

QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE, JAS. A. STEWART, Publisher, GAGETOWN, N. B.

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Queens County Gazette. GAGETOWN, N. B., MARCH 9, 1898.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The result of the bye-election in Gloucester for the local legislature last week resulted in the election of Mr. Poirrier over Mr. Stewart by a majority of 60. They were both supporters of the local government.

The tuberculin test is a subject of which we have heard a great deal of late. That we in Canada are not the only people awaiting more positive proof, one way or the other, will be evident from the following extract from the Agricultural Advertiser, published in South Africa.

We publish the report in good faith, and not with an evil desire to utterly destroy the peace of mind of our readers:

"The results of the tuberculin test in Bavaria are quoted in the Veterinary Record. According to Der Wochenschrift fur Thierheilkunde, 5,400 tuberculin inoculations were undertaken on 1,182 farms. The first inoculation had a positive result in 1,009 animals, or 37.2 per cent.; in 579 animals, or 11 1/2 per cent., the result remained doubtful. Two hundred and five animals were inoculated a second time, of which 50, or 24 1/2 per cent., gave a positive, and 66, or 29 per cent., a doubtful result. Of the doubtful reacting animals, 29 were slaughtered and examined. One-half were tuberculous, the other half free from tuberculous. In 679 animals slaughtered in which reaction had been undoubtedly positive or negative, 91, or 13 per cent., showed diagnosis as result of injection as inconclusive. Of 175 cattle which had not reacted, 20, or 11 1/2 per cent., proved to be tuberculous, and of 504 which had reacted, 71 or 14 per cent., were free from tuberculous."

A Pointer From Japan.

In an interview with a correspondent of the N. Y. Herald, the Marquis Ito said, among other things:

"The political situation is very uncertain, as it is possible such members might be elected as to give no party a majority. The people are greatly interested in economic questions. They are inclined to get rid of mere politicians, and to elect really representative men, who understand the needs of manufacturing industries and commerce."

"What the 'heathen' Japs are inclined to do the 'enlightened' Canadians should also do. Altogether too long have we been electing mere politicians whose only function is to follow the beck and call of party whips and vote for any measure that the party leaders think to be for the government—not the people's—advantage. When the people of each constituency shall select, for themselves, real representatives—not mere party tools elected for or foisted upon them—government will be slow to introduce bad or doubtful measures. Let us learn a lesson from far Japan.—(Con.)"

LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

FREDERICTON, March 2.—In the public accounts committee today there was some sharp criticism of the payment of \$520 to S. H. Berry as special stenographer of the Supreme Court. Mr. Berry has a salary of \$800 as government stenographer. There was also some complaint of the cost of printing, and the matter will come up again.

The Lunatic Asylum accounts for one quarter were inspected. The committee thought that the grocery and dry goods bills were fairly satisfactory and the charges reasonable, but the hardware charges of T. McAvity & Sons were considered too high. It was moved by Mr. Osman, seconded by Mr. Dibblee and carried, that after careful consideration of the bills for supplies to the Lunatic Asylum, it is the opinion of the committee that while most of the prices are fair and reasonable, some of the items in the accounts for hardware are excessively high as compared with current prices. And this committee recommend that a system of competition be adopted, which will ensure purchase at lowest market prices.

March 3.—The bill to authorize the city of St. John to supply water to the inhabitants of Lancashire was before the municipalities' committee this morning. Recorder Skinner was heard in behalf of the bill and G. F. Gregory, representing the Messrs. Jewett, in opposition to it. The city proposes to take up the pipe from Spruce Lake to Carleton and to put down a new line of twenty-four inch pipe in its place. The Messrs. Jewett claim that the increased quantity which it is proposed to take from the Lake will ex-

HEALTH IN MARCH, APRIL, MAY! Use the Only Spring Remedy in the World That Has Stood Every Test of Time.

PAINÉ'S CELERY COMPOUND MAKES ONE WELL.

In March, April and May use Paine's Celery Compound.

And only Paine's Celery Compound! For it is nature's remedy.

It is the only spring medicine that the best physicians recommend.

Clergymen of all denominations speak of the wonderful medicine with enthusiasm.

Paine's Celery Compound has a record of life-saving work that has never been equalled.

Paine's Celery Compound cures disease. It makes people well. It has saved the lives of thousands of sufferers. It makes the weak strong.

It purifies the blood and enriches the nerves.

Every condition of winter life has been detrimental to health. There has been a steady decline in nervous vigor. Now that spring comes the body is ready to cast off unhealthy tissues if it is only given a chance. This opportunity comes when the excretory organs, kidneys, skin and bowels are made to work actively and the nerves are able to furnish sufficient

energy to the digestive organs.

