The following are the discoveries made in Quirigua:

One statue 10 feet high, lying upon the ground. One ditto 10 1-2 feet high, lying upon the ground face looking toward the heavens. One ditto 26 feet high, lying upon the ground face looking toward the heavens. One ditto 26 feet high, perpendicular, in the form of an obelisk, full of thieroglyphics, with a human statute cut upon its top, and some figures in its hands. Another statue 9 feet high, representing a woman. One other statue 19 feet high, representing a woman, on the other a man, in good preservation. Another, the head of a giant, six feet in diameter. Two altars, most literates and the case with Papineau,—it was also the case with Papineau,—it was also the case with Papineau,—it was also the case with Mackenzie. We believe Mr. Howe and the saw the case with Mackenzie. We believe Mr. Howe and the promote of the saw that the case with Mackenzie. We believe Mr. Howe and the saw the transmitted to the houses with an old lady in the man lite.

A steam boat now crosses the harbour, and the constant and the constant and reversal the constant and reversal the promote of the sew with Mackenzie. We believe Mr. Howe of obliged to the houses with the cost of the former Brit. A more number of the province is every where attached thickner gardens, which the coad passes is fertile, several persons who was ettempted to throw across the channel, and who were laugued or obliged to the houses with the cost of the same lite.

A steam boat now crosses the harbour, and the constant and the constant and the constant and reversal the private and the constant and the constant and reversal the province is effect the pople from engaging in the dotter in the former private in the constant and the constant and the constant and the form of an obelisk, full of hieroglyphics, with a human statute cut upon its top, and some feet by the province is every where the constant and the constant and the form of an obelisk, full of hieroglyphics, with the constant and the constant and the c good preservation. Another, the head of a giant, six feet in diameter. Two altars, most elegantly sculptured. One obelisk, 12 feet in height. Four other monuments in distant therefore the province of irritating personalities, into which they are hurrying the province, the lawless gatherings and assumption of political power by places, one of which is of a circular form, and upon a small eminence formed of stones apparently brought from the river. In the

the stone rests. The above monuments are found about 3000 feet from the river Montagua. The time of Messrs. Catherwood and Stephens being short, they were unable to make discoveries to office; it becomes a dangerous innovation unonuments, &c. can be removed and taken to the United States of America, which is to the United States of America, which is trate, than a limited Monarchy like our own, their intention; while those of Palenque are with its time-tested and time-honored institutiso far in the interior, it would be impossible to remove them. We also learn that the human figures, and the ornaments which appear about them, are all similar to those of Palenque. In fact, this we consider only as a prelude to what we shall expect from these distinguished, persevering and scientific tra-

vered nearly with vegetation, upon which

We learn these gentlemen will continue their journey, and after their visit to Palenque will proceed to Mexico.

QUEBEC, July 9. We copy the following from the morning Courier of Tuesday last by which it will be seen that the case of the Rev. Mr. Marcoux, of the Indian Village of Caughnawaga, about which so much has lately been said, is to un-

dergo investigation: -"An investigation, we understand, is about to take place into all the circumstances connected with the case of Mr. Marcoux, the Roman Catholic Priest, whose residence among the Caughnawaga Indians some prints are so anxious to perpetuate. The investigation will be conducted on the spot, the witnesses will be confronted with the party accused, who will have an opportunity of cross examination afforded him, and every facility, by the average of the Nova-Scotian Reformation afforded him, and every facility, by the struck of the singular to the singular the singular to the singular to the singular the singular to the singular the singular to the singular the singular than in the Nova-Scotian are their attentions confined to the passengers and lone; for all over the country they execute little commands with which they are entrusted, particularly by the female portion of the inhabitants; and when a coachman dies a bachelor of the singular to the singular their attentions confined to the passengers are their attenti man Catholic Priest, whose residence among the Caughnawaga Indians some prints are so anxious to perpetuate. The investigation will be conducted on the spot, the witnesses the production of evidence on his own behalf to rebut the charges against him. We know not what other course any friends of the Reverend gentleman can desire to be taken, or what possible motive they or he can have unless it be one based on conscious guilt, for avoiding an inquiry into the truth of allegations, seriously affecting his character. Mr. Marcoux has been charged with prostituting his sacred office to the purposes of rebellion. His defenders pretend that the charges a gainst him have been suborned by his emines. The more anxious, then, must be to more anxious and contradictory statements, and the state state of the Povince are sufficient and the state of the form the state of t Marcoux has been charged with prostituting his sacred office to the purposes of rebellion.

the absence of the Governor General. Sir

of this month, and is now in full bloom. orange coloured maggot, which the fly is supposed to deposit in the ear. We are in best wishes for their future prospects; homusquetoes have made their appearance this lents and perseverance so well deserve. summer in this vicinity, and we see a similar observation made in some of the New York papers of the 30th June. — Quebec Gazette.

