

FREDERICTON GLOBE.

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OFFICE, SHARKEY'S BLOCK, QUEEN ST.

Frederickton Globe

A. J. MACHUN, Publisher and Proprietor

FREDERICTON, N. B. AUG. 5, 1893

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The citizens of Frederickton and inhabitants of the county in general will hear with pleasure the decision of the exhibition committee of the Agricultural Society, No. 34, to hold their third annual provincial agricultural exhibition on the 19th, 20th and 21st of September next, at the grounds near the Frederickton Park. The holding of these exhibitions is a matter of some considerable importance to Frederickton. The two preceding shows held in October, 1891, and Oct. last, resulted very successfully, and attracted to Frederickton a very large number of farmers, horsemen and business men from all parts of the province, whose presence in the city put money in the pockets of hotel keepers, merchants and tradesmen. Besides the financial aid which such events render, they undoubtedly serve as a very desirable advertisement of the city's attractions, and advertisement is what this city needs. Frederickton has always been looked upon by outsiders unacquainted with the city, as a typical government and educational town, possessing an attractive and dignified repose, interesting to the tourist and slight seer alone, but not in any way suggestive to the business man and the investor. Now we submit that this idea is an erroneous one. It is true that Frederickton, as the capital of the province and the seat of the Legislative Assembly, the Supreme Court, the Provincial University, the Government House, and the departmental offices of the province, must necessarily be predominated by their combined and refining influences. But the fact does not necessarily create a condition of commercial stagnation; and as a matter of fact the business interests of the city rest upon a sure and stable foundation. There is a healthy absence of all kinds of wild cat business. The financial credit of our merchants is unquestionably good. There are few failures! There is comparatively little poverty here. The business reputation of the city as a whole is that of a safe, solid, cautious, but progressive commercial community. What, then, do we need the most? The answer is easy. We want to have the city well known and advertised; not only throughout the province, but also in Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Quebec, and the neighboring New England States. We want the intelligent people of these places to understand that here in the centre of the province we possess a commanding situation; that we have splendid communication by rail and water in every direction; that we are distant almost equally from the finest agricultural sections of the province; that York county is a superior farming county; and that Frederickton, from its position as capital and chief governmental and educational centre of the province, and above all from the natural beauty, convenience and adaptability of its geographical situation, is by all odds the very best place in the province for exhibiting the products and resources of New Brunswick, and presents an excellent opportunity for the safe investment of cattle or for the inauguration of new and profitable industries. In other words we want to take the best means by which to attract men and money to our city. That we have all the advantages above enumerated no one will for a moment doubt, but the important point is to make others believe it, and there is no way in which this can be done so well and so satisfactorily as by encouraging and inducing large numbers of strangers to visit our city on the occasion of one of our big annual exhibitions. If we can only accomplish that much, our future is assured. It is to be hoped, then, that not only the executive committee, of whose zeal is no doubt; but individual citizens as well, who are too apt to be indifferent about matters of

public concern, should strive earnestly, intelligently and patriotically for the success of the provincial exhibition, in which is bound up the welfare and future prosperity of the city.

SIAM AND FRANCE.

The war which was imminent last week between Siam and France has been averted by the good sense and good policy of the Siamese government, who have wisely chosen discretion as the better part of valor, and submitted to the demands of France. As far as these two kingdoms alone are concerned, it made comparatively little difference whether war was declared or not. The struggle between them would only have meant speedy defeat for the smaller and weaker monarchy, without much bloodshed. But the peaceful termination of the dispute this week is important for other reasons. As stated last week, in our editorial column, there was a very grave probability of England and China on the one hand and Russia and Germany on the other, taking active parts in the squabble, if war was declared, throwing the whole of Europe and the larger part of Asia into the turmoil and horrors of war. By a happy decision this contingency has been rendered improbable and the whole world will rejoice. France demanded an indemnity of 3000,000 francs for the murder of one of her subjects, and also the cession of territory to the extent of 95,000 square miles, part of which, lying between the 18th and 23rd parallels of latitude, Siam at first refused to part with, though she agreed to pay the cash indemnity. However France was permitted by England to adopt rather extreme measures, with the result that Siam has conceded to her all the disputed territory. It now appears, however, that China claims territory on both sides of the Mekong River, south of the 23rd parallel, so that before declaring her sovereignty, France will have to reckon with China. Thus it will be understood that France, to all intents and purposes successful in obtaining her demands has not reaped any great benefit. It is thought on the contrary that she has made a deal with the other government; interested, to enable her to preserve her national dignity and honor intact.

