

# LOCAL MATTERS.

## Lumbering Notes.

Messrs. Whelan who lumber on the Northwest Branch of the R-nous, have built another camp there and have added 20 men and 5 teams, within the past few days to their operations: in all now they have 65 men and 9 teams.

## Lime.

Messrs W. & R. Russell have built a lime kiln at Mr Daniel Crammen's ballast wharf. This kiln has been built on an improved principle: the owners burning wood instead of coal. They turn out excellent lime, and have shipped this season two carloads to Pictou and one to Halifax. Lime sells in these places at present at from 80cts to \$1 per barrel. The limestone is contracted for in England by parties here, and ships bring it out here as ballast.

## Death in the Woods.

While Mr Melville Jack with a party of four men was surveying a lot, of fifty acres, for a Mr Thomas Morgan of Upper Haynsville, Mr Morgan, who was one of the party was taken suddenly ill, and died in the woods. He complained of a bad pain in the stomach and feeling faint, and notwithstanding all the exertions used by Mr Jack and the rest of the party to relieve him, he gradually sank and expired in about three quarters of an hour from the time he was first taken ill. Mr Jack had the remains carried to his own camp, and immediately despatched a messenger for his friends and the coroner. An inquest was held, the jury returning a verdict of "death by the visitation of God." Mr Morgan was one of the oldest settlers of that part of the country, and he leaves a large family to mourn their loss. His age is said to be sixty eight.

## Broken Down Again.

The distemper has taken the Chatham branch engine very badly. One night it refuses to budge against the wind, another night it joggles along at about 2 miles an hour. We verily believe if a fly lit on the rail, it would stop the cars. Sometimes we get mails due here at 5.30 at 6.30, sometimes at 7.30, sometimes and quite often at 8.30. Monday night they reached here at nearly nine and Mr. Vondy was busy as he could be making excuses for the train. It turned out that the cause of the delay was the breaking of an axle in the old branch engine, which disabled the concern from being able to get out to the Junction. The mails were therefore taken to Newcastle, and brought down from there by horse coming on for the middle of the night. This is the same railroad and old trap engine to which Mr. Snowball so proudly called the Marquis of Lornies attention as he informed him, "I am the proprietor!" If the old engine is not taken to the blacksmith, and put in some kind of moving condition, we shall press upon the post office department to utilize an Indian or two for the service between here and the junction. The public would hail the change with much satisfaction.

## News from Thunder Bay.

We have received the Thunder Bay Sentinel a newspaper which seems to surrender its columns to the interests of the people. It is a treasure in the way of mining news and the farming capabilities of the great North West. We notice that it honorably strives against the annexation of the Thunder Bay region to Manitoba, when the proposed enlargement of the latter Province takes place. It wishes to live as it is till the time comes when the rapid settlement of the country about it proclaims the time ripe for the establishment of a new Province. It shows good reasons for this, which we commend, as well as its ambition to be called in the bye-and-bye one of the founders of the new province. From some of its news paragraphs we glean, That the Indians in its neighborhood are becoming intelligent tillers of the soil, and raising handsome crops of wheat; That in Duluth, which is 200 miles away the people are so far ahead of the enlightened folks of these parts, that they have a Shakespeare society: which is declared by the Sentinel to be an institution worth preserving, and maintaining well; That wheat is pouring into the Duluth elevators in such quantities as were never known before, That the Americans just across the line, are very anxious to get Canadians to go over to their side and to this end propose that bonafide settlers be allowed to bring their stocks, farming implements, etc., across the line free of duty; That it costs \$60 a day to keep open a little canal at Duluth. What then would be the cost of trying to keep open the Kaministiquia a length of about 4 1/2 miles? and the Kaministiquia was closed eleven days before the date of the above item. A nice place Mr Mackenzie would have had for a great terminus if he had been left alone in the matter; That the celebrated Needing Hotel, for which Mr. Mackenzie paid such a monster number of thousands to Grit friends, could be built for \$4,800!!! People interested in the North West, ought to subscribe to the Sentinel. It is only \$2. a year.

# STAR BRIEFS.

Four more men from Chatham are going this week to the Northwest to fish bass. —Mr. Allan Ritchie of Newcastle lost a horse by the epizootic, in the woods last week. —Rev. Mr. Parnell is to "straighten out" the liquor dealers to-night in the Temperance Hall. —Mr. Robert Cherry of Chatham is at present preparing to build two sows for R. A. & J. Stewart. —Mr. R. Flanagan has purchased a promising young male colt from Mr. Barry of Pokenouche. He comes of three minute stock, and cost Mr. Flanagan \$190.

