

TWO PICTURES.

This is what the great Edmund Burke says of the duty of a Representative. We want Mr. Snowball and his friends to read it:—

'It is the duty of your Parliamentary representative to sacrifice his repose and his pleasures to yours, and above all, to prefer in all cases OUR INTEREST TO HIS OWN.'

MR. BLAKE.

A FEW PLAIN QUESTIONS.

Mr. Blake comes here this afternoon, and stays here till Monday. On Friday next he is to speak to the people on the public questions of the day—to denounce once again the national policy, and the railway contract. As a distinguished public man, as one of the ablest statesmen in Canada, and as a gentleman of high private character and moral worth, we bid him welcome. We are not so narrow in our views, or bigotted in our way of political thinking that we cannot give a man a hearty welcome because he differs from us on public questions. Let him come here and expound his doctrine. Our party can meet him. They have the facts—Mr. Blake has the theories.

But for Mr. Blake's own reputation sake, for we regard him, and many regard him, as a very able man, we hope he will for once in his public career put off the special pleader, cease to ape Belial with honied tongue, to

"Make the worse appear the better reason."

and meet issues squarely. Let him, if he respect his own reason, and the logic for which he is noted, meet the main issues, and let the side ones go. The national policy is the expression of a political principle, and with that principle Mr. Blake ought manfully to deal. Then let him take up the facts which have arisen out of that principle, and as many side issues as he pleases. Any other way of treating his subject, is only deluding and deceiving his hearers, and unworthy the abilities for which he is noted.

Now since Mr. Blake is to address us here on Friday we would like to put to him a few questions which the public would like to hear him answer.

1st.—Towards the close of the Mackenzie-Cartwright regime the country was on the down road to Avernus, and deficit was piling upon deficit. Now what steps would Mr. Blake have taken at the beginning of the next term of office to meet this deficiency?

2nd.—Would he resort to direct taxation?

3.—Would he create a tariff which would give us as much revenue as we are getting under the National Policy? If so how would he construct that tariff?

4.—How much better off is a town having say ten million dollars worth of industrial and manufacturing property, than a town having nothing but the raw resources of nature, the towns with respect to natural agents in both cases being equal?

5.—Why ought trade be "Free as the wind that blows?"

6.—Since revenue is to be raised and a certain amount of taxation is necessary, then is it not better that said taxation should be put so as to develop home industries? If not, then, why not?

7.—Sir Richard calls the manufacturers "legalized kibblers." Now if any industry protected by the National Policy is begetting a fortune for its owners, and crushing the people, will not competition arise, destroy the monopoly and bring that industry to its legitimate level? If not, then, why not?

8.—Is not the country, since the inauguration of the N. P. the richer by the number of industries started under the N. P.? If not, then, why not?

9.—Would you not have those new grown industries? or would you tear them down? or what are you and your party driving at anyway?

10.—Do you assert Sir, that statesmen are mere flies on the wheel-powerless to influence the drift of business activity?

11.—Suppose you tear down what Sir John has built up, what do you propose to give us instead? Or do you make any promise? You said you did not in Fredericton. Then are we just to turn this government out, and wait for you to hatch your new plot, your head like the old Greek in nubibus?

12.—Finally, what do you think of a representative who would run away to England to sell deals, just after parliament opened, and the syndicate question on the tapis? What do you think of Mr. Snowball for running away?

13.—Would you recommend the

people, to return the traitor again?

Suppose Mr. Blake vary the old story he has told everywhere in the maritime provinces, and answer these few very plain questions. Above all, let us hope Mr. Snowball will keep out of the people's sight, after being away deal-selling last winter when we wanted him in Ottawa.

HON. ALEXANDER MACKENZIE AND MR. BLAKE.

We observe by late foreign papers that Hon. Alexander Mackenzie has been presented with the freedom of the burgh of Inverness, Scotland. There was a large meeting present when the good old city conferred the distinguished honor on her guest. Mr. Mackenzie spoke at much length, and with a great depth of feeling. He gave a short sketch of his career as a public man without egotism or self-laudation, dwelt with pride upon the social condition and the political institutions of Canada, and unlike Mr. Blake who is now amongst us, and who would condescend to come down from his high position as the leader of one of the two great parties of Canada to become the advertising agent of American land companies, he was enthusiastic when he pointed out the superior position of Canada as a field for emigration. In the Commons last winter Mr. Blake told a different story. In that cold passionless voice of his, that has no tinge of enthusiasm in it, he warned the Irish peasant leaving his home to better his fortune to steer clear of Canada, for coming here he would be leaving the whip to find the scorpion. It may be, though many doubt it, that Mr. Blake's estimate of Canada is worth as much as Mr. Mackenzie's estimate, but we have them both. The one points to his country with pride, the other sits like Caius Marius on the ruins of Carthage weeping over its ruin; the one warns the emigrant to avoid our shores, the other points it out as the most favored emigration field in the world. Mr. Mackenzie prized his country before his party, and he was dethroned. Mr. Blake lends his fine abilities to cry down his country, and make his party supreme, and they selected him. This is the man who is now here to enlighten the Miramichi people on the political questions of the day!

