THE EASTERN QUESTION.

The state of matters in Europe touching the Eastern question have not materially changed. Uncertainty seems the most abundant factor. Russia's position is no stronger in European courts, while owing to certain causes well-known every day adds weakness to her internal condition. Russia is honeycombed with nihilist and socialist secret organizations, which elude in the main her vigilant police, and scatter broadcast doctrines subversive of absolute Government and civil rights. Russia's relations to the people whom she undertook to aid, Roumanians and Bulgarians, are of the most unsatisfactory kind, and the cause of continual heart burnings and outbreaks. The cable brings us news as well of the outbreak of Musselman hostilities in the Balkans, and of typhus fever among her own troops. Turkey is drawing nearer and nearer to England who stands firmly as when she began on the submit of the San Stefano treaty to Congress. England's war force is being steadily put on footing for active service, and already troops are on their way from India to Malta. We do not believe there will be war. Unloss Germany is playing a deceitful game, Russia has no help, and Russia will not fight without allies sympathetic or active. We append a report of the Russian Ambassador's opinions on the reasonableness of his country's demand. It will interest our readers to see the question from the stand point of a Russian Diplomat.

"The Vienna correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph* sends a report of an interview which he has had with General Ignatieff. According to his account the General said:—You have not forgotten that I told you just a year ago how earnestly I desired that peace should be maintained. Well, sir, I am far more desirous for peace at the present moment than I was then. First of all, there is not the smallest pretext for war, and then if there is war not the remotest chance exists of its leading to any result. I am, as you know, one of the authors of the Treaty of San Stefano, and my constant pre-occupation in drawing up that document was scrupulously to avoid everything that might affect the interests of Great Britain or of Austria, Thus you will observe that in Armenia, Russia contents herself with an unhoped for minimum. Everbody expected we would claim Erzeroum, but I remember what *mon ami* Salisbury said to me on that particular question, and I did not even claim the demolition of the Erzeroum fortifications. Batoum is indispensable to Russia on commercial grounds; and England, too, will find that in our hands Batoum will offer great advantages to British trade. Potti has never been of any use to us as a commercial harbour. We have spent incalculable sums with a view of rendering it a first-class port, but all to no purpose. The River Rion drift sands to such an extent that all our efforts remained fruitless. The mountains that mark the new frontier in Armenia are impracticable during the greater portion of the year, which guarantees us against incursions from the Kurds and other uncivilized tribes, while our neighbors are safe from all surprises on our part. We have been no less lenient in the question concerning the Straits. They form the passage leading to our house (*le corridor de norte mairon*), and we, surely had some right to see that it was kept clear. The Dardanelles must remain open. If England were to establish herself permanently there, we should have to secure the Bosphorus, England having a fleet, whereas we have only a few ships. But there is no reason why England should not take one of the islands outside, such as Mitylene for instance, if she thinks proper to do so. As to the difficulty that has arisen between St. Petersburg and London respecting the Treaty of Peace being submitted to Congress, I myself attribute it to a mere misunderstanding of words. We might have kept the Treaty back till the Congress met, and thus have given the Powers no time for preliminary examination. We proved our good faith by communicating it in full as soon as it was ratified, and why do you suppose we accepted the Congress at all if it was not to discuss the conditions of peace with the Powers represented? Moreover, you have all Europe against you in the question, and, therefore, cannot expect us to yield.

THE OPERA.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that the Carleton Opera Troupe will give two performances in this city on the 6th and 7th May. They have been performing in St. John where they have met with good success. On Monday evening 6th inst., they will produce Flotow's Opera "Martha". In refering to this play the St. John *Globe* says:—

Everybody present at the performance of "Martha" at the Institute last evening appeored to be pleased with the entertainment. The general verdict was one of approval. There seemed to be nothing to condemn. The solo singers were found to be true artist, possessed of finely cultivated voices, capable of expressing all the emotions; the choruses were rendered in a grand and effective manner, never before equalled in a St. John hall; the orchestra was composed of superior musicians whose performances alone were a treat; the scenery was good; and there was not the slightest hitch throughout the entire entertainment. Everything combined to make the Concert a success, and it was such. A few of the performers were previously known in St. John, particularly Miss Stone, who had made a good impression during the brief opera season last winter. Her rendition of "The Last Rose of Summer" was a splendid effort, and showed her sweet voice to great advantage. Miss Randall is a capital actress and charming singer, aod she made an excellent "Nancy." Mr. Carleton (the director) has a baritone voice of rare power and expressiveness, and it destined to become a favorite. Messrs. Cooper, Payson and Clark gave an excellent support, and their singing was much admired.

