

# QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE.

VOL. III.

Published Every  
Wednesday Morning.

GAGETOWN, N. B., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1899.

JAS. A. STEWART,  
Publisher.

NO. 44.



## ROBES!

Black Goat Robes,

Size 52 in. by 66 in.

Well Coated Plush Lining, Red and Blue Trimmings.

PRICE \$9.00.

## GREY GOAT ROBES,

SAME SIZE \$6.00.

### F. S. THOMAS,

555 MAIN STREET, NORTH END,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

## AMERICAN DYE WORKS CO.

Redyers of Ladies' Dresses and Gent's Wear.

Works 27 and 29 Elm St. Office 10 King Square.  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

THE GROCER MAKES MONEY HANDLING

## Union Blend Tea.

It makes for him permanent customers. The Customers save money by using

### UNION BLEND TEA.

It's the best Tea at the price.

### Geo. S. deForest & Sons,

BLENDERS AND SOLE DISTRIBUTORS.

### HOTELS.

#### Hotel Dingee,

MAIN STREET, GAGETOWN, N. B.

The above Hotel is located in close proximity to all public buildings and principal places of business. It is within five minutes walk from the steam boat landing and post office. Spacious Sample Rooms on the premises. Permanent and transient guests accommodated at reasonable rates. Livery and Boarding Stable in connection. Passengers conveyed to all points in charge of competent drivers.

TERMS MODERATE.

WM. B. DINGEE, - Proprietor.

#### CAFE ROYAL,

Bank of Montreal Building.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

DINNER A SPECIALTY.

TERMS MODERATE.

56 Prince William Street,

St. John, N. B.

WM. CLARK, Prop.

## Queen Hotel,

FREDERICTON, - N. B.

J. A. EDWARDS, Prop.

### First Class Livery

IN CONNECTION.

RE-FITTED. - RE-FURNISHED.

#### Queen Hotel,

111 and 113 Princess Street,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

WM. AGATE, - PROPRIETOR.

Centrally Situated.

Electric Cars Pass the Door.

Rates \$1.50 and \$2.00 Per Day.

Special Rates by the Week.

## John R. Dunn,

Barrister, Notary, Etc.

GAGETOWN, N. B.

#### Victoria Hotel,

81 to 87 King Street,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

Electric Passenger Elevator  
and all Modern Improvements

W. D. McCormack, - Proprietor

### Nerve Energy and Eye Glasses

The constant dropping of water will wear away stone.  
A slight eye strain impairs the health, because it is constant.

The strain which first manifests itself as a slight discomfort should be promptly remedied by the use of glasses.

THIS IS THE ONLY CURE.

D. BOYANER, Optician  
606 MAIN STREET, ST. JOHN, N. B.

**FREE!** This beautiful little book, "The History of the Boy's Watch," is being sold for 10 cents each. It is a most interesting and instructive work, and is well worth the price. It is available at all bookstores and newsstands.

LINEN DOYLE CO.  
DEPT. C G TORONTO

### Boy Wanted.

Wanted for the winter a Boy 13 to 16 years old, to chore around the place. Good wages will be given.

J. W. PENRY,  
Upper Hamstead.

### NOTICE.

My Saw Mill will be at Dunn's Corner, Petersville, next spring, where I will be prepared to saw all kinds of lumber.

D. PALMER.

Douglas Harbor, Dec. 2nd, 1899.

**10 for 10 cents** This book contains the names of the best musicians, including the Negro, Yankee, Irish, and Dutch dialects, both in song and speech, as well as numerous compositions of every kind and character. Sent postpaid for 10c. Johnston & Macfarlane, 71 Yonge St. Toronto.

### DR. H. E. BELYEA,

DENTIST.

Corner King and Charlotte Streets,  
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Office Hours: 9-1 and 2-6.

### WAR NEWS.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—While nothing in the latest messages from the British camp at the Modder river indicated an immediate advance, it appears that Pretoria has news that fighting was resumed on Wednesday. It is not shown, however, whether General Methuen has advanced on the new position taken by the Boers, or has merely engaged in a reconnaissance.

