

**GLOBE FREDERICTON.**

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OFFICE, SHARKEY'S BLOCK, QUEEN ST.

**Fredericton Globe.**

J. MACHUN, Publisher and Proprietor  
FREDERICTON, N. B. AUG. 26, 1893

**MR. PITTS' FALSEHOODS.**

Mr. H. H. Pitts, publisher, proprietor and editor of the New Brunswick Reporter, M. P. P. for the County of York, County Master of the Orangemen, and official political court jester to his majesty the king of the Neckawick, will, we feel sure, forgive us if we venture to allude in the way of fair criticizing only to some of the luminous falsehoods which have decorated the front page of that most brilliant of modern literary and journalistic failures, the New Brunswick Reporter, during the last two weeks of its publication. He will also pardon us if we do not attempt to analyze and expose all of those falsehoods such a task we do not care about. But in the interests of the general public we think that one or two little prevarications ought to be set right; for instance, in the issue of that paper, dated August 16th, 1893, in the course of an extremely diverting editorial intitled, "Legislation under Mr. Blair," the writer takes occasion to make the bold assertion that such legislation tends to "establish monopoly," supporting this assertion by the statement that the crown lands of the province would, in a few days, be sold for a quarter of a century, at a fixed rate of stimpage. The allusion is, of course, to the sale of the expiring timber licenses on the crown lands of the province, which will commence on the 29th instant at the Crown Land Office. Now, if this statement were truth, or any where near the truth, we would not have a word to say. We would, in that case, agree with the Reporter in denouncing such monopoly-creating legislation. But the statement happens to be false in a very essential particular, namely in regard to the regulating of the stimpage dues. It is true that the licenses which the government contemplate issuing on the 29th instant are to be renewable every year for a term of twenty-five years to the original licensees, if they require it. This provision the government (very wisely in our opinion) adopted, for the purpose of encouraging responsible parties to invest in crown land lumber, by guaranteeing them a reasonably long period of possession, at the same time guarding against the possibility of lands being licensed solely for purposes of speculation, by establishing a provision requiring licensees to cut a certain quantity of lumber per square mile for every year of their holding. But the government do not purpose binding themselves to renew the licenses every year at the same rate of stimpage. Such a provision would be absolute monopoly, and here is where the incomparable, ignoramus of the Reporter's editorial department has made his grand mistake. If he desires to know the full enormity of the falsehood he has told, let him beg, borrow or steal a copy of the "Crown Land timber regulations relating to licenses to cut all classes of timber," and direct his attention to section 16, which says that all timber licenses shall be subject to the right of the Lieutenant Governor in Council to increase the mileage on licenses and the stimpage on any class of lumber, by giving the required notice to the licensees. We believe a perusal of this section will convince the aforesaid ignoramus that he has, either ignorantly or maliciously, told a lie, and that his assertion about the crown land legislation creating a monopoly, being based upon that lie, must consequently fall to the ground. The present rate of stimpage upon spruce, pine and hardwood logs is \$1.00 per thousand superficial feet (not "per long thousand" as the Reporter puts it). The licenses which are about to be issued will require only that rate for the first year. But if at any time during that year the Governor in Canada wishes to increase the rate, all he has to do is to publish a notice to that effect in the Royal Gazette, and the

increased rate will take effect at the end of the year. Does not the reporter man, and do not his readers, see what a falsehood he has told? But that is not the only one. The issue of the Reporter for the present week contained a little leader about the Farmer and the Herald and Rev A F Thompson, in which the two newspapers cited are condemned for their alleged dreadful distortion of the facts, and Rev Mr. Thompson's sermon in the Kirk extolled as the paragon of judicious moderation in matters of religion. The article also says that all who heard Mr. Thompson's sermon were exceedingly well pleased with the discourse and the apt manner in which he dealt with his subjects, and they repudiate entirely the remarks of the Herald and Farmer scribes. This another falsehood, but, unlike its predecessor, it cannot be pardoned on the ground of the assumed ignorance of the man who wrote it. Mr. Pitts was present and himself heard Mr. Thompson's sermon. He knows it was not moderate in tone, but was piously bigotted, narrow-minded, immoderate and unchristian. He knows further, that all who were present did not appreciate the discourse, nor would the majority of them endorse it in any public place. On the other hand he knows full well that they revolted from it and even in the church could hardly conceal their disgust. They are to this day ashamed that such opinions were openly and publicly proclaimed from their pulpit—a pulpit which has always boasted of its intelligence, refinement, broad liberality and charity towards contemporaries' christians, of whatever sect. The Reporter's incomparable falsifier is again in the wrong.