## New Publications.

There lies on our desk a copy of Vick's floral guide, issued from Rochester, New York. No lover of flowers should be without it, for it contains a cut of every house and garden flower of note, with a history of the plant, the means to take in planting and caring for it etc., Besides this feature, it contains another making it a gem to every household; a cut of the newest and best potatoes, carrots, cucumbers, and all the vegetables etc., found in the domestic list, with a full note in explanation to each. Mr. Vick's establishment is now a marvel. There is connected with it the most lovely, and romantic grounds the eye ever rested upon; there are wide fields filled with vegetables of various kinds, and plots where the most delicious plants are cultivated, and made to yield the seed, which is taken into the wind mill, from which it is removed to the seed house, a magnificent building. As we have said, the book would be a jewel in any household, and it can be had for TEN cents, on addressing James Vick, Rochester Mass.

We have received a number of the illustrated Pacific Press all the way from California. It is a beautiful paper, splendidly printed, and brim full of literature of the most entertaining character. This is made up of serial stories, short tales, and picturesque descriptions of pastoral and sea side life, in the far off lands of California. You can get a sample copy for ten cents, and the paper (which has 16 pages) for a year for one dollar; which is more than marvelously cheap. The address is Pacific Press, San Francisco, and Oakland.

## The Salmon Failure.

Those who have closely watched the salmon in these parts for the past year or two will be some curious things. One is that salmon are seldom found in our spawning rivers; and that while salmon can be easily obtained in the St Lawrence River and Lake Ontario streams, that the males are so scarce, enough cannot be got to put in the hatcheries. The females are observed to be busy as ever, to resort to their old pieces and deposit their ova, but unlike in the past they are unattended by males. The ova is therefore worthless, and many are making gloomy predictions for 1883 and 1884. From Ontario, so we see, the word is, "Few fish, nearly all large females, and no males."

## Good Gracious!

Says the Carleton Sentinel edited by old man Watts: Never was truer sentiment uttered by man than that "attributed" to Shakespeare, when he says,

## What a modest old bard Watts is.

Now nobody but Watts ever wrote the above couplet, which he generously attributes to the swan of Avon. The lines however may appear as above in some barneyard edition of Shakespeare.

## Mayor Fisher.

Providence seems to have raised up Fred Fisher to supply the place of the judge. Three men Fisher, Smith and Zeb. Everett put themselves in the Fred ericton field for election. The people had to choose one of them. They chose Fisher.

## He got 350 votes, Smith 193 Zeb, 92

Poor Zeb. We did not think there were 92 lunatics at large in the little town of Fredericton.

## The Legislature.

The Local House meets the 8th of February, says the last Gazette. The same rooms as were used last winter, will be used again this winter; as the new Parliament Buildings will not be ready before next fall. We have good reason for saying the Government will be even stronger this session than it was last. Hon. gentlemen "afloat" last winter, have cast anchor since within the Government pale.

## Lectures.

Rev. Mr. Parnell of New York delivered a lecture on Temperance in the Temperance Hall Sunday afternoon.

He also preached in the same hall on Monday evening. Subject: "God's Covenant with Noah." The hall was well filled on both occasions.

## Fish Shipments.

Mr. J. Loggie of Black Brook, shipped a carload of smelt on Saturday to St. John: twenty-six thousand pounds of smelt were shipped from the Chatham station on Saturday. Some were for the States and some for St. John.

## Business Notes.

Mr James Desmond intends opening up a grocery store next spring, in the building now partially occupied by Mrs Winn.

Mr Peter Gower has just completed a fine residence for Mr Richard Williams of Morrison's cove, which is 22x32 with a large lot.

Yesterday Messrs McEwen broke a road across the river that parties might haul their summer ice from his dam. There were over six hundred loads of ice hauled over last winter, to parties in the town. Ice sells at 30 cents per load.

