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THAT GOD IN ALL THINGS MAY BE GLORIFIED THROUGH CHRIST."-Peter

VOL. L. NO. 15

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FREDERICTON N. B. APRIL 9 1902.

WHOLE NO. 2549 T

The Emperor of China and the Viceroy of India, between them, govern more than half the population of the world.

As an illustration of the vitality of the old Welsh language it is shown that it is still spoken by 85 per cent. of the population of Wales.

It is stated that F"The Absent-Minded Beggar," by Rudyard Kipling has realized in various ways about \$485 000 for the families of the British solders who have fought in South Africa, or somewhat more than \$10. 000 for each line.

In Japan there is a breed of fowls having wil feathers from ten to eighteen feet long. They have been bred or a hundred years, and are said to have appeared as the result of a yearly reward offered by a prince for the subject who would bring him the longest tail feather for his crest.

Between 15,000 and 6,000 TWomen and girls are on the payroll of the various stock yard houses in Chicago, They form seventy-five per ent of the employees in the canning actories. In both concerns the girls, while taking work that once was done by men, are hired to do only the ighter grades of labor.

Women in China have the priviege of fighting in the wars. In the fighting as men. At Mankin, in 1853 500,000 women from various parts of the country were formed into brigades of 13,000 each, under female orders. Of these so'diers 10,000 vere picked women, drilled and garrisoned in the

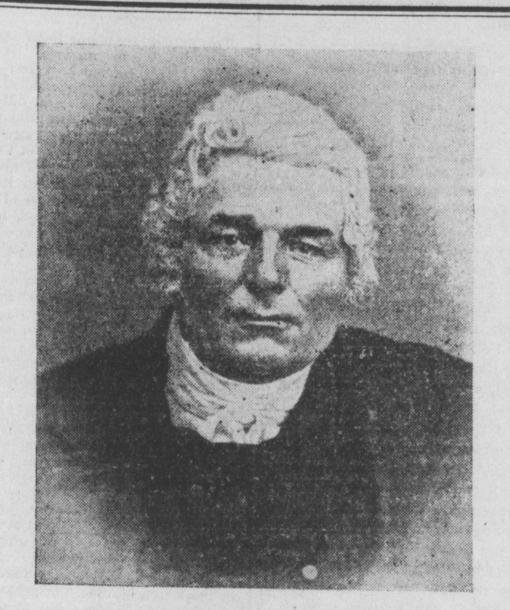
in the report of the Committee of Fifteen on the Social Vice of New York City they say that "regulation does not mean the lessening of disease; it makes more difficult the reformation of immoral women, and it gives the social evil a recognized status which s demoralizing to the young of both sexes." Apply this same principle to the liquor traffic and a similar result will follow.

a the whole country-which have to nark the boundaries of the farms or reller, who has to stop his vehicle and offer of salvation to all men. get down to open them.

A little girl had a quarrel at school with a little Jewish girl; and when she got home she denounced the Jews. Her motter said, reprovingly My dear, you must not talk in that way. The Jews were God's chosen people. Our Lord himself was a Jew. After a moment' deep thought the child replied, in one of horror and regret; "O mamma I didn't know that. I'm so sorry. always thought he was an Episcopalian

One-third of the total number of frightful progress of drunkenness, and that the French people should wage a common and unrelenting war against both alcohol and tuberculesis.

emplified in the statement that to ng to the size of the ship



REV. SAMUEL HARTT.

Samuel Hartt is one of the names | religious beliefs of the people in the are Free Baptists. "Father Hartt" he was affectionately called, and the He died in January, 1867, away name is sweet to many still living. He was born in April 1799, at Sheffield, Sunbary Co. Though from early boyhood he had thought much on the subject of personal religion and had deep convictions, he did not make a profession of religion till he was twenty-six. He was baptized by his uncle, Rev. rebellion of 1850 women did as much Lathrop Hammond, a Baptist minister. Almost immediately he began telling the story of the Cross, but he was not ordained till March, 1831.

