

LOCAL MATTERS

Clearing the Streets.

There was one snowplough out yesterday—belonging to a private citizen.

Collection.

The collection taken up in the Cathedral here Christmas morning reached \$350.

A Neighboring Newspaper.

A St. John neighbor, *id est* a St. John newspaper, speaking of the death of George Eliot says, "She is the greatest of our living writers."

Lumbering Notes.

Mr. Jas. Doyle of Restigouche, has 50 men and 10 teams employed on Jacquet River. He will get out about 2,000,000, which he will saw with his own mill.

Wedlock.

At Point Escuminac, N. B., on the 27th at the residence of the brides father by the Rev. S. T. Teed, assisted by the Rev. S. Wells, Wesleyan clergyman, George Tait, Pilot of Chatham, to Maggie, eldest daughter of Mr. Thomas Phillips, manager of the Steam Fog Whistle and Light House.

Fatal Accidents.

A man named Turney was killed nearly 3 weeks ago, on Jacquet River by a falling tree. Deceased was about 25 years of age and was in the employ of a man named Carmichael. He leaves a wife and family of small children.

Another man was also killed there about a fortnight ago named Doucet, by a falling tree. He also leaves a large family.

New Spool Factory.

Messrs. Beckett & Co., of Upper Canada, who commenced the building of a Spool Factory in Restigouche last fall, have the building now nearly completed. They expect to have it humming next month. This factory it is said cost over \$1,500—is 150 feet long 50 in width, with adjacent buildings. Chiefly women and boys will be employed in it. Wood for manufacturing purposes grow in abundance near the factory.

Star Briefs.

—The S. of T. held a social dance in their hall last night.

Messrs. Moran and Gratton have sent two teams and five men more into the woods.

Mr. Ernest Hutchinsons horse turned a corner too rapidly Monday—and now the sleigh is beyond fixing.

—Mr. T. B. Williston, of Williston & Co., has contracted to supply Mr. C. Healy of Fulton market with 10 tons of bass.

Mr. Edward Quinn is lumbering on Bay du Vin and has two teams and eight men employed. He will get out something less than a million for himself.

—Mr. Daniel McEvoy died in the Alms House Christmas morning. He had been there only 3 weeks. He was born in Queens County, Ireland.

—The Kerr homestead lately owned by Miss McCulley has been purchased by our young lawyer L. J. Tweedie, Esq., who takes possession 1st May next.

Late Again—To the Postmaster General.

Every evening it is the same story. The mails which should reach here by a quarter to six, do not get here till nearly eight—and if any one about the post office complain, the meek and placid Mr. Vondy shrugs out calling them scoundrels and asking them to be gone out of the public waiting room. If Mr. Vondy own the post office, and we [the Editor] have not any doubt but he does, judging from his conduct, people ought to be more cringing still than Mr. Vondy compels them to be. Not long ago a poor bashful young woman seldom at a post office before had a letter to mail. She did not know the procedure, and having purchased a stamp said to the meek and gentle Mr. Vondy, "Would you put on the stamp Sir if you please?" "No, he gruffly answered—Do you think I have nothing to do but stick on your stamps for you?" The office was full of people and the poor girl standing alone, seldom in town before, blushed and trembled that all present pitied her. But this is only a mild type of the good nature the meek keeper of our postoffice exhibits. The evening before last the meek official gave another sample of "the flame that is within him." A young man called into the office between 7 and 8 o'clock to ask for the 7 o'clock mail, and as the broken winded Chatham Branch affair had not then arrived, the young man remarked to someone by him, "I suppose the East wind has kept the Chatham Branch train late again this evening." Now the genial official Mr. Vondy is a body and soul Snowball man and therefore he could not stand conscientiously and listen to a word said against Mr. Snowball's broken winded engine, so in a voice of thunder he shouted through the porthole, "Begone you impertinent scoundrel—out with you." This of course was highly plucky of Mr. Vondy, but it was not half so manly as his tirade against the poor country girl. There are today people in Chatham that may be reckoned by the score, who would rather go a day without their mail than have to approach this gentlemanly official in asking for it. We may say we intend that the Postmaster-General shall see this sample sketch, and to this end we shall have the paper mailed to the department from Newcastle.

Personal.

Hon. Senator Muirhead arrived here from Ottawa Saturday morning.

