FREDERICTON GLOBE.

The FREDERICTON GLOBE is published every Saturday from the office, Sharkey's Block, and mailed to any address in Canada or the United States for One Dollar per annum, in advance.

Advertising.

Advertisements such as: Wanted, Lost, Found, Houses to Rent, Etc., one dollar first insertion, 25 cents each subsequent insertion. Local Notices ten cents per line first insertion, 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Births and Marriages fifty cents each insertion.

Contracts for yearly advertising furnished on application.

All communications business or otherwise to be addressed to FREDERICTON GLOBE.

Fredericton Globe.

A. J. MACHUM, Publisher and Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, N. B., OCT. 10, 1891.

BUYING VOTERS.

The "boodling" troubles that had for years been brewing in Ottawa, and bubbled over during the last session have after all, their root in the people themselves. Therefore, in condemning officials, we, the people, only condemn ourselves—whatever crimes there may have been committed, the people are accessories before the fact, the real instigators of crime. Why? The funds derivable by dishonest ministers from dishonest contractors, have been used to buy up voters to purchase the people like so many sheep. If the constituency were incorruptible, there would have been no stealing from the treasury; and that this miserable weakness among the people must have been very general is contained in the fact of the thousands and hundreds of thousands that have been spent in their purchase. Is it any wonder then that rascality breaks out in so many places, when the constituency itself is so diseased? The cancer is in the system and its virulence permeates the whole body. We say then that the responsibility for all the boodling done rests upon the shoulders of the electorate—or that portion of it, a very large portion, which sells its birth-right or inheritance to the highest bidder. Such people as these would not hesitate to sell their country to a foreign enemy, if the opportunity presented itself, and a good round sum offered. Alas, that it should be so—for through this baseness the innocent suffer with the guilty. The ballot which was intended as a shield to protect the honest voter at the polls is converted into an instrument of oppression by party leaders over pliant followers—for the ballots are so manipulated that the simple minded holder is led to believe that he is a marked man after receiving the Iscariot thirty pieces of silver, and that if he does not deposit his ballot according to contract, it will be known to his bribers. But all parties are alike in this pernicious practice, and so it will be until the end of time, or so long as there are miserable creatures to sell themselves, or until the laws are so altered that only a minimum amount of buying and selling can be done. For example, suppose it were made incumbent that every man who went to vote were challenged to this effect—"have you been offered money for your vote and have you accepted any from any party whatever, or been tampered with in any manner or form?" If the Book were put to every man over a form something like this, it would go further towards putting down bribery than by any other method. If this were the law no man, however high or honorable, could take exception to it, for he wonld know its meaning and that it was intended for his protection. It is true that even this method would not effect a radical cure—for there are men so regardless of an oath, that they would swear to anything for a few dollars. But in the main it would serve as a great check over the present system, for there are persons who might sell their votes, under present circumstances, whereas if confronted by an oath they would hesitate to take it falsely while they have consciences to be awakened, besides the danger of discovery and penalties of the law—the penitentiary. All honest politicians, especially leaders and members of legislative bodies should set their faces against this bribery business, and obtain such legislation as would cure it—if not effectually, render it so dangerous in its practice that few men would care to sell themselves and risk being found out and punished.

VISITING FARMERS.

