

Fredericton Globe.

Board of Works

VOL. II.

FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1891.

No. 34.

Professional Cards.

J. A. HANDLEY,
TEACHER OF THE BANJO.
Lessons given at Pupils residence if desired.
Terms: \$8.00 for 12 Lessons.
Special rates for clubs.
Residence:
ROYAL HOTEL.
Oct. 31-91.

H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
164 Queen St.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

BLACK, JORDAN & BLISS,
Barristers, Notaries, &c.
SOLICITORS BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.
260 QUEEN STREET.

Money Loaned on Real Estate at lowest current rates.
Fredericton, N. B., May 3.

JAS. T. SHARKEY,
Barrister & Attorney,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

C. E. DUFFY,
Barrister-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
SEC.-TREAS. OF SUNBURY.

OFFICES: West side of Carleton St., Second door from Queen St.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
Best English, American and Canadian Companies.

APPLY AT OFFICE OF
JAS. T. SHARKEY.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

RAILROADS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.
NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.

All Rail Line to Boston, &c. The Short Line to Montreal, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.
In Effect October 5th, 1891.

DEPARTURES.

6.15 A.M. EXPRESS for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Hamilton, Woodstock and points North, Bangor, Portland, Boston and points South and West.

10.30 A.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton Jc., St. John and points East.

3.20 P.M. ACCOMMODATION for Fredericton Jc., St. John and points East, also with Night Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and Saturdays excepted, with Short Line Express for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, the West North West and Pacific Coast.

ARRIVALS.

7.15 a.m. from St. John, etc.
2.15 p.m. from St. John, Bangor, Montreal, etc.

7.20 p.m. from St. John, St. Stephen, Presque Isle, Woodstock, etc.

GIBSON.

6.20 A.M. MIXED, for Woodstock, Presque Isle, Edmundston, and all points North.

10 p.m. from Woodstock and points North.

All above Trains run Week days only.
C. E. McPHEISON, H. P. TIMMERMAN, Dist. Pass. Agt. Gen. Supt.

CANADA EASTERN RAILWAY.
FALL ARRANGEMENT.
In Effect Nov. 10th, 1890.

Trains Run on Eastern Standard Time.

A Passenger, Mail and Freight Train will leave Fredericton daily (Sunday excepted) for Chatham.

Leave Fredericton
8.00 p. m. Gibson, 8.05; Marysville 8.15; Durham 8.45; Cross Creek, 4.20; Rolatown, 5.20; Doaktown, 6.05; Upper Blackville, 6.45; Blackville, 7.10; Upper Nelson Boom, 7.40; Chatham Junction, 8.05; arrive at Chatham, at 8.30.

Returning Leave Chatham
7.45 a. m. Chatham Junction, 8.15; Upper Nelson Boom, 8.30; Blackville 9.15; Upper Blackville, 9.40; Doaktown, 10.45; Rolatown, 11.20; Cross Creek, 12.40; Durham, 1.20, p. m. Marysville, 1.55; Gibson, 2.00; arriving at Fredericton, 2.05.

Connections are made at Chatham Junction with I. C. Railway for all points East and West and at Gibson with the N. B. Railway for all Western points and St. John, and at Cross Creek with Stage for Stanley.
Tickets can be procured at F. B. Edgcomb's dry goods store.

New Advertisements.

PURE COCOA.

This choice Cocoa makes a most delightful beverage for Breakfast or Supper.

Being exceedingly nutritious, easily digested and assimilated, it forms a valuable food for invalids and children.

THE LONDON TEA STORE,
13 York Street.

WATCHES!

Clocks, Broches, Jewellery, Lace Pins, Silverware, Emblem Pins, Band Rings, Charms, etc.,



R. BLACKMER'S,
Queen Street, - - Nearly Opp. City Hall.

SCHOOL BOOKS!

If you wish to save money it will pay you to Buy your School Books and Requisites

W. T. H. FENETY'S,
286-QUEEN STREET-286

A. L. F. VANWART,
Undertaker and Embalmer,
Upper Side York Street, Fredericton, N. B.

Coffins AND Caskets,
FUNERAL GOODS OF ALL KINDS.

