Upon Z's appearance up starts the heroic *Barney*—to repel the accusation?—to apologize for his hasty expressions?—No, Sir, for want of something *more to the purpose*, *Barney* assures us all, that Z. is by no means a grammatical writer!! and that he was desirous of *treating the world* to a *lecture on the beauties of the English tongue.*

Oh! *Barney* if he whom you dubb an ignoramus, a poor unlettered raggamuffin, has been able with a stroke of his goose quill to place you in such a ridiculous light, and hold you up to universal derision; what must you not have suffered, had you been opposed to poignant wit, animated invective, and an attractive and fascinating style. It is only with such humble aspirants as Z. *Pilgarlic*, and myself, that you would have stood your ground for a moment, and if Pilgarlic (who perhaps may be the same person as Z.) has not given you enough to silence you for ever, I am much mistaken. Has he not clearly proved you deficient in the first rudiments of that language, of which you profess yourself a master.

The truth Mr. Ward is, that Barney and his coadjutors Woodstocker, and Din Ghaan, have not an inch of ground to stand on; had they sense, or taste, they would at once hide their diminished heads, before they get too deep into the mire to extricate themselves with any degree of decency.

It is likely that I may follow the good example Z. has set me, and content myself by smiling in silence at their bombastic nonsense; nor would I now have turned scribbler, were it not to take this opportunity of assuring you, as one of your oldest subscribers, of the high estimation in which you are held by a large portion of this community, not only in your public capacity as Editor of a newspaper, but as a conscientious and honest man, and a useful member of society.

SENEX.

Fredericton, Jany. 31, 1840.

THE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY, 1, 1840.

OPENING SPEECH.

The Speech of the Lieut. Governor, at the opening of the present session of the Legislature, is one not only of great length, but of much interest. The picture drawn of the financial affairs of the Province, notwithstanding the large sums taken from the public chest during the year, consequent upon the American inroad of last winter, is highly gratifying; and strongly contrasts with the dilapidated condition of the State of Maine, whose citizens are threatened with that most odious of all imposts—a poll tax;—the result of their late invasion of a neighbouring Province. A circumstance which will undoubtedly have its effects upon their legislative proceedings of the present session.

Indeed, it will be seen that matters are pretty much left to the action of the General Government; and that a motion has been made in the Senate of the United States, by Mr. Williams, who we believe is a Senator from Maine, calling for information with reference to the stationing of troops in a part of the Disputed Territory, over which Great Britain has never ceased to exercise jurisdiction and controul.

His Excellency refers in terms that cannot be misunderstood, and are highly favourable to agricultural pursuits, which do not obtain from the people of this Province, the attention they deserve; and this recommendation coming from such a quarter, will we trust, be productive of the effect that is intended; for not only are they neglected, but that systematic mode of farming, which in this Province as elsewhere, is essential to success, is generally speaking, unknown or disregarded.

There is also an allusion to an English Company, which is desirous of introducing an extensive immigration into this Province, from the mother country. We rejoice to perceive this subject is attracting the attention it merits, and which has been strangely neglected by the Legislature of this and the neighbouring province of Nova Scotia. In New Brunswick in particular, there is abundance of excellent land: it is intersected by numerous rivers, affording every facility for the conveying produce to market; and we do not hesitate to assert, that there is scarcely a spot, where an industrious man who obtains a hundred acres of land, and who attends to his farm, cannot in two or three years succeed in making himself independent of the world.

As to effecting the settlement of a country by means of Companies, and the assistance they may afford, we must confess we entertain doubts. Where parties have been assisted either in this way, or by Government, as in the case of discharged soldiers, they have not succeeded as well as those who, left to their own resources and the energies of their minds, have gone to the forest, cleared away the woods from about their dwellings; and in a few years have made "the desert around them to blossom as the rose."

We refer our readers to the document that has called forth these remarks, which we repeat is one of very great interest; and is another proof of His Excellency's desire, to make himself acquainted with the wants and capabilities of the Province, and to contribute to its permanent peace and prosperity.

