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JAS. A. STEWART
Publisher.

NO. 8.

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Men's Black and Brown STIFF HATS,
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The above Hotel is located in close proximity to all public buildings and principal places of business. It is within five minutes walk from the steam boat landing and post office. Spacious Sample Rooms on the premises. Permanent and transient guests accommodated at reasonable rates. Livery and Boarding Stable in connection. Passengers conveyed to all points in charge of competent drivers.

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Lady's Watch, for

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Watch for selling 250 at

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Wanted for the winter a Boy 13 to 16

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Good wages will be given.

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Of the New Century I hope to do a larger

and better business by carrying a more

varied and carefully selected stock than

before and selling at a right price. I will

also carry a stock of

Coffins and Caskets.

Thinking you for the past favors shown

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Season and abundant prosperity.

I am, yours sincerely,

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WAR NEWS.

LONDON, March 31.—The head of the army of Lord Roberts is now about 21 miles north of Bloemfontein. It occupies a cluster of hills won from the Boers after a stiff fight in which the British lost seven officers and one hundred men.

The Boers have been using these kopjes as a base for marauding bands that have been beating up the country, adjacent to Bloemfontein, for supplies, driving off cattle and forcing non-resistant Free Staters into their ranks again. The enemy must have been in considerable force as Lord Roberts sent 8,000 infantry and 3,000 cavalry against them.

Lord Roberts' progress to Pretoria will probably consist of a series of such forward movements, in which Boer positions will be attacked by a portion of the army advancing rapidly with wheel transport, the main army coming up as the railway is repaired.

Lord Roberts is stripping the forces in the minor spheres of operations of their wagons and transport animals in order to hasten the advance. This is understood to be the reason why he recalled Lord Methuen from Barkly West. Lord Roberts had to have Methuen's transport.

The reason why a hot chase was not made after Commandant Olivier is that Lord Roberts did not wish to wear out the cavalry transport. General French lost 3,000 horses in the relief of Kimberley and the pursuit of Conje. Lord Roberts lost 3,000 transport cattle at Water-vaal Drift; and it is estimated that he has lost 4,000 other animals since the forward movement began on February 13.

The advance beyond Bloemfontein is through a bare country and the supply officers foresee an increasing difficulty in providing forage for an army moving along a single line of railway, even when the latter is working smoothly and with ample polling stock.

The Canadian Mounted Rifles were part of the force that occupied Kenhardt yesterday.

The rebellion throughout the North-west districts of Cape Colony is almost suppressed.

The Gotha will sail today with 600 men for St. Helena to guard General Cronje and 4,000 prisoners.

CAPE TOWN, March 27.—General White has related several instances of the courage of the British troops during the Ladysmith siege. He said: "During the attack on Caesar's Camp a remote corner was held by sixteen Manchester, who fought from three in the morning until dusk, when the Devonshires reinforced them. Fourteen lay dead, but two survivors, one of whom was wounded, still held the position. The same day a sergeant with one of the guns had a leg and one arm shot off. He fell across the trail of the gun and said: 'Roll me out of the way and go on working the gun.'"

PRETORIA, March 28.—General Joubert died last night at 11.30 o'clock. He had been suffering from stomach complaint. The town is plunged in mourning for the true patriot, gallant general and upright and honorable gentleman.

LONDON, March 28.—The afternoon papers to-day publish long biographies of General Joubert. Generally they are in a kindly tone.

KROONSTADT, Orange Free State, Mar. 27.—Commander Crowther, who commands the Transvaal fighting in the south reports that he has retaken Ladybrand after the British had been there an hour. He adds that Landrost Vangorum and Field Cornet Smith fell into the hands of the British, of whom three were wounded and one was made a prisoner. The Boer loss, he declares, was nil. The British retired in the direction of Naseru. In a skirmish near Brandfont four lancers were killed and six wounded.

LONDON, March 29.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Morning Post telegraphing Tuesday, says: "The first Coldstreams and the Third Grenadiers are already at Glen. The Gordons and the cavalry brigade moved Sunday.

"The three span bridge at Glen was dynamited two hours before the guards reached it. The necessary repairing will delay further advance for a time. Gen. Gatacre's forces are now arriving."

