

FREDERICTON GLOBE.

The FREDERICTON GLOBE is published every Saturday from the office, Sharky Block, and mailed to any address in Canada or the United States for One Dollar per annum, in advance.

Advertisements such as: Wanted, Lost, Found, Houses to Rent, Etc., one dollar first insertion, 25 cents each subsequent insertion. Local Notices ten cents per line first insertion, 5 cents each subsequent insertion.

Births and Marriages fifty cents each insertion.

Contracts for yearly advertising furnished on application.

All communications business or otherwise to be addressed to FREDERICTON GLOBE.

Fredericton Globe

A. J. MACHUM, Publisher and Proprietor.

FREDERICTON, N. B., AUG 13, 1892.

THE ST. JOHN FERRY.

Of course anything contained in the GLOBE will not go a great distance among the people for whom we write this article specially, but one would suppose that our namesake in St. John and its contemporaries would be more alive than they appear, to a subject which is of far more importance to their readers than this everlasting expenditure of ink upon wharf improvements, grain elevators, harbour commissions and such like painful and unpalatable topics, viz: a bridge from one shore to the other at or near Navy Island. The cost of running the ferry, according to the papers is \$25,000 a year, out of which deduct the amount of tolls collected, about one half—so that the city is running into debt about \$12 or \$13,000 every year. The fare for crossing is one cent to a single passenger, and yet the West side people are not satisfied—noting but a free passage is their demand, according as they set up as part of the conditions for making certain concessions on the close amalgamation of the three towns. Now the question is can a bridge be built at the mouth of the river without interfering with navigation? Why not? If the upper end of the great city of New York can be crossed at a dozen places on the harbor side, by the use of draws which are constantly opening and closing on account of the great number of vessels passing through, surely a draw can be made at Navy Island to admit the few woodboats and other crafts passing up and down in a day? Now can an iron bridge be constructed there? Why not? To a layman the topographical features of the country in the vicinity on both sides of the water do not appear impracticable! Then, the cost. If we remember correctly the cost was set down by engineers at a quarter of a million—a large amount no doubt for a small city already largely involved and undertakings lately assumed in the wharf building. But the question if the loss to the city is \$12,000 a year for running the ferry, would it not be more profitable interest enough at 4 per cent. to warrant the building of a bridge to cost a quarter of a million upon which a railway would be placed for the running of which a large annual rent would be charged to the company using it which would yield handsomely, as it would have a monopoly of conveying a large population daily from either side. Of course the bridge would be free to foot passengers and for freight. Then the ferry boats could be leased at a nominal sum to any one of a speculative term and for the benefit of those who may still wish to cross in the old fashioned way. How is it that the press of St. John don't devote its energies in this direction? Nobody talks bridge and perhaps being on the spot people know about the necessity more than we do. But to us the whole thing is as plain as that two and two make four.

PROHIBITION.

During the past week the commission appointed by the Dominion Government to inquire into the opinion of the country on the question of prohibition, have been holding sittings in the city of St. John, and to-day begin their work here. What great benefit the country is to derive from this inquiry is not at all plain; indeed it seems to be more evident every day that the whole thing is a ridiculous expense placed upon the taxpayers of the country, at a time when the country is anything but in a position to pay for nonsense. To one who has read the evidence so far taken, needs no further information in order to see what a farce the whole business is. At each inquiry both the temperance and anti-temperance call witnesses who testify for the most part on matters of opinion and imagination, and when the examination is concluded the commissions have before them a conglomeration of evidence which the most patient man in the country wouldn't bother about reading. When the commission shall have finished their duties the government will have placed before them, what ought to be termed carloads upon carloads of a mixture of stuff from which no opinion whatever can be ascertained, and the country in a no better position as regards the opening of prohibition than it has ever been. However, if the commission is a burden upon the taxpayers, there are some who will derive great benefits from it. In the

first place the commissioners each drawing his ten dollars a day and expenses, must see a wonderful benefit to be derived from the appointment of such a commission while at the same time the government have been able to escape from a tight place, and then like Gen. E. Foster, that once great apostle of temperance, hope by shifting the question of prohibition from their own shoulders upon those of a commission, to escape public criticism and blame at the hands of the temperance people. The government however, will find that people are not so easily deceived, and that before many more sittings of this wonderful commission, there will be very few persons who will not see the farce of the whole business.

