

# THE SENTINEL.

## AND NEW BRUNSWICK GENERAL ADVERTISER.

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**THE SENTINEL.**  
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By **Edmund Ward.**  
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AND CONTAINS,  
The Decisions of the Executive, and Notices of  
Sales of Crown Lands.  
During the sitting of the Legislature THE SENTINEL is published twice each week, and in it will be inserted  
The Debates in the Legislative Council and House of Assembly.  
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CENTRAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—B. Wolhaupter, Esq. Office open every day, at Mr. Minchin's Brick House, opposite the Parade, (Sundays excepted), from 11 to 2 o'clock. Committee for the present Month, J. S. COY and THOMAS STEWART.  
ALMS HOUSE AND WORK HOUSE.—Commissioner, till Thursday next, C. P. WETMORE.  
From the Courier of Saturday last.

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Suite arrived at Indian Town on Monday afternoon last, in the Steamer *New Brunswick*, from Head Quarters. His Excellency was accompanied into town by a number of Gentlemen from the City, and was received at the St. John Hotel by a Guard of Honour from the 69th Regiment, and a large concourse of respectable citizens. Three hearty cheers welcomed His Excellency on his arrival at the Hotel, which were acknowledged by Sir JOHN in his usual urbane manner.  
Immediately after his arrival, His Excellency sent for the Managing Committee of the Temperance Society, and arranged with them the hour of visiting their meeting in the evening.  
TEMPERANCE SOIREE.—The Temperance Soiree in celebration of the Birth and Marriage of Her Most Gracious Majesty, THE QUEEN, took place on Monday evening.  
His Honor Judge PARKER took the Chair shortly before seven o'clock, and opened the proceedings in a most animated manner, by an address very appropriate to the occasion. His Excellency Sir JOHN HARVEY, having done the Societies the honor of accepting their invitation, entered the room almost immediately after the Chairman concluded, upon which the Band played "God save the Queen." His Excellency then addressed the company in the following highly gratifying and complimentary Speech:—  
"LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—  
"I have willingly accepted your invitation, and present myself among you, for the purpose of thus publicly declaring, as the Representative of my Sovereign, my warmest approbation of the principles and objects of Temperance Associations, than which, in my estimation, nothing can be more strictly in accordance with the most enlarged charity, and the purest benevolence;—in a word, with the very spirit of the Divine precept, by which we are enjoined to love and to do good to one another. Of these Associations it may be confidently predicted, that they are destined to work the greatest and most beneficial moral revolution and reformation which have ever been wrought in the condition of the human race since the promulgation of the Christian Dispensation. I rejoice to find myself surrounded by so many individuals who have so zealously devoted themselves to this good cause, but more especially do I rejoice to observe so large a proportion of the gentler sex—with regard to which I do not hesitate in avowing myself an admirer (at least) of that fanciful and beautiful Theory, "That women are the good angels of the other sex sent to win them back to ways of Purity and Peace." Heretofore they have continued to struggle separately and individually, and how often ineffectually! to rescue those they love from an indulgence in habits destructive of Health and Life, entailing misery on their innocent families, and endangering their eternal salvation; but in their latter days it has pleased God to put it into their minds, to associate themselves for the furtherance of these works of love. *Union is strength*; and I for one will refuse to believe that associations formed for purposes so holy, including creatures so pure, and animated by zeal so fervent, can fail in accomplishing their benevolent objects. The only objection which I have ever heard urged against these (in common with all other) associations is, that they may be converted (or perverted rather) to purposes dangerous to the well being of the state; so, it might be replied, may the meeting together of every Christian Congregation professedly for the purpose of Divine worship, if there be no bounds to the wickedness of man; but, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have alluded to this objection solely for the purpose of expressing to you my conviction, that even if persons were found mischievous enough to become members of these associations, with latent designs such as I have adverted to, of so purifying and elevating a character do I deem their principles to be, when duly carried out into practice, that the effect in such