A plan of the Hall may be seen at Davis & Dibb lee's Drug Store, where Reserved Seat Tickets are for sale.

Mr. Sampson requests us to state he will be prepared to issue Permits and furnish information to all pupils who have passed a satisfactory examination for admission into the High School, after a compliance with the conditions of the Board of School Trustees at his office from 2 o'clock till 6 o'clock, P. M., on Monday and Tuesday next, 29th and 30th instant.

An unprecedented breadth of spring wheat has been sown in Minesota, Illinois, Nebraska, and Kansas, and western authorities are predicting that under favorable conditions the largest crop ever known in the West will be raised. Texas estimates an increase of fifteen per cent, in her wheat crop over last year. The acreage last year was about 400,000; this year it will be about 450,000, which at an average yield of 13 bushels per acre will produce a crop of 5,850,000 bushels.

A unique breach of promise case is before the Courts in New Jersey. Miss Gulich sues her uncle, eighty years of age, for $20,000 for blighting her affections by refusing to marry her. The suit is not yet ended.

Auburn prison N. Y., has a choir of convicts. A man sentenced for larceny plays the organ, the first violin, the double bass, and the tenor are murderers, and another member is a forger.

Stewart's hotel for women has not been patronized as well as was expected at its opening. With accommodation for 2,000 boarders it only has forty.

A letter from Venice states that Madame Patti sang forty-two times during her stay in Italy from November to the end of February, and netted no less than £16,000.

Austria is becoming uneasy about the health of Europe, endangered by the vast number of corpses unberried in Roumania and Bulgaria.

A Buffalo exchange says a paper mill girl found a bustle among the rags she was sorting containing six gold pieces amounting to $24.

The Postmaster of New York has made 104 removals in five years. Eighty were for drunkenness.

The defalcation of George T. Hatheway, of the Border City and Sagamore Mill corporations of Fall River, Mass., amount, so far as known, to upwards of $700,000. One firm in Fall River is ruined. The First National Bank of Boston, holds $15,000 of Hatheway's notes against the Border City Corporation, and it is supposed that many other notes are out. It is said that he has been playing into the hands of Chace, the defaulting treasurer of the Union Mills Corporation of the same place.

A PUBLISHING HOUSE BURNT.—On the 10th inst., shortly after three o'clock, the extensive printing and publishing works in Hope Park Crescent, Edinburgh, of the well-known firm of Messrs. Thomas Nelson & Sons, were destroyed by fire. The damage to buildings, plant, and stock is estimated at from £150,000 to £200,000, scarcely one-half of which is covered by insurance. About 700 men, women and children have thus been thrown out of employment, but arrangements have been made by which a number of the employes will be enabled shortly to resume work, all the sterotype plates of the firm's series of school-books and other important publications having been saved through bestored in a fire-proof building at the back of the works.

The loss is estimated at about one million of dollars, only one half of which is covered by insurance.

THE WEALTH OF ENGLAND.—A paper has just been laid before the Statistical Society in England by Mr. Giffin, in which the subjects of the wealth of England and of the recent accumulations of capital in the United Kingdom are considered carefully, and wltn results which have startled those Englishmen who had thought themselves most familiar with the financial history and condition of their country. Mr. Giffin finds, for example, in regard to the growth of capital in Great Britain, that in the ten years between 1865 and 1875 the capital of the country was increased by the enormous sum of $2,400,000,000, or about twelve thousand millions of dollars.—In 1865 the capital of the empire was £6,100,000,000. In 1875 it was £8,500,000,000. In other words, England has been adding to her capitalized wealth or her national estate at the tremendous rate of £240,000,000 a year. And whereas the gross assessed income of Great Britain in at the beginning of the century, when she was carrying on her great wars with Napoleon I., was but £115,000,000, and in 1855, at the time of the Crimean war, was but £308,000,000 it had risen in 1865 to £396,000,000, and in 1875 rose to £571,000,000.

