Semi-Weekly Star.

SPACE.	LENGTH OF TIME.	RATES.
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The advertising rates in the WEEKLY STAR are the same as those of the Semi-Weekly. Special arrangements may be made with the Editor or Publisher, at the office. Subscribers who do not receive their papers promptly and regularly will please send in word to the office.



CHATHAM, N. B., OCTOBER 23, 1880

THE AGRICULTURAL DELE GATES UP THE ST JOHN.

Our special correspondent who accompanied the English Agricultural Delegates up the St. John River, little good for any purposes outside sends us the following:

the 19th of October, as our party, which consisted of Prof Sheldon, Mr Sparrow, the blooming for so many long years. Surveyor General, Auditor General, Mr E Jack and the press representatives, stepped a sudden change, not a change of on board for the Upper St John. The train chance. People after that were seen waited at Gibson till the party drove to Marysville to see the paradise created there by Mr A Gibson. Prof Shelden was aston- Crown Lands of this county and ished and delighed at what he saw, and said it was an evidence of what sound judgment and intelligence can do. He neatly ex- During the first year, and that was the pressed the appearance of the place when he first year of Mr, Adams rule, settlesaid it struck him as being "so motherlylooking," in view of the comforts provided ment began to show signs of life but by Mr Gibcon for his employees.

"We were soon quietly seated on board the cars rapidly shirting the lovely banks of the St. John, now shorn of more than half any previous year; and people began their beauty by the October wind which had changed the regal crimson of the stately maple to the sere and yellow leaf which one wise administration our northern breath would bear away from its parent stem. The delegates after admiring the beauty of the scenery remarked upon the oats, and hay, and potatoes, and fine strong land which they saw before them, turnips, as well as smelts and and upon the good quality of native grass which adorned the fields. Conversation mackerel. Under the management dropped into the subject of stock when the of Hon. Michael Adams the change Professor remarked that we were more behind in farm stock than in anything else, and that we cannot ship our present stock to England with any hope of profit; that be-fore we can do so the breed must be improved. As regards New Brunswick he said envious may write if his course has that it was as good as any, if not the best in the world. It was better than the mutton since we failed in the after feeding of the tions to the peoples good; for one sheep. As regards milk producing qualities fact speaks with more eloquence behe thought that the Ayrshire were good, but too tender to endure our climate. But on the whole thought that the Norfolk Red would be the best stock for New Brunswick; as it combined the qualities of goodness for in this county, brought up in it, and both milk and beef. So much pleased was the people know him since he was a Professor Sheldon with our Province to which his especial attention had been called by the Marquis of Lorne, that he said he would immediately write a letter to the "Times" about it. One of the Surveyor General's new maps which are invaluable, upon himself. with up friend to give having been produced, both gentlemen ex- him an easy post; the nigh and amined their situation carefully upon it and asked numerous questions respecting the country which were all satisfactorily an-

swered. among the company, many jokes circulated his slanderers. None of us is perfect, ter. The Professor observed that the air of neither is Hon. M. Adams, but he around and the cars resounded with laugh-New Brunswick was very excellent, that he would no more stoop to a small act, never felt inclined to cough as in the humid air of England. He also observed that the Canadians were lighter hearted than the excellences. We believe it to be the English, and that the old men of this duty of the press to let public men country were as frolicksome as English boys.

Woodstock Junction, where we partook of censure, and not above public opinion expended it, under Mr. Benjamin into two kinds of country, upland and poor, Mr. Sparrow remarking that he had when their doings are faulty, but we Stevensen's sanction, in beautifying lowland; occupying nearly equal porgot no good beef since he came to New think when the press becomes a his house, and raising Heliotrope tions. The uplands extend over the Brunswick. The whole tenor of their re-marks on the subjects of beef was, that if vehicle of personal spite, wantouly and Love Lies Bleeding, it is no central and eastern part, the lowlands we expected to ship that article to Great and maliciously attacks a man with-Britain, we need not think of it until we had not only improved our stock but also

our style of feeding. As we passed up the river, each bend revealing new beauties, the delegates uttered new expressions of delight. They were entirely taken by surprise, not having expected to find so good a country. Just after dark the party arrived at Grand Falls. As there had been an exhibition held that think such papers beneath their cenday at the Falls by the Grand Falls Agricultural Society, before taking tea the delegates crossed over to the hall and re- people read will have its effect, as mained there for a short time. On their return Mr Sparrow brought in and placed on the table some huge potatoes, some of Payne took root and produced its them weighing over two pounds. He said he would exhibit them in London; that they were as fine as any he had ever seen.

