QUEENS COUNTY GAZETTE.

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SOFT FEDORAS, from $1.00 up, in all Colors

Men's Black and Brown STIFF HATS, From $1.00 up,

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ON THE 12TH INST. WE BOUGHT

EIGHT CAR LOADS OF TEA.

In addition to the above we have several large shipments in transit and a big stock in our warerooms in St. John.

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The above Hotel is located in close proximity to all public buildings and principal places of business. It is within five minutes walk from the steam boat landing and post office. Spacious Sample Rooms on the premises. Permanent and transcient guests accommodated at reasonable rates. Livery and Boarding Stable in connection. Passengers conveyed to all points in charge of competent drivers.

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Wanted for the winter a Boy 13 to 16 years old, to chore around the place. Good wages will be given.

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Coffins and Caskets.

Thanking you for the past favors shown me I hope still to receive a continuance of your patronage.

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I am, yours sincerely,

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Notice

Notice is hereby given that all defaulters of the Parish of Gagetown, who have not settled their taxes with the Collecting J. P. for the Parish, before the 15th of April, inst., executions will be issued.

Gagetown, April 2nd, 1900.

WAR NEWS.

LONDON, April 19.—A despatch to the Mail, dated Wednesday, says the idea is abroad that the British have scored a success at Mafeking. It adds that 250 Boers have left Watervalonder by way of South Hansberg with the object of intercepting Gen. Carrington's troops, who were landed at Beira.

LONDON, April 19.—Lieut. A. C. Caldwell, of the Royal Canadian regiment, was discharged from the hospital for duty on the week ending April 8.

MASERU, April 18.—Col. Dalgetty's casualties since he has been besieged at Wepener have been 20 killed and 100 wounded. The Boer losses are reported to have been considerably heavier

After the night attack on April 12 the dead were left on the field, where they still lie unburied. There is a conflict of opinion among the leaders; some want to attack again, while others refuse to do so. Desultory cannon firing and "snipping" continue.

The Caledon is rising, which alarms the Boers, who are on both sides of the river, and might be cut off if the stream were to become flooded. Five Boer guns are believed to be disabled.

LONDON, April 18.—It is said that a peremptory order for the return of Lieut. Gen. Sir Charles Warren, the commandant of the fifth division of the South African field force, was cabled to South Africa this morning.

LONDON, April 16.—A despatch to the Daily Mail from Lorenzo Marques says that the British Consul there has caused the detention of two Maxim guns and a quantity of ammunition consigned to Pretoria from Germany.

The despatch adds that Mr. Michael Davitt, an ex-member of the British House of Commons, who it was stated had gone to South Africa to act as the correspondent of a newspaper has booked passage for Europe on the German steamer Herzog, which will sail from Lorenzo Marques early in May.

LONDON, April 20, 3.15 a. m.—A deluge of rain lasting 10 days has brought operations in the Free State almost to a standstill. The creeks have become roaring rivers and the roads are streams of mud. A similar message dated Bloemfontein, April 9th, and beginning "via press censor, Bloemfontein," reports an exchange of shots in the direction of Dewet's Dorp where the Boers are said to be concentrating, after their withdrawal from Wepener. There is nothing else to indicate that the investment of Wepener has been abandoned by the Boers. Notwithstanding the rain, however, the British have made some progress, as Dewet's Dorp has been occupied by them, probably by the advance of Gen. Rundle's division. An obscure message from Aliwal North, dated April 19th, says Brabant has arrived there, but whether he returned alone or with his troops isn't clear. Boer reports from Aliwal North aver that from 8,000 to 10,000 Boers are at Wepener.

LOODON, April 20.—Extended reports of the Bloemfontein concert for the benefit of the soldiers' widows and orphans have been cabled. No less than seven separate accounts are published in London. The concert, the weather and the bare statement that Roberts is ready to move, are about the only things the censor has allowed to pass, and the correspondent who announced that Roberts is ready to move does not specify the direction in which he is going. Gen. Hunter from Natal, commanding the newly formed division, arrived at Bloemfontein yesterday and left immediately after conferring with Roberts. To what point he proceeded is not mentioned. It is understood, however, that he will operate west of Bloemfontein.

ACCRA, April 20.—Heavy fighting is reported in progress near Kumassie.

LONDON, April 21, 4.20 a. m.—General Chermside and General Rundle are moving over the soddon roads. Rain was still falling when they went into camp Thursday afternoon 18 miles west of Dewet's Drop.