cases as I have supposed would be, I am convinced, to convert the partizan from the folly of his ways, and, by rendering him a wiser and a better man, to make him incapable of harbouring or aiding designs adverse to the interests of his country or the well-being of society; In a word, I am so firmly impressed with the belief that the effect of Temperance Associations must necessarily be to make men better members of Society, and consequently better Subjects, that I shall regard it as among my first duties to Her Majesty's interests in this Province to give them every countenance, encouragement and support in my power; and I shall feel happy if what I have now said should have any effect in promoting their formation and extension throughout the Province.  
"I will not close this brief Address without alluding to the joyful, the auspicious occasion on which we are assembled and entering into the feelings of all around me. I conclude by proposing to this Company to give expression to those sentiments of devoted loyalty, by which I know them to be animated, in any manner which they may think fit, by invoking Health and Long Life, attended and sweetened by uninterrupted domestic happiness, to our young, our interesting and Most Gracious Queen (the Patroness of Temperance Associations) and His Royal Highness Prince Albert, the Husband of Her Majesty's choice."  
On finishing which, His Excellency was greeted with three cheers for the QUEEN and Prince ALBERT, and three more for himself, which mark of loyalty and respect he acknowledged in a short additional address, which was received with further and continued cheering; he soon after retired. His Excellency was accompanied on his entrance by Major Brookes, 69th Regiment; the Provincial Aid-de-Camp, Hon. W. H. Robinson; Captain Tryon; Captain O'Halloran, of the 69th; and some other officers of the last mentioned Regiment.  
The National Anthem was then sung by the whole assemblage, accompanied by the Band leading instrumentally, and Tea and Coffee soon after followed, with Wedding Cake in abundance, and other refreshments of various kinds—and while the company regaled themselves with these viands, they were occasionally agreeably entertained with instrumental music.  
Tea being over, Captain O'HALLORAN came forward, and in a neat address—the subject, *Matrimony*—after alluding to some circumstances which had arisen in consequence of his Speech in support of a resolution at the Temperance Meeting in this City in February last, and alluding to the pledges of the Temperance and Abstinence Societies, concluded by advising all who had not yet entered the Matrimonial state, to follow the illustrious example they had that evening met to commemorate, and urged upon them to do so without further loss of time in strains so persuasively amusing, as to cause continued laughter and merriment to the conclusion of his address.  
After a short interval, during which the Band again struck up an air, the Hon. NEVILLE PARKER commenced a very humorous address—subject, *our League*—and although, as he observed, Law might be considered a very dry subject, he contrived to make it one of a character so very pleasing, by introducing anecdotes and allusions of a most playful kind, as to create in the room a continued scene of mirth and amusement.  
The National Song of Rule Britannia, to which had been added some lately composed words making it better adapted to the occasion, was then sung and played; and immediately after, the Hon. W. B. KINNEAR made a concluding address—subject, *our Constitution*. Amidst much applause he succeeded fully in establishing, to the satisfaction of his hearers, the excellence of the British Constitution, by first showing the deficiencies in the Monarchical, Aristocratical and the Democratical alone; then, that ours contained a junction of these different forms, and proceeded to show its superiority by the success of the British Armies under its vigorous management,—the wisdom, and often magnificence of its Parliamentary acts and proceedings, (illustrating the last by the late emancipation from Slavery of the Negroes, and its effects in the world) and the security to the person and property under its protecting power.  
Further refreshments were, at this period of the evening, brought in, a dessert of Fruit being prepared, which was accompanied by occasional music from the Band, and on concluding this repast, all joined most appropriately in singing the two first verses of the 100th Psalm, and the last verse of the evening hymn.  
The Bride's Cake which was conspicuously placed about the centre of the room having been distributed among all around, the company separated about half-past eleven o'clock, expressing their satisfaction and pleasure at the enjoyments of the evening.  
A neat transparency illustrative of the late happy Nuptials of Her Majesty and His Royal Highness Prince ALBERT, was placed over the seat reserved for His Excellency Sir JOHN HARVEY—which, joined with the decoration of the room with colours and evergreens, gave an exceedingly pleasing effect to the whole scene.  
Before the division of the large Wedding Cake, the handsomely ornamented top or spire, surmounted by a Crown with the *Union* waving above, was separated for the purpose of being presented to Her Majesty's Representative, Sir JOHN HARVEY; and a Committee waited upon His Excellency on Wednesday and presented it to him, by whom it was graciously received, as a mark, as His Excellency kindly observed, of "their approbation of his address to them on the evening of the celebration."  
On Tuesday, His Excellency inspected the 69th Regiment, and after a minute examination into their state and efficiency in every respect, and witnessing their performance of a number of difficult movements, which they did in admirable style, His Excellency was pleased to address to the Regiment, a few words very impressively, upon the advantages enjoyed by the British soldier, and warned them against the crime of desertion.  
On His Excellency's return to the Hotel, the subpoenaed District General Order was issued:—  
"Saint John, New Brunswick,  
May 26, 1840.  
"DISTRICT GENERAL ORDER.  
"Major General Sir JOHN HARVEY having completed his Half-Yearly Inspection of the 69th Regiment, deems it due to Major Brookes, the Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers of that Corps, to place upon its Records the expression of his entire approbation and admiration of the excellent state in which he has found it, as regards its general appearance—the state of its Arms, Clothing, and Appointments

