

# Fredericton Globe.

VOL. II.

FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1891.

No. 27.

### Professional Cards.

**G. C. VANWART, M. D.,**  
Late of Middlesex Hospital, London, England, and Rotunda Hospital, Dublin, Ireland.  
OFFICE:  
Queen Street, Opposite City Hall,  
Residence—Long's Hotel,  
Fredericton, N. B., April 18th.

**H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.,**  
Surgeon Dentist,  
164 Queen St.  
Fredericton, N. B., April 4.

**BLACK, JORDAN & BLISS,**  
Barristers, Notaries, &c.  
SOLICITORS BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.  
260 QUEEN STREET.

Money Loaned on Real Estate at lowest current rates.  
Fredericton, N. B., May 2.

**JAS. T. SHARKEY,**  
Barrister & Attorney,  
FREDERICTON, N. B.  
Fredericton, N. B., April 3.

**C. E. DUFFY,**  
Barrister - at - Law,  
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.  
SEC.-TREAS. OF SUNBURY.

OFFICES: West Side of Carleton St., Second Door from Queen St.  
Fredericton, N. B., April 2.

**FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.**  
Best English, American and Canadian Companies

APPLY AT OFFICE OF  
**JAS. T. SHARKEY,**  
Fredericton, N. B., April 3.

**RAILROADS.**  
**CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.**  
NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.

All Rail Line to Boston, &c. and Short Line to Montreal, &c.

**ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.**  
In Effect June 1st 1891.

**EASTERN STANDARD TIME.**

**LEAVE FREDERICTON.**  
7.10 A. M.—Express for St. John and intermediate points: Vancouver, Bangor, and points West; St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton and Woodstock.  
10.40 A. M.—Accommodation for Fredericton Junction, St. John and points East.  
4.20 P. M.—For Fredericton Junction and St. John, &c.

**RETURNING TO FREDERICTON**  
From St. John 6.25, 8.30 a. m., 4.30 p. m., Fredericton Junction 8.10, 8. a. m., 12.10 5.50 p. m., McAdam Junction 7.00 a. m., 10.30 p. m., Vancouver, 10.25 a. m., Stephen, 3.45, 7.45, a. m., St. Andrews 7.20 a. m., arrive in Fredericton 9.15 a. m., 1.30 and 6.40 p. m.  
Mondays and Wednesdays at 5.15 a. m.

**LEAVE GIBSON.**  
6.55 A. M.—Mixed for Woodstock and points north.  
**ARRIVE AT GIBSON.**  
4.45 P. M.—Mixed from Woodstock and points north.

**C. E. McPHERSON, H. P. TIMMERMAN,**  
Dist. Pass. Agt. Gen. Supt.

**CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY.**  
FALL ARRANGEMENT.  
In Effect Nov. 10th. 1890.

Trains Run on Eastern Standard Time.  
A Passenger, Mail and Freight Train will leave Fredericton daily (Sunday excepted) for Chatham.  
**Leave Fredericton**  
2.00 p. m.; Gibson, 3.05; Marysville 3.15; Durham 3.45; Cross Creek, 4.20; Boiestown, 5.20; Doaktown, 6.05; Upper Blackville, 6.45; Blackville, 7.10; Upper Nelson, 7.40; Chatham Junction, 8.05; arrive at Chatham, at 8.30.

**Returning Leave Chatham**  
7.45 a. m.; Chatham Junction, 8.15; Upper Nelson, 8.30; Blackville 9.15; Upper Blackville, 9.40; Doaktown, 10.45; Boiestown 11.30; Cross Creek, 12.40; Durham 1.20 p. m.; Marysville, 1.55; Gibson, 2.00; arriving at Fredericton, 2.05.

Connections are made at Chatham Junction with I. C. Railway for all points East and West and at Gibson with the N. B. Railway for all Western points and St. John, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.  
Tickets can be procured at F. B. Edgecombe's dry goods store.

**THOMAS HOBEN,**  
Superintendent.

**WILLIAM ROSSBOROUGH, MASON,**  
Plasterer & Bricklayer,  
SHORE ST., NEAR GAS WORKS, FREDERICTON, N. B.  
Jobbing a specialty.  
Workmanship first-class.  
Prices Satisfactory.  
Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 28.