LONDON, March 29.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, in a despatch dated Tuesday, March 27, says:

"It is a matter of regret that, owing to the state of the roads and of our horses, Commandant Grovelar's command of 6,000 men, from Colesberg and the southern districts, got away north by travelling day and night close to the Basuto border before our force could hope to get near them.

"The latest news is that the Boers have 40,000 men still under arms, of whom 10,000 are in and around the Natal border. Although tents and stores are reaching here, a block of the railway is delaying arrivals from the south considerably. It is asserted that 20,000 Boers are massed at Kroonstadt."

A despatch to the Daily Mail from Lorenzo Marques, dated Wednesday says:

"The French Colonel Villebois De Mareuil has been appointed to the com-

mand of the Foreign Legion, which is operating in the Free State.

"General Prinsloo (recently arrested) is charged by the Boers with high treason."

Great Britain, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail, has thanked Germany for the latter's warning of the Boer plans for attacking Walvis Bay on the west African coast.

MONTREAL, March 26.—The Herald published an extra at noon to-day giving mailed account of the battle of Paardeberg, in which so many Canadians were killed. It states that the charge which cost the Canadian contingent so dearly was a needless one. The battle had raged all day long. The men advanced and took cover as best they could, but no Boers could be seen to fire at, the gulleys they occupied being the best natural fortifications that could be. The correspondent says the action went on during the day until 5 o'clock, when the Cornwalls arrived in support. The officer commanding this battalion seemed to think that too much time had already been spent in fighting the Boers so he ordered a charge. The result was fatal to the Cornwalls, as they had to retire.

The Canadians acting under the order of the commanding officer of the Cornwalls, as senior officer, also charged and with like result, but the Canadians in place of retiring simply lay down and remained. It was during this charge that most of the fatalities occurred.

The unfortunate commanding officer of the Cornwalls was killed and Capt. Arnold and Lieut. Mason, of the Canadians, wounded.

The brigadier subsequently expressed his deep regret that the charge took place as it was not intended, but at the same time warmly congratulated the Canadians on their behavior as did Lord Roberts also.

The Canadian losses were 19 killed and 62 wounded.

PRETORIA, March 26.—The government has commandeered a portion of the gold reserve of all the banks. Bar gold has been given as security to the amount of about £300,000.

LONDON, March 29.—The foreign office, according to the Chronicle, is arranging with Portugal for some thousands of British troops to be landed at Biera and sent by the Rhodesia railway from Nansi Keso to Umthali. A permanent arrangement is understood to exist for the use of this route to transport the Rhodesia police. A possible foreign protest is suggested by the Chronicle.

BRUSSELS, March 28.—A private despatch has been received here from Pretoria which says that President Kruger will now take chief command of the Transvaal forces.

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Bulletin—London, March 28, 7.20 p. m.—A private telegram received from Mafeking reports that all was well there March 20.

CAPE TOWN, Wednesday, March 28.—Gen. Sir George White sailed for England today.

LONDON, April 2, 4.30 a. m.—General Buller's anxious inquiry whether British officers will ever learn the value of scouting comes back with enforced emphasis to the British public today, in receipt of the tidings that a convoy with guns has walked deliberately into a Boer ambush within about 20 miles of Bloemfontein. Lord Roberts' own report of the affair, if yet received by the war office, has not been published and no account of the affair is available to the public except the despatch from Bushman Kopp. Nothing can be said therefore, regarding the extent of the British misfortune.

Evidently Col. Broadwood thought it necessary to retreat in haste from Thaba Nehu, as he marched all through Friday night, apparently followed by a considerable force of the enemy. The convoy and guns had to pass through a deep spruit which the Boers had occupied.

Six of twelve guns, comprising two batteries, all the waggons, and it is feared many men, fell into the hands of the wily Boers, whose daring, displayed so near Bloemfontein, shows that they are rapidly recovering heart after their recent reverses.

The hope is expressed here that Gen. Colville will recover the convoy and guns, but this is hardly likely in such a difficult country, and it is probably that the next news will be that, after a stiff fight, General Colville has extricated Col. Broadwood from his difficult position, but failed to retrieve the disaster.

Severe criticisms are heard regarding the renewal of the old mistake of under-rating the Boers, and the absence of proper precaution. No doubt the affair will revive Boer hopes and inspire confidence among the enemy at a critical moment.