His early religious teaching was strongly Calvinistic. He was taught 'that God had chosen from all eternity a certain number of persons who were, unconditionally on their part, elected to everlasting life, and that all the rest of mankind were unconditionally doomed to eternal death; that the atonement was made only for the elect; that no gracious provision existed in the new Covenant for any others; and hence that it was contrary to God's will to offer life or salvation to them.' So great an influence had this teaching I myse?f had but little idea of the upon him, that even after thorough study of the Scriptures and the guidance of the Holy Spirit, he had repudi-A curious feature to travellers in ated it, he sometimes feared "lest, in he high roads of Norway is the great | recommending Christ to sinners, he number of gates-upwards of 10,000 might recommend Him to some for whom He had not died."Only after many | nually, to help keep up the enormous be opened. These gates, which either | months of prayer and the study of God's Word was he able to fully break away eparate the home fields from the from that early teaching, and to prowaste lands, constitute a considerable claim unhesitatingly the doctrine of nconvenience and delay to the tra- the general atonement, with a free

No organized body of christians existed then in the Province who held the whole system of Christian doctrine which he believed. He, therefore, went forth relying wholly on the divine guidance, not controlled by the forms and usages of any denomination. His early labors were much opposed. nourished him, rejected and scorned ism was raised against him; he was children from attending his meetings; also large sections of cedar. For and some fled from his presence as half a day constantly going ahead though he carried with him a deadly saw but little of anything but cedar deaths in France are due to consump- contagion. In spite of all this he kept and splendid trees they were. Mr. on, according to a report of Dr. Dar- at the work to which God had called Hale was putting in a large quantity emberg, a French physician. He him. He went everywhere declaring of it. There are also large tracts of urther insists that this is due to the the great salvation. God greatly own- hardwood, beech, birch and maple. ed his ministry. Many hundreds were | The ridge of the hills are almost entire-

The tremendous expense of no attempt had been made to bring and cedar, and the nearest railway getting an additional knot an hour them together, and give form to their speed from a steamship under the faith and practice. The labours of is impossible to get it to market at present system of engineering is ex- Elder Hartt made more necessary some organization; and it soon became pushed up the river, and comes in drive a ship 24 knots per hour instead evident that the Spirit and providence of 22 means the consumption of 290 of God were opening up the way for tons of coal more per day, or a total such organization. Father Hartt himexceeding 800 tons. An 18 knot ship self was not, strictly speaking, an would consume less than half this organizer; he was an evangelist, and of the men go in before the snow and quantity of coal, besides affording very had the gift of a gatherer in a marked frost comes to lay out the winter's much greater cargo space, and a ten degree. Besides being an effective operations, and I was told by them the other days of the week to lean back knot ship requires comparatively little preacher, with remarkable power in that there is as fine land in the valley upon. Otherwise it is all chaff and engine space, with a coal consumption exhortation and prayer, he was distin- of the Tobique as anywhere in the stubble.—Chris. Observer. of only 20 to 50 tons per day, accord- guished for his gift of song. He, Province, much of it free from stone,

hat will be cherished as long as there | counties along the St. John river than any other man.

from home, laboring in a revival at Upper Brighton, Carleton County. It was as he would have chosen-the call to the heavenly home found him at his loved employ, persuading men to the faith of Jesus.

LIFE IN THE WOODS.

No. IV

I read recently an Englishman's im pression of Canada. He said Canadians had no regard for distance. In the old country a hundred miles seem quite journey, but in Canada, with our vast expanse of territory, at a hundred miles we are scarcely more than getting comfortably adjusted to our seat in the car, and the journey is just beginning. His impression came back to me as travelled to the head waters of the Tobique, and went from operation to operation. There are hundreds of our own New Brunswick people who have but a faint knowledge of our territory resources of the Province. From my study window I have again and again watched the millions of feet of lumber, as it floats down the St John river each year, upwards of thirty millions going down these Tobique waters an supply. But to get a better idea o the territory one must visit the woods and see for himself. For a whole week in company with Mr. Hale, I trave'led in nothing but wilderness; from the highest point we could see nothing but forest, it was forest everywhere. Se vast are the wood-lands that, if properly cared for, the supply may be kept up for many years. The system is to cut nothing under ten inches in diameter everything under that is left standing, and about once in every ten or fifteen years the same territory can be gone Those who should have fostered and over again. Thus is kept up a supply of from twenty to thirty millions of him. The cry of delusion and fanatic- feet annually. Seeing all this one be gins to comprehend the system of our spoken of as bereft of reason and filled lumber possessions. New Brunswick with wild-fire; parents restrained their | produces mostly spruce, but there are ly hardwood, while the valleys are cedar Prior to his time scattered elements and spruce. At present the hardwood of the Free Baptist body were here trade is of little value, as it will not and there throughout the country, but float and cann t be driven, as spruce station being some sixty miles away it paying prices. But as the railroad is touch with the section, it must prove a source of much income. Of the soil, the greater portion is splendid and will IT DEPENDS. make in the future good farms. Many probably, did more to mould the and level. In the years to come her health.