They hold the railway and the southern frontier of the Free State with 20,000 men.

How many are going with the generals who will engage the Boers at Wepener is not mentioned in the latest despatch from Oorlogspoort, where the British bivouacked Wednesday night. The field telegraph ends there.

On Thursday the Boers still had Col. Dalgety closely penned.

The government's reason for publishing Lord Roberts' Spion Kop despatches was explained last evening at Hull by Mr. Walter Hume Long, president of the board of agriculture, who said that the country was entitled to receive all the information the government could give.

"The government is told," continued Mr. Long, "that having published the despatches, it is bound to deal immediately with the generals affected; but in following such a course, the government might have to dismiss every general the moment he made a mistake. Had such a policy been pursued in the past many most glorious deeds would not have been performed.

"The government used its discretion in publishing the despatches. From the beginning of the campaign Her Majesty's ministers have not swerved from the rule of leaving the conduct of the operations to the discretion and judgment of the commander-in-chiefs."

General White, if not required in South Africa, will go as governor of Gibraltar, toward the end of May.

LONDON, April 21.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Morning Post, telegraphing Thursday, April 19, says:

"There is already a 30 foot flood of the Caledon River, which is reported to be still rising. All the drifts on the Modder are impassable. Traffic is temporarily interrupted southward, the water having washed the ballast from the line of the railway.

"The country about Bloemfontein is so deep in mud that the farmers's carts are unable to reach the town.

"In view of the impending advance anxiety increases among the troops concerning the future of the garrison at Bloemfontein everyone hating the thought of being left there.

"There has been no increase of sickness."

The Ladysmith correspondent of the Daily News says:

"The Boers in Natal are already commencing a guerilla warfare. Both the Transvaalers and the Free Staters are compelling the natives to bear arms.

"Gen. Buller has ordered all the farmers between Ladysmith and the Drakensberg range to retire to Estcourt."

The Ladysmith correspondent of the Standard says: "There is good reason to believe that the Boers raids are intended to cover the enemy's withdrawal from Natal in order to hold the Boers in opposing the advance of Lord Roberts."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Friday, says: "The enemy still holds the waterworks and our scouts report that the Boers have a line of outposts and small commandoes 15 miles east of Bloemfontein, from the Modder River to the Kaffir River."

ALIWAL NORTH, April 20.—Captain Little, of Brabant's Horse, Lieut. Holbeck and Mr. Milne, a Reuter correspondent, fell into the hands of the enemy while they were trying to reach Wepener a week ago. Everything was taken from the prisoners, who were sent to Pretoria.

Their native servants who escaped from the Boer laager near Wepener, say that there were four guns disabled and that the Boers had lost 100 killed alone.

It is also ascertained that the Boers made a night attack on April 11 but were discovered while creeping along a deep ditch by Cape Mounted Rifles with Maxims, who fired into them at a distance of 200 yards, with the result that the Boers lost five wagonloads of killed and wounded.

A simultaneous attack in other quarters was repulsed by the British, who used their bayonets.

The Boers still surround Wepener, but there has been little firing lately.

TORONTO, April 19.—The Telegram's special cable from London says: This afternoon rumors are very prevalent that Mafeking has been relieved. There is every reason to believe the rumor is true.

LONDON,—April, 23, 5 a. m.—It is quite probable that by this time General Sir Henry Rundle has fought a decisive battle with the Boers. He entrenched himself Saturday to await the arrival of General Campbell with the 16th Brigade. That commander arrived Saturday evening and news may therefore be expected at any moment.

It is still impossible to ascertain the position of affairs at Bloemfontein, or to learn when the long expected advance northward will begin. The despatches conflict regarding the state of the preparations. For instance the Bloemfontein correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says that the troops have been supplied with winter clothing and that the Modder river has fallen sufficiently to permit cavalry to cross. The Standard's representative says almost the exact opposite. Present indications, however, point to a still further delay.

Without attaching undue importance to the stories from Lorenzo Marques concerning the strength of the Boer forces, it would almost seem that the former estimates of 30,000 were rather low.

During the last few days there has been a renewal of Boer activity in all parts of the theatre of war. The tenacity of the enemy around Col. Dalgety proves that considerable forces are still there. Lord Roberts has ordered Lord Methuen to retire from Boshof, probably for the same reason. The presence of a Boer force at Frankfort looks like an intention to endeavor to cut off Methuen, who may be heard of as retiring upon Kimberley.