A LIBERAL CONSERVATIVE DEMONSTRATION.

Probably within three weeks Sir Charles Tupper, Sir Leonard Tilley—or one of these gentlemen—and Hon. Peter Mitchell, will visit the Miramichi and address the people on the questions of the day, and point out the sophistries and the fallacies in the speeches which are to be inflicted on the people here Friday next. A demonstration will be gotten up in honor of the visitors which will do credit to the Miramichi and eclipse all previous political demonstrations ever seen here. Arrangements will be made to have all the people who are convenient by rail or river present to hear by far the greatest orator that we have today in Canada. We hope those who go to listen to the special pleader of Canada on Friday, or the vulgar vaporings of Mr. Snowball, who ran away from us last winter to sell his deals, will make careful note of what they hear, and store up the same till the other gentlemen come. If Sir Charles had his way he would discuss public questions with the special pleader face to face—but Mr. Blake is afraid of Sir Charles. He pretends his case is strong as the hills of the heaven, and his friends in bitter irony give as excuse for his timidity that "his nerves are not heroically strong."

THE PRESIDENT.

The latest despatches announce that the President lies in the same condition, hovering between death and life. He has retained however some liquid nourishment in his stomach lately. There is a faint gleam of hope about the White House. Dr. Baxter, who is one of the Presidents family physicians, and a relation of Dr. Baxter here, gives it as his opinion that if the President's stomach holds out he will probably recover.

The Fredericton Capital has got a little patronage and joined the Government.

EDITORIAL GLEANINGS.

DROWNING AT STANLEY.

Last week Andrew Rosborough of Fredericton, and William Elliott of Stanley, jumped from a scow above a mill-dam on the Nashauk, were borne over the fall and drowned. They were engaged about a bridge, of which Rosborough was the contractor. A despatch to the St. John News Saturday, said:—"The bodies of Rosborough and Elliott who were drowned on the Nashauk some days ago were found this morning. Wm. Elliott was found in the river about a mile below Stanley, and that of Andrew Rosborough on an island about five miles lower down. Arrange-

ments have been made by the Orangemen of the city to have the body of Andrew Rosborough brought to town this evening for the purpose of holding the funeral on Sabbath afternoon at two o'clock. The Orangemen of the city and Sister Lodges will be in attendance. THE CRUEL N. P. [Mail.]

The National Policy, it was predicted, would ruin the country. The orators of the Opposition ran round the country to give harrowing pictures of the wide waste of ruin Canada would present to the gaze of an astonished world, if by any unfortunate combination of folly and pigheadedness Sir John and his friends should win the confidence of the electorate. Then, after the people showed so emphatically by their votes that they had had enough of Messrs. Mackenzie, Cartwright, and Blake, the opponents of the National Policy declared that Sir John would not dare to tamper so recklessly with the prospects of the country as to try any new and foolish experiment, such as had been talked of during the elections. It would ruin the country beyond the hope of recovery. Well, the N. P. was adopted. The ruin predicted failed to put in an appearance. Instead, there came prosperity, marked and certain—prosperity in every direction. And then, with wonderful versatility, the Opposition organs admitted the prosperity they could no longer deny, and now spend columns of space to show it is due to something else. But according to them we should have no prosperity at all to be accounted for.

PARNELL ON THE STUMP.

Mr. Parnell at Castleberg, county Tyrone today asked the electors to decide between the true representatives of the people and the Government, which forged the fetters of coercion for the noblest of Ireland's children. He said Mr. Dickson, the Whig candidate, if elected will take his seat behind "Backshot" Forster and "Slanderer" Hartcourt. The Land bill was passed through the war of the Land League, and the Government only released Mr. Dillon when they saw that continued imprisonment would kill him. Mr. Parnell asked those who favoured the release of the "suspects" to plump for Rylett.

THE DESCHENES LAKE MONSTER MAKES ITS-LOW ONCE MORE.