A First-Class Hearse in Connection. Special Prices for Orders from the Country. All Orders Promptly Attended to with Neatness and Despatch.

W. E. SEERY,
MERCHANT TAILOR.

I have Just Received an Elegant Line of Spring Cloths for SUITINGS, TROUSERINGS, and OVERCOATINGS, which I am prepared to Make Up in the Most Fashionable Styles.

W. E. SEERY, - WILMOT AV.

Trunks "IMPERIAL HALL"

Valises New-;-Goods

JUST RECEIVED!

Oct. 14th '91

Overcoatings, Suitings and Trouserings in Latest Designs.

C. C. GILL,
Painter and Decorator

SIGN PAINTING

A SPECIALTY.
Tinting in Oil or Water Colors, Papering and Graining.
Orders by Mail Promptly Attended to.
SHOP AND RESIDENCE:
59 BRUNSWICK ST.
Fredericton, June 7.

AGRICULTURE

Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Cleanings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

Keep a few sheep.

A good fall for plowing.

Insects accompany disease.

A practical era is approaching.

The sharp plow does the best work.

Clean up all the rubbish and burn it.

There are greater evils than the dog.

Fall manuring is good for the garden.

Never pasture land when it is wet and soft.

Many farmers are too sparing of grass seed.

The popular butter tub is made of spruce.

Cut and gather all the dead stuff and burn it.

The fewer the fences the greater the economy.

Unfertilized eggs keep longer than fertilized ones.

Put plenty of wood ashes around the young tree.

Do what you can to aid in next year's work.

The best athletic exercise is that on the farm.

Bad cooking originates a multitude of evils.

Ashes and salt both stiffen the straw of wheat.

Chickens for orchards in summer and hogs in fall.

Watch for opportunities to make improvements.

A stunted animal or plant never fully recovers.

Get your fruit trees in good condition for winter.

It is no advantage to a tree to be transplanted.

Too much rest and fat are the enemies of the horse.

Never let the soil of a cultivated field crust over.

Roots are an appetizer, a relish, a laxative and a food.

Sow for meadow grasses that ripen at the same time.

Have you your winter supply of wood under shelter?

Breeding is an art, and we ought to have more artists.

Something so sell every month makes a steady income.

Sow for pasture grasses that ripen at different periods.

The good wife takes an interest in her husband's business.

The earlier weeds are attacked the easier they are killed.

Fences are not only expensive, but they occupy good soil.

Do not carry a fattening animal beyond the point of profit.

Strive to make a little improvement in your farm every year.

Lawn clippings are said to make good winter feed for poultry.

Cherry trees readily thrive around the borders of the garden.

It often pays to harrow an old pasture and sow grass seed on it.

Better take ozone from the air than medicine from the doctor.

Skimmed milk with a little wheat bran is a good feed for growth.

The quality of the food determines the quality of the manure.

So long as a thing is popular, it will be kept before the public.

In transplanting trees, fill in first with plenty of fine, rich dirt.

A tree properly set and trained needs no trimming with the saw.

Do not waste time in trying to sell a thing for more than its worth.

The sexes of trees can be determined only when they are in bloom.

By proper cultivation most farms can be doubled in productivity.

All the elements of the soil cannot be properly used without rotation.

Never churn together batches of cream of different degrees of ripeness.

Never put grapes in a green basket. If you do, they will mold and spoil.

The thinking man is the successful man. Keep on your "thinking cap."

We need the necessary elements in our food and the food must be palatable.

The faults with most works on agriculture is that they are behind the times.

Phosphate helps to give plumpness to the kernel. Apply it as top-dressing.

Balancing a ration balances the ingredients but may not give variety of food.

A variety of stock is needed to consume the different foods grown on the farm.

Be sure you have a water-proof floor on your dairy, and always keep it clean.

Animals may be fattened on grass alone, but not on hay alone. Who knows why?

Many orchards of apples and pears are ruined for want of proper fertilizing ingredients.