Since writing the above, the Association for encouraging emigration has been alluded to in the Assembly, in the debate on His Excellency's Speech; and it was described by Mr. L. A. Wilmot, as being composed of individuals who do not expect to derive advantage to themselves from its proceedings, but rather to provide a comfortable settlement for their tenantry and other persons, in whose welfare they feel an interest. The hon. and learned gentleman referred in a very energetic manner, to the improved condition and agricultural advantages of the Province, the high price of labour, and the excellent state of the public roads; all of which hold out great inducements to emigrants and others to settle in the country. The entire debate will appear in our next.

LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS.

The Assembly as will be seen, assembled on Tuesday last; the remainder of that day and the following, was occupied in appointing various committees, and preparing an address in answer to the speech of his Excellency; and Thursday the Legislative Council and Assembly severally went up to Government House with their replies. It was resolved in the Assembly on Tuesday, "that no petition be received or bill brought in after the twentieth day of February next, except by special leave of the House."

An application has been made to the Assembly from King's County, for the repayment of the cost incurred in the trial and execution of certain murderers, during the last summer, amounting to £167 4s. 10d. The petition was ordered to lie upon the table, and will probably be referred to a committee, who will consider the subject as it affects the other counties of the province.

The bill for effecting an exchange of town property with the ordnance department, was on Thursday read a first time in the House of Assembly.

On motion of Mr. Fisher, the House resolved on Thursday, "That an humble address be presented to His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor General: which recognises two establishments, and continues an invidious distinction betwixt different denominations of the Queen's protestant subjects, that will have any other effect than to promote harmony between them; while the Catholic population are excluded from all participation in the benefits of the clergy reserve fund. The question is an important one, and we fear will exercise an injurious effect upon the destinies of the United Provinces.

sold, or granted within the last ten years in lots exceeding 200 acres, to individuals or bodies corporate, together with the amounts realized to the revenue from such sales. Such statement to include any and whatever grants have been made to retired naval and military officers."—And Messrs. Fisher, Brown and Gilbert, were appointed a committee to wait upon His Excellency with the same.

A bill has also been introduced by Mr. Fisher, to "impose a law on all wild lands in the province."

On Wednesday, upon motion of Mr. Woodward, the following resolution was agreed to: "Whereas a committee was raised at the last session, to whom were referred the several petitions of individuals, praying for return of duties on articles destroyed by fire on the 17th August last, reported on the 18th September, and in their report recommended "That the return duties prayed for should be granted to such of the petitioners as should on an investigation at the present session, appear to be entitled to the same; therefore resolved, That a committee be appointed to take into consideration the said petitions, as well as such others as may be presented at the present session, of the like nature, and investigate the same and report thereon. Messrs. Woodward, End, Barker, M'Leod, and Weldon, committee.

Mr. Wilmot brought in a bill yesterday to amend the charter of King's College.

In our account of Milltown, inserted last week, we omitted to mention that there is a church there and also a commodious Wesleyan meeting-house; the congregation attending which is highly numerous and respectable, and the musical part of the service is conducted with much ability. The practice, which is common in that part of the country, of singing detached portions of hymns, while the congregation is arriving, has a pleasing and solemn effect; which, as well as the cultivation of a taste for music, might well be adopted elsewhere.

We observe an article in the Quebec Gazette, with reference to the proposal of the assembly of Upper Canada, that the English language shall be used in the judicial and legislative records; and it is quite surprising to perceive a man possessing Mr. Neilson's knowledge of the colony, advocating any other plan. The fact is Lower Canada must be rendered thoroughly English, and that can never be the case, while the French language is spoken in the courts and halls of the legislature. As to waiting for time and education to effect the proposed alteration, it is really absurd. The French population of Canada, are similar to that portion of it in this province and Nova Scotia; and there is just as much probability of their becoming other than what they are, in the range of intelligent beings, as there is that the institutions of China are to undergo a change. Let them have every right and privilege belonging to English subjects: and when educated and capable, be appointed to fill office; but let them understand, that in future Lower Canada is to be a strictly English colony; and this can never happen while a foreign language is used in its courts of law, and for the purposes of legislation.