Reports were again current at Orange river Tuesday, December 5, that Mafeking has been relieved. It is known through despatches from Magalapy that preparations were completed there to advance in force November 15 from Rhodesia for the purpose of repairing the railroad line and restoring communication with Colonel Baden-Powell. The Boers, however, were strongly entrenched near Gaborones, midway between Magalapy and Mafeking.

Reinforcements are rapidly arriving at Sterksroom to strengthen General Gatacre, including the much needed artillery. The authorities expect speedy news that General Gatacre has taken the offensive, thus diverting a portion of the Orange Free State forces obstructing the advance of General Methuen.

A detachment of the Cape Police had a skirmish with the Boers on Thursday, December 7, near Indwe, with General French reports important reconnoitering on Wednesday, Dec. 6, from Naauwport, showing preparations to recapture some of the British towns occupied by the burghers.

A War office despatch from General Buller confirms the statement that heliographic communication has been fully established with Ladysmith, and that General Buller and General White have been conferring as to the future movements.

PRETORIA, Dec. 6.—Fighting commenced near Modder river at six o'clock this morning.

NEW YORK, Dec. 8.—In discussing the present status of the war in the Transvaal a cable from London to the Tribune says that two great battles are impending before Ladysmith and Kimberley and the hotspots are impatient to have them come. One leading English journal, impressed with the conviction that the situation of White's army is critical, deprecates delay and well nigh raises a cry of "On to Ladysmith." It has also published evidence of large reinforcements which General Cronje has received from Natal and Mafeking, to enable him to make a strong stand at Spytfontein. The War office, however, is satisfied to allow General Buller a free hand.

The gravest fears of the situation in Natal is the marked improvement in the artillery practice of the Boer batteries around Ladysmith. While the naval gun had knocked out a big cruiser and a howitzer, two more siege guns have been brought up, and, according to the London Times' despatches, three cruisers, four big howitzers, two batteries of long range field guns and other heavy ordnance were working steadily. The rations, moreover, had been reduced all round the garrison. General Buller not only knows these facts, but has provided so strong a relief column that the siege will be practically raised as soon as Clery is ready to strike first blow. The British forces at Lower Natal are now estimated at 27,000, and General Clery will have not less than 20,000 men for operations on either flank of Colenso.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—The latest advices from Frere Camp show that the bombardment of Ladysmith was continued Thursday, Dec. 7. A pneumatic gun on Umbulwana Hill commenced the work. The Tugela River is low.

Free Staters are reported to be looting Acton Holmes on the way back to the Free State border. According to a special despatch from Pretoria, Gen. Joubert recently proposed an exchange of prisoners, especially Lady Sarah Wilson, for a Boer woman taken prisoner at Mafeking. Lady Wilson is an aunt of Winston Churchill, and the wife of Capt. G. C. Wilson, of the Royal Horse Guards. This was the first definite news that she was a prisoner. Lady Wilson had been acting in the double capacity of a newspaper correspondent and Red Cross nurse, and there has been much anxiety about her. When last heard from Lady Wilson had left Mafeking on horseback with her maid as her sole companion. She was reported to have reached Seta-goli.

An official account of the sortie at Kimberley, Nov. 28, when the British casualties cabled yesterday occurred, says:

"The British demonstrated towards Wimbledon rifle range. The enemy's guns were positioned from the ridge at Spitskop to Wimbledon siding. Major Scott-Turner, with the mounted troops, attacked the enemy's right flank, capturing a laager and three redoubts. The enemy in a fourth redoubt made a stubborn resistance, when Major Scott-Turner was killed. The British captured many shells and destroyed other stores."

The same despatch gives reports from Colonel Kekewick, dated December 3 and 4, showing the Boers were increasing in

numbers around Kimberley.

The Boer advance in the northeastern part of Cape Colony is becoming remarkable. The local farmers are flocking to the Boer laagers, the townspeople in many instances welcoming the invaders with every demonstration of joy. The annexation of the British territory proceeds daily. The reported Boer successes have made a great impression among the Basutos. Advices from Pretoria say the government has allowed two cable messages to reach Winson Churchill. The mint at Pretoria is coining a hundred thousand sovereigns monthly.