A DISCOVERY.

We read in an American paper, that a young French chemist and electrician, is credited with a discovery for which, the electrical world has been looking for some time to Edison. Sound being transmissible by telephone, he argued by strict analogy that light might be transmitted also. As a telephone consists of a transmitter, wire and receiver, there was reason to believe that these organs might be used for transmitting light vibrations as well as those of sound. For this purpose it would be necessary to prepare the transmitter and receiver chemically for receiving and giving out light instead of sound. This was accomplished by substituting photographic plates for the ordinary telephone plates. One of the plates was placed in front of the aperture through which the image was cast, this and image forwarded by wire and received on a plate at the other end. The first apparatus was very imperfect, but the principle, the chemist says has been established and the rest is only a matter of patient and careful experiment.

The old joke of photographing by telegraph bids fair to develop into a reality, and one of the importance of which can hardly be overestimated. If we can reproduce instantaneously and at an indefinite distance the accurate likeness of any object, what a field it opens to science and art, as well as the maintenance of the law and justice. An object of great value to science, for example is discovered, and it is desirable that the discovery be made known to the world as soon as possible. All that need be done is to accompany the description which is telegraphed the world over with a photograph transmitted in the same way or by telephone, and the world shares at once the knowledge of the discovery.

We suppose that a desperate criminal makes his escape, as happened in Montreal recently, within a few hours at most his telegraphic photograph would have been in the possession of the authorities of every city or county within a radius of a hundred miles and his escape have been rendered practically impossible. One cannot comprehend the uses to which telephotography may be put after it has attained perfection. We always find that a genuine discovery develops needs and wants, and that uses for it make their appearance of which we could not have dreamed. If this chemist can work out his discovery and get it into perfect running order, or if Edison can take up his idea and develop, the world will find so many uses for it that it will come to be deemed as indispensable as the telegraph or the telephone.

GLADSTONE'S GOVERNMENT.

Intimations are thrown out that the Irish party in the House of Commons will endeavor to force Gladstone to take up home rule and make it the issue at once. It is not at all unreasonable to suppose that this may be Gladstone's programme, but should he do so, it may be taken for granted he will have his cloth cut to suit the garment and that he will make himself perfectly safe by such a step. The Conservatives look for an early dissolution of parliament, owing, as they say, to the conflicting interests of the majority which lacks the cohesiveness so necessary when the margin of votes is a narrow one, but it is safe to predict that the new government will last fully as long as the one about to go out of existence.

Said a poet to an unfortunate speculator: 'Don't you think that the opening lines of Tennyson's little poem, "Break, break, break," are plaintive and sad?'

'Yes,' was the melancholy reply. 'But I think that "Broke, broke, broke," is a good deal sadder.'

JOB PRINTING

Neatly and Promptly done at the GLOBE office.

NOTES AND NOTIONS.

Running Comments on Passing Events.

Sundry Ebullitions in Prose and Rhyme.

How the Domestic, Social and Literary World is Wagging.

A Moral. He had travelled through Sahara, braved the dangers of the Nile; Defeated enraged Mussulmans and died on crocodile; Knew everything of politics, religion and the law; Could box and fence and scull a race, and please his mother-in-law— In short, had all accomplishments of men both great and wise, But he couldn't run a business, for he wouldn't advertise.

It is well known with what affection the late Cardinal Manning was regarded by the very poorest in his own community; and he was very proud of his body guard, as he called one or two rough laboring men who had constituted themselves his protectors after seeing him on various occasions struggling through a dense crowd on his way to his carriage after preaching. Latterly these self-appointed guardians of his person arrived of their own accord when he was fulfilling his public engagements, and, having performed their labor of love disappeared until the next time their services were required.

Mrs. Langtry is said to have the largest collection of fans in the world, representing almost every era. A special room has been designed for them by Oscar Wilde; walls and ceiling and rare cabinets being used to receive the dainty trifles.