LIBERAL AWAKENING.

A Liberal rally is to be held in the town of Moncton in the fourth week in August, followed by similar meetings in Fredericton and St. John. Hon. L. H. Davies leader of the liberal party in the Maritime Provinces, Hon. N. S. Frelong, premier of Nova Scotia, Hon. A. G. Blair and other prominent and able liberals will be present and deliver addresses. It is expected that these rallies will be large and enthusiastic, all the more so because a plan of efficient organization for the coming election is to be elaborated. A spirit of enterprize has been diffused among the Maritime liberals as a result of the great convention at Ottawa, and it is the intention to adopt the most active measures to further the cause of trade, freedom, and honest government in the provinces by the sea. It is understood that efficient and able organizers are to be appointed at some of the coming meetings, who will spend the time intervening before the next election in thoroughly canvassing New Brunswick, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island, organizing branch liberal associations in all the towns and centres of population stirring up an active interest and stimulating public discussion regarding tariff reform; providing direct and tangible connection and communication between the subordinate branches and the central executive, and otherwise laying down mapping out and thoroughly completing a subtle far-reaching and all-embracing plan of campaign the effect of which will be to enormously increase the strength and efficiency of the liberal party in these provinces. This is the all-important step and having once taken it, not even the wholesale bribery indulged in by the present government will prevent a victory for the liberals in the coming political struggle.

FOSTER IS COMING.

Hon. Mr. Foster will visit the city on the 15th of the present month, and he wants an expression of opinion from leading active mercantile men regarding the present iniquitous tariff. Every man who is a true liberal at heart, and has had any kind of an extended business experience, ought to be brushing up his figures and getting facts at his fingers ends for the purpose of giving the Finance Minister a warm reception on his arrival and

something substantial to think about on his return journey to Ottawa. There is plenty of cause for complaint. Frederickton feels the weight of Foster's hand as heavily as any city in the Dominion of Canada, and it will be strange if our merchants cannot give an intelligent expression to their ideas in the presence of the Great White Elephant of protection

MR. CALKIN'S CONTRACT.

Mr. Geo. F. Calkin tendered an offer to supply the city with electric light for the streets at \$50 per light, that being \$8.50 below the tender of the Frederickton electric light company. The city accepted his tender and have been waiting for him to complete the beginning of the contract. There is one little matter, however, which seems to stand in Mr. Calkin's way, namely, the necessity of furnishing sureties for the faithful performance of his contract, as required by the city. Mr. Calkin was given until the first of August to give bonds and to announce his intention to go on with the work, but thus far no bonds have shown up. Surely Mr. Calkin will not allow a little matter like this to be an obstacle, provided he is satisfied that he can do the work for the price named. We are inclined to think that Mr. Calkin was not acting in good faith when making his tender, and that the city had better not waste any further time attempting to negotiate with him.

Simply Monstrous.

"Jimmy Cricket h'aint that a big 'un" was the exclamation heard from some youngsters on Boylston St. a few afternoons since, as the writer stood conversing with a gentleman near the Albany railroad bridge not far from the junction of West Chester Park and Boylston street. The cause for the boys surprise was found to be an announcement upon the long bill-board lately erected for a famous theatrical company opposite to where we were standing. A few minutes observation convinced us that the boys were not the only ones attracted to this enormous spread of matter. The board is the very largest in the world and the amount of paper used to cover it would make the fortune of every Italian Count rag picker upon the streets of Boston. Laborers stopped work, horse cars stopped, pedestrians halted in wonderment, as Mr. J. W. Black, Boston's old, well known photographer focused his famous thousand dollar, wide angled lens upon the great bill-board, to obtain by the sun's mysterious chemical rays an enduring photograph of the statements and familiar legends thereon. Among the chief of which was the following. "It holds the fort while Old Jed Prouty is away;" "Every mother should have it in the house for Autumn colds, lameness, soreness, in body or limb." "Think of it, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment unlike any other was originated in 1810 by an old family physician," "without real merit could it have survived for eighty years." These in bold letters, some of them nearly six feet tall, proved to be what astonished the boys. This big sign demonstrates the point clearly the courage and persistence requisite to be successful advertisers, like I. S. Johnson & Co., the proprietors of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment; nothing daunts them. But after all it is their forcible, persistent courageous style of advertising which has made them successful, until they are now classed among the foremost advertisers of the day.

