

Frederickton Globe.

VOL. III

FREDERICTON, N. B. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1892.

No. 30.

Professional Card.

H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.,
Surgeon Dentist,
164 Queen St.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

BLACK, JORDAN & BLISS,
Barristers, Notaries, &c.
SOLICITORS BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.
260 QUEEN STREET.

JAS. T. SHARKEY,
Barrister & Attorney,
FREDERICTON, N. B.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

C. E. DUFFY,
Barrister-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.
OFFICES: West Side of Carleton St., Second
Door from Queen St.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.
Best English, American and
Canadian Companies.
APPLY AT OFFICE OF
JAS. T. SHARKEY.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

T. AMOS WILSON,
BOOKBINDER
—AND—
Paper Ruler.
Cor. Queen and Regent Sts.
Fredericton, N. B., Dec. 27.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y.
NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.
All Rail Line to Boston, &c. The
Short Line to Montreal, &c.
ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.
In Effect Oct. 3rd, 1892.

DEPARTURES.
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.
6.15 A.M. EXPRESS for St. John, St.
Stephen, St. Andrews, Houl-
ton, Woodstock and points
North; Bangor, Portland, Boston and points
South and West.
10.30 A.M. ACCOMMODATION for
Fredericton Jc., St. John and
points East MeAdams Junct.
2.55 P.M. ACCOMMODATION for
Fredericton Jc., St. John and
points East, also with Night
Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and
Saturdays excepted, with Short Line Express
for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, the West
North West and Pacific Coast.

ARRIVALS.
9 15 a m from St. John, etc.
1 15 a m from St. John, Bangor,
Montreal, etc.
7 10 p m from St. John, St. Stephen,
Portland, etc.
GIBSON.
DEPARTURE.
6.20 A.M. MIXED, for Woodstock,
Presque Isle, Edmundston,
and all points North.
ARRIVE.
4 50 p m from Woodstock and
points North.
All above Trains run Week days only.
C. E. McPHERSON, D. MONTGOMERY,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt. Gen. Pass. Agt.
St. John, N. B. Montreal.

THE PLACE TO BUY
Watches,
Clocks,
Jewelry,
Silver and Silver Plated
Ware
IS AT
A. F. MORRELL'S.
A Fine Assortment of
WEDDING RINGS
Always on Hand.
A. F. Morrell,
OPP. BRIDGE

New Advertisements.

SOMETHING FOR NOTHING!

Presents before Christmas.

Now by spending your Cash with us, you will be rewarded, by receiving handsome and useful presents, according to the amount of your purchases. Our plan is this: a card is issued to each customer desiring it, by which a record is kept, and when your cash purchases aggregate a specified sum, you will receive the present named for that amount. That is to say when you have purchased and paid cash for any of the sums given below, you will receive the present set opposite that sum.

\$ 5 00, A Handsome Napkin Ring, - - - - -	\$ 0 75.
10 00 Handsome Pickle Stand, - - - - -	1 00.
15 00, Handsome Picture, 21x28, 3 in. Gilt Frame, - - - - -	2 00.
20 00, Ruby Glass Water Set, 10 pieces, - - - - -	2 25.
30 00, Silver Plated 5 Lotted Castor, - - - - -	3 25.
40 00, Handsome Platform Rocker, - - - - -	4 00.
50 00, China Tea Set, 44 pieces, Gold Finish, - - - - -	5 00.
75 00, Polished Quoted Oak Centre Table, - - - - -	7 00.
100 00, Handsome Plush Easy Chair, - - - - -	10 00.
150 00, Handsome Antique Chamber Suite, 7 pieces, - - - - -	12 00.
200 00, Silver Tinting Ice Picture and Stand, - - - - -	20 00.
300 00 Silver Service, - - - - -	25 00.
400 00 Silver Service, - - - - -	45 00.

Please notice carefully there is no chance-work or deception about this offer. It is a genuine bid for your cash trade, which you will find it profitable to consider. Again, no inflated prices or false values given. All goods are marked as usual in plain figures and represent best value. We are willing to do more work for less money, and give our customers the benefit expecting to increase our business.

The presents will be gladly shown to you when receiving your card.

J. G. McNally.

150 QUEEN STREET ESTABLISHED, 1850, 150 QUEEN STREET
JAMES R. HOWIE,
PRACTICAL TAILOR,
Has a Splendid Stock of Impored and Native Cloths.