The serpent which has been the terror of Deschenes lake for the last couple of years has turned up again at Moore Island, about seven miles on this of the Quo, and was seen on Thursday last by Mr. McNeil and Mr. Driscoll. It was sailing up the river at the rate of twenty miles an hour, with its head protruded out of the water about two feet. Mr. McNeil describes the serpent as being of brown color, with hair covering its body, and would estimate its length at about 200 feet. He immediately picked up his gun and fired at it, when it was seen to make a plunge and suddenly disappear from view. Mr. McNeil is positive as to color, but the whole of the monster not being out of the water, is not so sure as to length.

BRUTAL AGRARIAN MURDER.

Two unknown men supposed to be connected with the land rent agitation entered the house of Dennis Coyne Johnston, near Engfield, Ireland, last night, threw lime in his eyes, dragged him from his bed, and murdered him. The men made their escape, but the police are searching for them. The body of the murdered man was burned by the chemical, and bore evidences of outrageous treatment.

THE MURDERER IN PRISON.

Guiteau heard the other evening that the President was on the point of death and he became at once very excited. He climbed up to the bars of his cell window and the keeper saw he was bent on mischief. He told him to come down, whereupon Guiteau sprang upon him with a long knife, making a cut at his throat, which would have been fatal had it been an inch higher. With the slash he cut the top button off the keepers coat, and ran it in through his garments.

VENGEANCE MEETING.

When the news reached New York on Monday that President Garfield had taken a change much for the worse, a very exciting meeting was held, and those present pledged themselves by a fearful oath that should the President die, they would go to Washington and take part in any movement to avenge his death. It is interesting to know whose blood these gentlemen are after; whether Guiteau is to be the victim, or Dr. Bliss.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A SCANDALOUS ATTACK

To the Editor of the Star:— DEAR SIR,—We have read the last insult heaped upon the Alnwick people, ostensibly by striking at our County Councillor Mr. Savoy. There is no use Mr. Editor in trying to palm off the authorship of such a scandalous letter as that on "Neguac," or on any body from Neguac. Every one here knows and feels that any insult levelled at Mr. Savoy, as the selected representative of Alnwick, on that occasion, is an insult offered to the whole people. Some of us may differ from Mr. Savoy in his politics, and oppose him too with all our might, but when he is selected to bear a message of welcome, on behalf of our people as a race, to a representative of that race, then when any writer shall sit down and write for his own paper—wall called the Swill Tub—a communication liking him to an "Indian," and stating that an Indian read the address, then will we all as one resent

the insult. I know it was a nice thing to laugh about, and that the "dandy readers" of the town of Chatham read it, and laughed, and said how good it was "to compare the Alnwick Frenchman to an Indian." Let those enjoy the fun now, we will have it by and bye. They can insult us today and hold us up for public ridicule, and tomorrow tell us as they have said on the streets of Chatham, "The French are so like Indians anyway that you cannot tell them apart," and they may if they wish tell us "O we only meant that for one: he is not all Alnwick," but the insult will be treasured in the heart of every man here that has French blood in his veins. It is a hircling of Mr. Snowballs who penned this scandalous insult. Let Mr. Snowball take warning—he pays the penalty.

As to Mr. Savoy personally, he can fight his own battles well; and we now write this as a protest against the stream of abuse, and ridicule that has been poured upon us ever since the French delegation went to Chatham.

Yours, THE PEOPLE OF ALNWICK. A SHABBY TRICK.

To the Editor of the Star,— DEAR SIR—Some days ago the grit party here were trying to arrange for a supper for some of the "party," and they met Mr. Wyse, our town baker, and asked him if he could "get up a spread." He said he thought he could, with his brother's aid, so they telegraphed to Newcastle for his brother; who came down, met them in Snowball's office, and came to terms to get up the supper. The next thing Mr. Wyse heard was that they would not stand by the bargain, and the next thing he learnt was that a St. John negro was chosen instead. Yours, ONE OF MANY.

THE KIRK.

To the Editor of the Star,— DEAR SIR—As stated by you in your last, Rev. Mr. Nichol preached in St. Andrew's, Sunday morning and evening last. The sermons were most acceptable. His delivery is easy and graceful, and his powers unquestioned. Yours, KIRK GOER. If Rev. Mr. Nichol would accept a call, why do not our Presbyterian friends secure his services?—Ed.

New Advertisements

"TWA HOURS AT HOME." CHATHAM, FRIDAY & MONDAY 9th and 12th SEPT.

Entire new Programme Second Night.

Newcastle, Tuesday, Sept. 13. Bathurst, Wednesday, Sept. 14. Dalhousie, Thursday, Sept. 15. Campbellton, Friday, Sept. 16.

MR. KENNEDY

—AND— FAMILY, Will give their ENTERTAINMENTS on the SONGS OF SCOTLAND, PROGRAMME.

'O Sing to me the Auld Scots Sangs.' 'There's nae Luck About the House.' Trio—'O Memory.' 'Get up and Bar the Door, O.' 'Oh! Whistle and I'll come to ye.' 'Annie Laurie.' 'Bonnie Prince Charlie.' Duet—'Ae fond Kiss and then we Sever.' 'Scots wha hae wi' Wallace bled.' Piano and Violin—'Reels and Strathspeys.' Recitative—'My Arms.' Aria—'Sound an Alarm.' Story—'Saunders McGlinshan.' Trio—'The Broom o' the Cowden Knowes.' 'The Weary Pand o' Tow.' 'Flora Macdonald's Lament.' Irish Song—'The Minstrel Boy.' 'Twas within a Mile o' Edinboro' Town.' 'Sae will we yet.' "AULD LANG SYNE."

DISSOLUTION.

Notice is hereby given that the Co-Partnership heretofore existing under the name of MERSEREAU & THOMSON, has been dissolved this day by mutual consent and the business of

PHOTOGRAPHING & PICTURE FRAMING

formerly carried on by them, will be continued by E. H. THOMSON at the old stand, and all bills due the late firm are payable to him and all debts owed by him will be paid by him. J. Y. MERSEREAU, E. H. THOMSON. Chatham, Aug 23rd, '81.

Look Right Here!

and learn that having bought out Mr. Merseureau's interest I am continuing the Photograph and Picture Framing business at the Old Stand on my own account, and will until further notice make good Photographs at the unpreceented low price of \$1.00 PER DOZEN. Picture Frames to order. Give me a call. R. H. THOMSON, Duke St., near Canada House, Chatham N. B., August 23 1881, aug 21

Law and Collection Office

—OF— ADAMS & LAWLOR,

BARRISTERS & ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. Solicitors in Bankruptcy, Co-venturers, NOTARIES PUBLIC, ETC., ETC. REAL ESTATE & FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS. Claims collected in all parts of the Dominion.

OFFICES, NEWCASTLE & BATHURST.

M. ADAMS R. A. LAWLOR.

AUGUST 8,

1881.

—FIRST FALL—

Importation.

RECEIVED THIS DAY,

Ladies Straw Hats, new styles, Flowers, Feathers. A SPECIAL LINE IN Satins, newest shades, at 50 cents per yard. 2 cases Batting, 2 cases Park's Wraps, White and Blue, 2 cases Grey Cottons. 1 case Men's LINDERS & DRAWERS. —ALSO— 3 Bedroom Suites, 4 dozen Cane Seat Chairs, Carpet and Cretones, covered Lounges etc

Agent for Messrs. Manchester, Robertson & Allison's CELEBRATED CUSTOM MADE SHIRTS, in white and fancy. Samples can be seen, sizes taken, and a perfect fit guaranteed. JAMES C. FAIREY, Newcastle, August 10, 1881 [June 8, 6 m

NOTICE OF SALE.

T O Nathaniel Underhill, of the Parish of Blackville in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick. By virtue of a power of Sale contained in an Indenture of mortgage dated the 15th day of November in the year of Our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy five, made between Nathaniel Underhill of the Parish of Blackville, in the County of Northumberland, farmer, of the one part, and the Honorable Wm. Fairbairn of Chatham in the County aforesaid, merchant of the other part duly registered in the Registry Office of the County of Northumberland, the 16th day of November A.D. 1875, in volume 37 of the County records, pages 18, 19 and 20, and is numbered 16 in said volume. There will, for the purpose of satisfying the money secured by the said mortgage, default having been made in payment of the first instalment thereof with interest thereon, be sold at Public Auction in front of "Letson's Weigh Scales" in the town of Chatham in the County of Northumberland on Tuesday, the first day of November next, at 12 o'clock noon.

All that certain piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the Parish of Blackville, in the County aforesaid, bounded on the westerly side by lands owned by John Underhill, in front by the Miramichi river, and in rear by wilderness land, being one half lot and contains seventy-five acres more or less, with all the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereto. Dated this twenty-fifth day of July, A.D. 1881 L. J. TWEEDIE, W. MUIRHEAD, Solicitor for Mortgagee. Mortgagee. Chatham, 27th July, '81.

WILLIAM WYSE,

GENERAL DEALER, Auctioneer and Commission Merchant, CHATHAM, - - MIRAMICHI, N. B.

ON CONSIGNMENTS

Professional Partnership. The subscribers have entered into Partnership as Solicitors, Attorneys, Notaries etc., under the Style of Davidson & Davidson. OFFICES—Chatham in the old post office, and Newcastle over the store of J. W. Davidson. ALLAN A. DAVIDSON, Q. C. ALLAN A. DAVIDSON Chatham April 30 - 1881.

GUNN & O'MALLEY

PROVISION MERCHANTS, Chatham and Newcastle, IMPOTANT TO SHIPMASTERS.

Just received and for Sale by the undersigned in Bond or Duty Paid:— 50 bbls. Extra Plate Beef a superior article. 50 bbls. India Mess Beef. 100 bbls. Canadian P. Mess Pork, [Expressly packed for Family use.] The whole of the above lately overhauled and inspected —ALSO—

100 TUBS CHOICE BUTTER.

Prices moderate and quality guaranteed. ALSO—A complete stock of Rops, Canvas, Oakum, Pitch, Tar and other Chandlery Goods.

GUNN & O'MALLEY, batham, N. B., May 26, 1881

New Leather & Shoe

STORE.

The Subscriber having disposed of his tannery and retired from the business connected therewith, has opened a

Leather, Boot, Shoe and FINDINGS STORE

ON WATER ST., CHATHAM.

North side West of the Commercial Building, where he hopes to receive a fair share of the Public patronage hitherto given to him.

Agent for Wilson's Wool Carding Mill, Derby. [Parties having open accounts with the subscriber, are requested to call within the next 30 days and arrange the same.] DUNCAN DAVIDSON, Chatham August 24, 1881 a27

DOMINION EXHIBITION.

HALIFAX, Sep 21st, 1881

New Brunswick Exhibitors

Will be refunded freight PAID on exhibits forwarded with the approval of President, Vice-President, or Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, upon production of certificates from Exhibition authorities. JULIUS L. INCHES, Sec'y Board of Agriculture. Office for Agriculture, Fredericton, Aug. 20, 1881. aug 27 to sep 15

LIME. LIME.

For sale at Canada Ballast Wharf, 409 Barrels Wood burned Cork Lime. Also—100 Barrels Gibraltar, a superior article, at quantities of not less than 5 bbls. Farmers can make arrangements with the subscriber for lime suitable for land, at 50 bbl. lots, cheap. DANIEL CRIMMEN, Chatham August 26, 1881

Trustee Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that Charles E. Carmichael and Sidney S. Carmichael, doing business at Chatham under the style and firm of Carmichael Brothers, have this day assigned all their estate and effects to the undersigned in trust for the benefit of their creditors, and the said Trust deed now lies at my office, Chatham, for signature, and the creditors are notified that in order to participate in the benefits of the said trust deed they are required to execute the same within one month from date. Dated the Twenty-fifth day of August, 1881. aug 27 L. J. TWEEDIE.

SALE OF LANDS.

Department of the Interior, Ottawa, 13th August, 1881. NOTICE is hereby given that the Government will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the Dominion Lands Office, Winnipeg, beginning on MONDAY the 19th day of September next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following lands, namely:—

- 1. The lands in certain parishes on the Red and Assiniboine Rivers, then remaining undisposed of. The upset price to be \$5 per acre. 2. The lands then remaining the property of the Government in the Meenosote Reservation, situated in townships 1, 2 and 3, ranges 1 to 5 west, both inclusive, and in township 1, range 1 east in the Province of Manitoba, at the upset price of \$3 per acre. 3. Certain School Lands in Manitoba situated in the best settled portions of the Province, at the upset price of \$5 per acre.

TERMS OF PAYMENT. For the river lots and the lands in the Mennonite Reservation, one-half in cash at the time of the sale, and the remainder in two years in equal annual instalments. For School Lands, one-fifth in cash at the time of sale, and the remainder in nine years in equal annual instalments. Interest in each case to be charged at the rate of six per cent, per annum on the unpaid balances. Lists of the lands and explanatory maps may be obtained at the Dominion Lands Offices at Ottawa and Winnipeg. By order LINDSAY RUSSELL, Surveyor General, aug 24td

M. A. FINN,

Importer of WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, TO BACCOS AND TOBACCO. RISTS' GOODS Wholesale and Retail, PRINCE WM. ST., Cor. Princess, Hotel Dufferin Building, ST. JOHN, N. B. Nov 27 18