W. H. Venning, Esq., of the Fishery Department, St. John, is in town.

Mr. G. Mersereau, Principal of the Bathurst Grammar School spent a couple of days with his friends in Chatham last week.

Hon. Michael Adams who went a few days ago to Ottawa returned home Sunday morning. He now ought to set to work and order Mr. Jabez Snowball's lumber road to be fixed!

Mr. Hanford, Inspector of Inland Revenue was in town last week looking into the doings of Mr. Griffins department which he found as usual "straight as H." The Inspector was returning from his northern trip.

R. F. Quigley, Esq., L. L. B., of St. John is spending his holidays among his friends in Newcastle. He visited Chatham yesterday, where, as in Newcastle, as indeed in every place he is known, he has hosts of admirers and well wishers.

Startling Information.

It may be remembered that we stated a few days ago that Mr. Thomas Williston went to New York and appeared in the smelt market there as well as other foreign outmarkets *incognito*; his object being to ascertain if fair play were given to the smelt shippers from here. He saw one car load go at 5 cents per lb., but the best figures in the returns are 3 cents per lb. for the same shipments, expenses to be paid out of the latter figures. The shippers here are justly indignant.

Bathurst Briefs.

The town is unusually dull today. A few of the young bloods are out driving with their Dulcineas. A few a grade lower in the social scale, are staggering about the streets, calling occasionally at a barroom to liquor up. What might have been a very serious accident occurred this afternoon. While Mr. S. Williamson and wife, were driving across the bridge at the head of a long line of sleighs, some of those in the rear attempted to pass, and, to avoid collision, Mr. Williamson turned off suddenly and struck the side of the bridge, breaking up the sleigh and precipitating its occupants into the snow. Mr. Williamson had come in contact with the railing of the bridge, producing quite a severe contusion. We are glad to be able to say that Mrs. Williamson escaped without injury.

The firm of John Baldwin & Co. of Halifax has purchased the estate of Geo. Smith & Co., paying therefor 260 tons on the dollar. G. Smith, Esq., is acting as agent of the firm in selling off their stock of goods.

The Lobster packers are busy now making tins for the next years operations. Mr. McLean's shop is going full blast. He intends to make 150,000 cans. Mr. William Mann has five hands employed and intends to make about the same number of cans. Mr. S. Bishop will commence about 1st of January and intends to make about 2,000. Mr. Jas Battimer gets his cans made at Petit Rochers, and will use the coming season about 100,000. The firm of Miller & Gatain has made extra arrangements for the prosecution of the fresh salmon trade next season. They also intend to manufacture in their shop in Bathurst about 2,000,000 cans.

It is said that Mr. Stewart has purchased a controlling interest in the firm Temple & Co. and that the firm will henceforth be known as Stewart & Temple.

The teachers of this county feel somewhat aggrieved that their drafts have not been forwarded to them by the Educational department at Fredericton.

Tutor.

Christmas in the Churches.

THE PRO CATHEDRAL.

Masses were celebrated at the Pro Cathedral at 8, 9, and 11 o'clock. Pontifical High Mass was celebrated at 11 by His Lordship Bishop Rogers assisted by Rev. Father Bannan as Deacon, and Rev. Father McDonald as Sub-Deacon. The Mass sung by the choir was Roache's and the music and singing were very excellent. Vespers and Benediction of the Holy Sacrament were held at 4 o'clock. At Benediction "Lambellots," "O Salutaris" and "Tantum Ergo" were sung by the choir. Mr. T. Harrington was the organist at morning and Vesper worship. The greening and decorations were very beautiful and were the combined efforts of several ladies and gentlemen belonging to the congregation. On either side of the walls above and below the "Station" pictures festooned evergreens hung, trimmed very tastefully with roses. On the top of the arch was the "Star of Bethlehem" and on either side the words, "Videmus Stellam ejus vinctum adorare eum." Above the High Altar and running across the arch which was beautiful with its crown of green and roses below, were the words "Gloria in Excelsis Deo." The Bishops Throne on the left was decorated with green, enlivened too with roses, and on the other side of the Sanctuary was the crib representing where the Infant Saviour lay on the day the church was celebrating. From the Sanctuary arch to the arch above the Altar, were stretched festoonings of evergreens—and the whole effect was a triumph for the taste and industry of those who decked out the church in this becoming holiday attire.