No remedy in the world accomplishes these results like Paine's Celery Compound. It nourishes, regulates and invigorates the entire nervous system from the brain to the minutest nerve filament.

It causes an increased appetite and tones up the stomach to deal with the increased food. Its nourishing action is immediately manifest in a clearing up of the muddy, unhealthy skin, an increase in weight and more refreshing sleep.

First discovered after laborious scientific research by the ablest physician America has produced, Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., of Dartmouth College, it is prescribed and publicly endorsed by the best practitioners in every city of America. It has been so enthusiastically recommended by grateful men and women in every walk of life that it is today in every sense the most popular remedy the world ever knew.

It has proven itself the greatest of all spring medicines.

In Montreal, Toronto, Hamilton, London, Quebec, Halifax, St. John, Winni-

peg and other cities, the leading druggists have found that the demand for Paine's Celery Compound surpasses that of all other remedies together!

Paine's Celery Compound taken during the early spring days, has even more than its usual remarkable efficacy in making people well. It makes short work of disease. It rapidly drives out neuralgia, sleeplessness, dyspepsia and rheumatism from the system. It removes that lassitude, or "tired feeling," which betokens weakened nerves and poor blood.

Women working in close offices; saleswomen tired out and nervous from long hours' standing on their feet and waiting on impatient, irritating customers; overworked, worried and disheartened men and women everywhere will be astonished to find how much happier life becomes when their nerves have been strengthened and their blood purified by means of this great remedy.

No other remedy has the hearty approval of a like body of educated men and women and professional men, nor has there ever been a remedy that was wel-

comed in so many intelligent, prudent homes where care is taken to get only the best in so vital a matter. In such families all over the country Paine's Celery Compound is the first, last and only remedy used.

Prof. Phelps has studied the nerves in health and disease, when well nourished and when under-nourished, in men, woman and children years before he looked for the remedy. Paine's Celery Compound is the outcome of his entire professional life. It is the one remedy that the world could not lose today at any price.

Paine's Celery Compound induces the body to take on solid flesh.

Physicians recognize Paine's Celery Compound as the one scientific spring remedy, and it is universally prescribed by them whenever there is great need of a vigorous and prompt restoring of health and strength to the worn-out system.

Paine's Celery Compound is the best spring remedy because it is more than a mere spring remedy. It brings about a healthy appetite, complete digestion, regular action of the bowels and other ex-

cretory organs whenever taken, whether in summer or in winter; but as the greatest of spring remedies it has extraordinary opportunities for inducing the body to throw off morbid humors that poison it and cause rheumatism, neuralgia, heart trouble and a general low state of the health, as in spring the system is more pliable, and chronic diseases, so securely lodged in the system that they are with difficulty ousted, become more tractable.

Thousands of men and women have found from personal experience that Paine's Celery Compound make people well, and keeps all from sickness who take it in the spring.

Many a father and mother have noticed the unmistakable improvement in the health of their children from taking Paine's Celery Compound in the spring. It is the one scientifically accurate remedy fitted by its composition to thoroughly purify the blood and dispel that exhausted feeling and get rid of skin diseases, headaches and fits of depression with which children with weak, nervous system, as well as grown people, are afflicted.

haust the supply in the summer season and thus interfere with their rights. Mr. Gregory stated that they had an offer of \$30,000 for their property with the present existing water privileges and that if the bill passed they would be materially prejudicial in the sale of the property.

March 4.—The corporations committee this morning considered a bill to incorporate Messrs. J. P. Isey, E. G. Evans, Thomas A. Peters and A. P. Barnhill as the Provincial Coal company with head office at Hampton and capital stock of \$50,000, divided into five thousand shares of \$100 each. The company propose to locate works at Newcastle and Chipman, Queens county, and in addition to general mining franchises ask power to construct a tramway from a point at or near Newcastle to a convenient shipping point on Grand Lake, to build telephone and telegraph lines and to build and operate also steamers, tugs, etc. The only provisions of the bill which provoked opposition were those enabling the company to expropriate lands for mining purposes as well as for wharf and shipping accommodation. Mr. Fowler, who is looking after the bill for the promoters of the company, claimed that inasmuch as the company has for its object the development of the mining resources of the province they were entitled to expropriation powers and that the provisions of the bill requiring an order of a judge of the Supreme Court in all cases where it was proposed to expropriate lands was a sufficient safeguard of the interests of private owners. Messrs. Hill, Dibblee and Davidson and other members of the committee suggested the danger of further extending the expropriation principle and it was finally resolved to refer these sections to the House without any recommendation.