It is easier to teach the untaught than those that have been wrongly taught.

Some things which engage the attention of the press are too foolish to talk about.

The latest ideas and methods are not found in books but in papers and station reports.

One of the biggest farm leaks is a barnyard well drained into a passing stream of water.

A Mississippi farmer added 200 per cent to his yield of corn per acre by better culture.

Raise your own corn, and save transportation, hauling home and speculators' profit.

It is a benefit to mix the milk of the dairy before setting it. The cream will rise better.

If it evidently makes no difference whether a thing be false or true, why contend about it?

What occupation calls for such extended thorough and diversified knowledge as farming?

Lime is good on all soils that are not well supplied with it. It is specially valuable on clay.

Barnyard manure is not a complete fertilizer. It lacks the ingredients taken out of the food by the animal.

Most plants get their food near the surface, where the air penetrates and they feel the life-giving warmth of the sun.

When you dig a hole in which to transplant a tree, be sure that the drainage is such that it will not hold water.

Bran, linseed, cotton seed and the like render coarse foods available and profitable while enriching the manure heap.

A part of the ration of all fattening animals should be corn, the same for all fattening animals, as the cow.

In many cases we suspect microbes are given as the cause of results when they are but an incident or part of the results.

Nature furnishes to man all the elements. He has but to properly combine them when they take the form of things of use and beauty.

If there is doubt about the dog killing sheep, administer an ounce of tincture of lobelia, and make him show the contents of his stomach.

Ladies, if you are suffering from any of the ailments peculiar to your sex give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. They will not fail you. Sold by all dealers.

POULTRY YARD.

Bones and Clover.

Bones will soon be used so extensively for poultry that the fertilizer manufacturers will have difficulty in securing as many as formerly.

Wheat and corn will be but partially the food for poultry. The green bones from the butcher and the finely chopped clover hay, scalded, will not only cheapen the cost of eggs but will increase the number. The green bone mills are revolutionizing the method of poultry feeding.

Only One Male.

Those who desire to hatch chicks will find it more economical to set apart a dozen hens and one male instead of allowing a number of males to be with the hens. It is unnecessary to feed anything that is unprofitable. One male can be the sire of over a thousand chicks in the year, which is much more than a great many persons hatch. Keep nothing that does not perform some service or give a profit.

Racks for Eggs.

Keep your eggs on an egg rack, and not in boxes or baskets, and you can then very easily assort them when about to ship, as the color of each egg and its relative size will be noticed at a glance. They can also be easily turned on a rack, or the rack may be so constructed as to turn all the eggs at one operation. Eggs keep better and longer when they are turned half over twice a week.

Disease on the Ground.

In a small yard, where the flock is kept for months, every square inch is covered with droppings at some time during the occupancy of the space, and the fowls cannot pick up the smallest substance without swallowing a portion of the filth. To avoid this the yards should be scraped over with a hoe when the ground is hard, or spaded when the ground is not frozen.

Spading the Yard.

The yard should be spaded as late in the season as possible, in order to turn under the filth, and also to have the surface clean and free from weeds, in order that less dampness may exist in winter. When the ground is frozen over in cold weather the droppings will accumulate in the yard, but if they are carefully spaded, and raked until the surface is smooth, the cleaning can be done in the winter more easily. On sandy soils the spading of the yard loosens the top soil and permits the rains to carry down much of the filth that would otherwise remain. A thorough cleaning up late in the season, before cold weather settles in, and good drainage afforded, will greatly aid in preventing disease in the flock.

Lice on Poultry.

Not only is the hen subject to lice, but the goose, duck, turkey, guinea and pigeon have their own kind, which prey upon them, each having afflictions from lice of some species from which the others are exempt. Thus, the lice that afflicts the hens do not resort to the duck, nor will lice that afflict the duck attack the hen. All creatures seem to have parasites peculiar to themselves, not even excepting man, but the existence of the vermin depend entirely upon conditions that permit the pests to breed and multiply. The fowls rid themselves of lice by the use of the dust bath and by natural oils of the body. In their natural condition birds are privileged to leave any location infested with vermin, but our domesticated fowls must remain where their owners prefer them to be. Such being the case the birds cannot be free from vermin unless their quarters are clean and ridden of the pests also.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER.