# Alnwick Notes.

The people down here are much surprised to learn that out Mr. P. has left our interest at Ottawa unrepresented and gone to England to sell his deals. They have still in their memory the pledges he made both in Neguac School House and at Tabusintac the night he was afraid to listen to those who were in a position to satisfy the electors of this Parish as to what he had stated in previous meetings to which he was able to deny it when alone. I can assure you Mr. Editor I was present at that time and I saw what I never saw before: a candidate for the Common or Local House running away from any discussion on the opposite side. After having attacked his opponents in the worst way, he stated the evening in question that he had no occasion to go to England at all: that his business was transacted by agents whom he employed, and could always attend to Parliament business.

This was the canvass he made when it was said he would do like Hon. R. Hutchinson, Who then told the truth, our M. P. or the people? But the time is not far distant when our said M. P. will not show his face at nomination day just like the Hon. R. Hutchinson was afraid to do before him. I for one did not believe one single word of his canvass speeches; and I am proud to say the people every day find out their mistake in having voted for him: and have to know now what a deceiver he is.

Can you inform us through your valuable paper if you mail the STAR early enough every Saturday morning to come down by that mail, because the people down here receive your paper three days after its publication and it is rather long to wait for the news. [The STAR is not mailed till Monday, as it is not issued till Monday.—Ed.]

There was but a very small catch of smelts in Tabusintac this week. Can you inform us also who has the contract for building Hay Island lights? [We cannot.]

The mail carrier from Chatham to Caraguet is very regular and I am sure that the people along the coast are satisfied with the change. The said courier is always obliging and always punctual.

Today there is an appearance of soft weather which is much wanted, as the scarcity of water in the community is deplorable.

We have a large quantity of snow for the season and if it continue on as it is without any soft weather I should not wonder that Prof. Vennor will have the snow required to measure for his big snow storm.

The whooping cough among children is very bad in this vicinity. Some have died of the disease, while others have no prospect of recovering.

I remain, Yours, etc. Alnwick, Jan. 7, 1881. A.

## The Foundry.

The Miramichi Foundry is at present working extra time. They have at present a large quantity of work from the different mills on the river, also additional work from the extract factory. They are also doing shafting work for Senator Muirheads new mill.

## Personel.

Inspector McMillan of St. John is on a Northern tour of post office inspection. He was in Chatham today bound on up the line. Mr. McMillan is a diligent officer.

## The Council.

The Municipal Council meets on the 18th inst. Before ascertaining the date we knew the meeting was soon, from the industry of the snow plough.

## Review.

We review Russia and New Brunswick for 1880 on 1st page, and continue on 2nd page, dealing with Canada etc. Vide.

## Held Over.

"Fredericton News" held over till next. Also Newcastle news.

## Great Britain and Ireland.

### GLADSTONE AND BEACONSFIELD.

The Imperial Parliament has settled down to work, and there have been a few passages at arms between the Home Rulers and the Government. According to the present temper of the House obstruction will not count for much—because the Home Rulers will find arrayed against them all the Conservatives, and all the Modern Liberals. Mr. Gladstone is in excellent health and spirits; and hopes to produce some excellent and generally satisfactory legislation. Beaconsfield has not been equal to the task in the Lords and many a proud Conservative spirit has been damped in consequence. He is feeble in body now, and his speech was equally as feeble. It is thought now that Semite flesh and blood no more than another are immortal, and that the Earl will be worse before he is better. His defeat gave him a great shock, and it was to appease the gnawing worm of disappointment that he flew away to cut the locks, and trim up the garb of Eadymon. More than this, taking a personal interest in the Empire's welfare, he now sees fancy sit hastening on to the quicksands and all that he has done, in a fair way to be hurled down. A correspondent writing over the cables speaks of many matters.

### THE COERCION BILL.

which will be introduced simultaneously, will be no mere chivalry, but I hear on very good authority, it will include provisions for disarming the people and for suspending the operations of the writ of Habeas Corpus in such districts as may be proclaimed by the Lord Lieutenant. No general measure for the suspension of Habeas Corpus will

be introduced. The use of the most effective of weapons will be confined to the discretion of the Lord Lieutenant, but there will no hesitation in employing it whenever it is deemed necessary. "Boycotting" will also be bestirringly suppressed wherever it is associated with intimidation or conspiracy. The means of enforcing these measures have been provided beforehand. An army large enough to over run the whole country is already in Ireland, and there will be no hesitation shown about making use of it. The Government, in short is at length fully determined to put an end to the era of lawlessness in Ireland, to depose the Land League and restore Queen Victoria.