The war office has been notified that the British had five killed and twenty-five wounded in the sortie from Kimberley November 25, including three colonial officers. Special despatches from Lorenzo Marques, dated Tuesday, December 5, says President Kruger is only prevented from going to the front by the objections of the members of the executive council. Mrs. Kruger is ill.

FRERE CAMP, Natal, Wednesday, Dec. 6.—A runner from Ladysmith today reports all well there. The bombardment, the messenger adds, continues.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.—The most important rumor circulating just now relates to Gen. Joubert, says a London cable to the Tribune. His illness is reported from Lorenzo Marques by Reuter, and Gen. Schalkbuerger is named as his successor in supreme command of the forces around Ladysmith. What military men in London are disposed to believe is that there have been serious dissensions among the Boer generals and that Joubert may have been set aside. A council of war is reported to have been held on Saturday, with the state attorney from Pretoria in attendance. The same jealousies which are now known to have existed at Modder River between the Transvaal and Free State leaders are suspected to be current in the Colenso Camp. The Dutch allies, however, fought well against Methuen, and are likely to offer Clery equally desperate contest, especially as they will have a superior defensive position in Natal. South Africans familiar with the ground say that the banks of the Tugela are much higher than those of the Modder and that the passage of the river will be a much more difficult and arduous undertaking. They add, with a fine glow of enthusiasm, that nothing is impossible with such soldiers as are fighting on the British side.

From Ladysmith there is a fresh series of bulletins and vague reports, one of which hints that the garrison is under half rations, while others describe the continuance of an ineffective bombardment. Mr. Harnsworth's paper has the substance of a private despatch from Ladysmith stating that the flies were more annoying than the shells; that Col. Conyngham was convalescent and fit for duty, and that Lord Dufferin's son, Lord Ava, was well. There were reports that the Dutch forces were moving north from Ladysmith, but these were not credited at the War office.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—A story was current at Durban on Tuesday, Dec. 5, to the effect that the Boers had made what was thought to have been their final effort to capture Ladysmith on Dec. 4th; that they had been defeated, and had retreated. As the story was brought by runners, it should be received with caution, as the unreliability of these "Kaffigrams" is notorious. According to this report, the Boers opened a furious bombardment during the morning of Dec. 4. After several hours the British silenced the Boer guns, made a sortie and hard fighting followed, the Boers retreating after very heavy losses, estimated in hundreds.

It is reported from Orange River today that 107 dead Boers were taken to Kaffirskop after the battle of Belmont. The despatch from Frere camp partially confirms the retirement of Free State burghers from the vicinity of Ladysmith, but does not indicate that the retreat was the result of a defeat on the previous day, while the statement in the same despatch that the Boers were firing into Ladysmith shows that the Boer guns were still active.

It is also pointed out that all suggestions of weakening refers to the Free Staters. Apparently the Transvaal Boers are still full of fight, though it is reiterated that they are short of supplies.

According to a despatch from General Schalkbuerger's laager, dated Dec. 3, the French and Austrian military attaches had gone to join the Boer forces along the Tugela river, where a collision was momentarily expected.

Perhaps an explanation of the retirement of the burghers from Natal can be found in a despatch from Modder River, Dec. 3, saying that a strong Boer force, estimated to number 3,000, was reinforcing Gen. Cronje from Natal. The same despatch says everything points to the fact that a great engagement will be fought at Spytfontein. The Boers are massing on the hills there, vigorously building stone defences, and are digging rifle pits in every direction. The Boers' redoubt on Lazaretto ridge, west of Kimberley, are also being extended and

strengthened, showing that the rumors of the intention of the Boers to abandon the attempt to stem Gen. Methuen's advance are unfounded.

The British have shifted their camp a few hundred yards away from the battlefield and are settling down for a week. There are some cases of fever among the troops. Much depends on Gen. Gatacre's advance. There is absolutely a large concentration of Boers ahead of Gen. Methuen. Practically the whole of Mafeking forces have joined the Kimberley besiegers.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—In compliance with arequisition signed by W. Redmond, John Clancy and others, the lord mayor of Dublin has called a meeting of the corporation for December 11 to dispose of a motion in which the corporation will deplore the "infliction on the South African republics of this lamentable, cruel and unnecessary war," and protest against a policy "involving loss of life and enormous expenditure."