David Christie Murray, the popular novelist; is the son of a West Bromwich printer and bookbinder. Some twenty years ago he joined the reporting staff of the "Birmingham Morning News," of which George Dawson was editor; and in that capacity he wrote a most graphic account of an execution at Worcester, and later a vivid description of the Pelsall Colliery inundation. He descended the flooded mine and viewed the dead bodies of the miners, and his realistic description of the scene created a great impression. Soon after, a popular novelist, engaged to write a serial story for the "Morning News," was prevented by illness from completing his work, and Mr. Murray was commissioned to write the remaining chapters, a most difficult task, which he performed with great skill.

Devil—It's ere's a saint on earth it is our religious editor. Devil—What makes you think so? Devil—He d'pped his paste brush in the ink yesterday, and all he said was, "Oh, Gosh!"

The Duke of York (Prince George of Wales) is the only member of the Royal Family who can dance a genuine sailor's hornpipe. The steps he learnt while a young cadet, and it is told how that often he and his brother, the late Duke of Clarence, would get in a cabin together, and whilst the latter whistled Prince George would step it out. An old man-of-war's man told the writer that for some years in tying the various sailor's knots with the rope, the Prince would want a lot of beating.

Economical men marry small wives if possible so that seven yards of stuff will make a dress.

Wife: 'I'm tired to death. Been having the baby's picture taken by the instantaneous process.'

Husband: 'How long did it take, then?'

Wife: 'About four hours.'

Madame Bernhardt's opinions respecting her fellow-players are interesting. Miss Mary Anderson she considers very beautiful and graceful, and—a good actress, but not great. Mrs. Langtry is beautiful, beautiful! "But Ellen Terry is the artist I love. Oh, she is a great artist, a grand actress—so graceful, so bewitching; and Mr. Irving is an artist too—more an artist, however, than actor." Madame Bernhardt thinks that there are very few really great artists in any country. Even in France, it would appear, possesses but four; while England and America can only be credited with a similar number.

Mrs. Langtry, Mrs. Kendall, and Miss Jane Langtry are generally supposed to have the three finest heads of hair amongst actresses. M. O'Rell (M. Paul Blouet) is now on a visit to Annapolis, with his wife and daughter. He is a native of Brittany, and was educated in Paris. Having passed through the Ecole Polytechnique he received his commission a few months before the commencement of the Franco-Prussian war, and fought at Saarbrück and Worth, being taken prisoner at Sedan. He was a German prisoner for five months, and being set free just in time to assist in re-capturing Paris from the Communists, he was severely wounded at a street barricade, and thus incapacitated for war. To this we owe his amusing books, for, adopting journalism as a profession, M. Blouet came to London as a correspondent of the Paris "Le Temps." He became French tutor at St. Paul's School, and married an English lady. The success of his books, the first of which was "John Bull et Son Dieu," soon enabled him to give up teaching and to turn his attention to the career of public lecturer; which he has found extremely lucrative.

A well-known colonial judge, who is an Irishman, recently told a witness, who was somewhat verbose in his answers, to hold his tongue and give his evidence clearly.

Ladies—young and fascinating—are employed in the New York churches to hand round the offertory boxes, it is said with good results.

Lady: 'Have you given the gold-fish fresh water?'

New Servant: 'No, ma'am; they have not finished the water I gave them the other day.'

A Book Bound in Human Skin.

Camille Flammarion, the great French astronomer, is the possessor of a book which is a great curiosity, as the binding is of human skin, and there is an interesting story attached to it. Many years ago a visitor called on him and left behind a parcel, which, on being opened, proved to be a prepared human skin. This was the article of a lady who had been a great admirer of M. Flammarion, and who, in her will, ordered that her skin was to be prepared and taken to him, with the request that he would have the first book he wrote after her death bound in it. The astronomer acceded to the request, and the book, in its binding, is still to be seen on his library table.

Mr. Robert Lou's Stevenson, the novelist, can command £20 per thousand words. Mr. J. M. Barrie recently received £33 for a short story of two thousand words. Dr. Conan Doyle commands long prices. A new series of "The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes" has just been arranged for the "Strand Magazine." The price paid will be £1,000 for the series of twelve stories.