—its Field Exercise and Movements, and its system of interior discipline and economy—in a word, in all that is regarded as constituting efficiency, it will be the Major General's pleasing duty to report most favourably of the 69th Regiment.  
"By Command,  
S. TRYON, A. D. C.  
In the evening, His Excellency dined with the gallant Officers of the 69th. We understand the Officers of H. M. S. Satellite, and a number of the Heads of Departments, and other Public Officers were present on the occasion.  
On Wednesday morning at 11 o'clock His Excellency and Suite appeared in our streets on foot, where he received congratulations from a number of respectable citizens, and all seemed pleased to observe the gallant Veteran's frank and open manner. After visiting several of the Public Buildings, His Excellency proceeded to Reed's Point, and went on board H. M. S. Satellite, lying in the harbour, when the yards were manned and a salute fired. About 12 o'clock he returned to the Hotel.  
At 1 o'clock His Excellency held a Levee in the Court House, which was most numerous attended.

**GRAND PROCESSION**  
AT THE LAYING OF THE CORNER STONE OF THE SAINT JOHN MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.  
The ceremony of laying the Corner Stone of the new Building for the Mechanics' Institute took place on Wednesday last, and a more splendid display has never been seen in this City, and we much doubt if it has ever been equalled in British North America. The different Trades who were to join the Procession, assembled at their several places of meeting, and thence marched to King's Square, where the line was formed about two o'clock, and proceeded down King-street in the following order:  
The Marshal on Horseback,  
Constables and Police,  
The Band of the 69th Regiment,  
Operative carrying Operative carrying  
Cup with Oil, Cornucopia,  
Operative carrying Cup with Wine,  
The Contractor carrying The Architect carrying  
the Inscription, the Plan of the  
Coins, &c. Building,  
The Master Mason carrying a magnificent Silver  
Trowel,  
The Deputy Sheriff, Assistant Marshal, on horseback,  
High Constable,  
The Sheriff and Coroner,  
The Mayor and Recorder,  
The Aldermen, Assistant Aldermen, Common Clerk  
and Chamberlain,  
The Chief Justice and the Judges,  
The Members of the Executive and Legislative  
Councils,  
The Members of Assembly,  
The Magistrates of the City and County,  
The Reverend the Rector, as Chaplain, and other  
Clergymen,  
His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Suite,  
on horseback, attended by Major Brookes and  
the Officers of the 69th Regiment, and  
Capt. ANDERSON, the Captain of Her  
Majesty's Ship Satellite,  
The President, Vice-Presidents, Secretaries, Treasurer,  
and Directors of the Institute, preceded  
by the great banner borne by five members.  
The late President, Beverly Robinson,  
Esq. accompanied this body, who were followed by the smaller banner  
of the Institute.  
Trades in their order as follows:  
Blacksmiths,  
Founders,  
Hammermen,  
Horologists,  
Carpenters,  
Tailors,  
Painters,  
Bakers,  
The Band of J. B. Payne, Esq. at the head of the  
Cordwainers.