### LAND BILL.

It is now thought that Mr. Gladstones Lands Bill will provide in some way for state purchases and sale. This certainly seems the easiest and the best way; and it would not be a wonderful stretch for England considering that she payed out such lavish sums to purchase the freedom of the slaves. The plan referred to above would convert the Landlord estates into Crown Lands, and give the peasant the right to rent or purchase.

It is thought Messrs. Bright and Chamberlain are not in accord with the Government's policy, though members of the Government.

Tennyson's play "The Cup," has taken the English dramatic world by the ears.

## Ottawa News.

ON BONDED GRAIN--THE EXODUS BUG-BEAR--THE SYNDICATE BARGAIN--AND SIR JOHN--THE ORIGIN OF THE WORD "CARTWRIGHT."

### BONDED GRAIN.

I think I ended my last letter with a few points from the able speech of Mr Plumb. On the following day there arose a discussion on the privilege accorded frontier millers of grinding American wheat for export purposes in bond. A Mr Killman, ignorant and mischievous as his namesake in your Province, travelled away from the subject and declared trade was hampered by the customs bonding regulations. Mr. Bowell asked him to state a case in point, to give one instance, or one feature of a case to justify his complaint, but he could not; and Mr. Bowell said, while the house cheered, that Killam talked with out having read the regulations, else he did not know what he was talking about.

### THE EXODUS.

Then the motion of Mr. White came on, and feeling that the storm was brewing Sir Richard Cartwright jumped to his feet, and began to modify his wild statements. He said however the number of emigrants from Canada to the United States was 94,000. Mr. Pope the Minister of Agriculture let him go on, but when he took his seat the Minister rose. He had been making enquiries and found the figures given by Mr. Cartwright were false, and absurd. For example once upon a time an excursion party of 160 crossed the line; but they all came back but four, yet they were counted in the exodus. Instead of 75,000 persons going out, he said to settle in the states from Canada, the total number by the Grand Trunk was 53,000 and the men who made up the returns were disinterested; but to offset this, there came into Canada to settle over the same line 44,000. The total number of passengers from Canada to all points west including Manitoba was 30,000, and the total from the Western States to Canada 24,000. These figures no man could dispute—they include every man and woman and child going out, and every man and woman and child coming in. They were the official returns. Mr. Cartwright counted all who went out, but not one who came in; and his figures of the outgoing were up by guess—"we think there could not be less than that" said his informants. Mr. Bowell took his seat in a storm of cheers; and not a word save a few incoherent mutterings, like unto what comes from quarrelsome dogs after being badly beaten and bit, came from the Opposition benches.

### THE R. R. BARGAIN.

Mr. Mills who wishes to be original in all he says, and to be regarded as the philosopher of the house, followed Mr. Plumb. He told the house that they could not twist him at any rate for going back on his record; for he had an article in the Canadian Monthly several years ago, expressing his present views. He announced with pride the triumph of a Democracy all the world over, and looked a kind of triumphant glance as he spoke at Cartwright. Now Cartwright is an aristocrat though his name would never make you think he was. Would it? The name "Cartwright" shows plainly that his forefathers at least were better men, than Sir Richard, for they worked at their carts. You know in olden times when swarms were few, when the family swarm became too large, one took one name, and one the other. If Jack went into the Smithy, he was called John the Smith; if Dick went at the cart making trade he was called Dick the Cartwright. In times the article "the" was dropped, and Jack became Jack Smith, and Dick became Dick Cartwright. Often times too, the name was acquired in other ways; the unfortunate mother not daring to call her son by her maiden name, giving it the name of the occupation of her faithless lover. In some of these ways the name Cartwright must be accounted for—and yet Sir Richard is an aristocrat, and Mr. Mills tars and taunts him about it.

### MR MCCOLLUP.

It was generally supposed that Mr Mills' speech was a very fit affair. But no speech which followed it awakened the sleepy members and made the opposition members to rouse the sleepers. Speaking of the lands grant he said, reckoning the land at \$2 an acre, the present proposal was \$2,000,000 better than that of the late Government. Reckoning the land at \$1 an acre, the present estimate was \$5,000,000 better than that of the late Government. Calculating the land at \$1 an acre, the present proposal was \$9,000,000 better than that which the member for Lunenburg was willing to undertake. Referring to the speeches delivered by the member for North Northfold, Mr Charlton, prior to the presentation of this contract, he showed that while that gentleman was on the Ministerial side of the House, the North-West, in his opinion, was a most fertile and valuable tract. As soon as he got into the Opposition, the North-West was afflicted with June frosts and early snows. The same June frosts, when supporting the late Government and its proposal to aid Railways in the North-west, could not what he called haggling over small matters in the discussion of the measure. The hon gentleman was now at the haggling business.