Last year two English farmers visited this province—like Joseph's brethren we suppose, who were accused by their brother—of coming to spy out the nakedness of the land; it certainly had very much that appearance for when they came the ground was covered with snow and its agricultural capabilities which they wanted to know about were hidden from view. No doubt on their return to the "Old Country" they reported or might have done so—a beautiful country for farmers in New Brunswick, it is so white and clean. A couple of weeks ago two more of these perapatetic philosophers found their way into tnis province, after doing up the Western Provinces, in order to ascertain if New Brunswick would be a good dumping ground for English farmers who had no chance "at 'hum" to make both ends meet, and were anxious to emigrate to this Eldorado. In order to have information direct of the cut and dried order, they took with them an English farmer from Fredericton who had been out her about three years, who was supposed to know as much about New Brunswick agriculture as if he had been born and brought up upon the soil. How far this noble band of discoverers had got ihto the woods, or beyond Woodstock, our Reporter has been unable to learn; for it appears that their trip was cut short somewhere between here and Temiscouata, by a despatch from "headquarters" to the effect that they had better go home, as it was understood at Ottawa that said travelling commissioners were contaminating the country by indoctrinating the people into the principles of free trade with the Yankees—in fact trying to upset the "National Policy" which had already done so much good in the Maritime Provinces by upsetting everything else that was good. The Abbot government determined no longer to back up men whose advocacy would lead to the backing of themselves into the Chaudere River. Where our itinerants are to-day, we know not—ever since the Ottawa despatch overtook them they have become defunct or not heard of even by the loudest bell ringer in the province who is always brim-full of news. But it is all "rot"—this thing of trying to add to our population, through the stories of strangers. Let emigration do its own work. The dominion has been widely enough advertised for persons at a distance to find us out. They have only got to go upon the London Stock Exchange and ask for the address of Messrs. Langevin, McGrevy, Connolly & Co., and no doubt they will come without a moment's hesitation to a country where money is coined so easily.

PUT CONFIDENCE IN NOBODY.

The good book says "Put no confidence in Princes, nor in any child of man." When Sir John Macdonald passed away the whole country was sympathetically excited, that so great a man should fall in our midst. A splendid funeral, costing the Dominion $7,000 was "inaugurated." It would never do to return such precious "dust to dust" in an ordinary way, but drape the whole line of procession with costly crape and ransack all the hot houses, far and near, for the choicest floral tributes with which to adorn his casket and bier. Then a monument was proclaimed—to cost a vast sum, and forthwith circulars were sent out to all the towns and cities calling for subscriptions in aid of the noble work. The only thing that puzzled the committee who undertook the work was as to what they should do with the surplus funds, for as every man in the Dominion was moved to tears, every one would subscribe in proportion to his sympathies and sorrows. Well, all this nine days mourning and excitement have long since passed away—and what about the monument? How much money has been collected and what has become of the balance? The Fredericton Globe will be pleased to announce the result.

A NUISANCE.

Complaints were made at the police office against teamsters for running their teams on the sidewalk and obstructing the passage of pedestrians. It is not only teamsters who block the way, but sometimes carriages belonging to persons who ought to know better, are similarly situated with their horses tied to tender trees for the purpose, we suppose, of knawing the bark and killing them. If a few heavy fines could be imposed on all such persons the nuisance would soon be abated. Another complaint we have frequently heard is that stupid persons in going into stores, situated on corners of streets to make their purchases, place their teams directly over the crossings, so that passengers must turn out of the road and into the mud to get round the obstruction. Store-keepers doing business on corners ought to see that their customers do not block up the crossings, and thus prevent their being fined, for the penalty is $4.00.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowsls, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the perscription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."—Aug. 29—91—1y.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER.

OUR EXHIBITION.

Sir Leonard Tilley's Speech at the Opening

Sale of the Government Imported Stock.

The Wonderful Horse "Linus," The Dog Show, etc.

At 2 o'clock on Tuesday the exhibition was formally thrown open to the public by His Honor the Lieutenant Governor. The Infantry School furnished a guard of honor, and also its fine band. In addition to Colonel Maunsell and his staff; Colonel Marsh and Lieutenants Hawthorn, Blair and Fisher, there were present Attorney General Blair, Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Chief Justice Allen, Judge Fraser, Judge King, Judge Palmer, Judge Tuck, Mayor Allen, the aldermen and civic officials. The Governor and his party, including Lady Tilley, were met at the gate by Superintendent Reid in full regalia, and upon His Honor ascending the dais, he was presented with an address, read by Ald Harry Beckwith, president of Agricultural Society, District No. 34.