The Procession after passing down King-street proceeded along Prince William-street to Reed's Point, thence along St. James-street, and turning up Germain-street, proceeded directly to the building, which adjoins St. John Church.—The Trades walked four and four, and some idea may be formed of the extent of the Procession, when we state that at the time the head reached St. John Church, the rear was at the Post Office, corner of Princess-street.  
On arriving at the building, His Excellency and Suite dismounted, and the Trades were drawn up in a close column in front of the building. We understand they amounted to twelve hundred in number, and with the immense crowd assembled, rendered the space in front of the Church and the adjoining streets one solid mass of human beings.  
A space had been prepared in the Corner Stone, in which the following articles were deposited:—the Charter of the Institute; the Constitution and Bye Laws; List of Members; Catalogue and Rules of the Library; Programme of the Ceremony; St. John Almanack for 1840; the "Courier" of the 23d May, and the "Observer" of the 26th May; a number of Coins of the present Reign; with the splendid Coronation Medal of Her Majesty, and the Royal Marriage Medal bearing on the obverse highly finished and correct likenesses of Her Most Gracious Majesty VICTORIA, and Prince ALBERT of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. On the reverse, the Royal Arms and the Arms of Prince Albert, with the Torch of Hymen united by a wreath of Shamrock, Rose and Thistle, surmounted by the Imperial Crown—embellished by a wreath of fruit and flowers with other ornamental decorations emblematical of happiness and plenty; also the following Inscription—  
THE  
SAINT JOHN MECHANICS' INSTITUTE,  
(Incorporated by Act of the General Assembly.)  
Erected this Building, and devoted the same to  
THE PROMOTION OF  
SCIENCE AND THE ARTS, AND THE  
DIFFUSION OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.  
The Corner Stone was laid on the 27th day  
of May, in the Third Year of the Reign of  
Her Most Gracious Majesty  
QUEEN VICTORIA,  
By His Excellency Major-General Sir JOHN  
HARVEY, K. C. B. and K. C. H. Lieutenant  
Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the  
Province of New Brunswick, &c. &c. &c.  
1840.

JOHN DUNCAN, President;  
GEORGE D. ROBINSON, Vice-Presidents;  
ROBERT KLETTE, Vice-Presidents;  
WILLIAM JACK, Recording Secretary;  
M. H. PERLEY, Corresponding Secretary;  
JOHN C. SHARP, Treasurer;  
Barzillai Ansley, James Agnew, Thomas Barlow, Richard Duff, George Fleming, Edwin  
Fairweather, Abraham Gesner, John Gray, Alexander Lawrence, Charles McLaughlan, James McGregor, Thomas Rankine, Junior, Directors.  
EDWIN FAIRWEATHER, Architect.  
JOHN P. McKAY, and } Contractors.  
WILLIAM CROSS, }  
The Institution was established in Dec. 1838, and the first President was  
BEVERLY ROBINSON, Esq.  
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