On the morning of the 7th Sir John moved that after that day the contract debate take precedence of all other business: To this Mr Blake objected, contending that plenty of time should be given for the consideration of the question. True the British Premier had introduced a similar order, but the cases were different. Sir John rose and blandly thanked the Opposition leader for reminding the House that the Government had the excellent precedent of the British Premier to plead. It seems to me, said he, that if one wanted support for the motion I have given, it could be better found than in the precedent which is being set in England. [Hear! Hear!] The hon gentleman says there are occasions in which such a course as I propose may be pursued but this is not such an occasion. Why if there is one occasion more than another upon which such a course is permissible it is on this. The Pacific Railway question is no new matter. It is a question of considerable importance, but it is a question which has engaged the attention of the country since 1872. Whether the railway shall be built by the Government or by a syndicate is a point upon which the people have given an opinion. As to the terms of the details of the measure those I take it can only be judged of by experts. The question whether we shall have a Pacific Railway Company is one which can well be considered by the people. But they have considered this question. That question has been a burning question for eight long years—[hear, hear]—and the opinions and principles of every member elected to this House on the subject of the construction of the Pacific Railway of the Canadian Pacific railway were very well known when he was elected. As to the amount to be given to the company and the details of the contract, they cannot be settled by mass meetings. Mr. Speaker, whether people are admitted to those mass meetings by ticket or not. [Laughter and applause.] The details must be worked out carefully by a body of experts, such as this House is declared by the people of Canada to be. [Hear, hear.] With respect to the proposal of the Hon. gentleman, I will accept it, but I must say to the House that the right of no private member can be affected by this resolution. The motion simply says that this matter shall be dealt with first. After it has been settled, Parliament will continue in session, and all members will have every opportunity of discussing and deciding upon every measure, public or private, which may be presented for consideration. [Hear, hear.] The motion was amended so as to provide for the putting of question immediately after routine. It then passed on a division.

## Communications.

### The Nonantum Again.

To the Editor of the STAR, DEAR SIR,—I see a down river pilot, whose name I forget, comes out in the columns of the Telegraph and settles the whole question. What has his statement to do with the mock survey? I also understand the two survivors of the crew in Newfoundland will be employed to make a public statement concerning the movements of the ship and her seaworthiness. Yours truly, LOVER OF HUMANITY, [I had intended leaving this matter drop till the investigation comes on; but our correspondents letter calls for a word or two. No statement that any pilot can make, in the Telegraph or any where else, no statement that the survivors of the crew may make public, though costing a pound sterling a line, can touch the case of the unlawful survey of the ship; the mock court held that dark night, and the illegal order given the crew and captain to pitch over the deckload. Any other three men in Chatham had as much right to order the deckload of the Nonantum to be thrown overboard and the vessel to proceed to sea as the wardens had; for the latter had no authority, unless acting in concert with the written law. This they did not do. Now what we want to ascertain FIRST is, whether any three men port-wardens or otherwise at the beck of anyone can constitute themselves a court upon the sea shore with a storm coming on, and order a ship to sea, and to throw off deckload, and take down top-masts and topsails. It is for this we ask the investigation; and after it is proven (a) whether the survey was mock or real, and (b) whether the wardens had the right to hold such mock survey, then we may too, if the case seem to warrant it, have something to say about the loss of the ship and sixteen men. It matters not how the ship sailed over the bar, or outside the bar; or how nobly she did in the gale, or whether her loss was due entirely to the stress of weather and not in any way to her unseaworthiness—the point is, did the wardens hold a mock survey, and if they did, what is their accountability? or what is the guarantee they will not do the same again, or that some day shipwreck and loss of life will not be the consequences. As to Mr. Elder's opinion nobody would pay any attention to it, in a case where there was a little money stirring. You could get any kind of an opinion on a small matter from ex. Rev. William Elder for a five dollar bill. Now had some rich relation of the frozen and drowned sailors come to Mr Elder and said: "We'll pay you for avenging as far as you can through your columns the death of my kindred, the Telegraph Editor would have put his hands in holy horror like in those days when he preached, disclaiming against the depredation of the dead," and calling for an investigation. But the dead are

buried, and their friends have no money to spare in seeking justice to their frozen co-seas, even though they were sent away to their death—something however, not the question at issue now. Several years ago Mr. Elder made a vow to preach the gospel, all his life; now he preaches Grit gospels through the Telegraph, and has made press blankets out of his ministerial robes. His statements do not amount to a great deal, one way or the other.—Ed. STAR.]