PARAGRAPHS

On All Subjects of Current Note at Home and Abroad.

ANECDOTES, HAPPENINGS AND GENERAL COMMENTS

Clipped and Condensed for the Readers of The Globe.

About 12,000 coal miners at Lena, near Paris, went out on strike this week.

British ships and cargoes lost every year at sea are valued at about £20,000,000.

In twelve marriages out of every hundred one of the parties has been married before.

Wm. J. Florence, actor, who was attacked with pneumonia Saturday night last in Philadelphia, is much improved.

The Emperor of Japan has ordered a State coach from a carriage builder at Osaka, the cost of which is to be £35,000.

The number of passengers, exclusive of season ticket holders, conveyed over English railways last year was 817,744,046.

Word comes from Berlin that an explosion of fire damp occurred in a coal mine at Essen Friday. Eleven miners were killed and two injured.

A despatch from Washington says: President Harrison has appointed Mark F. Wentworth, of Maine, collector of customs at Portland, Me.

In the United States the losses by bankruptcy are increasing by leaps and bounds; in 1889 they were £18,658,595, and last year £22,636,483.

The latest American invention is a cradle which rocks by clockwork mechanism, and, at the same time, plays baby tunes. The cost is \$125.

There are nearly forty members of the House of Commons who are the successors to peers, and are thus liable at any moment to be transferred to the House of Lords.

A Venetian glass manufacturer is said to be making and selling bonnets by the thousand. The glass cloth of which they are made has the same shimmer and brilliancy of color as silk, and is impervious to water.

The little princess of the Netherlands, when she becomes Queen of Holland, will probably be able to boast that she is the richest Sovereign in Europe. It is said that the civil list of Holland amounts to something like £3,000,000 per annum.

An old man was buried the other day at St. Crepin, France, but was dug up soon after, as one of the bearers said he thought he heard a movement in the coffin. The old man was found to have moved his hands, and he was soon restored to consciousness and life.

The new Cunard liners, to be built at Glasgow in time to take passengers to the Chicago Fair of 1893, will be the biggest ships afloat. They will be 600 feet long, only 80 feet less than the Great Eastern, and with three times the horse power of that vessel. They will be capable of use as armed cruisers in case of war.

Mr. Albert W. Hosking, of West Smithfield, Eng., gave a private demonstration at Morley Hall, 316 Regent Street, of the working of his ballot note counter, scrutineer, and detector. The invention consists mainly of the employment of a voting stamp with a conducting surface, to be used by the elector in voting instead of a pencil. The counting, which is marvellously rapid, is done by means of a small travelling apparatus. One of the chief merits claimed for the invention is absolute secrecy. There is an electric indicator screen on which the names of the candidates are placed.

Two inquests were held lately in London upon the bodies of persons burnt to death, one from the breakage of a cheap paraffin lamp, the other from the explosion of a similarly dangerous lamp. In the first case, Mr. Ross, inspector to the London County Council, produced the fragments of the lamp in court, and pointed out that, had the reservoir been of metal instead of thin porcelain, the accident would not have happened. The coroner remarked that it was to be regretted that all lamps were made of metal, as they would then be much more secure and less liable to explosion. This opinion has been expressed over and over again by coroners.

JINGLES OF HUMOR.

A Little Nonsense Gathered for Leisure Reading.

Few animals can boast of so many good points as the porcupine.

"Does your wife talk in her sleep?" "No; but she frequently does in mine."

"Do you know what the police telegraph wires are made of?" "Copper."

A fat woman laughing is a creature to be envied. There is so much of her is having a good time.

"Flattery is a thistle," says a modern philosopher. Perhaps this is why one finds it so difficult to sit on the flatterer.

The peacock is an inveterate gossip. It likes to spread a highly-colored tale about the neighbourhood.

The early Christians were poor; and from the crowds of servants who attend 7 a. m. service we are reminded that they still are.

