### More Facts About The Gulf Stream Are Now Known

Scientists Are Making Careful Study of This Wonder of the Ocean.

The Gulf Stream has long been a fascinating mystery. As a result of the investigations made aboard the Atlantis the floating research laboratory of the Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution, which recently arrived at Miami from a cruise of several months in tropical waters, more facts are at hand.

The popular notion that the stream is a current flowing merely from the Gulf of Mexico through the straits, up the Florida coast, out into the Atlantic and past the British Isles to the far northern seas is erroneous. In reality it is a vast dynamic current which, after sweeping the Spitzbergen, circles back through the North Sea, the British Channel and the Atlantic to the west coast of Africa. There trade winds between Cape Verde and the equator cause the current to take a westward path that finally leads to the Caribbean thence to the Gulf of Mexico and back along the circuit. As the current flows into the Caribbean, waters from the Amazon and South Atlantic join it. The waters that pass Miami are therefore commingled currents of an ocean that touches four continents.

The work done by the scientists who made up the Atlantic expedition was a continuation of the research made some three years ago aboard the same vessel by which the exact flow in the Carribbean was established definitely for the first time.

The belief that the Gulf Stream causes the mildness of the British phenomenon.

#### NEW ROAD LAMP HAILED AS GREAT CURB TO ACCIDENTS

be drastically reduced.

The lamps were placed above two important intersections by the Chicago Motor Club as an experiment. They shed an orange light, uniform, shielded, soft and plentiful, over the road and neutralized the glare of approaching headlights.

George W. Barton, the club's head engineer, declared: "Such lighting is the next move toward motoring safety. Night driving accounts for half of the automobile fatalities, although the traffic volume after sundown is only one-fifth of that of daytime

'Pedestrians are easily seen 600 feet ahead. The strain is largely removed from night driving."

If deemed practical, the lamps could be strung above highways at intervals of 125 feet or 250 feet.

"A loving heart encloses within itself an unfading and eternal Eden."-Richter.

## Historic Tradition Behind Ottawa House Bought For U.S. Legation



BEAUTIFUL NEW RESIDENCE OF THE UNITED STATES LEGATION IN OTTAWA

lain into the interior of Canada public's envoy to the Dominion. and the growing international Of the sum of \$325,000 appro- words from Parkman: status of the Dominion's capital priated by the American Govern-

lockout to purchase a suitable of official society will be enter- vital past. The land purchased less than 50 ships were required legation residence or a site on tained during the season. and Norwegian climate is still which to build one. When it was Warren Y. Soper, with Hon. McKay, whose home is now in- Chile to Atlantic ports. In the general, though the stream itself announced that the Soper deal Thomas Ahearn, controller of the corporated in Government House, event of another similar emerghas very little to do with this had been consummated involving Ottawa Electric Railway and al- was originally deeded from the ency the country would be enan expenditure close to \$325,000 lied traction interests, was a Crown and thus the property has tirely independent of Chile. everyone interested felt that the man of vision, a collector of great been owned but by two families, Of further significance is the action taken was particularly pictures and a lover of the clas- both of whom have contributed fact that through the new highgratifying and satisfactory.

a year in the United States-may in the world, is another indica-view of the Laurentians up the for Great Britain in Canada.

The purchase of one of Ot- magnificent home at Rockcliffe, Ottawa.

died a multi-millionaire, the haz-neighbor and her intention to stained glass window depicting air. ardous first journey of Champ- deal generously with the great re- Champlain on the shore of the Ottawa and on it placed these

# High Pressures Are Real Boon To Chemical World

Nitrogen Compounds and Synthetic Alcohols Are Produced By It.