We have thus detected the editorial manager of that paper in two falsehoods, and what guarantee has the public, that he will not commit similar falsehoods in the future?

**STATISTICS ABOUT CANADIAN WOMEN.**

Through the agency of the London Ont., Advertiser Mr. George Johnston Dominion statistician has been induced to furnish some interesting information, drawn from the recent census of 1891 regarding the increase during the past decade in the number of women entering industrial callings. Owing to the defects in the census of 1881 the comparisons drawn must necessarily be to some extent imperfect, but as far as there is any contrast at all, it shows a decided increase in the number of industrial females over 1888. The census takers of that year did not prepare any statistics showing the number of females as distinct from males except in four callings namely farmers, mechanics and nurses, servants and teachers. The number of females engaged in these callings in that year was 69,198. In 1891 the number was 105,898, an increase of over 50 per cent. Outside of these four callings, the census of 1891 shows that 89,992 women were engaged in other methods of earning livelihoods, which number Mr. Johnston conjectures to be 60 per cent more than in 1881.

The suprising part of the subject, he says, is the great variety of occupations in which we find the women of Canada engaged; and by way of evidence, he adds the following appalling list:

Beekeeping and gardening stockraising, laundrying, baking, basket-making, bookbinding, boxmaking, button-making compositors, confectioners, corset-makers, fish curers, glove makers, factory hands, Government officials, music teachers, college professors, theatre managers, clerks and copyists, agents, traders of all kinds, wholesale and retail saleswomen, stenographers and typewriters and telegraph operators.

But there are further statistics available upon this subject showing that the same force which is attracting woman into the industrial arena is drawing her away from the altar, the cradle and the home.

Mr. Johnston says:—In each group of 1000 males from 15 to 24 years old, the married were in 1881 65.8 and in 1891 62.7. In each group of 1,000 females from 15 to 25 years old, the married were in 1881 189, and in 1891 181.2.

In the next group, those from 25 to 44 in every 1000 males, there were 667 married in 1881, and 662 in 1891. And in each group of 1000 females, 739 were married in 1881 and 730 in 1891.

These statistics are worthy of the gravest consideration, for they show that modern life in Canada, while fitting woman more and more for the work of earning her own living, is practically undermining the foundations of the home.

**TRADE RECORD FOR JULY.**

July was the first month in the Canadian Fiscal year, 1893-4, and the trade record for that month shows a total volume of trade amounting to \$23,376,234, as against \$22,257,552 last July, being an increase of \$1,118,682.

The exports were as follows:

Produce of the mine.....	\$ 484,011
Produce of the fisheries.....	1,349,324
Produce of the forest.....	3,674,521
Animals and their products.....	4,258,862
Agricultural products.....	2,261,620
Manufactures.....	592,489
Miscellaneous articles.....	29,084
Bullion.....	23,500
Coin.....	7,306
Total.....	\$12,681,597

Goods entered for consumption were as follows:

Dutiable.....	\$5,672,867
Coin and Bullion.....	116,293
Free goods.....	4,903,477
Total.....	\$10,692,637

Duty collected \$1,702,069. The value of goods entered shows an increase of \$1,147,435, but the duty has only increased \$10,273. This proves that the largest portion of the increased importation was for goods either on the free list or paying low duties. In other words it proves that the people of Canada are increasing their importation of goods paying low rates of duty or coming in free, and are buying just as little as possible of high dutiable goods, and it also proves that if there were low rates of duties on all goods, or if there were no duties at all, the volume of importation would increase by leaps and bounds.