This Season and Cases are arriving daily. Counts and Shelves and Windows are filled with finer goods than ever. These are full lines of staple goods in Coats, Jackets, Diagonals, Worsteds, and Trousers of every style.

A SPECIAL NOVELTY

In Trousers is of French Make, and a splendidly finished Silk Mixture, soft and fine, and smooth as satin. It comes in beautiful designs, a fine selection of which can be seen on the counters. SPRING AND SUMMER OVERCOATINGS are of specially good value and style this year, and now is the time to have them made up. MY READY MADE CLOTHING is all it should be, and more, as my many friends are testifying daily. Come and see the makes and prices, they will astonish you.

BOYS CLOTHING
Is a model line with me this Spring. My Stock cannot be BEAT, (a fact which should be recommended to all School-boys.) But seriously, every suit is stylish, durable, and cheap. Sales in this department are very rapid. Gent's Underwear is better than ever. All styles in summer Neckwear are in my store, a really beautiful, choice and cheap Stock.

MY OLD STAND, 150 QUEEN STREET.
Fredericton, N. B., April 5.

AGRICULTURE

Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Cleanings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

Do not trust the picking and storing of the winter apples to those who have had no experience in such work. The crop may come to grief for lack of good judgment in handling.

A good schoolhouse helps the children, helps the teacher, helps the community, improves the value of property around it, raises the reputation of the people and does good in many ways.

Lots of good, dry stove wood makes good natured housewives. They will show their appreciation in well prepared meals and by having them always on time.

Farm, Stock and Home says: There should be more cotton sheets, shirts, jackets, jumpers, dresses, drawers, blankets, bags, hose and handkerchiefs in the world, and less cry about "over-production" of cotton.

It is said that molasses will remove the grass stains so often found on the summer clothing of children. Rub the molasses as if it were soap on the stained places, and then wash the garment in the ordinary way.

Manual labor is the inevitable lot of a large majority of our people; hence general and permanent national prosperity is assured only when those people are enabled to make a fair net profit on the products of their labor.

It is stated that the main railway station, within the World's Fair grounds, where all excursion trains will discharge their passengers, will be a handsome structure costing \$225,000, and will accommodate 22,000 persons at one time.

Water is the great solvent of plant food and medium of conveyance to the feeding roots of the plant. It also furnishes the fluid basis of the sap which circulates through the plant, carrying its nutrients to the parts where needed.

It is stated that by spraying the vines and trees with London purple, not only is the codling moth larva destroyed, but also the canker worm, span worm and three species of leaf rollers, a single spraying having its effect upon all of them.

It is a general impression among those not familiar with botanical gardening that the trunks of trees lengthen, but this is not the case, the trunk of a tree, being once formed, does not lengthen a fraction, no matter if it lives to a hundred years.

Sprouts growing up from the roots of trees take nourishment that should go to the trees. The sprouts are really weeds, and should not be allowed to grow even an inch. Unless kept down they not only injure the trees but render them unsightly.

Rev. Joseph Cook, in a recent speech at Tremont Temple, Boston, startled his audience by saying that "2,000 capitalists own more than all the other 65,000,000 of their population, and that 250,000 rich men control 75 per cent of the national wealth."

In the general scarcity of fruits this year we find now and then an orchardist who is reaping a rich harvest by having a good crop to sell at the prevailing high prices. Investigation usually shows also that his crop is not the result of luck, but of wise and careful cultivation.

The Dairy.

As some one remarks, it is a common practice among the farmers to carry back from the cheese factory whey in the cans that they had carried the milk in, and unless the farmer uses every effort to thoroughly clean his cans, the effects upon the milk will be equally noticed in the cheese product. Nights and morning's milk should not be mixed in the same cans, unless the morning's milk is thoroughly cooled by aeration before mixing with the night's milk. Consequently it would be necessary for those who do the milking to get up an hour earlier in the morning, which every farmer knows is no easy matter.

We are reminded every now and then about the musical milkman or milkmaid, who draws extra lactical fluid from the cows, if he does not draw tears from their eyes. One man is reported as saying the best milk he ever had was a very musical fellow. He used to sing, but he had a different tune for every cow. Now, we are told, if he should have changed his tune and sung Old Hundred to Yankee Doodle cow, you see the motion of his hands would have been slower, the milking would have been different, the cow would not have given so much milk, and it would not have been as good. And this is in accord with the most modern teaching! When will the time come that every dairyman will employ a band of music as well as a Babcock tester?

