not mean preaching it in an old way. There are preachers who preach the same sermons now they did forty years ago and wonder at the lack of ing Thomases, who went to satisfy results. But the Old Gospel must spring fresh from the heart, it must be clothed in modern thought and language. It is the same old truth put in a fresh manner. - the Bread of