In his reply the Governor thanked the society most sincerely for the very flattering address with which he was presented, and said: I think I may safely offer my congratulations to you, sir, and to your brother officers on the success that has attended this remarkable effort for a local society that you have made in preparing and bringing to a successful issue—or very shortly so I am sure—this admirable exhibition. From all that I have heard of it, I am satisfied that it is and will be universally conceded to be one of the best exhibitions of the kind that has been held in this or I may say in any part of the Province of New Brunswick. You have very properly referred to the benefits that have been bestowed upon our people by a kind Providence in so bountifully blessing the labors of the husbandmen. The expression of these sentiments I am sure will find a prompt echo and a hearty response in the heart of every Canadian who hears or reads them, and more especially will elicit a cordial amen from every agriculturist in this province. In his remarks he stated that he thought the farmers of New Brunswick were under a great obligation to the local government, for the steps they had taken for the advancement of agricultural interests, and referred to the monies that had been expended in the improvement of stock, and the opportunity now offered to the people to make a selection of that description of cattle most profitable, and to enter upon a new era as it were with reference to the raising of cattle and our dairy products.

He stated that the Dominion government have expended a very considerable sum of money in the experimental farms they have established in the different parts of the Dominion, and the information obtained through the expenditure thus made, cannot help but be of the greatest value to our people. These experiments, for instance, have shown that the cost of feeding an animal can be reduced one third at least from what it has very frequently or quite generally cost our people in raising their animals or feeding them for market. The efforts being made to improve the character of our dairy products in this Province, through the agents of the Dominion Government as well, is entitled to our best consideration. Under these circumstances, knowing as I do how wonderful a change has taken place since I visited England some years ago, I feel that we have much cause for hope and thankfulness. At that time when I inquired into the nature of the English market for our Canadian people, I found that our Canadian theese brought a price much less than that of the American cheese. Owing to the attention that has now been given to this subject in Ontario and Quebec, we find to-day that the Canadian cheese brings a higher price in England than the American cheese. Not only, gentlemen, has the quality of our cheese been much improved, but the quantity for export as well, and if by the efforts of Prof. Robertson and his father, the information with reference to the production of a better description of butter and cheese, with the aid that has been given by the Local and Dominion Governments to encourage the establishment of cheese factories and creameries throughout the Province of New Brunswick, brings forth the results that I anticipate, then I think we will have great reason to take courage and be thankful. Under these circumstances I think I can say a few words of encouragement to you, and through you to the farmers of the Province of New Brunswick with reference to our future.

At the close of His Honor's address he thanked the gentlemen for the remarks made with reference to his future and also for their kind reference to Lady Tilley, and to her connection with an institution towards the establishment of which she had a great deal to do. Lady Tilley felt that true happiness was best to be secured by endeavouring to secure the happiness of others, and that is her reward. I thank you again, gentlemen, for the kind sentiments you have expressed. I congratulate you upon the prospect of fine weather and upon the pleasant and prospering auspices under which this exhibition is being conducted. I trust it will be the success that it deserves to be, financially and otherwise. I have now much pleasure in declaring the exhibition formally opened.

After the address a parade of the horses was immediately held on the track prepared for that purpose.

Agricultural Hall.

In this building is shown the produce of the farm and garden. An excellent contribution is made by Richard Goldsworthy of Lower St. Marys, of which his Swedes turnips, form perhaps the most notable features. Some mammoth cabbages near at hand are ticketed with the name of John McCulloch of St. Marys. A very creditable showing in the line of garden stuff is made by Mr. A. D. Thomas, and by J. R. Howie of this city. Some very fine specimens of Canadian squash are shown by Sergt, Vincent of the I. S. C. The best general exhibit of apples is offered by Charles Camber of Kingsclear, whose neatly designed cabinet comprises about 20 different varieties. A feature of more than ordinary interest, is the exhibit of bees and bees' honey, made by Mr. A. Mackenzie of this city, in which class Mr. W. B. Dayton of St. Marys also takes a prominent position.