We must have healthy cows if we have wholesome milk. If the cow is diseased it affects the character of her milk and every mother who nurses her child knows that her health is reflected in the child. The important factor which should be studied by all dairymen is the health of the cow. If the cow is not free from disease, care of the utensils will not prevent the germs of disease from entering the body through the milk which we use. Eighty-seven per cent of the milk is water, which shows the necessity of providing an abundance for the cows, and it should always be pure and wholesome. Water from a stagnant pool, or a well which gets the seepage from decay and filth, may have lurking within it a position that, conveyed to the milk, finds its victim in the human family. It is through this source that typhoid fever has been known to have its origin.

The Sheep Fold.

On many a farm where money is scarce, more stock could be kept, and why should it, more sheep? If the owner is too busy, let him start his son and daughter or both together with a high-bred nucleus of a flock. It may be the means of turning their attention to the brighter probabilities of farming and keeping them on the farm. I say girls as well as boys, for the care of sheep is admirably adapted to women and girls—much more so than the feeding and management of poultry. The work is not more heavy, it requires more activity, like pasture walks in the sunshine and air, and contact with sheep is in itself healthful. The sympathy and tenderness natural to the feminine heart are precisely what tend to the prosperity of sheep, and especially of young lambs. The shearing and stable clearing, necessary but twice a year, are jobs which can easily be done by hired help. There is no reason why the care of sheep should not prove a highly remunerative and pleasant field for the enterprise of ambitious young women of the period who see the ranks of workers in the trades and professions full and underpaid, and yet desire to be independent. Try it girls; try it boys. Learn how to make sheep trouble the capital invested in one year.

As to the profit in sheep, a correspondent of the Rural New Yorker says: Money at compound interest will double itself much more quickly than at simple interest. A note drawing interest semi-annually, quarterly or monthly is more productive than one on which interest is paid annually, because the interest itself can be deposited to the holder's credit and begin to bear interest itself. The same rule applies to a flock of sheep. Ewes that give a lamb or two every year or twice per year, and give a heavy stable fleece are annually paying three dividends that help a farmer up the financial scale amazingly, to say nothing of the mechanical and manual advantage sheep are to any farm. It is surprising that kind of stock and less in the savings banks at 3 1/2 to 5 per cent. Compound interest at eight per cent is not to be compared to good sheep well cared for. The great interest in fowls which has been awakened in the past years is due to the profits that are possible from a few birds properly managed. But the profits are meager and the possibilities limited because it is impracticable to herd large numbers of fowls together and have them do well. In separate houses the neatness and multiplicity of detail make it impossible to care for many without hired help and this usually destroys the chances of success, because of the expense and the failure of hired hands to take up an owner's interest in them. With sheep the case is totally different and there is no reason why one man with proper facilities should not be able to care fully for at least 500 of these interesting, interest-bearing and woolly-backed coupons.

Winter Evenings.

There are two very strong phases in the farmer's life—the summer and the winter, linked together by the two intermediate periods of spring and autumn, both of quite uncertain length. But seed-time and harvest come to date. The active outdoor season is followed by a comparatively inactive indoor season, which permits of considerable leisure and social intercourse—especially during the long evenings. Beside from the common farm duties, how can this season of comparative leisure and social enjoyment be most profitable and satisfactorily spent? This is a subject worthy of a little forethought. Shall it be mostly spent in the family circle, or shall it be devoted to a series of neighborhood meetings and entertainments? In either case, how can the time be most profitably spent? Mere entertainment ends in no special advancement in knowledge, though there may be a goodly development of social and neighborly feeling, almost as valuable as the acquisition of useful knowledge; but if amusement and social entertainment can be combined with the acquisition of knowledge and intellectual advancement, there is a double gain that will prove of great value in coming years. It is not necessary that the gatherings should be large, but that they should be frequent and active. There are many ways of spending the time. In the family circle, may be readings, recitations, compositions on selected or current topics, games etc., all of which should have improvement as well as entertainment for their object. The same are available for small neighborhood gatherings. For larger meetings, at the district school-house or village church, the delivery of speeches, reading of papers, discussions of topics of interest, and various things which may suggest themselves, are available as exercises. If musical talent is possessed, this source of entertainment should not be neglected in any case. Thus, by a little reflection and arranging of forces, country people need not suffer much, in comparison with the city, for any of the best elements of social and intellectual development.