ST. MARY'S.

In St. Marys Chapel much care has been taken in decorating the chancel, which has an elaborate and effective reredos beneath the east window, ex-

tending from side to side of the sanctuary covering the space above and at either end of the altar. The reredos is formed of panels in ever green, scarlet, blue, white and gold. In the panels are various devices, monograms, etc. At the upper edge of the reredos is the text "Immanuel" surmounted by a cross in white, scarlet, blue and gold. Over the end window is the text "The People that walked in darkness have seen a great light." The other walls of the chancel are adorned with evergreens and texts such as Messiah, Mediator, Intercessor, Alleluia, Glory to God in the Highest, etc. Over the chancel arch is the text, "For unto you is born this day in the city of David a Saviour, which is Christ the Lord." The windows of the nave are bordered with evergreen wreaths. The gallery front is trimmed with evergreens and the text "Christ is Born in Bethlehem." There is also a shield bearing St. Georges Cross, in the central panel. The various pillars have evergreen wreaths in spirals. The font prayer desk and pulpit and dicterium are suitably adorned with evergreen, texts and devices.

In St. Paul's Church the decorations are less elaborate than last year. The walls are ornamented with texts and evergreen, and the east window is entwined with wreathings. Above it is the text "Holy, Holy, Holy, Lord God Almighty," and at the bottom over the altar is the text, "Lo, I am with you always;" above the text is a handsome cross in evergreen and scarlet, and white berries. The pulpit, prayer desk and font are suitably decorated with evergreen berries.

The usual morning service was held in St. Marys Chapel at 11 a. m. on Christmas Day, and evening services at St. Paul's at 3 p. m. The offering at both services were in aid of the poor.

Correction, etc.—The "Nonantum" and Major Call.

We are glad to welcome Major Call on his entry into the field of literature and philanthropy. He writes a strong and elegant defense of the port wardens who surveyed the lucky ship Nonantum, and makes statements which we are glad to reproduce in justice to all parties concerned. We had been informed the ship had no ballast in, but we are glad to correct the statement made on this information and now say she had 60 tons or more in, because Major Call is prepared to prove this. We are glad to say her rail was not in the water as she passed down the river, though one of the gentlemen who surveyed her the night before leaving the Bar informed the Editor that so great was her list that "you could not stand upon the deck without holding on to something," and that "one had to creep up to windward." As we have said we are glad for the sake of some of the parties concerned that Major Call has gone into print, but we are sorry he did not go further and say whether the survey held was according to law or not, because it is about this a great many people complain, and because it is this which may affect the insurance. We have read the law respecting the formalities of survey, but we are entirely ignorant as to whether these formalities were gone through with in the Nonantum's case or not. We hope as we said be ore for the sake of all parties concerned they were—as an investigation into the matter before the courts or elsewhere will most assuredly come up. We are glad to see the christian as well as the forgiving spirit displayed by Major Call at this holy Christmas season; glad to find that those who spoke such false and evil things of him and others in the past, now get from him the credit of speaking truthfully and well. One word more—we beg to correct the Major: the STAR has never contained any editorial reference to the Nonantum—it has contained a local paragraph for which the paper is responsible.

But that Mr Call may see he is not the only one who is disposed to give the Port Wardens and the others fair play, we may say we have suppressed as many as half a dozen letters censuring the Wardens, etc., in unmeasured terms. What appeared in the STAR was, we think, only a very feeble expression of the public sentiment after the news of the ship's loss reached here. There has never been any desire by the Editor of the STAR to do injustice to the Wardens or the Stewart firm's agent here in this matter—and we fancy the parties concerned ought to rejoice that those public statements have been made, that they may have a pretext for proving that the survey was lawfully made, and that the loss of the ship and eighteen lives lies today at the door of no man on the Miramichi or off it. But the STAR, still actuated by a sense of justice in this as in every other matter, will still continue, if it see fit, to publish any just remark, make any proper enquiry, to deliver homilies, strictures or denunciations on this whole affair—if the case seems to warrant it. We have yet had no experience of wearing the muzzle—and the day is far indeed when we shall have such an experience.