The Boers are said to half encircle Bloemfontein to the eastward, in a crescent formation. There have been several outpost affairs in the vicinity.

The 11th Division under General Pole-Carew, and the fourth cavalry brigade are operating towards Sannas Post.

In Natal there is no diminution of Boer activity. It is reported that Sir Charles Warren is to be appointed governor of the Free State.

Nothing is known regarding Sir Redvers Buller; but there is little doubt regarding his removal, and rumor has it that Lord Kitchener will get an important independent command.

The Boer peace commissioners are understood to have been disappointed by their visit to the Hague but to be determined to visit Berlin and Paris before going to Washington.

ELANDSLAAGTE, April 21.—A commando of 1,000 Boers came through Wessels Nek this morning. They crossed Sunday's Bridge and advanced to the crest of a ridge, but fell back when they saw the mounted infantry who opened fire.

Later the Boers shelled Elandslaate colliery. Ten shells fell close to the mine but did no damage. The work at the mine was stopped but it is hoped will be resumed tomorrow. The British guns opened fire. The naval brigade on the right sent a few shells in the direction of Boer guns which were posted on a long ridge 4,000 yards to the right of the bridge. They were difficult to locate but the Boers were soon seen retreating over the hill toward Wessel's Nek. Several of the shells caught them and must have done some damage. On the left the squadron of African Horse were engaged all day in exchanging shots with the Boers. No casualties are reported.

Later in the day the Boers showed activity in the trenches on the ridge in front Elandslaagte. A few 4.7 shells forced them to relinquish the works. This position was only 4,800 yards distant from Elandslaagte. It is difficult to understand the Boer object. Native deserters say that they contemplate attacking in force; others state that they are preparing to retire.

A WOMAN'S BURDEN

THE STORY OF A WOMAN ADDRESSED TO WOMEN.

It Tells How Those Weak and Despondent Can Obtain Health and Strength at a Small Expense—The Facts Fully Verified by Investigation.

From the Mail, Granby, Que.

The reading public have evidence put before them almost every day of the healing powers of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It is sometimes asked whether these cures are permanent, and in reply to this we would say that a case which recently came to the attention of the Mail indicates that the results following the use of these medicines are as lasting as they are beneficial. Some years ago Mrs. Robert Webster, who is well known in Granby, passed through a very serious illness in which her condition very nearly bordered upon collapse. Her blood appeared to have almost turned to water. She was very weak, her appetite fickle, and she suffered from severe headaches. Mrs. Webster had the benefit of excellent medical advice, but apparently without avail, as she seemed steadily growing worse. The least exertion would fatigue her, and finally she was for a time unable to do her housework, and was confined to bed. Her husband suggested the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and purchased a few boxes. Mrs. Webster had not been taking the pills long before she found herself growing stronger. Her headaches disappeared, her appetite improved, new blood appeared to be coursing through her veins, and her nerves again became strong and active. After using the pills for a couple of months she felt as well as ever she had done in her life, and could do her housework without feeling the fatigue that had formerly made her life so miserable. This, as already indicated, happened some years ago, and in the period that has elapsed Mrs. Webster has enjoyed the best of health. She says that if she feels at any time a little run down she takes a few doses of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and is soon all right, and she thinks there is no medicine to equal them. Mr. Webster, speaking of his wife's cure, says Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did her a thousand dollars worth of good, and friends who knew her condition before she began the pills and saw the effect upon her, say the same thing. There are a number of others in this vicinity who have used this great medicine, and so far as the Mail can learn the results have always been beneficial.

There are thousands of women throughout the country who suffer as Mrs. Webster did, who are pale, subject to headaches, heart palpitation and dizziness, who drag along frequently feeling that life is a burden. To all such we would say give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a fair trial. These pills make rich, red blood, strengthen the nerves, bring the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks, and make the feeble and despondent feel that life is once more worth living. The genuine are sold only in boxes, the wrapper bearing the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." May be had from all dealers or by mail at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ST. JOHN MARKET REPORTS.

WHOLESALE.

CORRECTED TO FEB. 28TH.