The Provincial Exhibition to be held here Sept. 19th, 20th and 21st promises to be the largest held here for many years. A large list of exhibits coming from all sections of the country, have been received by Mr. A. S. Murray, sec'y of the exhibition committee. There will be a number of special attractions announced shortly.

**AT THE PARK.**

Some Interesting Items Relating to Our Local Horses.

The Fredericton Races are advertised for Sept. 20th and 21st, and as the directors have made classes to accommodate nearly all the Maritime horses, a good list of entries are expected.

The Fredericton contingent at the late St. John races captured a piece of the money in every race and showed to good advantage.

Helena B. 2.41½ will likely start at St. Stephen Sept. 5th in that class and at Calais in the 38 class.

Harry M., driven by Stockford, reeled off a ¾ in 1.15½ Thursday, the first time he has been started in two years. He will likely be fitted up for the 35 class here.

Sandy Steward will probably start "Don Pullen" and "De Arcy" at St. Stephen and Calais.

Hattasa Wilkes won her race hands down in St. John, not being compelled to go better than 3.03.

Helena B. is the gamest little mare out this season. In the 40 class in St. John when Gordon Sym went the half 1.12 Helena was only a length behind, but Dave, knowing that he could not win, took her back and laid in second place to the finish.

Annie Sprague fought out a good game race in the 3 year-old class and got second money which was more than any one expected of her.

Don Pullen unfortunately went lame and could not start in the 30 class, but if he rounds to, Arc Light and Helena will have to go to down him at St. Stephen.

Nellie G. who could trot in 30 handily and the only Kearsage worthy of mention, from a speedy standpoint, has been virtually taken out of training owing to false statements made by some sore heads to her owner, and will not likely be seen on the tracks this season.

A Staples has purchased a bar of aluminum and is going to fit Sporter out with a set of shoes made from it. This fast stallion puts up miles every time. "Lon" starts him in 35 and 36, and when hung out will call the turn off at 2.25 sure.

**SPORTING NEWS.**

**Local Sporting Notes.**

Three thousand persons paid their money to see Nelson trot at Moosepath.

The sulky Nelson is driven to weighs only 41 pounds.

Speculation, owned by Mr. Carvell, St. John, goes to Bangor next week to take part in the races.

The electric light sports at St. John Wednesday night were not a success.

W. S. Malby, the world renowned bicycle list, will give an exhibition of feats on the safety and high bicycles on Wednesday and Thursday of next week at St. John.

Conway, 2.18½ met with a peculiar, accident which will lay him up for some time. He was being worked on the track at Buffalo by Scott Quinton, when a telephone wire dropped in front of him and circled round a front ankle, throwing him violently on his head.

**New Dental Rooms.**

Drs. Godsoe and Barbour of St. John, have opened new dental rooms in the Wiley building opposite the Normal School. The rooms have been elegantly fitted up in the most modern style, and present a very handsome appearance. Dr. Godsoe has had 15 years' experience in New York, Boston and St. John, while D. Barbour is a prize graduate of the Boston Dental college and registered by Mass. State Board of Dental Examiners. —See Adv.



No. 1.—Hygeian Waists suitable for boys or girls 4 to 6 years, adjustable shoulder straps, stitched edge button holes, tape fastened buttons, and can thus be laundered without injury to the garment  
No. 2.—Hygeian Waists for Misses from 7 to 12 years. For school children they have no equal, being highly endorsed by the best medical authorities throughout the Dominion.  
No. 3.—Hygeian Waists for Misses from 12 to 17 years. To Misses and young ladies who practice calisthenics and thus acquire that elasticity of step, erectness of figure and gracefulness of deportment, they are indispensable.  
No. 4.—Hygeian Waists, especially suitable for ladies who desire an easy fitting and more flexible garment than the ordinary corsets.