Perhaps upon this matter we cannot make ourselves too plain. It is not unlikely that an indictment of some of the parties concerned may follow this very case that some parties foolishly now try to hush up per force. It is because we foresaw that such an indictment was not unlikely to come that the STAR was so guarded in publishing such comments or communications upon the case as might prejudice the public mind in advance of the proper investigation; and because the payment of the insurance on the ship's cargo might be disputed in consequence. We had heard that the survey was unlawfully made, and in more vital respects than carrying

it out of a dark night; but lest this might have been not correctly told us out of regard for some of the gentlemen concerned—and we say now that for some of them we have the highest regard and warmest feelings of friendship—we suspended the expression of our opinion and excluded communications of the same spirit from our columns. We must not then be charged with writing anything that was not honest and well meant towards all parties—but if the investigation come on, as does not now seem unlikely, what we will then publish, will show our readers just what we have suppressed. And now we may further say, that while we think Major Call possessed of excellent good sense we, by no means think he has advanced the cause of his friends by the letter he has published. He has called into life opinions that lay latent before he wrote his letter, and challenging enquiry as his letter virtually does, he will find it looming up in quarters where he would else have never heard it. His letter will lead to the enquiry if the survey was according to law—if it was a survey at all—if 60 tons of ballast in a ship of the "Nonantum's" size, might be called "ballasting;" and if the benefits of the law relating to ships questionably loaded, were extended in the legal way to the poor frozen and drowned sailors who cried for mercy and for pity and asked not to be sent to sea. We close just here—for the present.

ELECTRIC SPARKS.

Lord Houghton will attack "Endymion" in the next *Fornightly Review*.

The *Times* says the absence of "outrages" is the worst symptom of the Land League movement.

Bycotting has reached the jury box and Mr Fitzgerald, an Irish judge, thinks that trial by jury will be a dead letter soon in Ireland.

INTIMIDATION IN IRELAND.

The little town of Partadown, in Ulster county, is fast becoming a centre of agitation. A short time ago two tenant farmers named Berry and White, received letters threatening them with prompt punishment if they continued to pay rents to obnoxious landlords. They refused to be frightened, and continued their regular payments, whereupon their houses were burned, and their produce entirely destroyed. The Constabulary determined that the perpetrators should not escape, and used every means to discover their whereabouts. A man named Wortley was employed by the police as a sort of spy to make inquiries. His mission was soon discovered and he was stabbed. The perpetrator of this second outrage has also escaped, being well hidden by townsmen who refuse to give any information.

GEORGE ELLIOT'S DEATH.

George Elliott had long suffered from a painful disease, culminating in pericarditis, the existence of which Dr. A. C. Tark, the physician who, as our readers may remember, accompanied the Princess Louise to Canada, discovered the moment he saw her, when he pronounced her death inevitable in a few hours. It is proposed to inter the truly great writer in Westminster Abbey, but some of her friends question the propriety of such a step as it might give rise to a disagreeable controversy on account of the opinions held by the dead writer on religious subjects to say nothing of the social aspects of her connexion with Mr Lewis.

IRELAND'S CONDITION.

The information received within the last few days by the Government has been of a character to leave no doubt that an organized and general rising in Ireland has been arranged for the 26th of this month. This circumstance accounts for the hurried dispatch of so many thousands of picked troops to the island, including a large portion of the Household Brigade and five batteries of Royal Artillery. There is now in Ireland an army of 30,000 regular soldiers, the flower of the British army, so that a successful insurrection would be impossible. Nevertheless it is still feared that disturbances will occur there. Simultaneous blows according to the original programme, were to be struck in London and other great cities of England—hence the police authorities everywhere are spending an anxious Christmas. Many Irish Americans have arrived within the past few days at Queenstown, but any attempts to land arms will be frustrated, for the coast is now very carefully guarded. The Government is, at least, fully determined to keep Ireland nominally under rule of the crown. The Conservative papers, as might be expected, reproach the Government bitterly, but leading journals in the Provinces express their full approval of Mr. Gladstone's policy, declaring that the time for coercion in Ireland without redress of Irish grievances has passed by, never to return.

Cannot be Quenched.

COAL MINES THAT HAVE BURNED FOR YEARS MAKING A DESERT OF LARGE AREAS.