### New Advertisements.

## Teas. Teas.

PANYONG, SOUCHONG, SARYUNE, OOLONG, INDIAN AND CEYLON  
—ALSO—  
Fry's Celebrated Cocoas and Chocolates,  
—FOR SALE AT—  
**THE LONDON TEA STORE,**  
13 York Street.  
W. H. TIPPET, Proprietor.  
Fredericton, N. B., Feb. 14.

## SCHOOL BOOKS!

—O:—:O:—  
If you wish to save money it will pay you to Buy your School Books and Requisites

—O: AT :O:—  
**W. T. H. FENETY'S,**  
286-QUEEN STREET-286

## STAPLES'

Quinine Iron and Wine is the best general tonic made. It will cure Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Dizziness, Headache, and all Diseases arising from impure blood or a low state of the system. Remember it is sold on a guarantee that if it will not do what we claim for it, your money will be refunded. Be sure to ask for STAPLES' and take no other. Price 50c. a bottle or 6 bottles for \$2.50. Prepared only by

**DAVIS, STAPLES & CO.**

**A. L. F. VANWART,**  
Undertaker Embalmer,  
Upper Side York Street, Fredericton, N. B.

**Coffins and Caskets,**  
FUNERAL GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

A First-Class Hearse in Connection. Special Prices for Orders from the Country. All Orders Promptly Attended to with Neatness and Despatch.

**SUTHERLAND'S**  
WATERPROOF

**Dressing!**

It is an Oil Preparation made expressly for Calf, Kip, Grain, and all Waxed Leathers.  
It Renders all Kinds of Leather THOROUGHLY WATERPROOF.

Boots dressed with it are not affected by snow-dew, fresh or salt water.  
PRICE, 25 CENTS.

**N. C. SUTHERLAND,**  
Queen Street.  
Fredericton, N. B., Mar. 28.



**NEW YORK STEAMSHIP CO.,**  
"CITY OF COLUMBIA,"

LEAVES  
**SAINT JOHN FOR NEW YORK,**  
Via Eastport, Me., and Yarmouth, N.S.  
Every FRIDAY at 2 p. m. (LOCAL TIME)  
Return Steamer will leave NEW YORK from Pier 40, East River, every Tuesday at 5 p. m.  
Freight on through Bills of Lading. Ticket holders are entitled to State-room, Berth and Meals.  
H. H. WABNER, President.  
N. L. NEWCOMB, Gen. Manager,  
63 Broadway, New York.  
J. H. SHERMAN, Agent,  
St. John, N. B.

### AGRICULTURE

Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Gleanings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

Cattle in clover need salt. Nicely sort and grade fruit. Luck is seldom transmitted. Bones make valuable manure. Teaching is endless repetition. Orchards pay for intelligent care. Feed the poor fruits to the stock. The best is usually none too good. Water your horse before feeding it. Dissolved dirt remains in the milk. Omission is the sin of the lazy man. Keep your wagon wheels well painted. Give your granary a good fumigating. Keep the hog pen clean, dry and warm. Nature pays no attention to the kicker. Give new pastures a chance to form a sod. Unthreshed cut oats make excellent feed. Look out for the little leaks and stop them. The currant is a hardy and valuable fruit. Many barnyards are sources of heavy loss. An inch of rain is 22,000 gallons per acre. Potash soap makes the most valuable suds. Make third-rate fruit into cider for vinegar. Shade is favorable to nitrification of the soil. Even hogs have their instincts of cleanliness. Store fruit where it will be dry as well as cool. It is always safe to reduce cost of production. Free feeding without waste should be the rule. Who wants to eat the flesh of doctored animals? Adapt the breed to the soil and surroundings. It is injurious to feed new pastures very closely. The sheared sheep requires additional shelter. Why don't we train up cows as we do horses? It really does not pay to send culls to market. Some plants thrive best when planted in clumps. You seldom find all the good points in one animal. Crops can be grown by irrigation, but will it pay? To pay as you go is honest, and it is good policy. If you feed cow's milk to a colt, sweeten it a little. Browse does not make the best of mutton or wool. Let nothing that can be made useful go to waste. This year's growth of cane grows next year's berries. Pruning wounds readily dry up and heal in summer. See that the good housewife has plenty of dry wood. A good tilth is essential to the production of wheat. Sow rye early in the fall for early feed in the spring. Protect your stock from flies and when the snow flies. Plants like infants, must have their fruit in liquid form. A poor corn crop means a short hog crop, and vice-versa. By using mares for work, every farmer can grow good colts. Washing in strong soapsuds is better than whitewashing trees. The best sign of a good cow is the patent fact that she is such. If the conditions for health are right, animals will not get sick. Keep a good supply of the best of everything for home use. H. K. Vanderbilt is said to be building a \$15,000 hen house. Give us the lower education first, the higher will follow naturally. Too many farmers fail to appreciate the value of milk for fowls. Encourage the birds by providing shelter and places for their nests. The younger the tree when transplanted, the more easily it is rooted. More people are sick with overloaded stomachs than with empty ones. Potatoes as soon as ripe should be dug and stored in a cool, dry place. Form is claimed to be of more importance than size in mutton sheep. Though running in the pasture, give the team a little grain and dry hay. The finishing touch often turns the price from a losing to a profitable one. It is a matter of astonishment that so many women suffer in silence the trouble peculiar to their sex when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are an unfailing cure. Suppressions, derangements, weakness, etc., especially yield to their treatment. Sold by all dealers or by mail on receipt of price (50c. a box) by addressing Dr. Williams Med. Co., Brockville, Ont.