Fellow Passenger: 'Pardon me; your necktie has been sticking out for some time. I refrained from telling you sooner because those young 'odies seemed so much amused.'

Farmer: 'Thankee; an' the oil from that lamp has been droppin' on that light overcoat o' yon's for the last ten minutes, but every one seemed so tickled that I hated to spoil the fun.'

ICE CREAM AND ICE CREAM SODA AT C. F. WILKES'

Our line of Confectionery comprises: Choice Mixtures, Chocolates, Creams.

Fruit! Fruit!! Fruit!!!

A complete assortment of Cigars in stock.

George F. Wilkes.

6TH HALF-YEARLY COMPETITION.

The Most Interesting Contest Ever Offered by the Canadian Agriculturist.

One Thousand Dollars in Cash, a pair of handsome Shetland Ponies, Carriage and Harness, and over two thousand other valuable prizes for the Agriculturist's brightest readers! Who will have them! According to the usual custom for some years past the publishers of THE AGRICULTURIST now offer their Sixth Half-Yearly Literary Competition. This grand competition will, no doubt, be the most significant and successful one ever presented to the people of the United States and Canada.

One Thousand Dollars in cash will be paid to the person sending in the largest list of English words constructed from letters in the words "The Canadian Agriculturist."

Five Hundred Dollars in cash will be given to the second largest list.

A Handsome Pair of Shetland Ponies, Carriage and Harness, will be given for the third largest list.

Over one thousand additional prizes awarded in order of merit: One Grand Piano; \$300 organ; \$400 piano; Dinner Sets; Ladies' Gold Watches; Silk Dress Patterns; Portiere Curains; Silver Tea Services; Tennyson's Poems, bound in cloth; Dickens' in 12 volumes, bound in cloth, etc.

As there are more than 1,000 prizes, any one who takes the trouble to prepare an ordinary good list will not fail to receive a valuable prize. This is the biggest thing in the competition list that we have ever placed before the public, and all who do not take part will miss an opportunity of a life time.

Rules.—1. A letter cannot be used oftener than it appears in the words "The Canadian Agriculturist." For instance the word "see" could not be used, as there is but one "e" in the three words. 2. Words having more than one meaning but spelled the same can be used but once. 3. Names of places and persons barred. 4. Errors will not invalidate a list—the wrong words will simply not be counted.

Each list must contain one dollar to pay for six months' subscription to "The Agriculturist." If two or more tie, the largest list which bears the earliest postmark will take the first prize, and the others will receive prizes in order of merit. United States money and stamps taken at par.

The object in offering these magnificent prizes is to introduce our popular magazine to new homes, in every part of the American continent.

Every competitor enclosing 30 cents in stamps extra, will receive free, by mail, post-paid, one of "The Canadian Agriculturist's" Elegant Souvenir Spoons of Canada.

Prizes awarded to persons residing in the United States will be shipped from our New York office free of duty. All money letters should be registered.

Our Former Competition.—We have given away \$25,000 in prizes during the last two years, and have thousands of letters from prize-winners in every state in the union and every part of Canada and Newfoundland. Lord Kilcourse A. D. C., to the Governor General of Canada, writes: "I shall recommend my friends to enter your competitions,"

M. M. Branden, Vancouver, B. C., "received \$1,000 in gold" and we hold his receipt for the same. A few of the prize winners: Miss J. Robinson, Toronto, \$1,500; J. J. Branden, Fenelon Falls, Ont., \$1,500; David Harrison, Syracuse, N. Y., \$535; H. Beavis, St. Louis, Mo., \$300; Jas. Bayne, West Duluth, Minn., \$500; Miss Georgina Robertson, Oak St., Brooklyn, \$1,000; Fred H. Hills, 359 State St., Bridgeport, Conn., and thousands of others.

Address all communications to THE AGRICULTURIST, Peterborough, Ontario.

JOHN H. FLEMING.

152 Union Street, Saint John, N. B.

THOUSANDS IN REWARDS

The Great Weekly Competition of the Ladies' Home Magazine.

Which word in this advertisement spells the same Backwards as Forward? This is a rare opportunity for every Ma'am and Miss, every Father and Son, to secure a splendid Prize.