Great things are expected by the Boers of the new commander-in-chief, General Botha, who has made his reputation wholly during the present campaign. Foreign officers serving with the Boers have expressed surprise at his clever tactics.

The proof of continuing Boer activity in the Free State will compel greater cir-

cumspection on the part of the British and will probably delay the march of Lord Roberts northward.

Detailed accounts of the fight at Karee Siding estimate the Boer forces invariably from 3,000 to 5,000 men. Brabant's Horse occupied Wepener last Thursday unopposed.

Lord Methuen has issued the following notification at Kimberley:

"I have received instructions that, if any disturbance occurs west of the Vaal river, my force is to return and punish the rebels immediately."

ST. VITUS CURED.

THE STORY OF A BRIGHT YOUNG GIRL'S RECOVERY.

See Was First attacked with La Grippe, the After Effects Resulting in St. Vitus' Dance—Friends Despaired of Her Recovery.

From the Acadien, Wolfville, N. S.

The mails from Wolfville to Gasperau are carried every day by an official who is noted for his willingness to accommodate and the punctuality with which he discharges his duties. His name is Mr. Merriner Cleveland and his home is in Gasperau, where he resides with his wife and grand-daughter, Miss Lizzie May Cleveland, a bright girl of fifteen years. A few months ago the health of their grand daughter was a source of very great anxiety to Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland, and the neighbors who learned of the physical condition of the little girl gravely shook their heads and said to themselves that the fears of the fond grand-parents were by no means groundless. When the news reached the ears of an Arcadian man, a short time ago, that the health of Miss Cleveland had been restored, he hastened to interview Mr. Cleveland as to the facts of the case. When he explained his errand both Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland appeared only too eager to give him the information sought and it is in accordance with their wishes that we give to the public the facts of this remarkable cure.

Early in December, 1898, Miss Cleveland was taken ill with a severe attack of la grippe and fears of her recovery were entertained. Careful nursing, however, brought her through this malady, but it left her system in a completely run down condition. This showed itself principally in a weakness of the nerves. In January symptoms of St. Vitus' dance began to show themselves. At first these were not very prominent; but it was not long before she was rendered altogether helpless by this terrible malady. In a short time she lost all control over the movements of her hands and feet. For weeks she had to be carried from room to room and was unable to feed herself. Her grand-parents naturally became very much alarmed and having tried other remedies without effect, determined to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial. Developments showed that their confidence was not misplaced. When three boxes had been used the condition of the patient had improved considerably.

Then Mr. Cleveland bought six boxes more and continued their use as before. The sufferer rapidly began to recover. When she had consumed the fifth box Mrs. Cleveland reduced the dose to one pill a day and by the time the sixth box was gone a complete cure was effected. Miss Cleveland is now as vigorous and healthy as could be desired. Her grand-parents are persuaded that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are alone responsible for her cure and are devoutly thankful for the results which, under Providence, they have produced.

Sold by all dealers or sent post paid at 50c. a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont. Do not be persuaded to try something else said to be "just as good."

New Inventions.

Below will be found a list of patents recently granted by the Canadian and United States governments, through the agency of Messrs. Marion & Marion, New York Life Building, Montreal. The "Inventor's Help" will be sent to any address upon receipt of 10 cents.

CANADA.

66,503—Louis L. Billaudet, Paris, France.—Improvements in the manufacture of phosphorus and the apparatus therefor.

66,571—John M. Mackay, Ste., Foy, Quebec.—Ventilator for smoking cars.

66,582—Nap. A. Cloutier, St. Ferdinand, P. Q.—Axle oiler.

66,605—Thomas Hunt, Vernon, B. C.—Store pipe.

66,607—Joseph E. Landry, Sabrevois, P. Q.—Grain cleaner.

UNITED STATES.

645,590—C. A. Filion, Whiting, Vt.—Machine for making calks.

645,889—Samuel Clarke, Perth, Ont.—Dies for making car wheels.

To keep in good health, keep the system regular. Use Wheeler's Botanic Bitters.

ST. JOHN MARKET REPORTS.

WHOLESALE.

CORRECTED TO FEB. 28TH.