From the Montreal Courier.

In the Novascotian of the 25th ultimo, we find a somewhat pompous editorial detail of Mr. Howe's journey through the Western Districts of the Province. Mr. Howe has an advantage over the general run of political agitators, in having a newspaper of his own, in which to record his merits, and make known the homage of his followers. As a member of the Provincial Legislature, the proprietor and conductor of a well written and well circulated journal, and an "out-door" agitator besides, the Nova-Scotian hero of Responsible Government, stands forward on the public boards, invested beyond his fellows, with power for good or for evil.— Lack of discretion, and the besetting sin of vanity, nevertheless, may ruin both the cause and the man, however good in other respects these may be. In a well ordered community, such has we have a right to expect, every British community to be, headlong violence will, assue riely, array the reflecting and judicious against a cause, which, it midly advocated by the invincible weapons of reason only, would enist severy heart in its favour. The progress of opposition to reckless vehemence in the conduct of public affairs, is silent but certain. The same result marks the impersonation of a cause by the individual, who by his talents or assidually has obtained the lead in its advocacy, and whose vanity seduces his good sense, into the belight fit at it is himself, and not the principles, of which he has perhaps been the eloquent or gan, to whom its paid the homage of admiration. These was however a consider the has perhaps been the eloquent or gan, to whom its paid the homage of admiration. These was however a consider the has perhaps been the eloquent or gan, to who me is paid the homage of admiration. These was however a consider the has perhaps been the eloquent or gan, to whom its paid the homage of admiration. These was however a consider the to make the time of the proposition of the ware the two beings, upon whom, exclusively, justed the attention of the Province was fixed.—This are the remains on either side, of the bridge it in the heat of the sun, the attention of the Province was fixed.—This are the remains on either side, of the bridge it it was impossible to pass without hazard of better deposition to the day, or if the furrows have been done days and exposed to the heat of the sun, the application of the ways and easy so destroyed.

This bill option is planted in the fact of the sun, the application of the ways and advented the sunt of the application of the ways and easy to train the posterior was an advented to take the standard of the sunt of the day, or if the furrows have been deed on the precision of the ways and easy to the destroyed.

This bear of the furrows have been the electron in the fall of the day, or if the furrows have the expectation of the ways and days effect th as we have a right to expect, every British community to be, headlong violence will, assuredly, array the reflecting and judicious against a cause, which, if mildly advocated by the in-

apparently brought from the river. In the centre between these four monuments, there is a huge round stone, which is wholly covered with hieroglyphics and inscriptions; beneath the stone are two human heads, covered nearly with vegetation, upon which check upon misgovernment in the people through their Representatives, may be good and constitutional doctrine. But, where it is preposed to operate immediately upon its objects, capriciouly directing dismissals and appointments ment. We do not propose to deny the House of Assembly the right of addressing the Crown for the dismissal of its Representative in the Colony. It is a strictly constitutional right; but rights become wrongs by abuse; and making rights, given for extreme cases, and to be used only in the last resort, the cheval de battaille for every frivolous occasion, which was the insane and suidical policy of the Papineau and Mackenzie school; is that against which we protest, and against which we would warn all well meaning politicians :

"Fools rush in where angels fear to tread."

In the meanwhile, and indeed in all whiles, the best antidote for the poison of dishonest agi-tation, will be found in the correction of every abuse, and in the encouragement of every prac-

Of the Messrs. Clarks we feel bound to courteous and gentlemanly demeanour to all

hopes, that the country is about to escape bing that they may hereafter meet with that this scourge. It is worthy of remark that no support and encouragement, which their ta-

Yours most truly,

A. B. C. D.

Oromocto, June 24, 1840.

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JULY 18, 1840.

TOUR THRO' THE PROVINCE.

Continued.

On Thursday afternoon 27th June we left Fredericton in one of the night boats. These boats are a great convenience and would be more generally resorted to, were there certain rules adopted by which quiet and order could be preserved, and the continual call for intoxicating drinks discontinued. Indeed, in all the boats, were the proprietors to employ persons to furnish meals for passengers, in the same way as is done in genteel boarding houses; placing upon the table at dinner wines, brandy and porter if required, and to discontinue the tappersons with which they are infected travellers.

a distance of nearly 50 miles from St. John, no preparations had been made for dinner, as is the case when the coach returns.

The case when the coach returns.

On the following day we passed the residence

there.