WEEKLY PRIZES.—Every week throughout this great competition prizes will be distributed as follows: The first correct answer received (the postmark date on each letter to be taken as the date received) at the office of the LADIES' HOME MAGAZINE and (each every week during 1892) will get \$200; the second correct answer \$100; third \$50; fourth, a beautiful silver service; fifth, five ounce silver service; and the next 50 correct answers will get prizes ranging from \$25 down to \$2. Every correct answer, irrespective of whether a prize winner or not, will get a special prize, competitors residing in the southern states, as well as other distant points, have an equal chance with those nearer home, as the postmark will be their authority in every case.

RULES.—Each list of answers must be accompanied by \$1 to pay for six months subscription to one of the best HOME MAGAZINES in America.

NOTE.—We want half a million subscribers and to secure them we propose to give away in rewards one half our income. Therefore, in case one half the total receipts during any week exceed the cash value of the prizes, such excess will be added pro rata to the prizes. If the reverse, a pro rata discount will be made.

REFERENCES.—"THE LADIES HOME MAGAZINE" is well able to carry out its promises. "Peterborough (Canada) Times," "A splendid paper, and financially strong," "Hastings (Canada) Star." "Every prize winner will be sure to receive just what he is entitled to," "Norwood (Canada) Register. Address all letters to THE LADIES HOME MAGAZINE, Peterborough, Canada.

FURNITURE! Parlor Suits, Chamber Sets, Hall Stands, Extension Tables, Fancy Stands, etc., Just Received. Ask to see Our Adjustable Chair. Adams Bros.

SAVE Your Dollars

We are selling Boots and Shoes Cheaper than ever before offered in this city. You can judge for yourself by seeing our stock and prices.

N. HARRIS'S Cor. York & King Sts. Repairing Promptly Done.

W. H. Golden Manufacturer of

ICE CREAM AND CONFECTIONERY.

Now in Stock a Fine Line of Confectionery of every grade.

Choice Mixtures, Chocolates, National Creams, etc.

Our stock you will find complete in every line. Fruits, Peanuts, etc., at

W. H. GOLDEN'S, 198 Queen Street.

THE RIPANS TABLETS regulate the stomach, liver and bowels, purify the blood, and prevent... A reliable remedy for Biliousness, Bloating on the Face, Bright's Disease, Catarrh, Colic, Constipation, Chronic Diarrhoea, Chronic Liver Trouble, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Female Complaints, Indigestion, Irritable Bowels, Jaundice, Malaria, Measles, Nephritis, Puffiness of Face, Rheumatism, Stomachic Depression, Nervous Debility, etc. Price 25 cents per box, 50 cents per dozen, 1.00 per gross. Address THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, 110 E. 12th St., New York.

Grand Promenade Remnant Sale! AT EDGECOMBE'S.

Everybody Invited, Nobody Slighted. On the morning of Wednesday, August 10th at 10 o'clock a Banquet of Good Things will be laid on the Counters. Remnants from all Departments accumulating since Our Sale in January.

On the following Saturday in the Gents' department we will sell Underwear, Shirts, Scarfs, Braces, etc. WONDERFULLY LOW PRICES.

Fred. B. Edgecombe. June 16-92-17.

HATS & CAPS A COMPLETE LINE AT J. H. FLEMING'S, 222 Queen Street.

NEW GOODS ARRIVING DAILY AT Dever-Bros. NEW DRESS GOODS Cheviots, Bedford Cords, Henriettas, Cashmeres, Serges, Homespuns and Wool Fabrics in the Latest Colorings. DEVER BROS.

SEEDS! THE LARGEST STOCK AND BEST VARIETY IN THE CITY IS AT THE Drug-Store OF DAVIS, STAPLES & CO.

"IMPERIAL HALL." JUST RECEIVED!

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO A. Limerick. A Fine Line of English, Scotch, Irish and German Suitings, which will be made up at the lowest prices.

THOMAS STANGER, 280 QUEEN STREET.

MISS WILLIAMS, Milliner. Feathers, Flowers, Laces Trimmings, etc.

FOR SALE LOW. A. F. RANDOLPH & SONS. 228 QUEEN STREET.