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Lord Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, has received the following despatch from Gen. Sir Frederick Forestier-Walker, commander of the British troops in Cape Colony, "The following was received from Gen. Gatacre this morning:

"I deeply regret to inform you that I have met with a serious reverse. In an attack this morning on Stromberg I was misled by the guides and found impracticable ground."

MODDER RIVER, Dec. 10, 7.35 p. m.—A 4.07 inch gun from the cruiser Dorris, drawn by 32 oxen, started at midnight last night, and proceeded three miles northward. A squadron of the Ninth Lancers and a battery of Horse Artillery joined the naval force at 3.20 o'clock this morning. The naval contingent consisted of four companies of marines and 50 sailors, under command of Capt. John E. Bearcroft of the cruiser Philonel. They began firing at the enemy from a ridge facing the Spytfontein. They fired fourteen charges of Lyddite at ranges varying from 4,700 to 7,200. One shell fell on a Boer tent, which immediately disappeared. Everything in the immediate vicinity was wrecked. Another of the missiles dropped among a bunch of fifteen horses, which were blown to atoms.

## Dreaded Diphtheria.

### ITS AFTER EFFECTS FREQUENTLY SHATTER STRONG NERVES.

Mr. S. McDougall Suffered for Years and His Doctor Told Him Recovery Was Impossible—Again Strong and Healthy.

Farmer and "jack of all trades," is what Mr. Salter McDougall styled himself when interviewed by the News recently. Mr. McDougall resides at Alton, about ten miles from Truro, N. S., and according to his own statement has been made a new man by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. When interviewed by the News man, Mr. McDougall said:—"I am only too glad to give you any information you may want. Anything I can say will not be too good a recommendation for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Up to the year 1888," continued Mr. McDougall, "I had always enjoyed good health. At that time I had a severe attack of diphtheria, the after effects of which left me in a deplorable condition. I was troubled with a constant pain in my left side, just below the heart, and at times dizziness would cause me to throw up my hands and fall on my back, or side. My face, hands and feet would swell and turn cold. In this condition I could not move hands or feet and had to be moved like a child. My appetite all but left me and I got very little sleep. I was under the care of a doctor, but got nothing more than temporary relief. Finally I got so low that my friends wrote for my father to come and see me for the last time. This was in January, 1895. That night the doctor told my friends he could do nothing for me, and he doubted if I would live through the night. That night I took a severe fit of vomiting, and raised three pieces of matter, tough and leathery in appearance, and each about three inches long. The vomiting almost choked me, and it required two people to hold me in bed, but I felt easier after it. I was in this deplorable condition when I was urged by a neighbor to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was a hopeless case but I decided to try them. When I told the doctor I was taking the pills he said they would do me no good; that I would never be able to work again. But he was mistaken, for the effect was marvellous. By March I was able to go out of doors, and could walk quite a distance. I continued using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills until I had taken seventeen boxes, and they have made a new man of me. My health is better than it has been for twenty years, and notwithstanding the doctor's prediction, I am able to stand any amount of hard work. I attribute my new manhood and regained health to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and gratefully recommend them to others in poor health."

### Hibernia.

Dec. 6.—Special meetings have been conducted in Hibernia Free Baptist church by the Rev. W. H. Perry for the last two or three weeks and as a result four converts were brought from darkness into light where they have found salvation for their souls, and were baptized on Sunday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Pender mill pond in the presence of a large number. Mr. Perry is still continuing his work, and your correspondent prays that the work may be blessed and more converts brought to the blessed fold of God.

Mr. David McCorkle of Hibernia is operating quite extensively in pine and spruce logs. We are informed that Mr. McCorkle has bought the right of cutting lumber from Mrs. Hawkshaw of Summer Hill. We wish him every success in his new enterprise, "for he is a jolly good fellow."

Mr. J. Wesley McConchie intends lumbering to quite an extent on his own property. Good men are wanted.

We are sorry to relate that S. W. Palmer, merchant at Hibernia was taken to the Lunatic Asylum on Saturday, Dec. 2nd.