Several interesting articles will be found on the last page. The account of the Madawaska settlement, which we copy from the Quebec Mercury, and the proceedings of the Temperance Convention recently held in this County, embrace subjects of much general importance; and the speech of Mr. O'Connell at Bandon, part of which refers to the latter subject, will recommend itself to those of our subscribers, who are his countrymen or who appreciate his worth.

MAINE BOUNDARY.

The following extract has reference to the introduction of the above subject to the notice of Congress. It amounts to very little; and nothing seems to have been done. It appears however that the management of the affair is to be left to the General Government; which is certainly the wisest and most economical mode of proceeding:

Mr. Williams said that the State of Maine was invaded; that the disputed boundary was at this moment in the occupancy of British troops. These facts had been communicated to the President, but what had been the action of the Government was not known. He hoped however it was such as the case required, and the laws and constitution enjoined. With a view that the Senate and the whole country might fully understand the matter, he begged leave to submit the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President be requested to communicate to the Senate, all the correspondence which has been had between this and the British Government, upon the subject of the Northeastern Boundary, and of the jurisdiction of the disputed territory, which has not been communicated heretofore; or as much of it as, in his opinion, may be communicated without prejudice to the pending negotiation.

Resolved, That the President be further requested to communicate to the Senate all the correspondence which has been had since the last session of Congress, with the Government of the State of Maine, and with the Minister of Her Britannic Majesty at Washington, relative to the invasion of the State of Maine, and to the exercise of jurisdiction within the disputed territory by either party.

On the following day, the subject was again taken up, Mr. Buchanan recommending a moderate course, and that Congress await the arrival of information from England; and the Resolutions were passed with that understanding.

We copy the following from the Montreal Courier received by mail.

MOST IMPORTANT MESSAGE.

We take it,—this message settles the question of Local Responsibility. It is all that British Colonists want. The principle is recognised,—now for the *practice!*

C. Poulett Thomson.

In answer to the address from the House of Assembly, of 13th December, respecting communications received from Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State, on the subject of Responsible Government, the Governer General regrets that it is not in his power to communicate to the House of Assembly any despatches upon the subject referred to.

The Governor General has received Her Majesty's commands to administer the Government of these Provinces in accordance with the well understood wishes and interests of the people, and to pay to their feelings, as expressed thro' their Representatives, the deference that is justly due to them. These are the commands of Her Majesty—and these are the views with which Her Majesty's Government desires that the Administration of these Provinces should be conducted; and it will be the earnest and anxious desire of the Governor General, to discharge the trust committed to him in accordance with these principles.

Toronto January 14, 1840.

Clergy Reserves in Upper Canada.—We have devoted a considerable portion of our columns to remarks with reference to the a

Later from Canada.—The Toronto Mirror of the 17th instant announces the removal of Mr. Haggerman from the office of attorney general—the appointment of Mr. Draper, late solicitor general, as his successor—and that of Mr. Baldwin to the office of soliciter general.

The Mirror also says that Sir George Arthur's services are dispensed with, and that the government of the upper province will be administered by Chief Justice Stewart, of Lower Canada, until the arrival of a new Lieutenant Governer from England. We had accounts in the Quebec papers, some days ago of the chief justice having been sent for by the Governor General.—*New York Albion.*

—o—

Mr. Thomas Watson while riding from Pennfield to Beaver Harbour in Charlotte county, was thrown from his horse, and so severely injured, that he expired in a few hours afterwards. He was much esteemed, and has left a large family to mourn his loss.

A correspondent of the St. John Commercial News, wishes its readers "to spell *Coffee* without putting in any letters that belong to the word." The joke is an old one—"*Kaughphy.*"

The first number of a new weekly Paper, to be entitled "*The New Brunswick Literary Journal*, will appear to-day. It will be issued from the Herald office.

By an arrival at New York, London dates had been received to the 16th Dec. two or three days later than we previously possessed. There was a perfect calm in the political world.

We have been compelled to defer inserting the reply of the Legislative Council to His Excellency's speech, until next week, owing to the crowded state of our columns.