Beef (Butcher's) per carcass	\$0 07 to \$0 08
Beef (Country) per quarter	0 25 " 0 06
Pork, fresh, per carcass	0 06 " 0 07
Veal, per lb.	0 06 " 0 09
Shoulders, smoked, per lb.	0 07 " 0 09
Hams,	0 10 " 0 14
Butter (in tubs) per lb.	0 15 " 18 1/2
Butter (in lumps)	0 15 " 18 1/2
Butter (creamers)	0 19 " 0 20
Butter (rolls)	0 21 " 0 22
Fowl, per pair	0 50 " 0 90
Chickens, per pair	0 25 " 0 60
Turkey per lb.	0 13 " 0 15
Ducks, per pair	0 60 " 0 90
Geese,	0 60 " 1 00
Eggs, per doz.	0 14 " 0 16
Cabbage per doz.	1 25 " 1 60
Potatoes per bbl.	0 23 " 0 03
Squash per box	0 50 " 0 60
Turnips per bbl.	0 50 " 0 60
Calf skin, per lb.	0 00 " 0 10
Lamb skins,	0 00 " 0 10
Hides, per lb.	0 00 " 0 10
Beans per bus. yellow eye	0 07 " 0 28
Beans per bus. white	0 00 " 2 25
Carrots per bbl.	1 00 " 1 10
Cheese per lb.	0 10 " 0 11
Beets per bbl.	0 75 " 0 90
Tomatoes 30 lb box	0 40 " 0 50
Celery per doz.	0 00 " 0 00
Blue Berries per box	0 00 " 0 00
Black Duck per pair	0 00 " 0 00
Squash per cwt.	0 80 " 0 90
Corn per doz.	0 00 " 0 15
Currants box	0 00 " 0 00
Peas, green, per bush	0 00 " 0 00
Apples per bbl.	0 00 " 0 00
Lamb per lb.	0 00 " 0 00
Mutton, per lb, carcass	0 00 " 0 00
Radish per doz.	0 00 " 0 00
Maple sugar per	0 10 " 0 12
syrup per gal.	0 80 " 1 00

ST. JOHN MARKET FEES.

Beef per quarter, four cents.
Hogs of two hundred pounds or under, five cents, each additional hundred pounds, one cent.
Sheep, lamb, goat or veal, per carcass, each four cents.
Butter in tub, jar, pail or firkin, of ten pounds and under, two cents; every additional ten pounds or division thereof, one cent.
Butter in roles and lard in cakes, for every ten pounds or under two cents.
Tallow for every ten pounds or under, one cent.
Cheese for every ten pounds or under, one cent.
Potatoes per one hundred pounds, two cents.
Turnip per one hundred pounds, one cent.
Oysters in tub or other vessels per gallon, two cents.
Oysters in shell per bushel, two cents.
Turkey each, one cent.
Geese each, one cent.
Pigeons per dozen, one cent.
Partridges, fowl or ducks per pair, one cent.
Flour or meal per one hundred pounds, two cents.
Oats per one hundred pounds, two cents.
Peas and beans per one hundred pounds, five cents.
Hams, shoulder, bacon per piece, one cent.
Eggs for every five dozen or under, one cent.
Beets, carrots, parsnips per one hundred pounds, three cents.
Apples per one hundred pounds, five cents.
Plums per one hundred pounds, five cents.
Cherries per box one-quarter cent.
Cumbers per dozen, one cent.
Fish smoked per hundred pounds, two cents.
Fish smoked (if staked), one half cent per dozen.
Sugar maple for ten pounds or under one cent, each additional ten pounds, one cent.
Socks and mittens per dozen pairs, three cents.
Yarn woolen per pound, one cent.
Corn green per dozen, one half cent
Peas and beans per one hundred pounds, five cents.
Onions per one hundred pounds, three cents.
Cabbage per dozen, four cents.
Berries for five quart, one cent.
Berries over five quart and not exceeding ten quart pail, two cents.
Berries, in packages over ten quarts, for any additional ten quarts, two cents.
Moose, caribou and bear per quarter, four cents.
Deer, per quarter, two cents.
Hides, ox or cow, each four cents.
Skins sheep, each two cents.
Skins calf, tanned or untanned, each two cents.
Wool per pound, one cent.
Feathers per pound, one cent.
Salmon, each