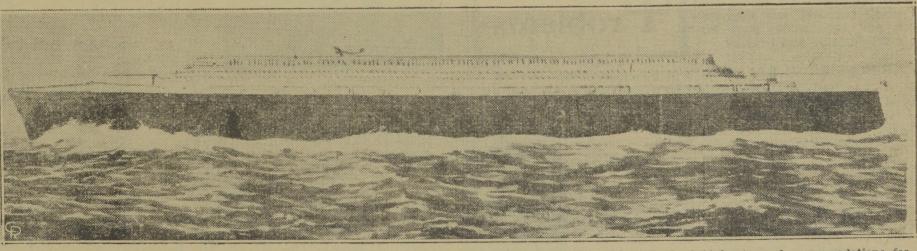
How man has succeeded in producing synthetic nitrogen compounds and synthetic alcohols at low cost and in sufficient quantity to supply the world's needs was described at a recent meeting of the Franklin Institute of Philadelphia by F. A. Wardenburg, general manager of the ammonia department, du Pont Company, Wilmington, Del., reports Science Service.

High-pressure synthesis is the technique by which these results have been accomplished. Mr. Wardenburg said that pressures as high as 15,000 pounds a square inch are employed, such a pressure being equivalent to a column of water 30 times as high as the Empire State Building. At this pressure the gaseous raw materials used in the process have a density about one-third that of Ottawa.—The romance of a \$10 tion of Washington's greater Gatineau Valley. He set up at water, whereas ordinarily the week telegraph operator who 'awareness' of her northern the foot of the main staircase a same gases are much lighter than

Most of the high-pressure synthesis plants in America and abroad are designed to "fix" at-"In these ancient wilds, to mospheric nitrogen in the form of are interwoven in the purchase of ment something in the neighbor- whose ever-verdant antiquity the ammonia, which in turn can be the Rockcliffe home of the late hood of \$200,000 was paid for the pyramids are young and Nineveh converted to nitric acid and ni-Warren Y. Soper as an official residence and ten acres of land a mushroom of yesterday, Champ-trates, materials essential to residence for the United States adjoining it. The balance of the lain was planting on shores and peace-time industry and agricul-Minister to Canada. Extensive money is being used to create a slands, the emblems of his faith." ture as well as to national dealterations will shortly be started beautiful park and driveways and By the stream that the valiant fense. During the peak year of by the American authorities on make necessary changes in the Champlain followed Mr. Soper the Great War, Mr. Wardenburg house itself. A feature of these built his house and no home in pointed out, when practically all For some years the Washing- changes is expected to be a mag- the capital has had closer as- of the explosives required by the ton Government has been on the nificent ballroom where the elite sociations with the community's Allies were made in America, no from the heirs of Hon. Thomas to transport nitrate of soda from

sics. When in 1908 he built this notably to the development of pressure synthesis technique cheaper nitrogen fertilizers have Two new sodium vapor lamps homes, perched on a high hill the grounds of Rideau Hall, the ing is assured, as is the case of the world. Also, by a similar recently cast rays of hope that above the great river and com- official residence of the Governor "Earnscliffe," former home of Sir technique, gases can be combined nocturnal automobile accidents- manding a splendid view of the General, he chose a location from John A. Macdonald, now the resi- to produce alcohols and other now causing about 18,000 deaths Laurentians, the oldest mountains which was obtained an unexcelled dence of the high commissioners chemicals at a cost far below that achieved previously.

#### U. S. MAY BUILD GIANT AEROPLANE CARRIER OCEAN LINERS



Here is an architect's drawing of one of the two giant transatlantic pas senger liners which may be built for the United States. Paul W. Chapman, former president of the U. S. lines, discloses that he was seeking government aid for construction of the "super-cabin liners." Each ship. he said, would have a 100,000-ton displacement, a length of 1,250 feet

a 144-foot beam, a cruising speed of 34 knots, and accommodations for 10,000 passengers, exclusively cabin class. Each craft would cost about \$50,000,000 to construct. In the above drawing we show how the vessel could be used as an aeroplane base. By pressing a button, the funnels would be lowered and the radio masts swung down.

BRICK BRADFORD—On the Isles Beyond the Ice