We cannot however proceed without alluding ticable amelioration in the details of government from which benefit may be fairly anticipated. who as is the case throughout the Province, are We close these observations, by recommeding to Mr. Howe a more attentive consideration of the sentiments of a worthy Pastor of the Established tours, have we ever met with an instance of Church of England, which we find in the No-the slightest approach to intemperance. Nor

Sir.—Knowing you to be the friend of internal improvements, and a well wisher to everything calculated to promote the permanent interest of the Province or the convenience and well being of its inhabitants; we shall make no apology for troubling you with a few lines upon the elegant Bridge, which has just been completed over the Oromocto.

The admirable condition of our Provincial Roads, has been a subject of remerk by nearly every intelligent foreigner who has come among us; and we have of the provinced are so and the condition of our provincial graded; and stone and brick are imported from among us; and we have of the province are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the country between among us; and we have of the provinced are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the country between among us; and we have of the province are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the country between among us; and we have of the province are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the country between among us; and we have of the province are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the country between among us; and we have of the province are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the country between among us; and we have of the province are so directed almost exclusively to lumbering puraments, as to the nature of the Cromocto.

The admirable condition of our Provincial lumbers are to be seen on one and sometimes on both the scientify, and against the two walking three or four miles, we found a wagon that direction, in which we obscirption, but very productive; althout the Risk is to Sustaval as the stated, empties into the Washdemoac Lake.

Leaving Smith's creek early on the morning taked by the River which as we formerly taked, empties into the Washdemoac Lake.

In limp allowed the River which as we formerly a

while at Dorchester we visited Sackville,

From Sackville the road passes over the Tant-lemar Marsh to Amherst, in the Province of ver, and come home by the Washdemoac.

The young man who drove the coach agreed of this gentleman, and 8 miles farther up, left The young man who drove the coach agreed however to remain till a meal could be prepared; after which we proceeded on to the Bend of Peticodiae, where we remained during the night, and the next morning went on to Dorchester. It is usual to travel the whole distance chester. It is usual to travel the whole distance without tanning here but as the coach does to the coach does to this gentleman, and 8 miles farther up, fetting the main road, and turned off to Butternut the main road, and turned off to Butternut Ridge, a distance of seven miles on the right.—
The wen of the family were away from home, and an older female proposed to carry refreshment to the sufferers. Fortunately some veal there during the night, at the house of Mr. Robt.

We stopped the main road, and turned off to Butternut Ridge, a distance of seven miles on the right.—
The wen of the family were away from home, and an older female proposed to carry refreshment to the sufferers. Fortunately some veal broth had been made for dinner; and after given the main road, and turned off to Butternut the main road, and turned off to Butternut Ridge, a distance of seven miles on the right.—
The wen of the family were away from home, and an older female proposed to carry refreshment to the sufferers. Fortunately some veal broth had been made for dinner; and after given the main road, and turned off to Butternut the main road, and turned off to Butternut Ridge, a distance of seven miles on the right.—
The wen of the family were away from home, and an older female proposed to carry refreshment to the sufferers. Fortunately some veal broth had been made for dinner; and after given the main road, and turned off to Butternut.—
The wen of the family were away from home, and an older female proposed to carry refreshment to the sufference of the main road, and turned off to Butternut. without stopping here, but as the coach does not leave Dorchester on its return till Monday that the bounties of Providence are not disre-ishing food, the men began to revive; and in morning, it generally remains at the Bend overnight; which is a great relief to the passengers,
who may rely upon obtaining a clean, comfortable bed, and assiduous attention from Mrs.

that the bountles of Providence are not disrethat the bessings of agriculture
that the blessings of agricultur able bed, and assiduous attention from Mrs. of wheat annually, and others in proportion.—
Lewis, who keeps a house of entertainment The road to Butternut Ridge is quite out of repair, and is travelled with difficulty in a wagon. cumstance above described; expressed their

had been on there from Buctouche in search of which had saved their lives. And when these one of his children, about three years of age, that had been carried off by a party of Indians England, and may have been spared again to

desirous of seeing the extensive settlement of
New Canaan, we struck across the country, and
And show how fields were won;
A mother's eyes may have been suffused with

Sir Colin Campbell, the Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia, and the Provincial Assembly, and it has been said that it is His Excellentory's intention to proceed to New Brunswick on matters relating to the boundary question. The administration of the Government in Lower Canada devolves on the Commander of the Forces, Sir Richard Jackson, during the absence of the Governor General. Sir Colin Campbell, the Lieut. Governor of Nova Scotia, and the Provincial Assembly, and that the zeal, industry and ages of his pupils, the only distinction which ages of his pupils, and that the viellage adancing master who described. He has three different classes, according to the has the recollecti

Richard is expected in Quebec to-morrow to be sworn in.