THE BACKWARD HABIT OF THE JAPANESE.—The Japanese habit of reversing everything, if we may regard our way of doing as the proper way, is very curious, and in some of its details very interesting. Mr. Griffiths, in his work on Japanese, discusses it thus: Another man is planning. He pulls the plane toward him. I netice a blacksmith at work. He pulls the bellows with his feet, while he is holding and hammering with both hands. He has several irons in the fire, and keeps his dinner pot boiling with the waste flame. His whole family, like the generation before him, seem to get their living in the hardware line. The cooper holds his tubs with his toes. All of them sit down while they work. Perhaps that is an important difference between a European and an Asiatic. One sits down to his work, the other stands up to it. Why is it that we do things contraiwise to the Japanese? Are we upside down, or they? The Japanese say that we are reversed. They call all our penmanship "crab writing," because, say they, "it goes backward." The lines in our books cross the page like a crawfish, instead of going downward properly. In a Japanese stable we find the horse's flank where we look for his head. Japanese screws screw the other way. Their locks thrust to the left, ours to the right. The baby toys of the Aryan race squeak when squeezed; the Turnonian grimcracks emit noise when pulled apart. A Caucasian, to injure his enemy kills him; a Japanese kills himself to spite his foe. Which race is left handed? Which has the negative? Which the positive of truth? What is truth? What is down? What is up?

According to the St. Petersburg *Herald*, the following places are without schools:—Blatoust, 16,400 inhabitants; Belbek, 2,600; in the Government of Ufa, Orsk, 5,500; in the Government of Orenburg, Ochansk, 1,429; in the Government of Perm and Mezen, 1,600; Sethursk, 1,000; Pinega, 950, and Kota, in the Government of Archangel, 740.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, April 26.—The leading editorial of the *Times* refering to the statement in the despatch from its St. Petersburg correspondent that Austria is said to be advancing towards a solution on the basis of other powers taking a suitable compensation for increased influence of Russia, says: "The solution of taking sutiable compensation means, of course that Turkey should be further despoiled to satisfy the territorial needs of her neighbors. Thus the battle that may be to-morrow fought over one crippled power, may the day after be fought over three. England may fight on what it feels is a just cause, yet after spending more than we can spare of our trasure and blood, we may find ourselves filling a ditch over which others walk quietly to the common goal of their aspirations. Europe, of course, now smiles upon us, cheers us on, and prepares in our eyes laurel wreaths, which are to reward our first successes. It would be more to the purpose if we were not left alone to vindicate the treaties and fight the battles of Europe."

The newspapers take a discouraging view of the course of political negotians. It is plain to see in Austria's hanging attitude a desire to wait in hopeful silence to see what she may profit in the calamities and weakness of combinations.

The calling out of the British naval reserves is considered imminent.

Bismark is reported to have recently said to his physician, in the course of conversation on the Eastern crisis, that "short of a miracle war is inevitable."

In St. Petersburg it is believed war is decided upon by Beaconsfield's Cabinet.

In Vienna the situation is consideted desperate, while *La France*, of Paris, states with profound regret that it has important private information that war is inevitable.

LONDON, April 26.—Ten thousand uniforms for the naval reserves have been ordered. In consequence of a pressure of the Russians the Porte has peremptorily ordered the evacuation of Batoum. The peasantry near Batoum and Trebizond are arming against the Russians.

Fifteen battalions have been sent against Roumelian insergents.

A Berlin despatch states that Prince Charles of Roumania has refused the demand of Russia for a dismissal of the Cabinet.

BOMBAY, April 26.—Troops are arriving here daily for embarkation. The first detachment leaves for Malta April 29th, and the second on May 1st. They will not stop at Aden. Fifteen ships and twelve steamers are engaged for conveyance of expedition, which will be convoyed by men-of-war.

Great enthusiasm is manifested throughout India, and native troops are volunteering for service.

BERLIN, Aril 26.—A number of German bankers met here to consider the practicability of floating another Russian loan, but unanimously refused to engage in the work.

ORIGIN OF PETROLEUM.—The true source of petroleum is not in the stratz where it is found, but must be looked for much lower down, as it floats on water. This element on penetrating downward has washed the petroleum out of its reservoirs and caused it to float on itself—in fact, in the sandstone where it is often found, no carbonized animal remains are found. Hence we must look much lower down, even below the Silurian, as the mineral oil in the Caucasus is found in the Tertiar, and in Pennsylvania in the Devonian and Silurian. As, however, in the rocks below the Silurian there was very little organic life, the formation of such a quantity of petroleum could scarcely be traced to such a limited scource. Menkelijeff, professor in St. Petersburg, Russia, proposes a substitute for the organic theory. He goes back to the nebular hypothesis of Laplace, and applies Dalton's laws of the original gaseous condition of the material of the earth, and taking into consideration the density of the earth and the vapor density of the elements, he arrives at the conclusion that the interior contains many metals, and that chief among them is iron; finally, he assumes the presence of carbureted compounds of the metals, and comes to the following conclusions; Through some of the fissures in the crush of the earth, occasioned by the upheaval and depression of the surface, water percolated to the carbureted metals, and acted upon them at a high temperature and elevated pressure, thus forming metallic oxids and saturated hydrocarbons; the latter rose in the form of vapor to the upper strata, where they condensed to liquids in porous sandstone and other rocks having a tendency to absorb liquids. The internal heat of earth occasioned the reduction of carbureted metal, and this gave rise to hydro-carbons. Other chemists than Mendelijeff have shown experimentally that something very like petroleum can be produced artificially by imitating in the laboratory the process above described.