We have lady harpists, lady pianists, and ladies who twang the mandolin but where in the whole world is the woman who can play the second fiddle?

"I have here an article on 'The Style of Rudyard Kipling,'" said the young lady. "Don't want it," returned the office-boy. "Give us one on his lack of it," and she goes.

Trotter—"Was your husband's death sudden?" Widow—"Very. He was just learning to play on the violin." Trotter—"Ah, I see—and the neighbours objected."

Riches may on the whole be hurtful to the man who possesses them, but we still meet with men of weak finances and iron constitutions who are ready and willing to undertake all risks.

PREPARING FOR THE CONTEST!

Scores of Applications Coming in!

Only the Ladies of Canada Can Compete!

A Special Feature of the Competition!

Our Canadian ladies are already preparing for the Great Diamond Dye Competition; they are going into this work with a vim and earnestness that is truly surprising, and it is a well-known fact, that whenever the ladies enter upon any work in this way, it is always well done. Of course the great novelty of the work, and the wide field of operation opened up by this unique competition, will be the means of drawing in hundreds of ardent workers, who, under ordinary circumstances, would hesitate before committing themselves to trouble and unremunerative work.

In this liberal and highly commendable contest, inaugurated by the proprietors of Diamond Dyes, the ladies have an agent to work with, which develops immense possibilities, and produces results which are pleasing to the eye. The great variety of work in the various classes open for competition does not by any means take in all that can be accomplished by the celebrated Diamond Dyes. It is, however, in the well regulated, economical and happy home that Diamond Dyes are justly appreciated, and consequently to be indispensable helps and aids. As season succeeds season, the wise wife and mother thinks of the wearing apparel belonging to herself, husband and children, and realizes the important fact that it can be fitted for wear once more through the use of Diamond Dyes. The materials still good, but perhaps too light in color, and, it may be faded with wear and exposure to sun, can all be re-dyed in some fashionable dark color, or made a lovely shade of jet or blue-black. It just amounts to this, as a lady remarked, "for a trifling outlay you can have the summer wardrobe of man, woman or child transformed into new and stylish articles for autumn and winter wear."

Already scores of wives and mothers have sent in the necessary application form, intimating their intention of competing in the great "Diamond Dye Competition" scheme. They know exactly the particular line of work they can excel in, and feel that the proposed competition scheme embraces in its ample scope just such work as they can best accomplish.

Within the past three weeks ladies in the United States have written to us, asking if they will be allowed to compete. We wish it distinctly understood that this "Diamond Dye Competition" is open only to the ladies of Canada. However, we devoutly trust that our fair American cousins will, in due time, have a competition of the same kind presented to them.

A very special feature of this "Diamond Dye Competition" is the fact of its being open to all competitors. Notwithstanding the great cost of its inauguration, and employment of extra help for the proper conducting of the scheme, no fees are exacted from the ladies for the prizes as possible, and all goods sent in for exhibition remain the property of the makers, and are to be returned free of charge to them. It will thus be seen that every possible aid is extended to the ladies to enable them to take large cash prizes without incurring any expense.

The retail druggists of the Dominion, from ocean to ocean, highly commend the scheme, and predict an interesting and profitable time for the ladies. Hundreds of letters received from these druggists are full of assurances of kind support; and each druggist has determined to do what he can to encourage the wives, mothers and daughters of his town to take as many prizes as possible.

"All who are not already supplied with 'Competition Books,' explaining the scheme, should apply for them at once to the Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal; they will be sent post free to any address.

HE PUNCHED SAM SMALL.

A Sallow Keeper Resents a Personal Attack in a Prohibition Speech.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 16. The Rev. Sam Small was assaulted Thursday in a barber shop by Tom Minor, a saloon keeper. It was just about 1 o'clock when Mr. Small came in the shop. One of the barbers said, "Shave, sir" and Small said he would wait for a barber who was busy. He sat down in an unoccupied barber chair, and later, when being shaved, Minor walked in and took a seat and said he was also waiting for the same barber. When Small rose the barber turned to Minor and asked him if he wanted a shave. Minor said, "No