The Stone being duly prepared was lowered into its bed and properly placed by His Excellency, who used the Silver Trowel in spreading the mortar; then His Excellency applying the plumb and square pronounced the Stone well laid, which was acknowledged by three hearty cheers. Corn, Wine and Oil having been poured upon it by His Excellency, the Reverend the Rector in a most impressive manner, offered up the following prayer—  
"O Infinite God, as the Creator of the Universe, we would ascribe unto Thee, Glory and honor; as the God of Providence, we would acknowledge Thee in all our undertakings; and as the Redeemer of our souls, we would render Thee everlasting praise. Conscious that we are sinners, and, as such, unworthy of thy regard, we approach thy Divine Majesty with reverence and awe, imploring Thee, in mercy, to receive our prayer, and to favour us this day with thy presence and blessing. Assembled as we are, to lay the corner stone of this Edifice, which is designed to further the happiness of our Species, by the diffusion of useful knowledge, we remember, O God, that thou art the Father of Lights, the Author of all true wisdom, whether pertaining to the objects of the present world, or of the world to come. Therefore, unto Thee O God, do we lift up our prayer, beseeching Thee to prosper by thy Heavenly benediction, the undertaking which now engages us, and to grant that by thy controlling influence, it may flourish in days to come, and prove the means of communicating essential benefits to the inhabitants of this community. Guide us we implore Thee, in all our researches into earthly science. Preserve us from the peculiar snares which accompany them, and so sanctify all our attainments therein, that they may yield us substantial blessings, and render us better men, in every station we are called to fill. Hear our intercessions O Lord, for all orders and classes of our fellow-mortals. We pray for Her Most Gracious Majesty, for all in authority under Her, whether in the Mother Country, or in its Colonial possessions. We pray for Her faithful subjects of every rank and station, and especially, for that class of them, who are more immediately interested in the erection of this building. May the dissemination of sound knowledge amongst them in particular, conduce to their own happiness, to the good of Society, to the Stability of their country, and to the honour of their God. Finally O God of Mercy! we supplicate Thee to open to all our minds the Treasures of Heavenly Wisdom; that wisdom which shines in the great mystery of Godliness, which is destined to illumine the successive generations of the Earth, and to retain its lustre amidst the Glories of Heaven, when the works of man have crumbled into ruins, and the world that contained them, has passed into Eternal Oblivion. Gracious Father, we ask these blessings at thy hands, through the Mediation of Christ Jesus, our Saviour, to whom, with Thee and the Holy Spirit, be Glory and dominion ascribed, for evermore. AMEN.  
At the close of the prayer, His Excellency advanced to a platform in front of the building, and delivered the following address, in his usual distinct and admirable style—  
"GENTLEMEN.—As the Representative of a Sovereign who feels the liveliest interest in all that can conduce to the well being of her faithful and loyal Subjects, I have presented myself here, under feelings of no ordinary degree of gratification, for the purpose of taking part in the interesting ceremony of the day, and of thereby identifying myself with an Institution which I regard as fraught with incalculable benefits to one of the most valuable classes of the community, and therefore to all.  
"Without entering into the question as to whether the bounds of Science have or have not been materially enlarged and extended by the researches of learned men of recent times, it must be readily admitted by all, that a practical acquaintance with its elementary principles has been more generally diffused among the industrious classes of late years, than at any former period; and that to the labours of many eminent and patriotic individuals, by whom science has been enlisted in the service and applied to the embellishment of the useful arts—labours in which our countrymen have borne a prominent and distinguished share—a debt of gratitude is due, which all who love their country or their species must join in acknowledging. To dwell upon the blessings of Education generally, or upon the great advantages to the industrious classes of the community, which must attend the throwing open to them, even partially of the Gates of the Temple of Science, seems to me as unnecessary as to expatiate upon the superior blessings of civilized over savage life. Indeed Science it has been beautifully said, by a well known Latin Poet, and the remark has with equal force and propriety been applied to *virtuous female society*, "Emoluit mdes nec sinit esse ferus." Under the free Institutions of our glorious Country, the opportunity of acquiring adequate attainments, followed up by a right application of them to the pursuits of life, crowned by habits of industry and sobriety, strict integrity, and sound moral and religious principles, may not only elevate the Mechanic to the head of his profession, but may open to him the road to every degree of advancement to which he can reasonably aspire.  
"Such opportunities are afforded, and such advantages are to be derived from the excellent Institution which I now address, as well as from all similar ones which may have been or which may hereafter be elsewhere formed; and I deem this a fitting occasion, publicly to express my acknowledgements, as the Sovereign's Representative, to all those patriotic individuals to whom the existing Institutes in this Province owe their formation, and through whose exertions and liberality they have continued to be encouraged, fostered, and sustained.  
"Gentlemen,—The astonishing increase and improvements which have taken place in this City since my first arrival to it, (upwards of a quarter of a century ago,) suggest to me the following observations, with which I will conclude this brief address.—With natural advantages inferior to those of no other Port of Her Majesty's Trans-Atlantic Dominions, all that I