EMERSON' PRESENT LOOK.—Thus looked Emerson as he gave his lecture the other day in the Old South. A tall, slender figure, now a little bent with years, his grey hair straggling over a crown partially bald, his features more sharply cut than ever, his manner as coy and bashful as that of a maiden entering society for the first time, his eyes as sharp on his audience as ever, and hardly dimmed. His voice is now so broken, it is said, that heard with distinctness by more than two hundred people. It was pleasant to hear his daughter, sitting by Mr. Alcott's side, occasionally prompt her father to speak louder, and to feel the sympathy of the great audience with her effort.

When Representative Eugene Hale married Miss Chandler her father, ex-Senator Chandler, gave him $100,000 for a wedding present, and at the coming of every grandchild a cheque for $20,000 has been forth. coming, to be placed to the credit of the little one as the nucleus of its future fortune.

Marraiges.

At the Methodist Parsonage, Keswick, April 4th, by Rev. Thomas Marshall, Mr. James A. Sharp of Caverhill to Miss Eliza Caverhill of the same place.

At Caverhill, April 16th, by Rev. Thomas Marshall, Mr. John McKay of Caverhill to Miss Jane Sharp of the same place.

Deaths.

In this city, on the 24th inst., James Bryson, aged 78 years, a native of Ireland, and for upwards of 50 years a native of this city.

New Advertisements.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF
HIS HONOR THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR
and MRS. TILLEY.

CITY HALL.

CARLETON

English Opera Co'y

Two Nights Only.

Monday Ev'g, May 6,

FLOTOW'S MELODIOUS OPERA,

"MARTHA,"

with the principal artists now performing at St. John.

Tuesday Ev'g, May 7

VERDI'S GRAND OPERA,

"IL TROVATORE,"

with a splendid cast.

Sale of Seats will commence on Monday morning at Davis & Dibble's Drug Store.

☞ Prices 25, 50, and 75 cents.

Fton., April 27, 1878.

Grand Literary
AND
MUSICAL
ENTERTAINMENT.

Under the patronage of His Honor the Lieut. Governor and Mrs. Tilley.

Thursday Ev'g, May 2.

MISS DORA H. WILEY, Soprano;
MR. JOHN HOWARD, Pianist;
MISS GEORGIA E. CAVAN, Elocutionist.

One evening with these justly celebrated artists.

Proceeds in aid of the
BAPTIST BUILDING FUND.

Many of our citizens will remember the very pleasant impression made by MISS DORA WILEY in this city one year ago, and will be glad to know she is to be with us again.

MISS CAVVAN, as it is well known, stands second to none in America as an Elocutionist.

It is expected that all will show their appreciation by giving them a crowded house.

To give all an opportunity of hearing them, the admission to all parts of the house has been put at TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

☞ Tickets will be sold at Hall's Book Store, Hunt's Drug Store, and Richards' Ticket office.

April 27.

STRAW GOODS, STRAW GOODS, STRAW GOODS.

50 DOZ. Mens' Youths' and Boys' Straw Hats. Best value in the market. They will be sold from 10 cents upwards. Inspection invited.
April 27. THOS. W. SMITH.

POTATO ONIONS FOR SEED.

SEED BEANS. For sale by
April 27. BENJ. EVANS.

NOW LANDING FROM CARS.

50 Bbbls. Haxall Flour;
50 bbls. Shirk & Snider Extra;
20 bbls. Graham Flour;
20 " Granulated Sugar.
GEO. HATT & SONS.
April 27.

SALT AND MOLASSES.
—AT—
ELY PERKINS'

Landing this day:—
100 SACKS SALT. Also, a choice lot of Molasses for the people.
April 27.

BROOMS, PAILS, CEMENT, and LIME.

50 DOZ. Brooms, 50 doz. Pails;
10 doz. bbls. Cement;
50 casks Lime;
1 bbl. Boston Sugar Cured Hams.
April 27. GEO. HATT & SONS.