Beef (Butcher's) per carcass	$0 07	to	$0 08
Beef (Country) per quarter	0 2½	"	0 06
Pork, fresh, per carcass	0 06	"	0 07
Veal, per lb	0 06	"	0 09
Sholders, smoked, per lb	0 07	"	0 09
Hams, " "	0 10	"	0 14
Butter (in tubs) per lb	0 15	"	18½
Butter (in lumps) "	0 15	"	18½
Butter (creamers) "	0 19	"	0 20
Butter (rolls)	0 21	"	0 22
Fowl, per pair	0 50	"	0 90
Chickens, per pair	0 25	"	0 60
Turkey per lb	0 13	"	0 15
Ducks, per pair	0 60	"	0 90
Geese	0 60	"	1 00
Eggs, per doz	0 14	"	0 16
Cabbage per doz	125	"	1 60
Potatoes per bbl	1 25	"	1 60
Squash per lb	0 2½	"	0 03
Turnips per bbl	0 50	"	0 60
Calf skin, per lb	0 00	"	0 10
Lamb skins,	0 00	"	0 10
Hides, per lb	0 07	"	0 08
Beans per bus. yellow eye	0 00	"	2 25
Beans per bus. white	1 00	"	1 10
Carrots per bbl	0 90	"	1 00
Cheese per lb,	0 10	"	0 11
Beets per bbl	0 75	"	0 90
Tomatoes 30 lb box	0 40	"	0 50
Celery per doz	0 00	"	0 00
Blue Berries per box	0 00	"	0 00
Black Duck per pair	0 00	"	0 00
Squash per cwt	0 80	"	0 90
Corn per doz.	0 00	"	0 15
Currants box	0 00	"	0 00
Peas, green, per bush	0 00	"	0 00
Apples per bbl	0 00	"	0 00
Lamb per lb	0 00	"	0 00
Mutton, per lb, carcass	0 00	"	0 00
Radish per doz	0 00	"	0 00
Maple sugar per	0 10	"	0 12
" syrup per gal	0 80	"	1 00

ST. JOHN MARKET FEES.

Beef per quarter, four cents.

Hogs of two hundred pounds or under, five cents, each additional hundred pounds, one cent.

Sheep, lamb, goat or veil, per carcass, each four cents.

Butter in tub, jar, pail or firkin, of ten pounds and under, two cents; every additional ten pounds or division thereof, one cent.

Butter in roles and lard in cakes, or every ten pounds or under two cents.

Tallow for every ten pounds or under, one cent.

Cheese for every ten pounds or under, one cent.

Potatoes per one hundred pounds, two cents.

Turnip per one hundred pounds, one cent.

Oysters in tub or other vessels per gallon, two cents.

Oysters in shell per bushel, two cents.

Turkey each, one cent.

Geese each, one cent.

Pigeons per dozen, one cent.

Partridges, fowl or ducks per pair, one cent.

Flour or meal per one hundred pounds, two cents

Oats per one hundred pounds, two cents.

Peas and beans per one hundred pounds, five cents.

Hams, shoulder, bacon per piece, one cent.

Eggs for every five dozen or under, one cent.

Beets, carrots, parsnips per one hundred pounds, three cents.

Apples per one hundred pounds, five cents.

Plums per one hundred pounds, five cents.

Cherries per box one-quarter cent.

Cucumbers per dozen, one cent.

Fish smoked per hundred pounds, two cents.

Fish smoked (if staked), one half cent per dozen.

Sugar maple for ten pounds or under one cent, each additional ten pounds, one cent.

Socks and mittens per dozen pairs, three cents.

Yarn woolen per pound, one cent.

Corn green per dozen, one half cent

Peas and beans per one hundred pounds, five cents.

Onions per one hundred pounds, three cents.

Cabbage per dozen, four cents.

Berries for five quart pail, one cent.

Berries over five quart and not exceeding ten quart pail, two cents.

Berries, in packages over ten quarts, for any additional ten quarts, two cents.

Moose, caribou and bear per quarter, four cents.

Deer, per quarter, two cents.

Hides, ox or cow, each four cents.

Skins sheep, each two cents.

Skins calf, tanned or untanned, each two cents.

Wool per pound, one cent.

Feathers per pound, one cent.

Salmon, each two cents.

All other articles not enumerated, cents on each dollar of value.

SEEDS.

SEEDS,—All the leading kinds of Peas, Beans, Beets, Carrots, Cucumber and Turnip.

Duck Bill Barley

is by far the best.

American Banner and re-cleaned Ontario White Oats.

FERTILIZERS.

Provincial Chemical Co.'s and Thos. Reids well known brands, at bottom prices.

BUG DEATH.

Are you going to use Paris Green, or is it to be Bug Death, the first is poison and the second harmless, except to bugs, we will sell either, at right prices.

Yours sincerely,

P. Nase & Son,

Indiantown, St. John, N. B.