**The Poultry Yards.**  
Much has been written about the waste of eggs. It is during incubation that eggs are wasted, and this waste is unnecessary, amounting to a large sum over the whole country. It is not a waste to use eggs for the purpose of hatching out chicks, but it is a waste to allow eggs to spoil when they could as easily be utilized, and this waste occurs simply because the eggs under sitting hens are not tested and the infertile eggs removed from the nest. Removing such eggs also permits of better results in the hatching. A fertile egg has a germ, and when the egg has been under the hen three days, dark spots or blood vessels may be seen, the infertile eggs being fresh looking, clear and transparent. To test them take all the eggs into a dark room, have a strong light, make an egg tester; by folding a newspaper, or a piece of cardboard, into a cylinder (which should be funnel shaped) and direct it close to the light, the egg being at the other end. Or, if preferred, egg testers may be purchased. Take out the clear eggs, and put the eggs showing traces of blood vessels back under the hen. The clear eggs will not have been in any manner injured by being under the hen in a warm place. Only the eggs containing the germs of chicks become rotten before the hatch is over. In fact, one of the best indications that the eggs contained germs is that they become rotten, the germs having perished. Clear eggs will keep for weeks. Another advantage is that when you place eggs under two hens at the same time you can, by testing the eggs, select out all the clear ones, and give the fertile eggs to one hen, allowing the other hen another start with more eggs. It is useless to leave the infertile eggs in the nest, for you will not get any chicks from them, or as many as when they are removed, as they will be obstructions to the fertile eggs, being on a par with so many stones or glass eggs, helping to crush the chicks that hatch. All who use incubators test out the infertile eggs, to prevent waste, and the same should be done with eggs under sitting hens.

**Reduction of Bones.**  
A bone fresh from the butcher is quite a luxury to fowls, being different from dry bones. Only dry bones can be ground. Fresh, or green bones, must be pounded or cut, as they cannot easily be ground. The best way to pound them is to have a large flat stone, using a hammer, but the bones should be heated thoroughly in a stove oven, which renders them brittle. Flat rib bones are not difficult to pound into small pieces, but as the hens will approach the stone and greedily accept them, one must be careful when pounding or a hen may receive a blow intended for a bone. They will crowd round a stone, quickly swallowing every large piece, and the bone will be found serviceable in assisting them to lay.

**Egg Bound Fowls.**  
This is caused by obstructions, due to the fowl being in a fat condition, though it sometimes results from injury in jumping off a high roost. The hen so afflicted should be removed from the male immediately, and given straw upon which to rest, the food to be very light. An injection of a small portion of castor oil in the oviduct should be made, and the hen then allowed absolute quiet, as no relief can be given unless the difficulty is caused by the attempt to pass a double yolk egg, which may be crushed or punctured if it is near the exit, but it is better to allow nature to take its course.

**Grit and Lime.**  
Those who use certain substances under the supposition that they are providing the hens with lime materials for the shells of eggs may resort to oyster shells, limestone, gravel, chalk, marble dust, clam shells, mortar, and even lime itself, but fine glass, broken china, etc., are not lime substances. The hen swallows these hard substances because they serve as grit. We believe the lime for the shells comes from the food eaten.