easily find room here. With my mind's eye I looked forward a hundred years, and saw the Tobique Valley no longer a wilderness, but the river banks dotted with thriving towns and villages, and th hillsides and valleys in the possession of the thrifty farmer. The woods abound with game; the majestic moose roams at will. The carrbou, less wild and eautious than his big cousin, may be met with at almost every turn of the road; so tame do they become that they come in close to the choppers. eager for the tender tops of the spruce trees which is large'y their bill of fare during the winter months The wolf, still quite common : several fine ones camp life. It was not my fortune to Master's Kingdom. be there when one was taken Smaller the skunk unpleasantly insists on in- bried to do more work in a social way. taken here. The fish are amply protected by the government. In the picnic on the church grounds. Summer and early Au umn many sportsmen from the Upper Provinces. with some Maritime men, and a good pleasant afternoon was spent. We many Un ted States men, are on the river and lakes and roaming the woods with rod and gun. Supplying and guiding these parties has become a great business, many making their entire living by this means.

are homes for thousands. The over-

crowded cities of the old world could

Going and coming I stopped at Riley Brook, at the home of bro. H. G Howard, where I was warmly welcomed and cared for. I also had the privilege of meeting a number of our brethren. and discussed with them the situation and needs religiously. There are many things I would like to say, but p-rhaps this is not the time, further than t say that we have a good foothold on the Tobique, and if we do not care for it we shall, in future years, see the grave mistake we have made. One o our best men, not a boy nor a be ginner, but a man of standing and experience, should be sent there. Such man the people will support in good degree; and wherein he lacks we shall stand behind him and supply the need. Who is there among us who loves the cause so much that he wil say to his brethren, "Here am I, send me." If I felt I had the qualifications and the strength to stand the work would willingly go, but the door is effectually closed to me. It was not without much sorrow that I saw this open door, with the prospect that is ours, and felt I could not enter in. While I cannot go I am prepared to pledge myself personally to a libera? upport of the man who will go. If the spir t of sacrifice was possessing us as it should be I am satisfied all these opportunities would be embraced. How long God will suffer it to be our neglected privilege I know not, but I pray we shall awake to our duty, yea our privilege, and that the spirit of courage and sacrifice shall fill our hearts and we shall see and possess the heritage our fathers wrought out and God has preserved unto the present time

To any of the men whom I met in the woods and who read these letters, wish to heartily express my thanks for all the kindnesses received, and hope sometime in future it may be my pleasure to meet with them again. J. B. D.

THE PERSONAL TOUCH.

No pulpit eloquence, however, persuasive, can take the place of hand to hand personal work with the sinner. It is the personal touch which is often the very thing which is needed to fasten the truth in a hearer's heart. Western Presbyterian.

Loud singing and praying on Sunday is all right, provided it has a good record for industry and honesty during

Dr. TALMAGE is reported better in

Rise up ye women that are at ease salah 32: 9.

should be addressed to MRs. Jos. MoLEOD, FREDERIGTON.]

WOODSTOCK BAND.

port from the Woodstock | Mission promise. Band has appeared in the INTELLIonce so common, has almost entirely GENCER, a few words may be of disappeared from our forest, he does interest to other Bands, as their renot like the scent of the lumberman, ports are a ways interesting and helpand the lumberman has no love for fal to us. We are still at work, trying him, and the fierce animal, evidently to sow the seed of truth, knowing believing discretion the better part of that our Heavenly Father beholds its valour, has moved on. The bear is fall, and will make it be r fruit. This winter our hearts have been Imade were taken this winter by the men in | glad; five of our members have given the camps. Killing a bear is always themselves to the Lord and are trying regarded as an interesting event in to do what they can to extend the

game, such as the sable, abounds, and the same as formenly, only we have forming the boys he still lives; he We have more than fifty members; but were hindered by the snow leavalways has right of way. The river and usually about thirty-five attend the ing suddenly, and then the water overakes abound in fish. As fine salmon regular meetings. We meet Friday flowed the roads and carried away the and trout as are found in the world are afternoons, after school in the church bridges. We are completely hemmed vestry. Early in July we held our

Mrs. T. A. Lindsay came and helped amus, the little ones, and a very could not help the feeling that however much or little we might do, we, ourseives were much better by trying to give them pleasure.

in the month of November we gave a supper and social, and invited all the members of the church and congregation, and charged an admission of ten cents. On Thursday evening March 20th., we held our annual Concert and social in the vestry of the church. Despite the wet, disagreeable weather the room was nearly filled and every one seemed well pleased with the programme, which consisted of music and recitations and a very interesting dialogue by ten girls dressed in costumes to represent the different nations, kindly lent by Mrs. Sunder. After the Literary programme was over, refreshments were served and home-made candy sold. The proceeds which amounted to \$24.00 were dona'ed as follows :to the Y. P. League, \$10.00; to Foreign missions, \$5.00; to Home missions, \$5.00. This year we have been able to pay \$40.00 into the church treasury. This, with trying to help the ladies a little with the public missionary meeting, and some little acts of kindness shown when we could, is about all the work that we have to

At our business meeting, the last Friday in this month, there will be new officers and superintendent appointed, who will, we believe, be able to do much more to increase interest in missionary work.