A correspondent, writing from Pitts-ville, Pa., says:—The greatest of all the pit fires is probably that in the jugular vein, near Coal Castle in this county. This has been burning since 1835. Lewis Dougherty opened this vein in 1830. The upper drift of the mine was above water level, and a huge fire was kept in a grate at the mouth of the mine in winter to keep the water from freezing in the gutters. One night in the above year the timbers of the drift caught fire from the grate, when it was discovered that the fire had been carried

down the air hole to the lower drifts and was beyond control. Two miners entered the mines, hoping to recover their tools. They never came out. The mine was abandoned. No efforts were made to mine any of the coal near the burning vein, although it was considered the best coal in the region until 1856. Then John McGinnis put in a slope on the east side of it, below water level. He struck the vein at a place where the coal was so thick that two miners could keep a large breaker supplied. When four hundred yards of gangway had been excavated the heat from the burning Dougherty mines began to bother the miners. McGinnis attempted to open an airhole. The heat became so great that the men were paid double wages to induce them to work. They worked entirely naked, and were relieved every ten minutes. Finally the heat became so intense that the work was abandoned. The mine was flooded. After being pumped out, men could again work for a few days. The mine was flooded nine times. McGinnis finally failed, and the mine was abandoned. The fire has been raging in the mine ever since. An area of half a mile in every direction has been burned. No vegetation grows on the surface. In places the ground has caved in, forming chasms 100 feet deep. There is but a thin shell of earth over the pit of fire. At night blue, sulphurous flames issue from the crevices in the ground. It is dangerous to walk across the spot. Several persons have mysteriously disappeared in the vicinity during the past twenty years. It is believed that in a majority of cases they have fallen into the burning mine. Dougherty, the original proprietor of the mine, attempted to go across once. He sank to his armpits through the crust and was only saved by courageous friends who ventured to his assistance. The stones on the ground are hot, and snow never rests there. Rain turns to vapor as soon as it falls on the roof of the burning mine. Millions of dollars worth of the best quality of coal have been consumed by the fire.

The Butler mine near Pittston, has been burning three years. It was set on fire by a party of tramps, who built a fire in the mine in 1877. The fire is in the upper drifts. It is confined to an area of forty acres by an immense ditch forty feet wide, which was excavated between the burning drift and connecting one. The digging of the canal cost \$50,000. But for that obstacle the fire would have communicated to some of the more extensive mines in the La kawanna valley, and the subterranean conflagration would have swept under the whole of West Pittston. Miners have worked in the lower drift of the Butler mine since the fire broke out, but there are but forty feet of the rock between them and the field of fire above. The water that trickles through is scalding hot. The temperature is so high that the men can wear but little clothing.

Chatham Markets

CORRECTED AND REVISED FOR THE STAR.	
Flour, best brands Super Extra.	\$ 6 10
Higher Brands.	\$ 6 50
Corn Meal, per bbl.	3 40
Oat Meal (Canada).	6 00
do. (home made).	5 00
Beef, Mess, per bbl.	14 00
Prime Mess, do.	12 00
Pork, Mess, do.	20 00
Prime Mess, do.	17 00
Pork Hams (covered) per lb.	12
Home Made do.	12
Fresh Pork.	11
Salt Pork, per lb.	11
Salt Beef, do.	10
Butter (firkin), per lb.	22
Butter (in roll), do.	20
Eggs, per doz.	15
Cabbage, per doz.	60
Salmon (in case).	20
Lobster do.	12
Oysters do.	12
Oysters (Harrington's best) p. bbl.	2 00
From other sources.	1 00
Mackerel (fresh) per doz.	30
Mackerel (salt).	25
Codfish (dried), per lb.	04
Potatoes, per bbl.	60
Carrots, per bush.	50
Turnips.	40
Fresh Beef, per lb.	05
Mutton, per lb.	06
Lamb (good), per lb.	08

STOVES! STOVES!

The subscriber has now in stock and is daily receiving the best make of stoves from the Monston and Amherst foundries. His stock comprises 25 different kinds, which include the Star, Waterloo and Farmer, which are the best approved family cooking stoves made. Low for each or at satisfactory purchase.

H. P. MARQUIS,
Canard St, Chatham

Tinware. Tinware.

The Subscriber also offers a varied and extensive stock of Tinware, including Pails, Pans, Kettles, Saucepans, Stew Pans, Coal Hods, Lantrens, Milk Strainers, Milk Pans, Flour Sifters, Cullanders, Tea and Coffee Pots, Patty Pans, Water Sprinklers, &c. &c. All at the lowest figures for cash; easy terms on approved credit.