**Sifted Coal Ashes.**  
Coal ashes make the best material for the dust bath when they are thoroughly sifted so as to remove the coarse portions, which may be also used by being thrown into the yard, where the hens will pick them over for grit. Coal ashes serve well under the roost, and also assist in preventing lice, if dusted well over the walls of the poultry house.

**ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER.**

### PARAGRAPHS

On All Subjects of Current Note at Home and Abroad.

ANECDOTES, HAPPENINGS AND GENERAL COMMENTS

Clipped and Condensed for the Readers of The Globe.

A lad while walking cross London Bridge found a small leather bag containing £30,000 in bank notes.  
At Gibraltar, people fear that the fish caught in the neighbourhood have been feeding on the corpses of the Utopia disaster, so they refuse to buy, much to the distress of the fishermen.  
On hearing a clergyman remark that "the world was full of change," Mrs. Partington said she could hardly bring her mind to believe it so little found its way into her pocket.  
Just lately the "Times" was registered for the first time at Stationer's Hall. There are at all seventy proprietors, fully one-third of whom are women. There is one in India, one in New South Wales, one in Malta, four in British Columbia, four in Canada, two in Germany, one in Scotland, and one in Vancouver's Island. The rest are in England, mostly in the southern counties. One of the proprietors is a resident in Manchester.

A man from the far north, who had never seen either ship or sea in his life, had to cross from Kinghorn to Leith on a very stormy day. The vessel rolled heavily, and the poor, frightened Highlander ran to the cords and held them down with his whole vigour, to keep, as he thought, the boat from upsetting.  
"For the sake of our lives, shentles, come and hold town," he cried; "or, if ye will not be helping me, I'll let you all to the bottom in a moment. And you ploughman there" (to the man at the helm) "cannot you keep the hove of te furr, and no gang over the crown of te riggs avay? Heich?"  
The steersman laughed at him, and the Highlander, becoming irritated, seized a handspike and knocked him down. "No laugh you now, you Lowland rogue," said he, "and you well deserve it all so it was you made all the too-hoo, kittling the postie's tail with tat pid!"

**A Monkey's Heroism.**  
The following story of a monkey's heroism is told by an Indian paper—"A large orang-outang was very much attached to his master and to the baby boy, who was the pet of the whole family. One day a fire suddenly broke out in the house, and everybody was running here and there to put it out, while the little boy in his nursery was almost forgotten; and when they thought of him the staircase was all in flames. What could be done? As they were looking up and wondering, a large, hairy hand and arm opened the window and presently the monkey appeared with the baby in his arms, and carefully climbed down over the porch and brought the child safely to his nurse."

**What He Required.**  
"By the great guns, sir," said a stout man, looking down from the balcony skirting the upholstery department of a well-known shop, "this is an immense place—huge, simply stupendous!"  
"Oh, yes; nice place," said the shopman obligingly.  
"The Stores ain't a comparison. No, sir; not a comparison, sir. How much of a stock does this represent?"  
"About £250,000 worth."  
"Good! First rate! And how about furniture?"  
"Over £50,000."  
"Admirable! Take a house and go right through it, I s'pose—furnish it complete, could you—from top to bottom, eh?"  
"Yes; everything, from carpets to bric-a-brac."  
"And lace curtains and tapestries—you keep them?"  
"Keep everything."  
"And you know what style is, too—Renaissance, Pompadour, Henry II., and the Louis?"  
"No one better than our manager. Perhaps you'd better see him. Mr. X—here one moment!" And the manager came up with a smile on him like a half moon.  
"No idea of it," mused the customer. "No idea! Had an impression you had to go to Paris for such things. Good taste—everything correct; surprising, really!"  
"If you give me an idea," ventured the manager, "of about what you required, sir, you know—"  
"Ah, yes, I forgot. I want a stick of sealing-wax. Magnificent establishment, sir."  
"George, don't you think it's very wrong to marry for money?"  
"Yes, of course; but it's just as wrong to fall in love with one who has none."

A number of skulls and human bones were unearthed while excavating a sidewalk on Buckingham street, Halifax, Friday, of last week. One of the skulls must have belonged to a very large person, the thigh bones looked as though they might have belonged to a departed giant. Two other skulls found were of the ordinary size. In addition to the above, numerous pieces of human bones were discovered. All the bones bore evidence of having been in the ground a very long time. It is many years since the first sidewalk was laid at this point, and none of the present generation have any knowledge of the place having been used as a burying ground.

### JINGLES OF HUMOR.

A Little Nonsense Gathered for Leisure Reading.