James Boyd, Esq. having been returned one of the members for the County of Charlotte, has been sworn in and has taken his seat in the Assembly.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Persons in the neighborhood of Fredericton who engaged to make payment in wood, are requested to do so next week. After that period, we shall expect payment to be made in *cash*; and we again request that those who are in arrears for The Sentinel will settle their accounts without delay.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

With reference to the communication from McLeod's Hill, we presume the object of the writer is to give the transactton due publicity. As to giving any information upon the subject, that is not in our power.

DIED.

On Tuesday last, after a short but very severe illness, of two days, George Duncan Dunbar, second son of Mr. James P. A. Phillips, in the sixth year of his age.

Contract for Straw.

SEALED Tenders, the rates to be expressed in Sterling, will be received by Assistant Commissary General Goldsmith, at the Commissariat Office in St. John, until 12 o'clock on Tuesday the 11th February, for supplying the Ordnance Barrack Department, between the 1st April 1840, and 31st March 1841, with the following quantities of Oaten or Barley STRAW, at the several stations as expressed below, viz:

Saint John, - - 50 Tons.
Fredericton, - - 50 Tons.
Saint Andrews, - 5 Tons.

Payment will be made in Silver Money at the Army Rates, at the usual periods of settlement of Ordnance accounts.—Two approved sureties will be required for the due performance of the Contract.

Commissariat, St. John, N. B.
January 23, 1840.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale the FARM at present owned and occupied by himself at Kingsclear, 11 miles from Fredericton, comprising about 100 acres,—between 50 and 60 of which are cleared, with a framed HOUSE and BARN.

The above FARM is in good condition, and from 12 to 15 acres are ploughed and ready for the reception of seed. For further particulars enquire of the Subscriber on the premises.

SAMUEL MILLS.

Fredericton, Jan. 27, 1840.—1m.

Wild Flowers of Nova Scotia.

BY MARIA MORRIS.

TO be published in numbers, each number containing Three Plates, coloured. The Drawings will be accurately executed from nature, of the full size of the Flower, accompanied by information on the History, Properties &c. of the subjects.

Five Shillings each number.

Under the Patronage of His Excellency Lieut. General Sir Colin Campbell, K. C. B.

FOR SALE,

AND PAYMENTS MADE EASY.

Possession given on the 1st of May.

THAT pleasantly situated two story HOUSE, in Waterloo Row, occupied by Lt. Col. Robinson, having four good Rooms on the first flat, six Bed Rooms on the second flat, five good Rooms in the Garret, and four Rooms in the Cellar, lathed and plastered.

—ALSO—

A good Kitchen and Wood House, a new Barn stalled for four Horses and two Cows, and abundance of room for Sleighs, Carriages, &c. &c. and will also contain a number of tons of Hay.

If the above property is not disposed of by the first of April, it will be leased for a term of years.

Fredericton, Feby. 1st, 1840. 4w.

(Royal Gazette.)

The Subscriber

BEING about to leave Fredericton, requests all persons to whom he is indebted, to render their accounts within one month: and those who are indebted to him, to make immediate payment.

GEORGE WILSON.

P. S.—The Subscriber in closing his Business, takes the opportunity of returning his sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage he has enjoyed; and feels great pleasure in being able to recommend to public notice, his former partner R. H. COOPER, who will immediately commence business at the present stand, and in the Subscriber's opinion, is well worthy of public pa-

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

VICTORIA HOUSE.

A NEW AND FASHIONABLE ASSORTMENT OF

WINTER DRY GOODS.

Now is the time to buy Goods cheap.

THE Subscriber in returning his sincere thanks to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fredericton and the surrounding country for the very liberal patronage he has received since he commenced business, and wishes most respectfully to call their attention to one of the largest and most fashionable Stocks of WINTER DRY GOODS, ever before offered for sale in Fredericton.