A feature of more than ordinary interest is the pyramidai design of the well-known firm of Hoegg & Co., which includes all the varieties of canned goods turned out at the Fredericton factory. At this factory alone during the present season the firm have employed from 150 to 175 hands. They have put up about 5,000 cases of corn, and 100,000 quarts of blueberries and expect to dispose of from 2,000 to 3,000 barrels of apples. This year's output of corn, Mr. Hoegg states, is the largest and best the concern have ever made.

An excellent showing in this department is made by Mr. H. C. Rutter in harness and horse paraphernalia of every kind. The exhibit is a very complete one, and, though the goods were not as a whole, especially made for exhibition purposes, they are well worthy of inspection.

The agricultural department of the show is in charge of Mr. John Moore; while the horticultural products are looked after by Mr. William Crewdson.

The Stock Exhibit.

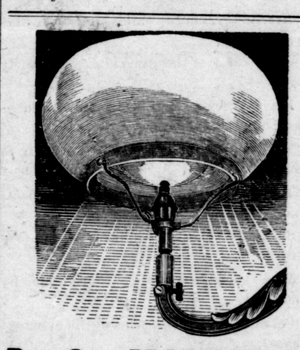
The horse department is in charge of Mr. Geo. Y. Dibblee. Isaac Peabody shows no less than eight specimens of his standard bred stock. The next largest contribution was that of George McLeod, St. John, while Dr. F. M. Brown, Charles Murray, Charles Sargeant, B. D. Sewell, Richard Estey and other prominent local breeders are well represented.

John Leighton, of Woodstock, has a herd of Red-polled Norfolks and polled Angus that were much admired. Mr. John H. Reid also exhibited his Jersey stock, and entries of individual animals of more than common excellence were very numerous. Our talented roadmaster Mr. Wm. McKay, was the efficient supervisor of this department.

At the Rink.

The display of North-West products made by the C. P. R. was a most instructive one. Mr. Carnell the well-known taxidermist, had a beautiful collection of Provincial birds and animals. The florists, Miss Schleyer and Mr. Bebbington did their best and the result was a symposium of fragrance and beauty. The fancy work department was very small. But the great attraction at the rink was the performance of the trained dogs which was really wonderful.

On account of the rain Thursday there was not many visitors to the exhibition grounds, but the sale of stock was continued, most of which will go to Carleton County.



R. C. MACREDIE,
PLUMBER,
Gas and Steam FITTER,
Queen - - Steeet,
Opp. County Court House.

J. H. TABOR,
—DEALER IN—
CONFECTIONERY,
Ice Cream, &c.
QUEEN STREET,
Fredericton, - N. B.

T. AMOS WILSON,
BOOKBINDER
—AND—
Paper Ruler.
Cor. Queen and Regent Sts.
Fredericton, N. B., Dec. 27.

All the Latest Styles of
PhotoS
—AT—
HARVEY'S.
Studio, - 164 Queen Street.

Watches and Jewelry

F. J. McCAUSLAND,
Opp. A. F. Randolph & Sons.
Fredericton, N. B., June 7.

Landing.
American Cornmeal. Wild Rose, Harvest Moon, and Star
FLOURS.
Codfish, Herring, Candies,
Pure Lard, Pickles in bulk, Soaps,
Canned Oysters.
For Sale Low.
A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS.

Notice of Sale.