## To our Country Subscribers.

Some of the gentlemen in the country who have not paid for the STAR yet, might bring us a load of good hard wood—or any kind of wood for that matter. THE EDITOR.

## Chatham Markets.

CORRECTED AND REVISED FOR THE STAR.

Flour, best brands Spring Extra.	\$ 6 10
Higher Brands.	\$5 50 to 8 50
Corn Meal, per bbl.	3 40
Oat Meal (Canada).	6 00
do. (home made).	5 00
Beef, Mess, per bbl.	14 00
Prime Mess, do.	12 00
Port, Mess, do.	20 00
Prime Mess, do.	17 00
Pork Hams (covered) per lb.	12
Home Made do.	12
Fresh Pork.	11
Salt Pork, per lb.	11
Salt Beef, do.	10
Butter (firkin), per lb.	20
Butter (in roll), do.	22
Eggs, per doz.	15
Cabbage, per doz.	60
Salmon (in case).	20
Lobster do.	12
Oysters do.	12
Oysters (Harrington's best) p. bbl.	2 00
From other sources.	1 00
Mackerel (fresh) per doz.	30
Mackerel (salt).	25
Cod fish (dried) per lb.	61
Potatoes, per bbl.	60
Carrots, per bush.	50
Turnips.	40
Fresh Beef, per lb.	05
Mutton, per lb.	06
Lamb (good), per lb.	08

## Administrative Notes.

All persons having legal claims against the estate of Francis Ryan late of the Parish of Nelson, in the County of Northumberland, Formerly deceased, are requested to render the same duly attested at the office of Jas. J. Harrington, attorney at Law within three months from the date hereon, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the said Jas. J. Harrington. Dated 19th day of November A.D. 1880. ANNIE FITZPATRICK, Administratrix.

## HELP.

Yourselves by making money when a golden chance is offered, thereby always keeping poverty from your door. Those who always take advantage of the good chances for making money that are offered, generally become wealthy, while those who do not improve such chances remain in poverty. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. We furnish an expensive outfit and all that you need, free. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address Stinson & Co, Portland, Maine. oct30 skwly

## COUGHS.—Brown's Bronchial Troches are used with advantage to alleviate COUGHS, SORE THROAT, Hoarseness and Bronchial Affections. For thirty years these Troches have been in use, with an annually increasing favor. They are not new and untried, but having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age.

THE THROAT.—Brown's Bronchial Troches act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone when relaxed, either from cold or over exertion of the voice, and produce a clear and distinct enunciation. Speakers and Singers find the Troches useful. A COUGH, Cold Catarrh or Sore Throat requires immediate attention as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung Disease. Brown's Bronchial Troches will almost invariably give relief. Inhalations are offered for sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches are sold ONLY IN BOXES.

\$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish everything. \$10 a day in a lumber is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young men and girls in the great day. No one who is willing to work fast can be made in more money every day than can be made at an ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. Hallett & Co, Augusta, Maine. oct30 skwly

## FOUND.

Found on Water street Nov. 9th 1880 a pair of spectacles on a chain the owner by proving property and paying for this advertisement. Chatham, Jan. 8th '80.

## Tinware. Tinware.

The Subscriber also offers a varied and extensive stock of Tinware, including Pails, Pans, Kettles, Saucepans, Stew Pans, Coal Hods, Lanterns, Milk Strainers, Milk Pans, Flour Sifters, Outdoors, Tea and Coffee Pots, Patty Pans, Water Sprinklers, &c. &c. All at the lowest figures for cash; easy terms on approved credit. N.B.—I will make most of my own ware and can afford to sell at bottom prices. H. P. MARQUIS, Corner St. Chatham

## Cooley Milk Cans.

I am sole manufacturer for the agent for the Cooley Patent Milk Cans in the four northern counties. No dairy should be without this excellent article, which is now used entirely by the Dublin and numerous other creamery associations. For sale low. H. P. MARQUIS, Corner St. Chatham, N.B. Chatham, Oct 16, 1880—41