TOPICS OF THE DAY

What the Gossips have to Remark about

The Trend of Matters Political Parliamentary or Otherwise.

Some Touch-and-Go Notices of all Mentionable Matters of This Day.

The court-martial appointed to enquire into the loss of the battleship "Victoria," fastens the blame on Admiral Tryon. His error has carried its own punishment with it, so that the naval authorities are saved any further trouble in that direction.

Tuesday evening's "Gleaner" devoted about a column to Messrs. A. G. Blair and R. A. Estey, which was supposed to let some light upon, as the "Gleaner" puts it, "Blair's method of stealing," and Mr. Estey's experience with the boodlers. We have received information from good authority which would lead us to believe that the article is largely the imagination of the writer.

Store-keepers who sell or furnish cigarettes, cigars or tobacco in any form to minors under eighteen years of age, subject themselves to a penalty of not less than ten dollars or more than forty dollars, or to imprisonment with or without hard labor for any time not exceeding thirty days. If the tobacco is intended for a parent or guardian a written request from such person must be handed to the store-keeper, otherwise he is liable.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.



No. 1.—Hygeian Waists suitable for boys or girls 4 to 6 years, adjustable shoulder straps, stitched edge button holes, tape fastened buttons, and can thus be laundried without injury to the garment
 No. 2.—Hygeian Waists for Misses from 7 to 12 years. For school children they have no equal, being highly endorsed by the best medical authorities throughout the Dominion.
 No. 3.—Hygeian Waists for Misses from 12 to 17 years. To Misses and young ladies who practice calisthenics and thus acquire that elasticity of step, erectness of figure and gracefulness of deportment, they are indispensable.
 No. 4.—Hygeian Waists, especially suitable for ladies who desire an easy fitting and more flexible garment than the ordinary corsets.
 We have the above makes now in stock—all sizes.

FRED B. EDGEcombe.

Administrators' Sale! JULY 29TH.

THERE will be sold at Public Auction at the late residence of James Shields deceased, at the Parish of Mangerville in the County of Sunbury, on Saturday the seventh day of October next at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon by the directions of the undersigned as Administratrix and Administrator **Cum Testamento** Annexo of the Last Will and Testament of the said James Shields deceased, in pursuance of the powers vested in the said Administratrix by a certain Decretal Order of the Supreme Court in Equity made in the matter of the Estate of the said James Shields deceased, on the twenty second day of June, A. D. 1893, the lands and premises mentioned and described in the said Decretal Order as follows: "The said Real Estate being situate in the Parish of Mangerville in the County of Sunbury and bounded as follows, on the upper or North-westerly side by lands owned or occupied by John J. Ladds and formerly conveyed by Charles Brown and wife to Frederick Ladds, on the rear or North-easterly side by the base line of the Manger-ville lots on the lower or South-easterly side by lands owned by George A. and Alfred A. Treadwell and on the front or South-westerly side by the Saint John River," together with the interest of the said James Shields deceased in all buildings and outhouses there on standing and being.
 For terms of Sale and other particulars apply to C. E. Duffy, Barrister, Fredericton, N. B.
 Dated at Mangerville July 24th, A. D. 1893
 ISABELLA SHEILDS, Administratrix
 GEO. A. TREADWELL, Administrator
 of the Estate of James Shields deceased with the last will of the said James Shields deceased annexed. July 29—2 m.

LEMONT'S

Wonderful Prices

PLEASE REMEMBER us when you want anything in our line.

Every boy and girl in York County ought to know

LEMONT'S VARIETY STORE

by this time.

We have been doing business in Fredericton for 49 years, and we don't let any

concern

BEAT OUR PRICES

"GLOBE" :-

Job Print Department, Turns out the BEST work.

This Space belongs to **JOHN J. WEDDALL.**

Watch for his advertisement in Next Issue.