A word about the Falls-such a sight my eyes have never seen before. You have seen the cataract doubtless, and the any deed that Hon. Michael Adams Surveyor General we want in New cocoa, rice, tobacco, bananas, ginger, mighty gorge into which the water hurried in thundering confusion. Imagine that gorge choked beyond the top of the ledge with a city that is grave enough for news- the Moncton Times: mountain mass of logs thrown in the wildest confusion. It needed not a skeptical stranger to doubt from what he saw of the his duty to the people of this county existence of a great cataract, were it not for the deep, low, supressed thunders of the mighty river's voice as it tossed and struggled through the mountain barrier, in its course to the distant sea."

Speaking of their visit to Westmor_ land, the Moncton Times says :-

We have to thank Hon. Mr. Landry and the Local Govornment generally for inducing the delegates to see the whole of this fair but much abused Province-abused because of the ignorance of outsiders in regard to its resources.

We join with the Times in thanking the Local Government for the pains they have been at in having New Brunswick seen as well as Manitoba; and as Mr. Landry is specially thankfor having prevailed upon the delegates to look through Westmorland, we extend special thanks to our active and intelligent Surveyor General whom we have to thank for teeing that the delegation does not schools.

the North, and the Miramichi in particular.

Since writing the above we have received the following telegram confirmatory of our paragraph:

FREDERICTON, Oct. 23.

The English Agricultural delegates reached here yesterday evening from Woodstock. They will arrive in Chatham in company with the Surveror General, [who prevailed upon them to visit the North], the Chief Commissioner and press representatives on Wednesday morning, and will thence visit Napan and other important places on the Miramichi. It must be remembered the original

intention in bringing the delegates out from England was to let them see our new North West, which having no local government of its own to see to its inter sts, comes under the special care of the Dominion Government. it was their intention to make a mere flying trip up the St. John River, and then return, but members of the Government, on the alert in the interests of their particular sections, prevailed on them to change their mind. It is a long way out of their road to come up here; but it is Honorable Michael Adams we have to thank for it. If they had not come here, we should have concluded that for the time being Northumberlands strong advocate and warm friend had not possessed their ears. This trip will be productive of good to the North, else we should not bother about their coming or staying; because for years the impression had prevailed, that the Miramichi was fishing. This is the reason the Gov-"The sun shone bright on the morning of ernment Lands were so tardy in going out with their axes into the making homes in the wilderness. the second year, as shown in the returns of last winter, it doubled to see that under a good policy and regions could produce wheat and

has come and the people recognize it. It matters little to a man in public life what traducers may say, or the been straightforward, and his exerfore the public than a thousand lies. Honorable Michael Adams was born in this county, brought up in it, and boy. He was not born of wealthy parents, but he was of honest parents. He entered upon the world dependant proud position he occupies to-day at the head of this county and this There was a good deal of merriment province, is then the best answer to than his traducers could rise to his We arrived a little past the usual time at know they are amenable to public out cause, and hints at misdeeds which it is unable to prove, it becomes the greatest carse of free institutions. Mind a paper is a paper, no matter who edits it, but so long hardy and practical sons have been these imperial plains the sugar cane as it is read—and though some may induced to go out and settle upon our reaches perfection, and coffee is produced sure, we think otherwise. Anything the poison of Voltaire and Tom evil fruit.

And now, if there is any man in best energies and all his care are bent, this county who can point his hand to has done, in private or public capapaper censure; where he has neglected -where he has not made the county's Great improvements are being made in this interest his first care, and the public weal his second: then what in this article may be deemed denunciatory of the author of the foul libel lately scattered through this county against him, we beg to withdraw.

THE PERSECUTED JESUITS.

THE Infidels of France still continue to persecute the Jesuits: to supress the schools and to expel the teachers. The seeds sown by Voltaire are now producing their paneful ed by the Times as he deserves to be, fruit. The Jesuits are the greatest enemies to infidelity and they must be got out of the way. Prefect Constans wants No God to take the place of the Jesuits in the public

RATES OF ADVERTISING leave the Province without visiting PROGRESS IN CROWN LAND SETTLEMENT.

Br the fruits of a Government's ac ministration it is known; and what true of the whole Government is true also of the departments. Last year official returns from the Crown Lands Office, brought friendly commen from unfriendly quarters, and th public saw in the great increase o settlement, and the marked progress in the settlements themselves some potent energy had been brought into action, and some well directed management had taken the place of the had been so expensive and to so little chell! purpose. It is only natural to asso c'ate with the management of a department, the head of that department: for if departmental dealings be cor rupt we conclude the departmental When the delegates visited St. John, head is the source of the corruption; and conversely if the dealings of the office are wiser and better, we attribute the wisdom and the improve. ment to the head of the office. It is because last years Crown Lands Report showed such a great increase of settlement upon our public lands and showed so much for the little expended that we have pointed so often in the STAR here, as when we published it in Fredericton, to Honor able Michael Adams as a model Surveyor General, and a credit to the county which elects him. The writer of this article has travel-

led through nearly every Free Grant Settlement in the Province, and therefore thoroughly competent of judging between the merits of the past and the present policy with res-Atto by General, Provincial Secretary. Two years ago however there came tew settlers from the old country, ing special despatch to Thursday's while our own bardy and practised Sun:people were offered no inducement, but were left to go away to other lands without goodbyes or regrets. This was long, too, before the N. P. the Listory of this country, as well as in the history of the Jews. But pardon the digression; the foreigners swarmed in here trembling like sheer as they bundled out of the ships holds. Some of them didn't know which end of the spade they should dig with or how to go about felling a tree. But the Government sent them out in the wilderness nevertheless, built their huts and made a small Scotch settlers did well, and even Hans Peter Liscar Peterson's Danes bave managed to live, though they are of little profit to any country, wearing yet their wooden shoes, and will amount to much by setting a lot of Danes to propagate over it. We read of the wonderful shows at New Denmark, but why the newspapermen should have raised such a flurry about one two year old bull-only "a fair sample" is something we cant understand. Besides this, there has in length and broken by few indentations, been an immense amount of money and is generally low and marshy or paid to this Hans Peterson; but as he sandy. Brazil may be said to be divided

> wonder the rest of the Danes would be in the squalor they are found. Since the New Government came in, there has been no more woode nshod importations; but our own are eclipsing the awkward foreigner at every turn. As Mr. Adam; policy is, "Let us see to our own first; let us keep our own young men in the country:" and as to these ends his Branswick. About this matter says

The Surveyor General recently made an inspection of the "Sugary Settlement" [Free sugar, coffee, hides, cabinet and dye Grants lands] in Northumberland County. woods, drugs, gums and diamonds. It is as in other Settlements. We believe the enlarge the numorous Settlements that has at through the arrangement of combeen wrought out of the forest during the the past few years, rather to open up new districts. These Free Grants Settlements are making remarkable headway, and it is perhaps a question if the settlers are not doing quite as well, all things considered, as if they had gone to the North-west.

MR. LAYTON'S LETTER.

Mr. Layton's letter in another column needs no comment. It shows be as great tyrants as Bismarck or Theebau if they had the power; and that they are tolerant only so long as Esau-like the people prostitute their We have here a case of a well-bred pires and quanchru hover over the sleeper

young man, frank and honorable to at night, and without waking him cuck a fault, driven out of employment by his blood. The Vampire tastens upon the hiss of venom for no offence than the toe, gorges himself, and leaves the exercising the rights of his birthright sleeper to awaken in the morning faint and manhood-voting and working as and pale. The most valuable woods in his father had voted and worked before him. Mr. Snowball did not brazil wood, and the coutchouc tree. understand how a man could hire his body to him, without bartering of whom 1,000,000 are slaves. The a story like this against the magnagroping in the dark which in the past nimous and Honorable Peter Mit-

A WORD.

WE see some of the Government clerks about Fredericton have been speculating in the Public Lands. Is this proper?

Mr. LAWLER the energetic Provincial contractor arrived here yesterday evening on Council matters. much doubt the getting of a man of Mr. Lawlors abilities to fill his place at the Board.

TRADE WITH BRAZIL. WHAT AN INTELLIGENT GOVERNMENT CAN DO.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE COUNTRY WITH WHICH WE HAVE ENTERED INFO TRADE RELATIONS.

In Wednesdays STAR we pointed out the scheme the Government had proposed to open a trade with Brazil; and that all necessary to the accomplishment of the scheme was Brazil's consent to grant \$50,000 per annum in subsidy to the both ends at the same time, at the pect to our Clown Lands. Most of line of steamers as our Government had rate of a mile per day. This road us remember the time the Government offered to do. That Brazil has consented when completed will be one of the squandered the revenues bringing out to the proposal, we learn by the follow-

OTTAWA, Oct 20.

Information has been received here that the Brazilian Government has voted the subsidy of \$50,000 to a line of steamers to trade between the ports of that country and States now at Oromocto, who has Canada. It is also stated that the vessels commenced a new trade in fresh began to drive them out! Indeed will be placed on the line at once and will Exodus is a time honored chapter in probably run during the winter months between Halifax, St. John, Pernambuco and commodating man and takes all kinds, Rio Janeiro.

> fact. Canada is the debtor of the Government.

DESCRIPTION OF BRAZIL. Since we have now established close commercial relations with Brazil, a few words description of that country may be in place. Brazil was discovered in 1500 clearing for them. Some of them by Pincon, one of the companions of stayed a year, some longer-upon the Columbus, but was taken possession of public-and eventually went away subsequently by Petro Alvarez Cobrol a leaving to this day deserted shanties, Portuguese navigator. The possession and half cleared patches run with wiid of Brazil was for a long time disputed by grass, eloquent monuments to the the Dutch and Portuguese, but in the end policy we speak of. Some of the the former were expelled. In 1808 King John VI, was driven from Europe by Napoleon I, - who differs from Mr. Snowball on the question of Protection -and took up his residence in Brazil. The following year, the country declared its independence under John's son, who only creating a little barter trade at became its Emperor. It has since 1825 the stores by giving roots, oats, etc., been recognized as a constitutional monfor a handful of groceries. No coun- archy by Portugal. Under Don Pedro try ever amounted to much, or ever II the country made vast strides in progress, but in 1851 it got into a war with Buenos-Agres which led to the fall of Rosas and the opening of the Parana. From 1865 to '70 it was engaged in a war with Paraguay.

Brazil is a monster country comprising nearly half the area of South America. The coast line is upwards of 3,700 miles stretch along the mighty Amazon, the Queen of rivers. The table lands rise from 3,000 to 6,000 feet from the level of the sea, and upon them European fruit and grain are abundant crops. In the majestic valleys which smile between lands. They have gone out and now in great plenty. The plains of Silva stretching out to a mighty area—six times the size of France-occupy the shores of the majestic Amazon and afford provender to countless herds of wild animals. Nearly the entire surface | Where all classes of the above goods are now of Brazil is fertile. Maize, beans, cassava-root, wheat and other European we shall hold him up as the kind of cerealia; cotton, coffee, sugar, manioc, yams, cinimon, cloves, lemons, oranges, etc., are raised in abundance. The chief exports are raw cotton, unrefined these and some of their good old silver, & CALL & INSPECT STOCK. policy of the Local Government will be to the Canadian Government want to come

Nothing can exceed, the beauty variety and richness of the Brazilian forests. Humboldt says: "If the name primeval can be given to any forests on the face of the Earth, none can claim it so strictly as those that fill the connected basins of the Orinico and the Amazon." Troops of monkeys swarm through the lofty woods, birds of the gayest plumage, that we have men here who would and legion in number swarm through the rich foliage. There are some of the wisest looking apes there; and we do not know of a more fitting place to send a certain vulgar editor not a hundred miles Attorney - at - Law, Notary, away to look for a grandfather. The birthrights to their stomachs. The Jaguar or American tiger also abounds tyrant is only developed through in the woods, and the Saratu a ferocious Office-in McLachlan's Building, opportunity, and it is just as well creature not bad like a fox. There also Northumberland should see the mush- swarm there the opossum, sloth, porcuroom tyrant that now represents her | pine, ounce, tapir, wild boar, etc. Vam-

thos beautiful forests are the cocoa-nut tree, mahogany, logwood, rosewood,

The population of Brazil is 10,100,000 away his principles; we do not religion of the state is Roman Catholic, wonder,-for that manly honor which but all others are tolerated. There are starvation itself cannot pall, is as a Metropolitan Archbishop, 11 suffragan i ncomprensible to a man like Mr. bishops, 12 vicars general and 1,297 Snowball as English grammar or curates. There are 11 well endowed algebra is. But who has ever heard seminaries. The chief towns are Rio de Janerio the capital, Bahia, Pernambuco, Para, and San Paolo.

There are about 20,000 negroes em ployed digging diamonds. It is with this fine country that we have entered into relations of commercial exchange. Some years ago we had a good trade thither, but careless shipping ruined the credit of our exports in the Brazilian market, and the Americans cut us out. But now our enlightened and progressive government has cut out the Yankees; and if we lose this great market for our surpluses, it will be our own fault.

GRAND SOUTHERN.

THE rails are laid on this road to Lepreau 25 miles west of St. John Two engineers and a large gang of men are at work in this district of which 15 miles are already ballasted. As ballast is very abundant all along the line, a heavy coating of it is being placed upon the road bed. The rails which are of steel will average 30 feet each in length. The superstructure of the bridges is to be of pitch pine, which has already arrived. The company are laying rails from best built in New Brunswick.

FRESH FISH TRADE WITH MORTGAGES THE U. S.

THERE is a person from the United water fish. He is a remarkably aceels, horn-points, or cat-fish, pickeral The scheme then has passed from the and gizards. For these he pays two region of speculation to the realm of gents per lb., and says when the water becomes colder that he will buy chubb and suckers. In one locality the Porto-Bello, a sluggish water stream eighteen miles distant from Fredericton, he obtains on an average from 800 to 1000 pounds weight of fish (mostly eels,) daily. So soon as they are received at Oromocto they are packed in ice and forwarded to the United States.

Advertisements

CARD

To the Electors of the Parish of Newcasile.

At the urgent solicitation of a number of my friends I have consented to allow myself to be nominated as a Candidate for Coungillor at the election to be held on the 26th

If elected I will try by strict attention to my duties to conserve and advance the best interests of the county, and of the Parish of Newcastle in partciular. I am, very respectfully,

> Yours, etc., R B ADAMS.

Oct.t.f.20 -

CARD To the Rate-Payers of the Parish of Newcastle.

On Tuesday next you will be called on to elect two Councillors. I have again allowed myself to be put in nomination, and if elected

will do all in my power, as I have in the past, to advance the interests of the County, more particularly the Parish of Newcastle. JAMES BROWN.

Tinware, Tinware.

The Subscriber has opened a wareroom in the building known as

FISH'S TANNERY,

I can quote prices for these goods which will commend them to purchasers.

STOVES

purchased at my establishment will be fitted up free of charge.

Freezers & Refrigerators

on exhibition.

R. D. SOUTHWOOD,

Newcastle, Sept 27, I880-sep29tf

J. Harrington,

Public, etc.

[Upstairs,]

WATER ST., CHATHAM.

Chatham, Sept. 1, 1880 .-

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The Office will be thoroughly equipped with material for turning out

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An Experienced Job Printer will have charge of this Depart ment. Orders by mail receive prompt attention.

J. E. COLLINS,

PROPRIETOR

Chatham, Ang 30, 1880.