TO Manly London, of the Parish of Sheffield, in the County of Sunbury, farmer, and all other persons whom it may in any wise concern:

Notice is hereby given under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage, bearing date, the seventeenth day of October, in the Year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, made between the said Manly London, therein described as of the Parish of Sheffield, in the County of Sunbury, farmer, of the one part, and the undersigned, Thomas J. McElroy and Thomas J. McCaffry, administrators, of all and singular, the goods, chattels and credits of Terence McElroy, deceased, of the other part, which said indenture of mortgage is recorded in Sunbury County, records in Book E. No. 2, pages 279, 280, 281, and 282. There will, for the purpose of satisfying the moneys secured by the said mortgage, default having been made in the payment of the interest due on the same as well as in the payment of certain other moneys secured thereby, be sold at public auction at the front of the Record Office, in Oromocto, in the Parish of Burton, in the County of Sunbury, on

Saturday, the Twenty-fourth Day of October Next,

at the hour of eleven o'clock, in the forenoon, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said indenture of mortgage as follows:—

"All that certain farm, piece or parcel of "land, situate, lying and being on the north-"ern side of Maquapit Lake, Parish of Shef-"field, County of Sunbury, Province of New "Brunswick, known and distinguished as part "of lot number twenty-seven, formerly owned "and occupied by one Edward M. London, "and bounded as follows: "Commencing at a "marked rock on the south side of the High-"way Road, running north to the Ferguson "side line, thence northeast to the Hudlin "Line, thence south to the Lake Shore, thence "west forty-one rods, thence north to the "place of beginning, containing by estimation "eighty acres more or less, also all that other "certain piece or parcel of land also being part "of lot number twenty-seven formerly owned "and occupied by the said Edward M. Lon-"don, and bounded as follows: "Commenc-"ing at a marked rock on the south side of "the Highway Road, thence running north to "Ferguson's side line, thence northeast, a suf-"ficient distance to give a breadth of fifteen "rods at right angles, thence south to the "Lake Shore, thence west fifteen rods, thence "north to the place of beginning, containing "by estimation thirty acres more or less; also "all the right, title and interest of the said "Manly London, in and to all that other "piece or parcel of land, being part of lot "number twenty-eight, in the parish and "county aforesaid, and bounded as follows: "Commencing at the north side of Maquapit "Lake thoroughfare, running north along "Thomas Thompson's side lines to Maquapit "Lake, thence a south easterly course along "the said lake to the mouth of the thorough-"fare, thence along the said thoroughfare to "the place of beginning, containing by esti-"mation twenty acres more or less."

Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances to the said lands and premises and every part and parcel thereof belonging or in any wise appertaining.

Dated August 26th, A. D., 1891.

T. J. McELROY,
THOS. J. McCAFFREY,
Administrators of all and singular, the goods, chattels and credits of Terence McElroy, deceased.

C. E. DUFFY,
Sol. for Mortgagee.

C. C. GILL,
Painter and Decorator
SIGN PAINTING
A SPECIALTY.
Tinting in Oil or Water Colors, Papering and Graining.
Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to.
SHOP AND RESIDENCE:
59 BRUNSWICK ST.
Fredericton, June 7.

Dever Bros.
DRY GOODS.

GOOD BARGAINS NOW!
We will cut Prices on all kinds of Carpets for remainder of Season, to Close Out Spring Importations.
June 24th, 1891. J. G. McNALLY.

BEST VALUE!
Our Parlour Suites take the Lead. We Manufacture them and Guarantee the work. Don't pay $50 for a $30 Suite, because you get a long time to pay for it. You can do better at
J. G. McNALLY'S.

250 WINDOW SHADES At a Big Discoun To Close Ont.
J. G. McNally.

LOWER PRICES! 700 Oak and Cane Seated Chairs, Rattan Rockers and Walnut Chamber Suites, Side-boards and Secretaries Just Received. Greatly Reduced Prices at
J. G. McNALLY'S.

DOMINION WIRE BED Best in the World. Reduced to $4.75, former price $6.50.
J. G. McNally

Do You Want A Wedding Present? Toronto Silver Plate Co., make most reliable Goods. A Fine stock Cheap at
JAMES G. McNALLY'S.