Walking Catechism.—Now, tell me children, if there were ten little birds on a tree, and a naughty boy should fire at them with a gun and kill five, how many would there be left? Ah, you hesitate. There would be five, wouldn't there.

Chorus—No, sir, there wouldn't be any; the other five would fly away.

Wife—Oh, George, the water pipe is leaking and the water is spoiling the new hall carpet. Go and get a plumber quick.

Husband—That's all right, my dear, let it go, it's cheaper to get a new carpet.

The play last night wasn't realistic enough for me.

What was the trouble.

You know that chap that was killed in the third act?

Yes.

Well, I saw him on the street this morning!

The man who believes most sincerely in the efficacy of prayer is the man who never prays for what he has never worked for.

PARAGRAPHS

On All Subjects of Current Note at Home and Abroad.

ANECDOTES, HAPPENINGS AND GENERAL COMMENTS

Clipped and Condensed for the Readers of The Globe.

Then Outspoke a Bachelor.

They were very pretty and there was apparently about five or six years' difference in their ages. As the train pulled up at Kassy, the younger girl blushed, flattened her nose nervously against the window, and drew back in joyous smiles as a young man came dashing into the car, shook hands tenderly and cordially, insisted on carrying her valise, magazine, paper bundle, and would probably have carried her had she let him.

The passengers smiled as she left, and the murrain went rippling through the coach. "They're engaged."

The other girl sat looking nervously out of the window, and once or twice gathered her parcels together, as though she would leave the car, yet seemed to be expecting some one.

At last he came. He bulged into the door like a house on fire, looked along the seats until his manly gaze fell upon the upturned, expectant face, roared: "Come on; I've been waiting for you on the platform for fifteen minutes," grabbed her basket and strode out of the car, while she followed with a little valise, a handbag, a paper bag full of lunch, a bird cage, a glass jar of jelly preserves and an extra shawl.

And a crusty-looking old bachelor in the further end of the car croaked out, in unison with the indignant looks of the passengers. "They're married."

TERRIBLE DISASTER

MAINE PULP MILL DIGESTER EXPLODES, FATALITIES REPORTED.

A digester in the pulp mill at Orono blew up this morning. The building was completely shattered and ten bodies buried in the ruins.

The digester in the pulp mill at Orono, burst without any apparent cause, the other they having been inspected two weeks ago. The list of killed include Richard Zein, a German, and William Edly of Orono who died soon after being taken out of the ruins. Those severely hurt are: Walter Smith, Austin F. Whittemore, William Buchanan, injured, Willard Crosby. Farrel J. Clark was in the office at the time writing and had a very narrow escape. The mill, which changed ownership Oct. 1, is known as the Bangor Pulp and Paper Co. The stock is owned in Springfield, Mass. The digester room is 83 by 90 feet, the steam engine room 48 by 31 feet, and the wet machine room, 131 by 50, are all one mass of debris. One of the mammoth digesters was thrown over 300 feet high. Huge iron beams, timbers, bricks, etc., were thrown many feet from the building. Physicists were summoned from Bangor and Orono. Water was at once turned on to the furnace and there was no fire. The hook and ladder truck was summoned to the scene to help overhaul the ruin and bring out the dead and dying. The new paper mill which began work last Thursday, and joins the pulp mill one side, was taken out and one machine damaged. The digesters were valued at \$20,000, and were insured against accident. The total loss will be over \$300,000. There were 155 men employed in and about the building.

JINGLES OF HONOR.

A Little Nonsense Gathered for Leisure Reading.

"Now that you have consented," said the happy young man, "I must see your papa." "No," replied the radiant girl; "you mention it to mamma. What she says goes."

City Dame (looking for country board)—Do you object to children?

Mrs. Hayseed—That depends mum.

City Dame—Depends on the sort of children they are, I suppose.

Mrs. Hayseed—No'm. Depends on the sort of mothers they has.

Mr. Jammi—Can't you play something besides plunkety plunk?

Mrs. Jammi—Yes, I can play "Annie Rooney" and "Comrades."

Mr. Jammi—Keep on with plunkety plunk.

Hollis Holworthy (Harvard '91)—Have I a rival?