Harvey Grass Seed
AND
NORTHERN RED CLOVER SEED.
For sale by
April 27. BENJ. EVANS.

RAILWAY Ticket Office.

THE subscriber is now agent for the sale of Tickets over all the Great Lines of Railway in North America, among some are:—

The Intercolonial, European & North American, Main Central and Eastern, Old Colony, Lake Shore and Michigan Southern, Pennsylvannia, with a hundred other connections. Railroad Tickets can now be procured at this Office to all available points in North America and at bottom Rates.

Time Tables, Maps, &c., over the different lines can be procured on application at the office.

☞ Tickets from Boston to New York and return only $5.00.

JOHN RICHARDS,
Railway Ticket Agent, next to People's Bank.
F'ton, April 27, 1878.

Just Received

From LONDON, LIVERPOOL and GLASGOW,

Per steamships "Ontario," "Alsatia," "California,"

10 CASKS Scotch Sugar, 50 kegs Soda;
25 sacks Rice, 16 sacks Java Coffee;
1 cask Copperas, 1 cask Blue Vitriol;
1 " Alum, 1 case Saltpetre;
5 bbls. Ginger, 5 bbls. Pepper;
1 case Nutmegs, 1 case Cinnamon,
1 " Pimento, case Cloves;
1 " White Pepper;
1 " Ground Mace;
1 " Bermuda Arrowroot;
20 " Colman's Starch;
2 " " Mustard;
5 " Candles, 20 gross Arnold's Ink;
25 gross Nixey's Black Lead;
12 doz. Kellier's Marmalade;
12 cases Currants;
1 " Prunes in 2 lb. bottles.
GEO. HATT & SONS.
April 27.

SEED WHEAT
AT AUCTION.

TO be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION in Fredericton, in front of the City Hall, Phoenix Square, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of May next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon,

35 BAGS BLACK SEA SEED WHEAT,
35 " FIFE SEED WHEAT.

Each bag contains 2 bushels. The above Wheat is a portion of the importation recently made by the Provincial Agricultural Department.
Terms Cash on delivery.
GEO. A. PERLEY, Auctioneer.
Fredericton, April 20, 1878.

GRANULAED SUGAR.

20 BBLS. Granulated Sugar.
For sale by
April 27. GEO. HATT & SONS.

TO LOAN.

$1000 TO LOAN on Real Estate.
FRASER, WETMORE & WINSLOW.
F'ton, April 20, 1878.

TO LET,

THAT VALUABLE BRICK BUILDING with two Stores, situate corner of Regent and King Streets.
Possession given immediately.
FRASER, WETMORE & WINSLOW.
F'ton, April, 20.

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

THE Public semi-annual Examination of the Schools in this city and vicinity will take place in the following order, viz.:—

MODEL SCHOOL on Thursday, 25th inst., from 10 o'clock, a. m., until 1 o'clock, p. m.

REGENT STREET SCHOOL on Friday, 26th inst., from 10 o'clock, a. m., until 1 o'clock, p. m.

PARK BARRACK SCHOOL on Monday, 29th inst., from 10 o'clock, a. m., until 1 o'clock, p. m.

YORK STREET SCHOOL on Tuesday, 30th inst., from 10 o'clock, a. m., until 1 o'clock, p. m.

MORRISON'S MILL SCHOOL on Friday, 25th inst., commencing 2 o'clock, p. m.

DOAK SETTLEMENT SCHOOL on Tuesday, 30th inst., commencing at 2.30 o'clock, p. m.

Parents of pupils, and the public generally, are cordially invited to attend these examinations.

Beginning with the first day of May next schools will open at 9 o'clock, a. m., the morning session closing at 12 o'clock, noon.

By Order,
CHAS. A. SAMPSON, *Sec'y.*
Office Board School Trustees,
F'ton., April 16, 1878.

H. RUTTER,

SADDLER and HARNESS MAKER,
DEALER IN
WHIPS,
BRUSHES,
CURRY COMBS,
BLANKETS,
BITS, Etc., Etc.

Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

AT THE OLD STAND,
Opposite the County Court House,
Queen Street, F'ton., N. B.
F'ton, April, 20, 1878.

T. W. SMITH.

Just opened a fine and fashionable line of Gents' and Youths' Fur Hats, which will be sold cheap for cash at
THOS. W. SMITH.

A large assortment, direct from the factory, of Gents' white and fancy shirts at
THOS. W. SMITH.

Parties wishing their shirts cuffs or collars made to order, can do so by calling at
THOS. W. SMITH.

As usual you can have either cloth or cash for Wool at
THOS. W. SMITH.

Thomas W. Smith cordially invites inspection of his immense stock of Cloths, Clothing, Hats, Caps, and Gents Furnishing Goods, which he will sell at bottom prices.
April 20, 1878.

GAS FITTING,
PLUMBING, &c.

THE subscriber keeps on hand a large assortment of

TINWARE,

of every description, and made to order

He has engaged the services of Mr. WILLIAM REID, who is thoroughly acquainted with Gas Fitting, Plumbing, Well Boring, and putting in Pumps.

SOLE AGENT
FOR
ELLIS'
Patent Burner

We make it a specialty to regulate the above when putting them up.

All orders promptly attended to, and work satisfactorily done.

☞ Gas Fittings always in stock.

A. LIMERICK,
York Street.
F'ton, April 20, 1878.

INSURANCE!

THE undersigned continues to effect Insurance against loss or damage by Fire, in the following FIRST CLASS OFFICES:—

NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE
of Edinburgh and London.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,	$10,000,000
ANNUAL REVENUE,	6,680,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS,	19,721,585

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE CO.
of London, England.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,	$12,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE,	5,000,000
ACUUMULATED FUNDS,	8,500,000

WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY
of Toronto. Incorporated 1851.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,	$ 800,000
PAID UP CAPITAL,	400,000
ASSETS, OVER	1,500,000

Losses promptly and liberally adjusted.

For further information apply at the office on St. John street.

JULIUS L. INCHES.
F'ton, April 20, 1878.

Flour. Flour.

TO ARRIVE:

1000 BARRELS Superior Extra FLOUR, Pearl. Low for Cash.

GEO. HATT & SONS.
April 13, 1878.

20,000 Rolls
HOUSE PAPER,

JUST RECEIVED.

English Room Papers!!

From 6 cents up, up, up.

M. S. HALL.

HALL PAPER!
PARLOR PAPER!
KITCHEN PAPER!
BEDROOM PAPER!
DINING ROOOM PAPER!

All New styles and Patterns

Friends and customers who have been so good in the past, will confer a great favor by continuing their custom in the future. They will always find a place where they will be well served.

HALL'S BOOK STORE,
Opposite City Hall.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

T. W. SMITH,

FISHER'S BUILDING,
Queen Street, Fredericton, N. B.,

WOULD beg leave to inform his numerous friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has received from

EUROPE, CANADA, and the UNITED STATES

One of the best and cheapest stock of

CLOTHS, CLOTHING,
HATS, CAPS,
— AND —
Gents' Furnishing Goods

ever offered in this market and will be sold

CHEAP FOR CASH.

☞ Further particulars next week.

Call and examine for yourselves.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

Oats, Bran, Shorts
AND
HEAVY FEED

ALWAYS on hand at the warehouse of the undersigned, Campbell Street. Also Lost Nation Seed Wheat and Seed Oats.

ALSO FOR SALE,
A SECOND-HAND
Express Waggon
GOOD AS NEW
JAMES TIBBITS, JR.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

Brushes. Brushes.

JUST received by rail from McLaughlan's Brush Factory, Boston.

1 case of Brushes, containing Whitewash, Paint, Paste, Varnish, House, Scrub, Dandy and Shoe Brushes, Sash Tools, marking, and Shaving Brushes.

For sale cheap by
JAMES S. NEILL.
F'ton, April 20, 1878.

NEW BRUNSWICK RAILWAY COMPANY.

SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
April 6th, 1878.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the New Brunswick Railway Company will be held at the Secretary's Office, in the City of Fredericton, on the first Tuesday in May next, at 12 o'clock noon.

JULIUS L. INCHES,
Secretary.
F'ton. April 13, 1878.

JAS. L. BEVERLY,

Bookseller, Stationer, Book-binder, dealer in Fancy Goods, &c.

QUEEN STREET, - - Fredericton, N. B.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

JOHN RICHARDS,
Insurance Agent,

(Next door to People's Bank, F'ton.)

Representing the following first-class Offices:

English.—QUEEN, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON & GLOBE, NORTHERN, IMPERIAL.

American.—ÆTNA, HARTFORD, AND PHŒNIX.

Canadian.—BRITISH AMERICA, AND NATIONAL.

ALSO:—Agent for the sale of Railway Tickets to all parts of North America.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

JUST received from Oshua, Ontario, 65 Packages as follows:
Manure and Hay Forks;
Cast Steel and Malleable Garden Rakes;
Hoes, Sythes, Bush Sythes, Scythe Snaths;
Manure and Hay Fork Handles;
Shovel handles. For sale by
JAMES S. NEILL.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

A BACK SEAT.
50 BARRELS.

THE Millers say all other brands have to take a back seat when this brand of FLOUR is in the market.

ELY PERKINS

HAS 50 bbls. of this extra A. Howland for his enstomers to try.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

SIX FIRST PRIZES and Two Grand Special CERTIFICATES of Merit awarded

COSSITT'S RAKE
AT
Eight Provincial Exhibitions

Over Fifty First Prizes at County Fairs.

IN general reputation, in numbers sold and in the thorough satisfaction given to purchasers, COSSITT'S RAKE has never had an equal competitor; manufactured by

G. M. COSSITT & BROTHER,
Brockville, Ontario,
For nineteen years manufacturers of
BUCKEYE MOWETS AND SELF-RAKING REAPERS

Successfully sold in European markets in competition with the best machines made in England and the United States.

In 1876-7, there were sold to New Brunswick farmers, mowers made by thirteen firms; from information carefully compiled and got from all parts of N. B., we are able to state that our sales were equal to those of any other two firms in the trade during those years.

The true criterion of merit is success. Buy Cossitt's Mowers and Rakes and you will have the best. Liberal terms of credit.

An abundant stock of repairs kept on hand at all country agencies.

R. CHESTNUT & SONS, Agents,
Fredericton, N. B.

. W. Johnston, Manager, Maritime Provincial Agencies, head quarters, Fredericton, N. B.

April 13, 1878

New Drug Store

TO OPEN 1st MAY.

NEW GOODS.

THE Subscribers wish to inform the citizens of Fredericton and vicinity that they have rented a store in T. B. SMITH'S BRICK BUILDING, between People's Bank and Chestnut & Son's Hardware Store, where they intend, on and after 1st May, to carry on the

Drug and Apothecary

Business in all its departments.

A GOOD SOCK OF

DRUGS, BRUSHES,
CHEMICALS, COMBS
PERFUMES, SPONGES,
TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS.

A fine assortment of

HAVANA AND AMERICAN CIGARS.

A GOOD ASSORTMENT OF

Patent Medicines.

Horse and Cattle Medicine prepared from Recipes of celebrated Veterinary Surgeons.

Pres riptions prepared from Pure Drugs and with the greatest Care.

Orders from a distance will be promptly attended to.

☞ Patronage respectfully solicited.

G. L. Atherton & Co.

F'ton, April 13, 1878.

All Nature Dies and Lives Again.

50 bush. Grass Seed
—AT—
ELY PERKINS.

TO ARRIVE:
1000 lbs. Northern Red Clover.

IN STORE:
600 BUSH. OATS.

CUSTOMERS I know many of you require these SEEDS at this season of the year when all nature is springing into life, and beckoning you on to renew her pledge with you. That there shall be seed time and harvest, while time remaineth on earth.

☞ Bring your bags and dont forget the money.

ELY PERKINS
At his
Wholesale and Retail
FLOUR STORE.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

FARMERS!
WHITTIER & HOOPER

Are selling the best grades of AMERICAN AND CANADIAN FLOUR at as low rates as can be bought in F'ton.

CORNMEAL, best quality, very low.
OATMEAL, extra quality, at St. John prices.

ALSO, constantly on hand
GOOD CANADIAN OATS,
Suitable for Seed or feeding purposes.

—ALSO:—

Canned Goods, Brooms,
Dried and Smoked Fish,
Smoked Meat, Butter, etc., etc.

WHITTIER & HOOPER,
Edgecombe's Block, York Street.
F'ton., April 13, 1878.

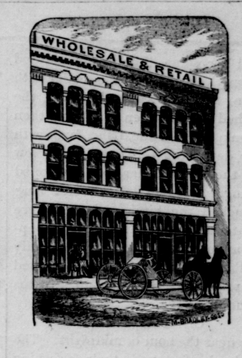
JUST RECEIVED BY RAIL FROM BOSTON.

4 CASES READY MIXED PAINTS, from 1 to 5 lb cans.
2 cases VARNISH, in ½ Pints, Pints, Quart tins for retail;
1 bbl. White Frozen Glue;
1 bbl. Com. Frozen Glue;
1 bbl. Pale Glue;
1 bbl. Common Black Glue;
2 cases containing Burnt Umber, raw Umber, Burnt Sceanna, Raw Sceanna; Drop Black; Indian Red, Chromo Yellow, Vermilion, (ground in oil and dry); 50 lb. Rose Pink.
1 keg Borax; 1 case Potash; 1 keg Alum;
1 keg Saltpetre; 2 cases Axle Grease;
3 reams Sand Paper; Shellace; Glaziers Points, etc. For sale by
JAMES S. NEILL.
F'ton., April 13, 1878.

Fraser, Wetmore & Winslow,
ATTORNIES and BARRISTERS at LAW,
Solicitors, Conveyancers, etc.
MONEY NEGOTIATED and LOANS MADE.
F'ton., April 13th, 1878.

JUST RECEIVED AT
GEO. HATT & SONS,

20 BARRELS of Granulated Sugar;
20 bbls. Crushed Sugar;
20 bbls. Apples;
10 cases Oranges;
2 do. Lemons;
1 do. Bananas;
2 do. Prunes;
150 boxes Raisins;
35 do. Tobacco;
175 half-chests Tea;
20 Boston sugar cured Hams;
Rankine's Biscuit, of all kinds,
F'ton, April, 1878.



An Immense Stock
— OF —
NEW GOODS!

SELECTED BY THE SUBSCRIBER IN

Ireland,
Scotland,
England,
and France,

NOW OPENING.

Evrything Nwest Design.

CARPETING,
SILKS,
Millinery Goods.

P. McPEAKE.

F'ton, April 13, 1878.

SEEDS
SEEDS!

FRESH
GARDEN,
Field and Flower
SEEDS.

THE Subscriber has just received from one of the oldest and most reliable seed houses in Great Britain his usual

SPRING STOCK
OF
Seeds,

which will be found fresh and true to their kinds.

GERMAN FLOWER SEEDS
in original packages, very fine.
COLORED DITTO and BOUQUETS.
Danvers True Yellow Onion Seed.

GEO. H. DAVIS.
Druggist and Apothecary,
Cor. Queen and Regent Sts.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

1878. SEEDS. 1878.

FRESH
Garden, Field and Flower
SEEDS.

THE subscriber has just received from London, ex-Steamer "Sarmation," his usual spring supply of SEEDS, which will be found true to their kinds. The assortment of

Garden Peas

are unually fine, and low in price

FLOWER SEEDS,

in original packages from Germany, and of the choicest varieties. Novelties in

METAL WREATHS.

—ALSO—

Colored and Plain Mosses, Boquets, Wreths, Dyed Mosses, etc.

☞ Dealers supplied at a liberal discount.

GEO. C. HUNT,
Druggist, Queen Street.
F'ton, April 13, 1878.

LAND FOR SALE.

WE are instructed to offer the following LOTS OF LAND for sale:

A Lot situate in the Parish of Douglas on the Western side of the Old Cardigan Road, and lying between the Old Cardigan Road and the Royal Road, being a part of Lot number two, granted to John Colling and conveyed by the late Benjamin Wolhaupter, containing forty acres more or less.

Also a Lot situate in the Parish of Southampton, adjoining on the southeast a tract of land granted to Michael Knapp and five others on the Nackawicac Stream, and known as Lots Number One and Two, granted to Henry Morehouse and George Morehouse, containing four hundred and forty acres, conveyed by Thomas Murray to the late Benjamin Wolhaupter.

☞ For terms and particulars apply to
FRASER, WETMORE & WINSLOW,
Solicitors.
F'ton, April 3, 1878.

New Stock
—OF—
DRY GOODS,

April 13, 1878.

MILLER & EDGECOMBE

Have just received the following NEW GOODS to which they respecfully invite the attention of their friends and the public. We may just state that we import our GOODS direct from the best Markets in Great Britain and the United States, which places us in a position to offer them as low as any other House in the trade.

FRENCH FLOWERS and FEATHERS;
DRESS GOODS, plain and fancy;
STRAW HATS in all the new shapes;
SILK TIES, RIBBONS, PRINTS, CAMBRICS, &c.;
9 Bales of CARPETS, in Tapestry, Union, all Wools, Brussels; Hemps, &c.;
20 Pieces FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, new designs;
TICKINGS, TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, &c.

The remainder of the importation will arrive by following steamers.

Miller & Edgecombe.

F'ton, April 13, 1878.

NEW GOODS.
New Goods from England, Ireland, Scotland, France, and Germany.
FURTHER PARTICULARS NEXT WEEK.
DEVER BROS.

NEW GOODS.