W. J. Cheyne of this place is going to move to St. John as soon as the ice is fit for travelling. He has, we are informed, taken stock in the new spices and coffee mill. Mr. Cheyne will be much missed in this community as he is superintendent of the Sunday School and takes an active part in the church. He is a good citizen and our best wishes attend him.

Mrs. H. L. Duffie wishes her patrons and the public generally a Merry Xmas and a Happy New Year. She invites the public to call and examine her stock which is the largest ever shown here.

Miss Edith Williams spent Sunday last with Mrs. John DeLong, Upper Onabog. The Rev. W. H. Perry is holding revival meetings this week. Quite a number of converts are coming out and the people here are expecting another baptism soon.

### A Big Hog From Nashwaak.

Mr. Michael White, of Nashwaak Village, was in town yesterday and brought with him three hogs killed Monday. The weights of the three were 450 pounds, 375 pounds and 690 pounds. The latter is the heaviest porker brought to the city for ten years and it is doubtful if its weight will be exceeded by any other. The big fellow was purchased by E. Estabrooks.—Gleaner.

### That Weak Back

Can be strengthened and the chronic pain removed by prompt application of one of those old English Remedies, Dr. Cook's Penetrating Porous Plasters. Hundreds of testimonials as to their curative qualities have been forwarded unsolicited to the company by persons who have been wonderfully relieved by their use. 25 cents each. Sold by all druggists, or sent post paid for same price by the Cook Chemical Co., Fredericton, N. B.

### ST. JOHN MARKET REPORTS.

WHOLESALE.

CORRECTED TO DEC. 12TH.

|                              |                  |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| Beef (Butcher's) per carcass | \$0 07 to \$0 08 |
| Beef (Country) per quarter   | 0 2 1/2 " 0 06   |
| Lamb per lb.                 | 0 5 1/2 " 0 06   |
| Pork, fresh, per carcass     | 0 05 " 0 5 1/2   |
| Veal, per lb.                | 0 05 " 0 07      |
| Shoulders, smoked, per lb.   | 0 07 " 0 09      |
| Hams,                        | " 0 10 " 0 14    |
| Butter (in tubs) per lb.     | 0 12 " 0 16      |
| Butter (in lumps) "          | 0 12 " 0 16      |
| Butter (creamers) "          | 0 21 " 0 22      |
| Butter (rolls) "             | 0 21 " 0 20      |
| Fowl, per pair.              | 0 25 " 0 40      |
| Chickens, per pair.          | 0 25 " 0 60      |
| Turkey per lb.               | 0 10 " 0 13      |
| Ducks, per pair.             | 0 60 " 0 70      |
| Geese.                       | 0 40 " 0 70      |
| Eggs, per doz.               | 0 18 " 0 18      |
| Cabbage per doz.             | 0 50 " 0 80      |
| Mutton, per lb, carcass.     | 0 04 " 0 06      |
| Potatoes per bbl.            | 1 00 " 1 35      |
| Sausage per lb.              | 0 02 " 0 02 1/2  |
| Radish per doz.              | 0 00 " 0 07      |
| Turnips per bbl.             | 0 45 " 0 55      |
| Calf skin, per lb.           | 0 60 " 0 10      |
| Lamb skins.                  | 0 60 " 0 80      |
| Hides, per lb.               | 0 07 " 0 08      |
| Beans per bus, yellow eye.   | 0 70 " 0 25      |
| Beans per bus, white.        | 1 00 " 1 10      |
| Carrots per bbl.             | 0 90 " 1 00      |
| Cheese per lb.               | 0 10 " 0 11      |
| Maple sugar per lb.          | 0 10 " 0 12      |
| Beets per bbl.               | 0 75 " 0 90      |
| Tomatoes 30 lb box.          | 0 40 " 0 50      |
| Celery per doz.              | 0 00 " 0 00      |

## LUMBERING!

Flower, Meal, Fish,  
Tea, Sugar and Molasses.

Bells, Halters and Blankets,  
Peevies and Axes,  
Bolts, Nuts and Rivets.

ALWAYS PLEASANT TO QUOTE PRICES.  
Yours sincerely,

### P. Nase & Son,

Indiantown, St. John, N. B.