We have the above makes now in stock—all sizes.

**FRED B. EDGECOMBE.**

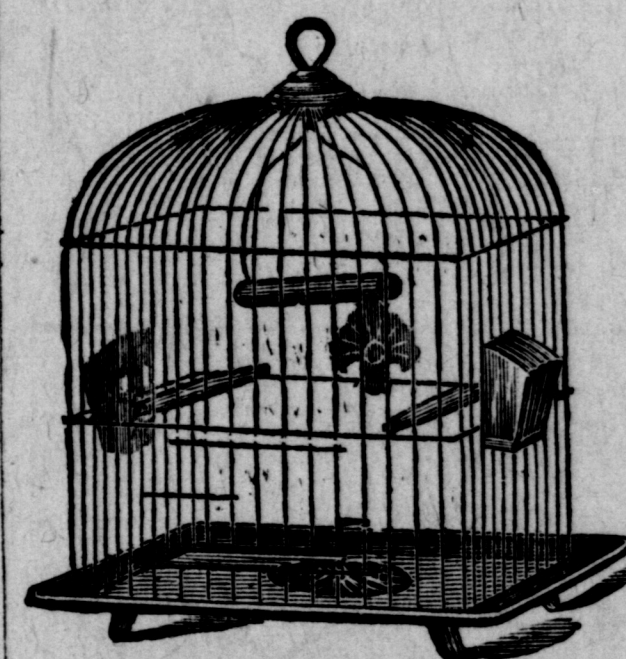
**Administrators' Sale!**

**AUGUST 19, '93.**

THERE will be sold at Public Auction at the late residence of James Shields deceased, at the Parish of Mangerville in the County of Sunbury, on **Saturday the seventh day of October** next at the hour of **three o'clock** in the afternoon by the directions of the undersigned as Administratrix and Administrator **Cum Testamento Annexo** of the Last Will and Testament of the said James Shields deceased, in pursuance of the powers vested in the said Administrators by a certain Decretal Order of the Supreme Court in Equity made in the matter of the Estate of the said James Shields deceased, on the twenty second day of June, A. D. 1893, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said Decretal Order as follows: "The said Real Estate being situate in the Parish of Mangerville in the County of Sunbury and bounded as follows, on the upper or North-westerly side by lands owned or occupied by John J. Ladds and formerly conveyed by Charles Brown and wife to Frederick Ladds, on the rear or North-easterly side by the base line of the Manger-ville lots on the lower or South-easterly side by and owned by George A. and Alfred A. Treadwell and on the front or South-westerly side by the Saint John River," together with the interest of the said James Shields deceased in all buildings and outhouses thereon standing and being.

For terms of Sale and other particulars apply to C. E. Duffy, Barrister, Fredericton, N. B.

Dated at Mangerville July 24th, A. D., 1893  
ISABELLA SHIELDS, Administratrix  
GEO. A. TREADWELL Administrator  
of the Estate of James Shields deceased with the last will of the said James Shields deceased annexed. July 29—2 m.



**BIRD CAGES,**

—ALSO—  
Egg Beaters, Flour Sifters,  
Bread and Cake Boxes,  
Lanterns, etc.

**LEMONT'S**

**SILVERWARE**

- Tea Spoons. Warranted.
- Table Spoons. Warranted.
- Desert Spoons. Warranted.
- Cake Baskets. Warranted.
- Sett Castors. Warranted.
- Pickle Stands. Warranted.
- All the Usual Silver Goods Warranted.
- Knives & Forks.
- Carvers & Forks.

**"GLOBE" :-**

Job Print Department,  
Turns out the BEST work

**AUGUST 26.**

**John J. Weddall,**

—JUST OPENED—

One Case **BLACK BRILLIANTEENS,**  
30 to 75 Cents.

**EXTRA VALUE**

SEPT. FASHION SHEETS TO HAND.

**JOHN J. WEDDALL,**