THE TIME TO TRUST.

What is the time to trust? Is it when all is calm, When waves the victor's palm, And life is one grand psalm Of joy and praise? Nay; but the time to trust Is when the waves beat high, When the storm clouds fill the sky, And prayer is one long cry, Oh help and save!

What is the time to trust? Is it when frends are true? Is it when comforts woo? And in all we say or do We meet but praise? Nay; but the time to trust Is when we stand alone, And summer birds have flown, And every prop is gone, All else but God.

What is the time to trust? Is it some future day, When you have tried your way, And learned to trust and pray By bitter woe? Nay; but the time to trust Is in this moments need, Poor, broken, bruised reed! Poor troubled soul, make speed To trust thy God.

What is the time to trust? Is it when hopes beat high, When sunshine gilds the sky, And joy and ecstacy Fill all the heart? Nay; but the time to trust Is when our joy is fled. When sorrow bows the head, And all is cold and dead, All else but Trust. -Sel., by C. W. Rohrer.

ON THE TRAIN.

It was the morning after election.

The day coach between New York and Buffalo was pretty well crowded, and naturally the general discussion was the election. The attention of the passengers was attracted to a clerical looking individual who sat about the centre of the car and was talking in a rather excitedly loud tone of voice to a man in the seat just ahead.

The reverend gentleman was saying:

"No, sir; I did not throw away my vote; but you and every other man who voted the Prohibition ticket did. I believe the liquor traffic to be a curse. believe in prohibition, preach for prohibition and pray for prohibition-"

"But vote for whiskey," quietly inter rupted the man in the front seat.

"You insult me, sir!" replied the preacher in a voice that startled everybody in the car, and at once all the passengers ceased their conversation and gave their attention to the preacher. "No man shall tell me in my face, without being rebuked, that I vote for whiskey. I have preached for twenty years, and my voice has always been for prohibition, but I do not believe in bringing the matter into politics. I have voted with my party for over twenty years, and don't propose to throw away my vote on a party that never can elect its candidate."

Just then a man sitting in the rear seat, who had been an interested listener to the discussion, came forward, and, fastening two bright, black eyes, which her surroundings while she waited. The looked out through a pair of gold eyeglasses, on the preacher, said:

to say you are a preacher?"

- "Yes, sir."

"That you believe in prohibition?"

prison bars."

"You also said you voted yesterday for the candidates of one of the old parties?" "Yes, sir; the party I have always sup-

ported." "Is your party in favor of license or prohibition?"

"I don't think the question has anything to do with political parties"

vote the same ticket as you?" "Oh, yes; probably many thousands of and volunteered the information:

them"

tion ticket yesterday?" "Certainly not."

"Why?"

"Why? Why, because they would be their business into everlasting oblivion."

of prohibition was not a political one. worked, in the hopes of waylaying him to The rum sellers evidently think it is. persuade him to give some of his wages to Now, sir, if a liquor man who believes in her, that would otherwise go for drink. license, defends license, spends money for it, talks it and votes it, would be a fool basket of food, but Mrs. Green's door was to vote the Prohibition ticket, I would again locked. After distributing the like to know what you are, who believe food to others equally needy the deaconess in prohibition, preach it and pray for it, turned homeward. At the door of the but vote the same ticket as the rum seller."

There was a pause. The sharp, black eyes of the questioner were fixed on the not prepared for such a trust.

to answer such an insulting question, sir. I just hung around that place until the I vote according to the dictates of my men were paid. He's all right tonight, conscience, and-"

cast your ballot for your rum-ruled liquor money in my hand." law party, you vote in direct opposition to your conscience, and you know it. You eat, very little to wear, a baby sick and also know that the liquor business of this cross, but her husband was going home nation is licensed every year by law. sober for one night in the week.—Sel. You know that political parties make and maintain the law. You know that your political party could not, if it would, pass or enforce prohibitory laws. You know the same ticket as you do.

hibition, but the most of whom vote Scriptures have attained the enormous every year with you for whiskey. You circulation of over 350 millions of copies, know that the angel Gabriel could not embracing editions in whole or part, in pick out your vote from that of a rum something like four hundred languages seller as it lay in the box yesterday.

you, sir, that the rum seller who votes Bible had been published. with the license party for the protection and perpetuation of his business, is a thousand times more deserving of respect for honesty and consistency than you, who profess to favor Prohibition, but vote directly for whiskey. Your profes of age, walked from her home in Abergy. sions in that line, sir, are a lie, your preaching a farce, your prayers a mockery, and you vote against your own conscience, your Church and your God!"

"Allentown! Change here for Reading and Harrisburg! Do not overlook your baggage.

and valise and darted out of the car, say ing as he went: "Sorry I can't stay with you longer."—Sel.

HOW SOME PEOPLE LIVE.

"Does Mrs. Green live here?" asked cheery-faced deaconess, as the door was suing large editions of the Bible for dis opened by a slatternly woman. "I called tribution among the masses, so that no to see her sick baby."

"I don't think so, but I'll just see, if you'll wait a minute, miss," replied the young woman.

The deaconess took a quiet survey of wide doorway and extensive hall, the spacious room beyond, all spoke of a Pardon me, sir; did I understand you luxurious home, some thirty or forty years present day without interruption. ago, but at present the surroundings bore a different aspect. The bare hall was and upon the stone that marks her grave covered with a patchwork of oilcloth, so "Yes, sir. I have preached it for grimy and worn that the different patterns twenty years, and I believe the liquor were scarcely discernible. The atmostraffic to be the curse of this nation, and phere had but little of the oxygen element | condition and the property of the great that every rum seller ought to be behind in it, reminding one of a musty cellar institution which she was the indirect where no sunshine ever penetrated.

"Yes, Mrs. Green lives here; will you come this way?" said the young woman, reappearing. Up the worn, dirty stairs, Mrs. Green's door was reached.

with no response, the deaconess concluded that Mrs. Green was not at home, and "Probably not, but did any rum seller turned to go, when a door further down the hall opened, and a woman came out

"The woman that lives in that room is "Do you think that a single rum seller out. She's out most of the time. She's out of her room because the rent's due," heart?

It was learned on inquiry that the poor YOUNG PEOPLE'S COLUMN. fools to support a political party that woman, in fear of being turned out upon would, if it got into power, sweep away the street with her sick baby, would lock up her room and pace the street for hours "Oh, I thought you said the question in front of the factory where her husband

Saturday the deaconess took down a mission she found Mrs. Green standing, a happy light in her eyes.

"I was just waiting to see you, miss. You've been so good to me, and seemed to Of course things tangled up sometimes reverend gentleman, who evidently was care what became of the babe and me, so I thought I'd just tell you that I'm all But nothing ever stayed all wrong, Finally he managed to say: "I refuse right now. I've a dollar beside the rent. too-coming home sober, and"-with a "I beg your pardon, sir, but you do little hysterical laugh that told of the nothing of the kind. Every time you strain of the past weeks-"I've the rent

"All right" to her meant very little to

HOW A PEASANT GIRL BLESSED THE WORLD.

Of the many philanthropic movements that fully one-third of the saloonists and set in operation during the nineteenth brewers and distillers of this land vote century few can compare, as regards the amount of good accomplished and the ex-"You know that your vote yesterday tent of its influence, with the British and will be counted as being in favor of the Foreign Bible Society, the pioneer in the saloon. You know that the only way you | great work of scattering Bibles broadcast. can inform the government that you be- A century has elasped since the mighty lieve in Prohibition is through a Prohibi- power for good came into existence. And tion ballot. You know that there are during this single century, through this 4,000,000 Christian voters in this nation organization, and the other Bible societies who profess, like yourself, to favor Pro- of which it is the parent, the Holy and dialects. These figures are much "You know all this, I say, and yet you better appreciated when one learns that raise your hands in a holy protest when from the closing of the canon to the bethis gentleman here ventured to remark ginning of the nineteenth century not that you voted for whiskey. Let me tell more than nine million copies of the

Like so many of the world's great agencies for good the British and Foreign Bible Society was the result of an incident apparently trival. In the year 1800 Mary Jones, a Welsh girl, sixteen years nolwyn to Bala, a distance of twenty-five miles, in order to buy a copy of the word of God. In those days the Bible was too expensive a book for many poor people to buy, and the money paid by this Welsh girl represented the savings of years. The person from whom she procured the The preacher made a dive for his coat volume was the Rev. Thomas Carlyle, who was so impressed by the story of a girl who had found so many difficulties in the way of securing a copy of the Book of books, that he determined to do his ut most to influence the rich and philanthropic to contribute towards the work of is one need be deprived of a book to which so much in of our civilization is due. The story of Mary Jones was published far and wide, and as a result Christian England was so aroused that within a few months the success of Mr. Carlyle's plan was assured. In March, 1804, the British and Foreign Bible Society was estab lished and at once entered upon the great work which it has continued until the

Mary Jones died December 28th 1864, at Bryncurg, Wales, is recorded the incident in her early history that led to such wonderful results. It is interesting to note that her now famous Bible is in good means of bringing into existence. -- Ex.

NEVER LEFT THE ROAD.

After repeated knocks upon the door a mighty mean nigger in my time. I had a heap er ups and downs-'specially downs-since I jined de church. I stole chickens and water mellons, I cussed, I got drunk, I shot craps, I slashed udder coons wid my razor, an' I done er sight er udder things; but, in the United States voted the Prohibi- in dreadful trouble. Her baby is sick, sisterin, I never yet lost my religion." of heavy boots that I bought for Thomas,

TWO SIDES OF IT.

There was a little girl who always said Her fate was very hard; From the one thing she wanted most She always was debarred. There always was a cloudy spot Somewhere within her sky; Nothing was ever quite just right, She used to say, and sigh.

And yet her sister, strange to say, Whose lot was quite the same, Found something pleasant for herself In every day that came.

For just a little while, She used to say, and smile.

So one girl sighed and one girl smiled Through all their lives together. It didn't come from luck or fate, From clear or cloudy weather. The reason lay within their hearts, And colored all outside; One chose to hope and one to mope, And so they smiled and sighed.

—Selected.

A GOLD MEDAL.

I shall never forget a lesson I received when at school at A. We saw a boy named Watson driving a cow to pasture. In the evening he drove her back again, we did not know where, and this was con tinued several week,

The boys attending the school were nearly all sons of wealthy parents, and some of them were dunces enough to look with disdain on a scholar who had to drive a cow.

With admirable good nature Watson bore all their attempts to annoy him.

"I suppose, Watson," said Jackson, another boy, one day-"I suppose your father intends to make a milk man of

"Why not?" asked Watson.

"Oh, nothing. Only don't leave much water in the cans after you rinse themthat's all,"

The boys laughed, and Watson, not in the least mortified, replied: "Never fear. If ever I am a milk man, I'll give good measure and good milk."

The day after the conversation there was a public examination, at which ladies and gentleman from the neighboring towns were present, and prizes were awarded by the principal of our school, and both Watson and Jackson received a creditable number, for, in respect to scholarship, they were about equal. After the ceremony of distribution the principle remarked that there was one prize, consisting of a gold medal, which was rarely awarded, not so much on account of its great cost as because the instances were rare which rendered its bestowal proper. It was the prize of heroism. The last medal was awarded about three years ago to a boy in the first class, who rescued a poor girl from drowning.

The principal then said that, with the permission of the company, he would relate a short anecdote.

"Not long since some boys were flying a kite in the street just as a poor lad or horseback rode by on his way to the mill The horse took fright and threw the boy, injuring him so badly that he was carried home and confined some weeks to his bed Of the boys who had unintentionally caused the disaster none followed to learn the fate of the wounded lad. There was one boy, however, who witnessed the ac cident from a distance, who not only went to make inquiries, but stayed to render

"This boy soon learned that the wounded boy was the grandson of a poor widow, whose sole support consisted in selling the milk of a cow of which she was the owner. She was old and lame, and her grandson, An old negro in a neighborhood on whom she depended to drive her cow and along a dark hall they went until town arose in prayer meeting and to the pasture, was now helpless with his said: "Bredderin and Sisterin, I been bruises. 'Never mind, good woman,' said the boy, 'I will drive the cow.'

"But his kindness did not stop there. Money was wanted to get articles from the apothecary 'I have money that my mother sent me to buy a pair of boots with,' said he, 'but I can do without them for a while.' 'Oh no,' said the old woman, effects of his cruelty.—Our Dumb Anithank the good Lawd, bredderin and 'I can't consent to that; but here is a pair mals. boy bought the boots, clumsy as they were, possible without the humble beginnings,"

and has worn them up this time.

"Well, when it was discovered by the other boys at the school that our scholar was in the habit of driving a cow, he was assailed every day with laughter and ridicule. His cowhide boots in particular were made matter of mirth. But he kept on cheerfully and bravely, day after day, never shunning observation, driving the widow's cow and wearing thick boots. He never explained why he drove the cow, for he was not inclined to make a boast of his charitable motives. It was by mere accident that his kindness and self-denial were discovered by his teacher.

"And now, ladies and gentlemen, I ask you—was there not true heroism in this boy's conduct? Nay, Master Waster, do not get out of sight behind the blackboard. You were not afraid of ridicule, you must not be afraid of praise."

As Watson, with blushing cheeks, came forward, a round of applause spoke the general approbation, and the medal was presented to him amid the cheers of the audience.—The Children's Own.

THE BABY AND THE PRAYERLESS DEACON.

Our dear old church became lukewarm. Moses was growing on the altar. Big factories had come to town. The once devoted deacons and members went into business. They dropped out of the prayermeetings and gave up family prayers, and only the Marthas and Marys knelt at the altar in the deserted church.

One night, when a prayerless deacon was about to retire, his little baby girl climbed on his knee, and, giving the same old kiss, looked up wonderingly and said:

"Papa, I want to ask 'ou a tweston." "What is it, baby?"

"Papa, is—is Dod dead?"

"Why, no, baby; what makes you ask

me that?" "Oh, 'cause I don't hear you talkin' to Him any more nights and morning."

Tears came into the deacon's eyes, and looking at his wife, he said:

"Mother, we must kneel in prayer to-

The next day the deacon told the other deacons and brothers about the incident, and that night they all met at the prayer meeting and soon the old congregation warmed into a working church.

And a little child had saved it. Un less ye become like one of these ye cannot enter the kingdom.-Sel.

PROHIBITION WORLD.

One hundred and seventy-five Californian towns and cities in fifteen local option counties have prohibited the saloon. The nation received in return for its expenditure for intoxicating liquors a "bonus" of 500 murderers, 500 suicides, 100,000 criminals, 200,000 paupers, 60,-000 deaths from drunkenness, 1,600,000

drinkers, 500,000 homes ruined, 1,000, 000 children worse than orphaned. "No license," is the watch-word in 1,454 of Wisconsin's municipalities. "A vote on the license question may be had every year on petition of one tenth on the voters. The law is very severe on dealers selling to minors, and druggists violating the excise law forfeit their pharmaceu-

tical permit. Soliciting liquor trade in

besotted drinkers, 600,000 moderate

no-license territory is a crime. In 1885 a law was "placed upon the statute books of Ohio providing by tax against evils resulting from the unlicensed traffic in intoxicating liquors" During the twenty years from 1885 to 1905 there was a total of 16,605 suits for divorce on account of drunkenness. This does not include those suits on account of disorders resulting indirectly from strong drink. Ohio increased its divorce population 8,248 in a single year. That state shows one divorce for every nine marriages. Considering that marriage is the most sacred relation God has instituted among mortals, one can but exclaim, "What hath intemperance wrought?"-

WHAT A DOCKED HORSE TELLS.

(1.) That the owner does not care one straw for the suffering of dumb animals.

(2.) That the owner does not care one straw for the good opinion of nine-tenths of his fellow-citizens who witness the

and her man drinks up everthing he Sel. Perhaps some have not gone so who can't wear them. If you would only He graduates us in great things. But the earns, and she's afraid she'll be turned far outwardly. But how about the buy these we should get on nicely.' The great finalities would never have been