March 4.—The government promised to bring down a detailed statement of the particulars of the item of \$291,25, stated in the auditor general's report as being proceeds and sale of agricultural products of the Lunatic Asylum, and all information not already in the report of agriculture.

Mr. Lockhart gave notice of a motion for a detailed statement showing the number of departmental reports printed, including the auditor general's report, also price paid for each of such reports as well as names of persons or company doing such work.

Mr. Black complained of the delay in bringing down the financial statement of receipts and expenditures, as promised in the speech from the throne.

Mr. Emmerson said the provincial secretary had intended to have the returns here this afternoon. He had not seen the honorable provincial secretary for some little time and could not say why the returns had not been brought down without further delay. The provincial secretary had yesterday given the reasons of the delay.

Bills incorporating the village of Andover for water and fire purposes; relating to St. Joseph's College and to change the name thereof to the University of Saint Joseph College; to authorize the St. John Bridge and Railway Extension Co. to issue debentures for the purpose of paying off maturing loans; amending an act incorporating the New Brunswick Masonic Hall Co., were agreed to.

Mr. White introduced a bill further amending the act to consolidate the several acts relating to arrest, imprisonment and examination of debtors.

M'Kinley Does Not Want War.

WASHINGTON, March 3.—President McKinley's exact position in respect to the Spanish situation can be stated in his own words. To a business man of national reputation, who was a friend of Mr. McKinley's, before his election to the Presidency, he said:

"You may rest assured there will not be war with my consent, except for a cause that will satisfy good men here,

the nations of Europe and, (with a pause) Almighty God."

The President has reached his determination, as it were, without regard to Maine disaster.

He has not definitely decided upon a plan of action. But he has decided that the horrors that prevail in Cuba must end; that the present campaign of the Spanish army shall be the last one, and that as Spain is unable to restore order herself, it is the duty of the American executive to carry out the almost universal wish of the people and interfere.

It will depend upon Congress in a great measure how interference is brought about. The President is hopeful that Spain will listen to reason and consent to some amicable arrangement. He will do all in his power to avoid actual hostilities, but that the conditions of armed anarchy that holds Cuba in desolating grasp must end is the President's fixed determination.

His hope that Spain will abandon the island either for a money consideration or voluntarily is without avail. No Spanish statesman would dare to consent to yielding national territory.

THE MAINE'S EXPLOSION.

NEW YORK, March 3.—There are not many new developments in the Maine affair to-day. The Board of Enquiry is bringing its work to a close, and there is now a general disposition to await its report. The general belief is that the court will find that the disaster to the Maine was caused by a floating submarine mine under the port side of the ship, forwards of amidships.

Opinions occur not only as to the existence of mines in the harbor, but also that this one was laid purposely near the buoy where foreign war vessels were directed to moor, and was fired by a flash from an electric battery on shore.

It is further regarded as settled by the evidence before the Court that the port side of the hull forward was completely blown to pieces, and that the only explosive on the Maine, except of isolated cases of fixed ammunition, was that of 2000 pounds of saluting powder, stored forward, and of which no trace can be found. These views are gathered from officers who talk with great reserve and only upon the assurance that their identity will never be revealed.

The Navy Department has decided to send the cruiser Montgomery and the gunboat Nashville to Cuba with supplies for the only relief of the starving Cubans.

The Montgomery will go to Matanzas and the Nashville to Sagua Le Grande with the understanding that they will remain in those ports, long enough to deliver the supplies.

The World publishes the opinions of a number of European naval experts on the relative strength of the Spanish and United States Navies. Mr. William Allan, M. P. for Gateshead, Eng., expressed the opinion:

"The United States will have every town on the Spanish coast blown to atoms, I am ready to wager, a month after the beginning of hostilities."

"There will be no war. The Spanish Government knows it would be the signal for a Carlisle rising. They will have some kind of a revolution in Spain before long, but as to war with the United States there will be none."

The report that Spain was purchasing warships from Chili is denied, and it is now stated that the Madrid Government cannot secure any vessels from British yards.

The Ontario Election.

The Ontario election resulted in a reduced majority for the government.

The following figures are the latest that can be procured. There is no doubt but at declaration there will some changes

and it is also likely that some of the seats will be protested. At it now stands the government claim a majority over all of four.

Government.....49

Opposition.....43

Patron.....1

Vacant.....1

LIBERAL SEATS—49.

