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Equitable Plan THE VERY LIFE-BLOOD OF MARITIMES Sinking Fund Is Of Assessment BEING DRAINED BY OTHER COUNTRIES Earning Money For Saint John Is Desirable Here

Saint John Apparently Needs Revaluation of All Property

Commendation of the constructive criticism, which "The Maritime Broadcaster" has been printing is contained in many letters received from readers. Recently much has been written concerning the unhealthy taxa- are fitted by nature to produce tion condition in Saint John. Let- practically all our needs, find it communications. Writers of let- produced right at home. ters can be assured that any in- If these provinces could arthe sources of information.

others. An equitable system of year. taxation seems highly desirable, so that all persons will be treated fairly.

so-called Brittain report has that as its main recommendation. An illustration of the need of revaluation is seen in the case of two dwellings. One two family brick house, in which the owner a love of two dwellings. One two family brick house, in which the owner a living in other words, we are acting up our capital to the extent of \$50,000,000 each year. No wonder we are looking for prosperity. No wonder our young people are leaving home to seek a living in other places. No wonoccupies one flat and rents the other for \$75 a month is assessed on a valuation of \$7.500. An-0. Another two family wooden house is similarly occupied by the owner mean if that \$50,000,000 were in one flat while the other is placed in circulation here. It rented for \$32.50 a month, and this property is assessed on a would bring about a realization of practically all our dreams. It valuation of \$6,000. The brick dwelling therefore would have a rental income for the two flats of tablishment. \$1,800 a year, or 24 per cent. of tablishment of industries. It the assessed value. On the other would mean that the farmer hand, the wooden house would would be in a position to buy. It have a rental income of \$780 a would increase the buying powers year, or 13 per cent. of its assess- of every man, woman and child

Is there any fair minded man who would say that these two properties were equitably assess-Does not such a condition call for revaluation? If the owner of the brick house is paying a fair tax, the owner of the wooden house is paying far too much. If the owner of the wooden house is paying a proper tax then the owner of the brick house is getting off too easily.

If a man builds a house to rent! he does so as an investment, so the rent he charges is based upon the cost so as to give him a fair return on his investment. So the cost determines the rent, therefore the rent charged can well determine the assessment value.

If it is assumed that the assessed value of the brick house in question is correct then in the same ratio of rent to value, the wooden house should be assessed for \$3,700 instead of \$6,000. Usually to determine the assessed value of premises the rental is taken to be 12½ per cent. Thus if a house rents for \$50 a month it would have an assessed value

of \$4,000. Revaluation of property in Saint John on such a basis not only would reduce the tax rate. but more important, everyone would be treated alike.

\$50,000,000 Yearly Goes Outside Provinces For Foodstuffs That Can Be Produced Here---Action Necessary.

More than \$50,000,000 each year is going out of the Maritime Provinces to pay for food products that could be raised right here at home. This money goes to other provinces in Canada and to foreign countries.

These three provinces, which ters containing facts about as-necessary to bring in great sessments have been received and quantities of eggs, butter, pork, the writers are thanked for their beef, vegetables, which could be

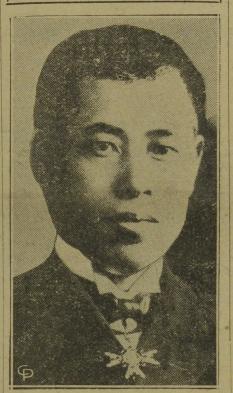
formation is desired and they can range matters so that these artibe assured that the strictest con- cles would be produced here and fidence will be maintained as to purchased by our own people, we would have \$50,000,000 placed in No true citizen objects to pay- circulation at home. Just think ing his fair share of taxes. Many what a wonderfully prosperous do feel that their burden is place this would be if this money heavy when compared with were kept at home for only one

chase \$50,000,000 worth of goods, There is need of revaluation of real estate. This has been suggested time after time and the so-called Brittain report has that sources. In other words, we are

> Just picture what it would in the Maritime Provinces.