N. B.—I make most of my own wares and can afford to sell at bottom prices.

H. P. MARQUIS,
Canard St, Chatham

NOTICE.

DR. McDONALD,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE in Sutherland & Creighton's Building, next to Mr. James Davidson—opposite Mr. Joseph Hayes Store.
NEWCASTLE, N. B., September 17, 1880.

New Drug Store

Opposite Hon. Willam Muirhead's Store and next door to Custom House.

JUST OPENED:

A Nice Assortment of Sundries comprising—
Hair, Tooth, Cloth, Hat, Nail and SHAVING BRUSHES,

LADIES AND GENTS' SHOULDER BRACES,

FINE TOILET SOAPS
Trusses, Nursing Bottles and Filings, Hand Mirrors, Shaving Boxes,

LIME JUICE, (in Pts. & Qts.)
Canary, Hemp, Rape, Maw AND MILLET SEEDS.

ALL KINDS OF
Horse and Cattle Medicines.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared, and only the Purest Drugs are used.

Only Depot for
DURKEE'S LIVER PADS,
(Only \$1.25)

DENT V. ROOMS, Up Stairs. Entrance: Front Door.
MACKENZIE & CO.
Chatham, N. B. Sept 1, 1880.—if

Parish Returns and County Accounts.

All Parish Officers who have not yet made their return and all persons having claims against the County are hereby required to render the same to my office forthwith.

Dated at Newcastle, December 21st, 1880.
SAMUEL THOMSON,
Secy. - TREASURER.
co. northumberland.

Dec. 22 2k's

A Beautiful Picture.

Probably the most remarkable picture of the age is Christ leaving the Proctorian now on exhibition in the Dora Gallery—London—England. It was begun immediately before the opening of the Franco-Prussian war and during the horrors of the siege and famine was kept hidden up and buried in a place of security uninjured by shot and shell. For several years it has been on exhibition in London and has attracted universal attention being considered the principal feature of the wonderful Dora Gallery. The canvas measures 41 feet by thirty, on which are painted some one hundred and seventy distinct figures, the central one being Jesus leaving Pitts's Judgment Hall for the place of execution. The scene as depicted by the renowned artist is one can never be forgotten. The publishers of the Montreal Witness have had this picture faithfully reproduced. Every subscriber to the paper who, in renewing their own subscription, sends that of another person not now a subscriber, is entitled to a copy of the picture and the new subscriber gets one as well—each paying but \$1.10, the usual price of this paper. The picture is only supplied to subscribers of the Witness who, if they do not get the second subscriber may have the picture by sending 25 cents in addition to the ordinary subscription of \$1.10

COUGHS.—Brown's Bronchial Troches are used with advantage to alleviate COUGHS, SORE THROAT, Hoarseness and Bronchial Affections. For thirty years these Troches have been in use, with annually increasing favor. They are not new and untried, but having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they stand on a well merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age.

THE THROAT.—Brown's Bronchial Troches act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone when relaxed either from cold or over exertion of the voice and produce a clear and distinct enunciation. Speakers and Singers find the Troches useful.

A Cough, Cold, Catarrh or Sore Throat requires immediate attention as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung Disease. Brown's Bronchial Troches will almost invariably give relief. Imitations are offered for sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches are sold ONLY IN BOXES.

J. B. RUSSELL,

Direct Importer of
CHOICE WINES,
BRANDIES,
WHISKIES,
CORDIALS,
&c., &c. &c.

—ALSO—
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF WELL-SELECTED

GROCERIES!

Opposite Mason's Hall,
NEWCASTLE, N. B.

Newcastle—Nov 24—if

L. J. TWEEDIE,

BARRISTER & ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Notary Public, Banquet-er, etc.

CHATHAM, N. B.

OFFICE in Snowball's Building
Chatham, August 30, 1870.—if

John J. Harrington,

Attorney-at-Law, Notary Public, etc.

Office—in McLachlan's Building, [Upstairs.]
WATER ST., CHATHAM.
Chatham, Sept. 1, 1880.—

Notice.—The Canada Advertising Agency No. 29 King St. West, Toronto.
W. B. ETC. IS.