While at Dorchester we visited Sackville, which is about 10 miles distant, the road passing through the woods, which have not been cleared to be sworn in through the woods, which have not been cleared to be proper to add, that the manner by which the deceased came to his death, was purely acci-The Wheat Fly.—We have examined several fields of wheat in the vicinity of Queberral fields of wheat in the vicinity one of which has been in ear since the first tical abilities; and we sincerely regret that to benefit them both, but another has lately of this month, and is now in full bloom. The continuation of the Bridge has passed in-There is as yet very little appearance of the figure and the stream abounds with trout of a fine flafly, although much of the wheat in an adjoining field was destroyed last year by the small from them.

One three size are extensive of a meany
to other hands, in as much as it will deprive and the stream abounds with trout of a fine flathe purpose of paying a visit to Judge Wetmore,
the purpose of paying a visit to Judge Wetmore,
the purpose of paying a visit to Judge Wetmore,
funds, and leads to Westcock, the residence of Judge Wetmore.

Nova Scotia, which is 16 miles distant; the Province line crossing about 5 miles from the latter place.

The scenery about Sackville is delightful, abounding with hill and dale, and cultivated fields; the inhabitants very properly directing their attention to agricultural pursuits, there being scarcely a saw-mill in that quarter. The foundation for a building intended for a seminary, about being erected in consequence of the munificent grant of C. Allison, Esq. was just completed. The building will be 150 feet in length, and a most delightful view of the surrounding landscape, embracing the head of the Bay of Fundy.

Ver, and come home by the Washdemoac.

We had heard of Bears being troublesome; and on the road through the woods, met with two or three places, where they had recently been. We left the horse in the woods, in charge of a person hired to return with it; and at the first house; when a walk of eleven miles brought us to Mr. Ryan's in the heart of the settlement. On emerging from the forest and ascending the more elevated land, the scenerius person being troublesome; and on the road through the woods, met with two or three places, where they had recently beauty and interest. Immediately after leaving Baxter's, at the Finger Board, the traveller perceives a degree of neatness, and what the French would call propreté about the dwellings that are scattered along the road, and on the road through the woods, met with two or three places, where they had recently beauty and interest. Immediately after leaving Baxter's, at the Finger Board, the traveller perceives a degree of neatness, and what the French would call propreté about the dwellings that are scattered along the road, and on the road through the woods, met with two or three places, where they had recently beauty and interest. Immediately after leaving Baxter's, at the Finger Board, the traveller perceives a degree of neatness, and what the French would call propreté about the dwellings that are scattered along the road, and on the road through the

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distance of 16 miles, where there is a temperance house, and from its appearance it is one of much comfort. At this point until recently, there stood a Bridge, which owing to a dispite between the contractor and the commissioners under whose direction it was built, has long been a terror to the community, travellers having to alight and cross it on foot. Fortunately, during the last spring, it was swept away; and another is about being erected. In the mean time, the coach has to descend a dangerous hill, which was rendered still more so by deep gulles, that ought not to have remained thus late in the season on a road so constantly travelled; but which we found remedied on our return.

The coach at present crosses the river in a scow, and the passengers on this line of road breakfast on the opposite side; by which if appearances are to be taken as indicative of the interior arrangement they gain nothing. In fact there appears to be rather a disregard on the accommodation of travellers in this respect on this route; for upon arriving at Sussex Vale, a distance of nearly 50 miles from St. John, no preparations had been made for dinner, as is

In holding oft my course precarious,
My fortune still has been to find,
Men's hearts and dispositions various,
But gentle woman ever kind.
Form'd in benevolence of nature,

Obliging, modest, gay or mild; Woman's the same endearing creature,

While at the Bend we learnt that a poor man gratitude for that kindness and compassion visit the domestic hearth-to describe their

Shoulder the crutch,

New Canaan, we struck across the country, and after a walk of about 7 miles reached that river, about half a mile above where it is fordable, and where a ferry is kept by Mr. Perry.

This is a most delightful settlement, which has bitherto been seeluded from the world, the chief means of intercourse with St. John, being afforded by the River which as we formerly stated, empties into the Washdemoac Lake.

tended to remain during the night.

The River from which this settlement takes given before the coroner's inquest; and it may

which extends its entire length.

The road to which we have alluded, unfortunately lies partly in King's and partly in Queen's county; which may account for its unfinished of which so much complaint has of late been made; and which subsequent enquiry and observation in the districts we have since visited, satisfy us is perfectly correct. It may happen that there is not the tendency to rot in some potatoes, that is perceptible in others; and which shows itself in the collection of a small quantity of water in the heart of the vegetable. Where this exists, if the slip of potato is planted in the heat of the gay, or if the furrows have been opened on the preceding day and exposed to the heat of the sun, the application of the warm.