While the present drain goes (Continued on Page 13, Col. 1)

Japanese Envoy



Rear Adm. ISOROKU YAMAMOTO, who is Japan's head delegate to the preliminary naval conference which is scheduled to open in London in October. He will carry Japan's proposals for the preliminary conversations including the reported plan concerning Tokio's purported desire to abrocate the Washington Naval Treaty. At one time he was naval attache in the Japanese Embassy at Washington. He became a rear admiral in 1930. Admiral Yamamoto was one time chief of the first air corps of the Imperial Japanese

Ontario By-Elections Suggest Few Changes

Rumblings of the coming federal election are being heard. The Financial Post commenting on the results of the recent by-elections in Ontario, says they are accepted in Ottawa as evidence of a change in government within the next twelve months. This will bring about a drastic lowering of customs tariffs, together with substantial increase in British preferences and a reciprocal trade agreement with the United States. All of which appears to have a strong appeal to the Maritimes. For instance, if Canada would lower the duties on automobiles and other commodities from the United States, Canada would receive substantial concessions in the United States markets for cattle, dairy and other farm products.

The one great need of the Maritimes is a market for agricultural products, fish, lumber, and to be able to purchase machinery and automobiles at lower prices.

Mr. Bennett has negotiated a change of wine for wheat. Perto take Maritime soft coal for and potatoes for automobiles and machinery.

DRIVERS, TAKE CARE

The number of automobile ac- involved. cidents call attention to the need Ordinarily the taxes collected of more care in operating motor pay for the current expenses of make driving more difficult and extraordinary expenditure must driver is necessary. All cars not to tax for it all in one year. come settled.

New System at City Hall Cuts Hazard on Investments.

Sinking funds and the payment of civic and municipality debts are subjects which concern practically every person who pays taxes. In different communities there are different ways of handling sinking funds and paying off the debts. The system in vogue in Saint John should be of interest to other communities as well as the citizens of Saint John.

When a representative of "The Maritime Broadcaster" called upon James W. Brittain, mayor of Saint John, and asked how His Worship had made money for the city through the sinking fund he replied that, while he was head of the treasury department, the chamberlain, A. Gunter Mc.Mulkin, and the comptroller, Arthur C. Burk, had given him their especial co-operation and they had been able to save a little money in some places and earn a little in others for the citizens. But His Worship pointed out that he and his colleagues did not keep buying and selling bonds in the sinking fund just for the purpose of making money but they Trade Agreement with France had to buy bonds, which came by which there is to be an ex- due when the city bonds matured so that they would have funds to haps when he gets home he will meet the city obligations. No make a dicker with Unce Sam | action of any kind is taken in regard to the sinking fund unless hard coal and Maritime fish the mayor, the chamberlain and the comptroller are in agreement and usually final action is only taken on the authority of the City Council, when large amounts are

vehicles. Now that the fall sea- the city, or they are supposed to. son is here slippery pavements But there are times when some more care on the part of the be made, and it seems advisable should be operated at lower speed Then money must be borrowed, than usual until conditions be- and as evidence of the debt, bonds bearing a certain rate of interest are issued and sold. These bonds are really mortgages against the property of the citizens.

In order to provide for the payment of the bonds when they come due certain sums are collected in taxes each year and placed in what is called the sinking fund. Under present conditions it is necessary to collect \$8.80 each year for every thousand dollars of bonds issued.

But this sum alone will not pay the debt. Then the mayor, the chamberlain and the comptroller must do some extra work, for they must put the \$8.80 to work so that it will earn interest. In order to do this other bonds bearing interest are purchased.

In years gone by the cash in the sinking fund has been invested in different bonds. But there is a restriction on this, for under the laws governing investment of sinking funds Saint John is permitted to buy only bonds of the Dominion of Canada, any province of the Dominion of Canada and municipal and school bonds in New Brunswick.

At the present time Saint John holds the following bonds at the face value designated:

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ITALIAN ROYAL FAMILY ENJOY VACATION TOGETHER



Their Majesties, the King and Queen of Italy, photographed with other members of the Italian royal family during a vacation near Rome recently. Left to right, seated—Countess Calvi di Bergolo, holding her son, Contine Pier Francescoe; Her Majesty the Queen; King Victor Emmanuel; H.R.H. Princess Mafalda of

Assissi; Queen Giovanni of Bulgaria, holding Princess Mari Luisa; left to right, seated on the ground, are— Contessina Maria Lodevica; Calvi di Bergolo; Prince Enrico D'Assia; Prince Maurizio D'Assia; Contessima Guia Calvi di Bergolo; H.H.H. Princess of Savoy, and