have observed, and now see around me, proves in a manner not to be controverted or mistaken, that the city of St. John also possesses, in the spirit, intelligence, capital and enterprise of Merchants, (evinced in the rapidly increasing Commerce of the Port)—in the ingenuity and industry of her Mechanics and operative classes, displayed in the production, by them of many articles of utility, convenience, and embellishment, which it was formerly necessary to import from Europe or the neighbouring States. These circumstances, I repeat, triumphantly show that St. John possesses all those elements of prosperity, which must shortly place her in the first rank of the Commercial Emporiums of the Western World. On this happy position, and these encouraging prospects, I offer to this noble City my warmest congratulations. Let me add yet another word—one, which if I have formed a just estimate of you, will be responded to with heart and voice. Let me propose to you to connect the interesting proceedings of this day with Three Cheers (or three times three, if it so please you,) for the Health, Happiness, and long Life of our Gracious Queen, and Her Majesty's Royal and beloved Consort."  
This address was listened to with great attention, and was clearly heard by many thousands, who could not refrain from cheering several of its noble sentiments. At the end of three cheers and three more were given for the QUEEN and Prince ALBERT, the Band of the 69th playing "God save the Queen"—three cheers were then proposed for His Excellency, which was responded to most heartily and unanimously with three times three, and then another, and then three hearty cheers for Lady HARVEY, which His Excellency suitably acknowledged.  
The Procession was then re-formed in order, and returned down Germain-street to King-street and up to the St. John Hotel, where His Excellency alighted and again addressed the Procession from the door of the Hotel, expressing his high gratification with the proceedings of the day, and the enthusiastic reception he had met with from the people of St. John on an occasion which reflected the highest honor upon them and upon their City, which should always have his most strenuous exertions for its interest.  
The various bodies then separated; the trades marched past His Excellency into Charlotte-street, and thence returned to their halls of meeting. The utmost order and regularity prevailed throughout; indeed it was quite admirable to observe the excellent manner in which the procession formed, and kept up its line during the whole occasion.—The day was exceedingly fine, and although the streets were crowded to excess, beyond all former precedent, yet no disorder, and not a single accident, however trifling occurred. Every place from which a view of the Procession could be obtained seemed to swarm with human beings, young and old, eager to obtain a view, and not a little astonished as well as delighted with the extent and magnificence of the display which but few were prepared to expect.  
Owing to the shortness of the notice, several of the Trades who intended to join were unable to make the necessary preparation, and many banners which were expected to be displayed could not be finished in time. Those which were borne (and they were not a few,) were very magnificent, reflecting great credit on the artists, and the good taste of the different trades who had provided them. The Blacksmiths and those who marched with them had inscribed on their banners "Industry and Benevolence unite us in Friendship." "By Hammer in hand, all Arts do stand," "Arts, Trades and Manufacturers." The neat banner of the "Sons of Vulcan," bearing their Arms, was much admired, and they were accompanied by a car, drawn by black horses, with a representation of two smiths at work at their anvil, the loud and unceasing strokes of whose hammers (which appeared to be worked by machinery) were greeted by frequent cheers. The Carpenters, who were very numerous, wore a red scarf, and each carried a long white wand. They bore aloft one banner, with the five architectural orders, and one with their arms, on which were inscribed the words "Great Britain, Ireland and the Colonies"—"Union is strength." The Tailors were preceded by the golden fleece; each man wore a blue scarf, and their banner bore "Concordia parva res crescit." They were accompanied by a car, handsomely fitted up, and drawn by splendidly caparisoned horses, representing the Garden of Eden. In the centre stood a large tree, hung with abundance of beautiful fruit; the old serpent was twined round the trunk, and the figures of Adam and Eve, as large as life, stood under the branches. The whole of this pageant was exceedingly well got up, and was perfect of its kind. We could not learn to whom the credit of preparing it was due, but whoever it was deserves great praise for taste and skill. The Bakers were very neatly dressed, each man wearing a straw hat (of uniform shape) and blue ribbon, with a snow white apron and white gloves; their appearance was particularly pleasing and prepossessing. They carried a very large "Horn of Plenty," and the banner of their trade, with the motto "For the good of all." The Cordwainers, a numerous body, were dressed in white pantaloons and white gloves, with uniform aprons of chamois leather, bound with blue ribbon and trimmed with rosettes of the same. Their splendid banner bore their arms with the motto "Freres Cordonniers."  
The Banners, we are informed, were chiefly designed by Mr. G. N. Smith, and painted by Messrs. Smith, Holman, and Foulis; they reflect great credit on the talents and skill of the artists. It would be impossible, within our limits to give a technical description of the devices, &c. which would be highly interesting to those skilled in Heraldry, or to describe the numerous badges, staves of office, insignia, emblems, models, and &c. borne by the several trades; suffice it to say, that the pageant far exceeded any thing we conceived it impossible for New-Brunswick to display, and the whole Procession produced a most glorious and heart-stirring effect—an effect which will long live in the memories of all who witnessed it, and which we hesitate not to say, will have great and powerful influence upon the destinies of the Province.

**DR. GESNER'S MUSEUM OF NATURAL HISTORY.**  
After the procession, on Wednesday last, His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, attended by his suite, visited the large and valuable collection of objects of Natural History belonging to Dr. Gesner. The collection has of late been greatly enriched by numerous specimens of ni

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