Bobbs: "I couldn't possibly sleep as late as you do. Why, I am out of bed as busy as a bee at five o'clock every morning."  
Dobbs: "You don't say so. How long have you been doing that?"  
Bobbs: "Ever since baby came."  
"I say, old fellow, here are the five shillings I borrowed of you last week!"  
"Thanks, dear boy! I had forgotten all about it."  
"Hang it, old man, why didn't you tell me that five minutes ago!"  
Wife: "What does it mean in this paper when it says the young German Emperor expects a call to arms?"  
Husband: "A call to arms! I suppose it means he expects his wife to say, 'Wilhelm, take the baby.'"

A sympathizing friend asked him whether he had been a "bull" or a bear.  
To which he replied: "Neither; I was a jackass."

Mr. Stalate: "So your sister keeps you well supplied with pocket money, does she?"  
Tommy: "Yes."  
Stalate: "I presume you have to render some little equivalent?"  
Tommy (yawning): "Oh, yes, I have to come in and yawn when visitors are staying too late."

"George," he said, "before we were married you were always giving me presents. Why don't you ever bring me anything now?"  
"My dear," replied George, "did you ever hear of a fisherman giving bait to a fish he had caught?" Then the kettle boiled over.

Young Reporter: "The storm king hurled his torn and tumbling torrents over the ruins of the broken and dismembered edifice."  
Old Editor: "What's that? What do you mean, young fellow?"  
Young Reporter: "I er—er—the flood washed away Patrick McDougal's old soap factory."

A beggar some time ago applied for alms at the door of a partisan of the Anti-begging Society. After in vain detailing his manifold sorrows, the inexorable gentleman peremptorily dismissed him. "Go away," said he, "go, we canna gie ye naething."  
"You might at least," replied the mendicant, with an air of arch dignity, "have refused me gratuitously."

**BANK ROBBERY.**  
The London and Westminster Bank Robbed of \$250,000.

Last week the banking world of London was greatly startled by the announcement that a bank robbery had taken place in London. The police and bank officials are tried to keep the matter as quiet as possible. It is known, however, that the institution is the London and Westminster bank (limited), 41 Lathbury, E. C., an important establishment having over fifteen branch houses in that city.

The money stolen consisted of a large parcel of bills remitted from the country banks to the London and Westminster bank. The thieves must have cleverly watched for the proper opportunity to accomplish the robbery and to have gained access to an apartment near the main entrance to the bank. This entrance was easy of access from the street, and the parcel of bills is supposed to have been stolen while the bank officials were engaged in another apartment in going over the accounts of last week's settlement. Both William Astle, the town manager of the bank and H. F. Billingham, the country manager, declined to make any statement for publication as to the actual loss incurred. It is currently reported that the amount stolen is not less than \$750,000 and that it may amount to as much as \$1,250,000.

Notice of robbery was sent to the police centres throughout the British Isles and on the continent, and the sailing of every passenger vessel is being watched. Notice has also been sent to all the banks upon which the bills were drawn, but the police theory is that no attempt will be made to change the bills in that country, but that the thieves will have recourse to the continent, where the presence of so many wealthy travellers from England and the United States makes such transaction easier than in England.

This robbery of the London and Westminster bank recalls the fact that on Feb. 16 last a similar daring bank robbery took place in the same neighborhood. A stylishly dressed man accented in the National Provincial bank of England, a clerk from the London branch of the Bank of Scotland. This clerk was in the act of making a deposit of nearly \$60,000 at the public counter of the National Provincial bank, and when spoken to by the stranger he turned toward him and replied to his question. Though his conversation lasted only a moment or so, an accomplice of the stylish stranger snatched from the clerk a wallet containing Bank of England notes to the amount named and decamped. In the confusion which followed, both the stranger and his accomplice, supposed by the police to be expert American bank sneaks, managed to escape. The booty thus obtained included Bank of England notes of various denominations to \$1,000 downward, and so far as is known, neither the thieves nor their plunder have since been heard of.

The Geographical, semi official organ of the Congo estate, has received fresh confirmation of the destruction of the Crampel mission. Crampel it says while camping at an Arab settlement ordered for reasons unknown that two of his Moslem escort be shot. This caused violent irritation among the musketeers who at daylight next morning attacked Crampel's camp, killed Crampel and looted his stores; in other words Geographical attempts to show that Crampel's death was another Bartlett case.