Algoma East, Algoma West, Brant N., Brant S., Brockville, Bruce S., Bruce C., Elgin W., Essex N., Essex S., Haldimand, Halton, Hastings E., Huron E., Kent E., Kent W., Kingston, Lambton E., Lambton W., Lanark N., Lennox, London, Middlesex N., Middlesex W., Monck, Muskoka, Nipissing, Norfolk S., Norfolk N., Northumberland W., Ottawa (1), Oxford S., Oxford N., Parry Sound, Peel, Perth N., Peterborough E., Peterborough W., Prescott, Renfrew, Welland, Wellington E., Wellington S., York E., York N., York W.

CONSERVATIVE SEATS—43.

Addington, Cardwell, Carleton, Dufferin, Dundas, Durham E., Durham W., Elgin E., Frontenac, Glengarry, Grenville, Grey C., Grey S., Grey N., Hamilton (2) Hastings W., Hastings N., Huron S., Huron W., Lanark S., Leeds, Lincoln, Middlesex E., Ontario N., Ontario S., Ottawa (1), Perth S., Prince Edward, Renfrew N., Simcoe W., Simcoe E., Simcoe C., Stormont, Toronto (4), Victoria E., Victoria W., Waterloo S., Waterloo N., Wentworth N.

OTHERS—2.

West Wellington, Patron.

Russell, Vacant.

Canada's Rich Fisheries.

OTTAWA, Feb. 28.—Canada's unrivalled fisheries yielded last year \$20,400,000, according to the annual report for 1897 of Sir Louis Davies, just published. This yield was the product of 75,000 men, 30,000 of whom were deep sea toilers. The capital invested is placed at \$9,750,000, and 36,600 craft of all kinds were employed. The principal fish caught and their value were as follows: Salmon \$4,000,000; cod, \$3,619,000; herring, \$2,900,000, and lobsters \$2,200,000. By provinces the catch was: Nova Scotia, \$6,070,000; New Brunswick, \$4,800,000; British Columbia, \$4,183,000; Quebec, \$2,025,000; Ontario, \$1,605,000; Prince Edward Island, \$976,000; Manitoba, \$362,000; Territories, \$383,000. New Brunswick, Quebec and Ontario show an aggregate increase of \$575,000, the other provinces decreasing aggregating \$367,000. There were 41 vessels in the fur seal and Behring Sea fisheries, employing 500 whites and 587 Indians, who secured 30,000 skins, 15,000 of which were got in Behring Sea. The yield and value of the principal fisheries of New Brunswick for the year were: Salmon, \$529,000; herring, \$1,518,000; lobsters, \$436,000; cod, \$490,000; smelt, \$415,000.

Correction.

TO EDITOR QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE.

Would you kindly allow me a small space in your valuable paper to contradict a statement which appeared in your issue of March 2nd, under the heading Lawfield. Your correspondent states that the Road Masters turned out the ladies to break roads which is not true; and moreover, the roads have not needed any breaking since the appointment of the present road master. I hope the Lawfield correspondent will stick to the truth if he mentions my name again.

Yours respectfully,

WM. PARRY.

Lawfield, March 5, 1898.

Fire Brick, Lime &c.

TO ARRIVE AND IN STOCK.

15000 Scotch Fire Brick.

10 Tons of Fire Clay.

50 Bbis Portland Cement.

Car Load Snow Flake Lime.

1 Car Calciend and Farmers' Plaster.

5000 Red Brick.

FOR SALE BY

JAMES S. NEILL, Fredericton.

GREAT

Clearance - - Sale.

As I have to leave the store I now occupy on the first of May, I will commence on Monday, 14th inst. to sell the whole of my stock of

Dry Goods, Men's Underwear, Boots, Shoes and Overshoes at

FROM 15 TO 30 P. C. DISCOUNT

Table with 3 columns: Item, Former Price, Selling Price. Includes items like Felt Hats, Boys Caps, Liniments, Patent Medicine, Doz. Reefers.

Groceries and Canned Goods 10 p. c. discount. TERMS:—Sums under \$10.00, cash; from \$10.00 to \$20.00, 3 months; all sums over \$20.00 4 months; with approved notes with interest at 7 per cent.

Butter and Eggs taken in exchange for Goods.

Chas. S. Babbit,

Main Street, Gagetown.

R. DEB. SCOTT. C. F. SCOTT.

SCOTT BROTHERS,

Steam Saw Mill and Carriage Factory.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Carriages and Sleighs of every description.

Repairing and Painting in all its branches.

General Blacksmithing done in connection.

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