Bella Sands—I think you have. George Betts is very attentive to her.

Hollis Holworthy—Is Betts a Yale man? Bella Sands—No; Columbia.

Holworthy—Then he is no rival. We never admit of rivalry except with Yale men.

SENSATION EXPLODED

DETECTIVE STORY ON BORDEN CASE PICKED TO PIECES.

Declared a Tissue of Falsehoods

Interviews Which Clear Lizzie's Name From A Base Scandal.

The Boston Post the other morning characterizes the article in the Boston Globe concerning the new developments in the Borden case as a "colossal fake." It says that when the facts of the case are made public, there will be the biggest kind of a laugh on the Globe and its reporter. The following is a special to The Post from Fall River:

The defence is perfectly calm in the face of the startling story published in a Boston paper in relation to the Borden murder mystery; calm with regard to its bearing upon the guilt of their client, but very indignant when discussing the motive for its publication, and searching for grains of truth through the fourteen columns of alleged affidavits.

The story with its terrible array of minute details carried conviction with it. After a full day's winnowing of these affidavits, it is looked upon as the most remarkable fabrication that was ever built for a newspaper.

THERE IS ONLY ONE THEORY

under which it may yet appeal for credence, and that is that the very details which gave it weight, the names and residences of the witnesses, are all fictitious, all save Mr. and Mrs. McHenry.

It is well authenticated that the story was given out by Detective McHenry. There are those who say, and are also ready to make affidavits, that this story was offered to the Boston Herald some weeks ago for the sum of just \$150 by McHenry, and the offer was not accepted. It was again offered to the Fall River Globe, but the price was too high.

The argument offered everywhere against it being a fake out of the whole cloth is that it is beyond credence that such a story could be coined, and especially that it could be given publicity by a newspaper of to-day unless it was at least based on truth. Certain it is, however, that no one of the really important witnesses can be found, and the others deny or refuse to affirm it. Many whose residences were given here can be found to have no existence in Fall River.

More than that, of the facts and circumstances cited, nearly all can be

CLEARLY SHOWN TO BE FALSE.

In the first place, Emma Borden says she does not know any such people as the Chacees, who were such close friends of the family that they were admitted by the back door, and standing in the stairs overheard old man Borden charge his daughter with her shame and the daughter's reply. She does not know such a person as George Sisson, who was so close a friend that he attended the funeral and heard Lizzie Borden ask Bridget why she did not name her price for silence.

Furthermore she says Lizzie is not sick; is not in a condition to bring shame upon herself and her parents. The proofs of this, she says, were found in the cellar by the officers themselves during their search, and she has further proofs secured since Lizzie has been confined in the Taunton jail.

Dr. Bowen, the family physician, who was a witness for the defence, and Dr. Dolan, the medical examiner, who was a witness for the prosecution, both corroborated this statement that Lizzie Borden

IS NOT IN THE DELICATE HEALTH

that it is alleged offered the motive of the terrible crime. This would seem to answer the very core of the whole matter.

Fictitious names and residences, say some, may have been given by the authors of this story or stories for the purpose of making them inaccessible to the defence, in order that they may not exert their influence upon them to the outweighing of justice. In such case it seems strange that any names or residences should be given at all, for certainly the fact that they are specified so directly as a part of a calm statement of fact, and that upon investigation none of the really important ones can be found, casts a cloud upon the whole. The facts stated also need considerable engineering to twist them into a semblance of consistency.

A THOROUGHLY ANGRY MAN

was Mr. Jennings last night. He awoke yesterday morning and was astounded at the flood of accusation involving the personal honor of his client. He began to investigate. He spent as much of the day as he could spare in this research, and last evening he issued an authoritative bulletin over his signature, branding the story in the Boston Globe as false, and an infamous attempt to prejudice the public mind against Miss Borden, and bolster up the government theory of her guilt.

OTHER NEWSPAPERS SPEAK.

The Herald says that the Borden sensation is riddled with holes and is shown to be based on falsehoods. Label suits are threatened by John V. Morse. Public sympathy has been aroused for the accused and the story is considered an act of persecution.

The Journal denounced the story as a fake, pure and simple.

The Globe admits that Detective McHenry furnished the story, and that it has been proven wrong in many particulars, especially as to Lizzie's alleged physical condition. It declares, however, that the weight of evidence favors the main facts as true.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER