

LOCAL MATTERS

NOTICE

THE public are hereby cautioned against paying subscriptions or amounts for advertisements to any person on behalf of the STAR, unless said person hold written authority from me to collect and receive the same.

J. E. COLLINS. Ed. "Star."

Personal Dr. McDonald returned home Thursday from a trip to P. E. I.

Diphtheria still. Mr. Michael Veriker of Nelson, lost a fine boy aged 9 years, of diphtheria on Thursday last. This disease is spreading much, and leaving sorrow in many a household.

Scotch Friday, &c. Yesterday was a day of prayer in the Scotch Church. To day was the day of Preparation; to morrow will be Sacrament Sunday, and Monday will be a day of Thanksgiving.

Raft Breaking. The tug boat "Laddie" was towing a number of rafts from Bay du Vin Saturday last, and two of them broke, about 200 logs escaping. The logs were Mr. Donald Buckleys.

Off Quarantains. The bark "Professor Schwigard," which came in here with a load of small pox came off quarantine yesterday and is now at her loading berth.

Board of Health Territory. In the last Gazette the Government orders the enlargement of the Board of Health district on the Easterly end to the Westerly line of the "Irvine property." But what is the use in the government doing anything?

Accident. A mowing machine agent was lately showing Mr. Andrew Brown the secret of running the mowing machine; but before the instruction was ended Mr. Brown lost the top of one of his fingers, getting two others badly lacerated by the knives of the machine.

"Progress." Progress is a correspondent and he calls our attention to the action of a committee of St. Andrew's congregation which have asked for tenders to clean up and gravel the church grounds. He thinks this does not go far enough: that they should ask for tenders for keeping the grounds from desecration and in order for a year, or two years. He considers a caretaker essential to the "order" of the grounds.

STAR BRIEFS.

Parties from Barbicouge inform us that Mr. Jas. Fox is doing creditable work this year on the roads. He had only \$100 to expend, but he is laying it out to excellent advantage.

Mr Murray's bark "Mallard" is in Montreal discharging a cargo of sugar.

The strawberry crop this year is good.

A Large Henny. Mr. Jabez B. Snowball, M. P. for this county, the same by the way who ran away from us to England last winter just as the House opened, is going to raise a large number of hens. For this purpose he is putting up a building near the Chatham Branch Station, and constructing hen yards. He will have the most approved breeds, and will set one of his men D.G. Smith, to take charge of the establishment.

Inspectorial Visit.

Inspector Smith of St. John, was here on Wednesday and Thursday inspecting the different steamboats on the river. A very fine steamer "Maggie Noble," owned by Mr R. Noble of Richibucto, came around here on Wednesday for inspection. She is commanded by Captain Bell and is to remain here a few days to have 6 new tubes placed in her boiler. These are being made at the Miramichi Foundry. We understand the Inspector has been most uncompromising in carrying out the intention of the law with respect to steamboats. In this he will have the moral approbation of the community. In the past the system of governmental inspection has been criminally shoddy, and it is only when the world is startled by some tragedy like that the other day at London, Ontario, that all become conscious of this fact.

The Sunday Magazine for August

Is one of the most interesting numbers yet issued of this popular periodical. The leading article, by George J. Manson, The Jews of the Great Metropolis, will not fail to attract particular attention; it is admirably illustrated. Alfred H. Guernsey's contribution No. 2 of The Crusades, treating of the Rise and Decline of the Kingdom of Jerusalem. The illustrations are excellent. A Missionary Hero—Samuel Marsden, is replete with interest and information; there are fifteen illustrations. Corpus Christi is another finely illustrated article, and there are many others especially noteworthy. The great serial story, Out of the World, by Mrs Robert O'Reilly, is continued. There is a story of thrilling interest by Juan Lewis, A Fire Heroine, and several admirably written sketches, essays, etc. The poems are by Herman Merivale, Lanta Wilton Smith, and other popular writers. Deborah, is the subject of No. 3 of Women of the Bible. The Home Pulpit, contains a sermon by the late

Rev. Dr. Rudder, Christ's Prayer for his Disciples. The Obituary Notices have been resumed, and those popular features are continued. International Sunday-school Lessons, Editor's Portfolio, Recreations for Sunday afternoon. Music etc. Single copy, 25 cents; \$3 per annum. Address, Frank Leslie's Publishing House, 52.55, and 57 ParkPlace, New York.

Healey's Hibernians.

This popular troupe has decided on paying a visit to Chatham and Newcastle. Wherever they have played the houses have been crowded, indeed they have failed to accommodate all who came. In Fredericton and St. John and other Provincial towns the people were highly delighted with the entertainments, and the press of all these places are high in their praise of the company. There is an able staff of singers, and the songs and jokes and presentations are Irish and the most popular and striking in the world. After playing here the company will visit Newcastle. For the Chatham programme see the advertisement.

Our visitors.

The Liberals of Chatham are making preparations for the reception of Mr. Blake. There is considerable disagreement as to the proper method of receiving him, on which account several threaten to take no part in the proceedings. They will, however, be whipped into line. Atter Mr Blake and Mr Huntington have disappeared, we will be visited by Sir Leonard Tilley and Sir Charles Tupper. It has been the wish of Sir Charles to meet Mr Blake on his own platform and take hour for hour, or two hours against two hours against him, and this desire Sir Charles communicated to Mr Blake, but the latter gentleman refused. He admits the "superiority" of Sir Charles, and in bitter irony some of his friends who deplore his cowardice say "his nerves are not heroically strung."

Another Complaint Against the Harbor Master.

We have enough of legitimate duty on hand now without bothering any further with the systematic neglect and blundering of Harbor Master Johnson. His case is now one for the department. However at the request of several pilots we call attention to the conduct of the beautiful officer in respect to the matter of buoys. The Horseshoe buoy intended for the Horseshoe Bar is now, or was at the time the information was given us in Bay du Vin Bay, while the Mardock Buoy is somewhere in the neighborhood of Black Brook.

Correspondents.

Can you tell me what has stirred the hornets up?

QUERE.

No. It is alleged that the hornet which has made the most noise is heart-broken that he was not asked to breakfast with Sir Hector. Now, it was out of no spite against the hornet that he was not invited; the committee forgot about him. We have been told, however, that "it would be an unseemly sight, and contrary to the canons of etiquette to put master and man at the same table." So it would. Mr Snowball was there—and the hornet therefore could not expect to be asked also. Sir Hector besides is well up in etiquette being a Frenchman, and those—

In France of the best rank and station are a most correct and generous sheaf in that.

The rules of etiquette are, the master first, then the man and the dog. If the man were asked we suppose the dog would have to be along too.

COMMUNICATIONS.

THE SOUTHWEST FISHERY GRIEVANCE.

To the Editor of the Star,—

DEAR SIR:—I suppose you have read in the papers about the fining of Goodfellow for being found on the ice here in March last under suspicious circumstances. I do not wish to speak of the fine now, as I believe Goodfellow deserved to be fined, and that to the fullest extent of the law, for setting the fishery regulations at defiance. But why should he be declared an outlaw for one offense, I know several here guilty of one offense, convicted of the offense, fined for one offense, and they are not outlawed. Indeed I know of no one but Goodfellow outlawed for the first offense.

Early in March Goodfellow came to Mr. Jared Tozer, a gentleman here who is universally esteemed, a large employer, and a firm and influential supporter of the Government. He asked for supplies and said, "I hope this year will be better than last. I will then be able to pay you both years accounts." Mr. Tozer fitted him out. In a few days Goodfellow who was fishing then on his own account was caught, fined, and outlawed.

Now Goodfellow fished the year before on George McLeod's land. It has always been the custom with Mr. McLeod to sublet this stand when not using it himself. Last spring, after the fining of Goodfellow, agreeably to this practice he gave a note to Goodfellow's father, authorizing the Fisheries Department to lease the stand to Mr. Goodfellow, Senior. This note was given to Mr. Tozer. Subsequently to this Mr. Tozer met Mr. Hogan the Overseer, and told him he wanted him to issue a license to Mr. Goodfellow. Sr., to fish the McLeod stands. "No," said Mr. Hogan, "I will not. If I did issue the license James Goodfellow (or Goodfellow, Jr.,) would fish under it. Staggered by such a strange, unprecedented, unwarranted ground of refusal, Mr. Tozer drove on. Subsequently to this again the younger Goodfellow applied for the license, ten-

dered the money and was refused. He then put down his nets; they were seized and confiscated. He (Goodfellow) then went away, losing nothing, and is now working in the quarries. But Mr. Tozer's property remains in the hands of the officers, he Mr. Tozer a victim to the strangest proceedings ever known in the history of the public service. Surely it is time now Mr. Hogan, whom I had always regarded as an excellent officer discussed the matter with the Inspector—and that Mr. Tozer's nets were released, and Goodfellow's outlawry declared at an end. If this is not done, then I can only say the laws will be regarded as engines of Russian cruelty, the officers will become hateful to the public, while the party that maintains such unjust officers in power, must suffer the consequences.

Yours, etc.,

FISHERMAN.

If there be any statements in the above letter which are not correct, we shall be glad at any time to have them pointed out. If the statements be correct, then does the action of the officer or officers concerned seem to be open to the same criticism as in the unprecedented outlawry of Goodfellow. The facts in the latter are stated plainly. Mr. Tozer is a general dealer in fish, and supplies fishery outfits. In March Goodfellow came to him and got supplies. Shortly afterwards, Goodfellow was fined, paid his fine, then applied for a license; tendered the money, the license was refused,—then his father applied for a license, this was refused, on the presumption the son would fish under it, then the son put down his nets, they were seized and confiscated. Goodfellow went away losing nothing. It was Mr. Tozer's property the officers seized. Now Mr. Tozer having much at stake in the fisheries, being a resident of the South West, and looking to a life-long business in the fishery trade, is and always has been just as zealous for the preservation of the fisheries as the officers themselves. In his dealings he is upright and honorable, and among all who know him is highly respected and regarded above reproach.

Now there is a fishing stand not far from where Mr Tozer lives, and it is owned by Mr. Geo. McLeod. Last year the younger Goodfellow fished this stand. When, this spring, he was refused a license, for this is same stand his father applied to fish. The officer refused to give the old man a license, though he had Mr. McLeod's order, on the assumption that his son the outlawed Goodfellow would fish it. That was law equity and precedent with a vengeance. We always thought the laws of our country presumed a man to be innocent till he was proven guilty. Here the officer assumes the guilt even before there is an opportunity to commit the guilt, for refusing Goodfellow, Sr., a license on these grounds, is to hold that Mr. Goodfellow, Sr., who has not offended the laws, who has not even been suspected by the officers themselves, is like wise an outlaw. Surely, surely there must be some mistake about it!

Then Mr. Tozer applied for license for himself and was informed in reply if the license were granted and Goodfellow were caught poaching, the department would be asked to cancel McLeod's stand for ever after.

Now let us look at this. Suppose Mr Tozer had got a license to fish this stand, no matter whom he employed he himself was liable to the pains and penalties provided for breaking the fishery laws. What had the department to do with the agents, the employes of Mr. Tozer? They licensed Mr. Tozer, and it is with him they had to deal. If his men broke the laws, he had to pay the penalties. The law does not know his employes—it only recognizes the man who holds the license. Therefore if Goodfellow had fished the McLeod stand, and had been caught poaching, it is Mr. Tozer who would have been guilty, but he has never yet been even suspected of poaching, and yet for this first offense of his, the officer would order the cancellation for ever of poor McLeod's ground, McLeod an innocent party being guilty of nothing beyond being the possessor of the land! Monstrous! Mr Tozer refused the license. Who would have done less.—

This unfortunate affair has gone on too far. We wish the officers could get together, and take calm fair counsel on this matter and then they would see that in their zeal to do their duty well, and that no doubt is the only motive, they overshoot the mark, and wrought hardship and injustice to persons who deserved much better things, while in punishing those who deserved to be punished, they stepped outside the path of precedent, of justice, and we believe of law.—ED. STAR.

CUR HARBOR MASTER AND HIS DEFENDER

To the Editor of the Star,—

SIR,—When the apologist of the Harbor Master has been forced to allow his true character, and to parade himself as a bitter personal enemy of Senator Muirhead, he may be left to his work, so congenial to his nature. He would not be found near a tombstone, but rather in some garden where he might endeavour to hide. Parallels are dangerous and it would be as well for the pseudo Conservative to avoid them. There is no such a thing as retaliation.

The question of the competency of the Harbor Master to do his duty can best be judged by the way he has performed it. Will his apologist inform the public how often the Harbor Master has attended to the following rule:—

Rule 1.—It shall be the duty of each harbor master of the said ports of Chatham and Newcastle in person or by deputy duly authorized to go on board of every ship or vessel of the burden of twenty tons (registered tonnage) and up-

wards, which shall arrive within the said ports within twelve hours after the arrival of such ship or vessel, to see that she is moored only in such a manner or position as shall be assigned to her by the following Regulations; and it shall be lawful for such harbor master to receive, as a compensation for his services, &c."

Now, Sir, I would ask has the above rule been complied with? Has the harbor master or his deputy (if he has any) gone aboard every vessel as above stated, to be his duty? If he has not, then what right has he to compensation. He does not even collect his own fees but has that done for him at the Custom House. Here, then, not to go beyond the very first rule, which the harbor master is appointed to enforce, we have a dereliction of duty. It appears then that the Senators charges were not "wild nor reckless," but are such as are endorsed by nearly every one interested in shipping at the port.

Here is a chance for a parallel between the Rule and the performance. Let conservative draw it and oblige

CONSERVATIVE No. 2.

TWO MEAN LIES.

To the Editor of the Star,—

DEAR SIR.—Sir Hector Langevin is represented in a local paper here as saying in his speech at the Hall, in referring to the Intercolonial that

"IT HAD COST \$22,000,000."

Sir Hector is then ridiculed for making this assertion. The statement Sir is a mean lie—Sir Hector said nothing about what the said railroad cost.

The same paper likewise says that Sir Hector—

"Referred to the acquisition of the N.W. Territories and British Columbia claiming that in any European country it would have involved the slaughter of millions of men and the expenditure of untold money to gain a title of such territory."

Another mean lie. Sir Hector said no such thing. What he did say, as correctly reported in the Star, was—

"And all this gentlemen, was accomplished without the shedding of one drop of blood, though we know that in any European country a title of this territory could not be acquired without war and bloodshed."

If there is anything in such contemptible conduct as this worthy of a man or a gentleman, I would like to have it pointed out. And the same person who wrote the above invaded the private breakfast room of Sir Leonard's party, though do all he would he did not succeed in getting an invitation to go there. His tattling of alleged doings in a room into which no one thought of bringing him, is mean and low-lived as the statement was false.

The presumption of the same person is equal to his mendacity. Do you know that while the same man could not parse a sentence of English if he were to be killed," or distinguish Latin from French, he has the presumption to give a pretended report of Sir Hector's address in French. He finds the general translation in the Star, meanly plagiarizes it, not having knowledge enough of English to vary to any extent in English the phrasing of the Star's general translation. To show his presumption as well as his meanness and mendacity I take

From the Star. ••• but what he desired to say with greater emphasis now was that they must forget all this because the age of disability is past. While it was almost a necessity for them to learn to speak the language of their neighbours, ••• they should at the same time preserve their beautiful language and take a just pride in the traditions of their forefathers.

I do not find fault with the plagiarizer of the above that he knows nothing about the French language; what I do find fault about, is his pretensions to that knowledge. Not knowing himself what Sir Hector said, and none of his friends being able to supply the deficiency, he should have let the report go by default, or copy it from the Star giving credit. Instead he meanly steals from the Star, representing what Sir Hector said only where he sticks to the phrasing of the Star, and misrepresenting Sir Hector where in two or three cases he tries to alter the English construction. Of course the people should be made believe, and some no doubt do believe, that "understood all Sir Hector said." This is only a small exposure, but by and bye the public will see the full outline of the huge deception they have been harboring.

But the attack on the Alnwick Acadian delegation is the worst of all. They are held up as a laughing stock to the town and to all the readers of the local paper. Even Mr Savoy who read the address is lampooned that the readers of the "local paper" may have a laugh. There is no allowance made for the embarrassing circumstances in which Mr. Savoy was found—in a strange town, in a strange building, surrounded by strangers, with only the members of the delegation present with whom he was familiar. I think the delegation from Alnwick did credit to the parish, and to the people of the parish. That delegation was appointed by the people, and represented the people, and the course

ridicule heaped upon it, is heaped upon the whole parish and its good people. Perhaps the delegation was not as showy as some of the writers dandy friends from the town, but if the writer and his dandy friends had no better advantages than the people of Alnwick have had, perhaps the contrast between them and the delegation might not have been very much to the advantage of Chatham. As this was a matter where no politics entered, and as all in the address was merely a compliment to Sir Hector from the Acadian people, I consider the attack nothing short of an outrage. The people of Alnwick would like to read that their delegation appeared creditable, and acted creditable, but it must wound them to see them held up to ridicule and as laughing stocks by a dandy critic in this "local paper."

Yours,

CITIZEN.

MR. SNOWBALL AND THE FENCES.

To the Editor of the Star.—

DEAR SIR.—The people living along the Chatham branch Railway are still complaining about the state of the fences and their cattle are in danger of being killed. Our M. P. made some very good promises to the people of Douglasfield when canvassing for his election, what he would do in regard to those fences. Since then he has done but little. Some of his supporters are now going back on him. He fixed a few of the fences for some folks, but his friends of Douglasfield he has neglected.

ONE OF THEM.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF CHATHAM.

ARRIVED—July 20.—bk Maria, 663, Johansen, Liverpool, Guy. Beven & Co. bk C. L. Weyer, 418, French, Hamburg, J. B. Snowball. bk Nordcap, 465, Ericksen, Cardiff, J. B. Snowball.

22.—bk Bjorn, 416, Bjornstad, Dordecht, Guy, Beven & Co.

CLEARED—July 21.—brigt Annie Jane, Thomas, Abysmouth, deals, Alex. Morrison.

bk. Gjermle, Thomsen, Bordeaux, deals, Guy, Beven & Co. barkt. Margaret Boyle, Dall, Irvine, deals, J. B. Snowball. 22.—bk H. A. Parr, Baker, Liverpool, deals, Wm. Muirhead.

Received this DAY!

Third Importation of LOUNGES, CENTRE TABLES, STUDENTS CHAIRS, BED-ROOM SUITS, OFFICE CHAIRS.

FOURTH IMPORTATION OF Mattresses,

Ships do,

Feather and Flock PILLOWS,

BOLSTERS &c., &c.

—ALSO—

BLACK CASHMERE, special value, French Merinos, Persian Corde,

Lustres & Twills, COURTAULDS CELEBRATED

BLACK CRAPES,

Black and Colored JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES

A Full Assortment of SMALLWARES,

All of which I am offering at LOWEST PRICES.

JAMES C. FAIREY.

The One Price Store. 61

Newcastle, July 20th, 1881 [June 8, 6m.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE Newcastle DRUG STORE,

A Fresh Supply of Patent Medicines, viz Quinine, Elixir Beef Wines and Irons, Quinine wines, Hop Bitters.

FELLOWS Hypophosphites,

Scott's, Patner's, Northrop's and Symon's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, as well as all the Standard Patent Medicines of the day.

ALSO:

Lime Juice in bulk or in bottles. Mineral waters, Boyds Electric Batteries only 50 cts. each.

ALSO—Perfumery, Soaps, Hair Cloth, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Canary Hemp, Millet, Maw and Rape Seeds for birds.

1. LEE STREET, PROPRIETOR Newcastle June 15-1881.—tf

EAST END FACTORY.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Having Established a Factory and Planing Mill in the East End of the Town he is now prepared to furnish to the public, At St. John Prices

DOORS, WINDOWS, MOULDINGS, BRACKETS, STAIR

RAILS, BIRCH AND WAL-

NUT, BANNISTERS O'

ALL SIZES, NOWEL

POSTS, etc., etc. Attention given to Planing and Butting

CARPENBANDS, SUR-

FACE PLANING etc., etc. Orders solicited—Satisfaction Guaranteed.

GEORGE CASSEY. Chatham, April 16, 1881. Iyr.

Tinware. Tinware.

The subscriber also offers a varied and extensive stock of Tinware, including Pails, Pans, Kettles, Saucepans, Stew Pans, Coal Hods, Lanterns, Milk Strainers, Milk Pans, Flour sifters, cutlinders, Tea and coffee Pot, Patty Pans, Water Sprinklers, &c, &c. All at the lowest figures for cash; easy terms on approved credit.

N.B.—I make most of my own wares and can afford to sell at bottom prices.

H. P. MARQUIS, unard St. Chatham

Razor Concaving.

Parties having old Jenuine RAZORS on hand will do well to have them Concaved before purchasing new ones. Razors full Concaved, 50cts. half " 25 " Ground and Set - - - 15 "

Razors sent from a distance will be promptly attended to by MARTIN I. SULLIVAN. Chatham, July 9th, '81.

VALUABLE

House & Lot 40x80

—ON— Pleasant Street, Mill Hill,

FOR SALE!

The main House is 30x40, with Shop attached; the first floor has Parlour, Dining Room and Winter Kitchen with Pantries etc. Above stairs there are good airy Bedrooms. Out—Building and attachment are all well arranged, Barn in rear of the Lot is large and well found, Good Refrigerator and Ice House. Also on the premises, good well of Water, pure from the Rock, and frost proof Cellar. In fact it is a place that any general business can be carried on conveniently, as it is only within 300 yards of a fleet of vessels loading 6 months in the year. TERMS OF SALE—half down, balance divided in two payments, and payable in one or two years with interest. Further particulars can be had on application to Mrs. John Donalds on the premises or two Wm. Wyse, Auctioneer. Should no sale be made, up to the 1st of August next, it will that evening at half past six be put to the hammer on the premises, Chatham, July 9th, '81 1st A

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on SATURDAY the 10th day of September next, in front of the Registry Office, Newcastle, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 o'clock p.m.

All the Right Title and Interest of William E. Hyu in and to all that piece or parcel of land situate lying and being in the parish of Chatham and County of Northumberland, commencing on the easterly side of the old Napan Road at the distance of 138 feet 6 inches from the South West angle of St. Andrew's Church burying ground, thence easterly on a line parallel with the southerly side line of the said burying ground, 80 feet, being the northerly boundary thence southerly at right angles with the said northerly line, 49 feet to the McGuire road, thence westerly running parallel with the said northerly line or along the said McGuire road 80 feet, thence northerly along the said old Napan road 40 feet or to the place of beginning, being the piece or parcel of land conveyed to Rose Anna Hay, wife of the said William E. Hay by John McGuire by deed, dated the 28th August A. D. 1875, and being the land and premises on which the said William E. Hay at present resides. The same having been seized by me under an execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court by Richard Davidson, against the said William E. Hay. Sheriff's Office, JOHN SHERIFF, Newcastle, Sheriff of Northumberland Co. May 23, 1881. May 28 '81.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed "Tender for supplying Coal and Charcoal," will be received at this Office until Tuesday, 26th July, at noon, for the necessary Fuel required for the Public Buildings, Ottawa. Specifications can be seen, and forms of Tender obtained on and after MONDAY, 4th July next, at this office, where all necessary information can be had on application. No Tender will be considered unless accompanied by an accepted Bank cheque of \$100 to order of Minister Public Works. The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender. By order, F. H. ENNIS, Department of Public Works Secretary, Ottawa, June 28th, '81. (July 16 1881)