> DRUCE A. VANWART. Superintendent.

Woodstock, March 24, 1902.

The following report of the March business meeting was received since the foregoing report.

this afternoon at four o'clock. Opened Tomy Gordon, Blanch Goodine, K'sie with singing, "Send the light." Goodine, Edna Estabrooks, Jessie Scripture lesson. "The field is the Briggs, the Goodine twins, Baby Estaworld," by the leader, Mrs. Slipp. brooks, Nelly Marshall, Foncy Sentence prayers, by members of the Rendall. The following are little Band. Then "Speed Away" was Indian boys and girls, Gabe Sebadis, sung, followed by roll call and min- Nany Sebadis, Louie Mitchel, Moly utes. Business was taken up-the Mitchel. election of Superintendent and officers for the next term.

Miss VanWart, who has been such a faithful Superintendent, resigned. She would have been appointed again, but begged to be relieved of the duties for a time at least. So the Band chose Mrs. G. W. Slipp to fill the place, which she consented to take sinia; "Recent Discoveries Concerntill some one with more time and ing the Buddha" "The Seamy Side talent offers. The other officers chosen are, -Miss Helen Watson, President; Miss Bessie Boyer, Vice President; Miss Maude Steeves, Rec-Secretary; Miss Lily Sharp, Treasurer. Miss Maude Slipp was asked to prepare a paper, to be read at next meeting, on "Child life in India," and Miss -Presbyteriau Record.

Rilla Boyer one on "The Animals of India." Pearl Gallagher and Delia Hillman are to recite, and Pearl McKinney to prepare the musical programme for next week.

The retiring Treasurer brought in her report, which was received and placed on file. Each member is to repeat a verse of Scripture containing [All contributions for this column | the word "leve" in the opening exercises next day. After some plans for future work were discussed the meeting closed by singing, "To the Harvest Field.

Let us labour on with hope and As it has been sometime since a re- trust till the end. We have His "God will guide you night and day,

Be your strength, your help, your Bless your labour every way-He's your friend.'

MAY SLIPP. March 28th 1902.

REPORT OF REV. J. N. BARNES.

To the Corresponding Secretary of the Woman's Missionary Society :-My last report was the fifth, instead of the fourth. My report for Our work this year has been much the past month is not what I would like it to be. We intended to spend the month of March in the 2nd. District, in, and have been some time. But I have been doing what work I could. I attended four meetings at Victoria Settlement, two at Geary, three at French Lake, and one at Oromocto. We made an attempt to organize a Mission Society and a Band at Victoria. but the day was so stormy that we did not succeed. We hoped to organize a Band at Geary and there, also, the st rm and bad roads prevented the children getting together. The Mission Band at Woodside is doing well. We have a Mite Society at Waterville, as we could get no one to take charge of a Band. Mrs. Birnes has started a Cradle Roll; the first one will be reported in this week's paper, and others later.

We are much pleased and helped by hearing through the INTELLIGENCER from Bands and Societies already organized. God bless all the dear boys and girls and our sisters too. One sister who had charge of a Band which has not yet reported, wrote me the other day. Her Band which began with five, has now 16 or 17 members. They are making an effort to raise \$5.00 for the church, besides their Band money. Thus the good work goes on. Let us all pray our Father that He will give us all more of the spirit of the Master in this good and gloricus work. I hope other Bands will send reports. Send a few lines,

Summary of work done in the month -families visited, 25; families prayed with, 12; sermons preached, 8; sick visited, 5; other meetings, 3; unconverted conversed with, 8; funerals attended, 1; miles travelled, 153; cash collected, \$6.11.

J. N. BARNES.

April 3rd, 1902

Oromocto.

CRADLE ROLL.

UPPER GAGETOWN.

Hazen Banks, Fern Currier, Elsie Coy, Edwin Coy, Flossie Coy, Vera The Mission Band met in the vestry Coy, Archie Hersey, Morris Gordon,

Mrs. BARNES.

The features of the April Century are a group of papers of personal recollections of Appomattox by four Generas two ex-Confederates and two northern Commanders; a serial on marriage entitled "Confessions of a life ;"-"The Plains Across ; two illustrated articles of travel in Abysin the Philippines" "The Beautifying of Village and Town."

A MORAL PAUPER.

The one who gets all he can from life, and gives as little as he can, is as truly a miser as he who hoards gold, and is as likely to die a moral pauper.