YEARS OF VARIED AND SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE
In the Use of CURATIVE METHODS, that we Alone own and Control, for all Disorders of
MEN Who have weak or UNDEVELOPED, or diseased organs, who are suffering from ERRORS OF YOUTH and any Excesses, or of
MEN Who are NERVOUS and IMPOTENT, the scorn of their fellows and the contempt of friends and companions, leads us to
FREE BOOK OF HOME TREATMENT — MEANS & METHODS EXCLUSIVELY OUR OWN — FOR A LIMITED TIME FREE — COPYRIGHTED 1889
guarantee to all patients, if they can POSSIBLY BE RESTORED, our own Exclusive method and appliances will afford a CURE! There is, then,
REAL HOPE FOR YOU AND YOURS.
Don't brood over your condition, nor give up in despair! Thousands of the Worst Cases have yielded to our HOME TREATMENT, as set forth in our WONDERFUL BOOK, which we send sealed, post paid, FREE, for a limited time. GET IT TO-DAY. Remember, no one else has the methods, appliances and experience that we employ, and we claim the MONOPOLY OF UNIFORM SUCCESS. ERIE MEDICAL Co., 64 NIAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.
2,000 References. Name this paper when you write.

THE PLACE TO BUY
Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Silver Plated Ware
IS AT
A. F. MORRELL'S.
A Fine Assortment of
WEDDING RINGS
Always on Hand.
A. F. Morrell,
OPP. BRIDGE.
Fredericton, N. B., July 19, 1890.

BE A MAN!

VIGOR and STRENGTH!
For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD, General and NERVOUS DEBILITY, Weakness of BODY AND MIND, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble MANHOOD fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen WEAK UNDEVELOPED ORGANS and PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely unfailing HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day. Men testify from fifty States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) FREE. Address
ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N.Y.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y.

NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.

All Rail Line to Boston, &c. The Short Line to Montreal, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.

In Effect October 5th, 1891.

DEPARTURES.

EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

6.15 A.M. EXPRESS for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock and points North; Bangor, Portland, Boston and points South and West.

10.30 A.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton Jc., St. John and points East.

3.20 P.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton Jc., St. John and points East, also with Night Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and Saturdays excepted, with Short Line Express for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, the West North West and Pacific Coast.

ARRIVALS.

9 20 a m from St John, etc.
1 25 p m from St John, Bangor, Montreal, etc.
7 20 p m from St John, St Stephen, Presque Isle, Woodstock, etc.

GIBSON.

DEPARTURE.

6.20 A.M. MIXED, for Woodstock, Presque Isle, Edmundston, and all points North.

ARRIVE.

5 10 p m from Woodstock and points North.

All above Trains run Week days only.

C. E. McPHERSON, Dist. Pass. Agt. H. P. TIMMERMAN, Gen. Supt.

CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY.

FALL ARRANGEMENT.

In Effect Nov. 10th. 1890.

Trains Run on Eastern Standard Time.

A Passenger, Mail and Freight Train will leave Fredericton daily (Sunday excepted) for Chatham.

Leave Fredericton

3.00 p. m; Gibson, 3.05; Marysville 3.15; Durham, 3:45; Cross Creek, 4:20; Boiestown, 5:20; Doaktown, 6:05; Upper Blackville, 6:45; Blackville, 7:10; Upper Nelson Boom, 7:40; Chatham Junction, 8:05; arrive at Chatham, at 8:30.

Returning Leave Chatham

7:45, a. m; Chatham Junction, 8 15; Upper Nelson Boom, 8.30; Blackville 9.15; Upper Blackville, 9.40; Doaktown, 10.45; Boiestown 11.30; Cross Creek, 12.40; Durham 1.20, p. m., Marysville, 1.55; Gibson, 2.00; arriving at Fredericton, 2.05.

Connections are made at Chatham Junction with I. C. Railway for all points East and West and at Gibson with the N. B. Railway for all Western points and St. John, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.

Tickets can be procured at F. B. Edgecombe's dry goods store.

THOMAS HOBEN, Superintendent.