Among which are the following:—

60 pieces Blue, Black, Brown, Olive, Adelaide and Invisible Green Broad CLOTHS,
40 do. Buckskins, Doeskins, Pickwick and Cassimeres.
25 do. Beaver and Pilot CLOTHS.
30 do. Mouselle, Valentia and Rich embrodered SATIN VESTINGS.
120 pairs superior Rose and Whitney BLANKETS.
100 pieces Red, White, Green and Yellow FLANNELS.
320 do. 6-4 MORINOES.
55 do. Saxony, Indiana and Orleans CLOTH.
260 Challi, Mousline de Laine, Mantua Cambric and Rosslyn Plaid DRESSES.
30 pieces fine Worsted and Woolen Plaid for CLOAKING.
9 do. Plain and Figured and Habit Cloth.
Plain and Figured GRO DE NAPS and DUCAPE.
Black and coloured Silk VELVETS, Figured Poplins.
Rob Roy SHAWLS and HANDKERCHIEFS in great varieties.
Rich filled Centre Lama and Crape SHAWLS.
Plain and rich embroidered Genoa Velvet SHAWLS and CAPES in great variety.
Indiana, Chineal, Lama, Thibit, Wool, Rockspun, Linen and Cambrick HANDKERCHIEFS.
Ladies Zephyr, Crape, Silk and Gauze HANDKERCHIEFS.
Gentlemen's Black and Coloured Silk HANDKERCHIEFS and Fancy STOCKS.
TABLE CLOTHS, Linen Diaper, Irish Linen and Linen LAWNS.
Jaconet, Checker, Book, Swiss and Mull MUSLIN and BOBBINETS.
350 pieces PRINTED CALICO.
100 do Grey and White COTTONS.
60 do Plain and Twilled REGATTAS.

A large assortment of HOSIERY and GLOVES, with a variety of other articles too numerous to mention.

As the above stock has been purchased by a person well experienced in the English and Scotch markets for Cash, will enable him to sell 10 *per cent below his usual low prices.*

JAMES DOHERTY.

Fredericton, January 17, 1840.

New Oat & Buckwheat Meal.

The Subscriber offers low for ready money or other approved payment,

FINE GROUND OATMEAL, from the Albion Mills, Northampton;
Course ground do. do. do.
Buckwheat MEALS (excellent quality,) from Gibson's Mills, Woodstock;
Rye and Corn MEAL;
Superfine FLOUR expected in a few days on consignment;
Black and Green TEA, and COFFEE;
Loaf and moist SUGAR, (best quality):
MOLASSES, SOAP, STARCH, SALERATUS, and INDIGO;
Liquid and Paste BLACKING, and other GROCERIES;

With a small assortment printed Calicoes, Scotch Cassineres, unbleached Cottons, Woollen Shawls, Cotton Handkerchiefs, Gentlemen's Silk Stocks, &c. &c.

M. MACKINTOSH.

January 25, 1840.

THE SUBSCRIBER.

RETURNS his sincere thanks to the public generally for the encouragement which has been afforded him, since his first connexion with the Fredericton Hotel and Woodstock Stage Office in this place. To the inhabitants of Woodstock, Wakefield, and the whole of the County of Carleton, as well as to their western neighbors of Maine and the Eastern States, he wishes particularly to address his acknowledgements, for the very handsome manner in which they have hitherto patronized him; and he hopes they never will have cause to complain of any relaxation of his solicitude for their comfort, while in his Establishment.

The subscriber remarked some time since, a communication in one of the newspapers, purporting to be from a traveller, who pretended that she,—for it appears to have been a woman—could not get respectable lodging in Fredericton; and in justice to himself, he feels it incumbent on him to give a flat contradiction to that statement. The truth is the person alluded to arrived here some time since in the night, in a donkey cart or some such thing, from Woodstock, doubtless chosen in preference to the regular stage for certain reasons known to herself; and coming in the night she could be no judge of the subscriber's establishment, simply—because she never was admitted into it.

The subscriber believes that he would get much more encouragement from St. John, if people were permitted to judge of his place by their own experience; but he has some reason to believe that the drivers on the line, have not represented him justly to the travellers; he hopes however that in a short time, the whole line from St. John to Woodstock will be so conducted, that his establishment will at least get a fair trial.

Separate rooms will be kept in the Fredericton Hotel, for such as wish to pay for them; and horses and conveyances of various descriptions, will as usual be ready at a moment's warning, and on liberal terms.

WM. SEGEE, Jnr.

Fredericton, Jany. 24, 1840.

THOMAS HATHEWAY

HAVING obtained License to sell at Public Vendue, offers his services to the public as an Auction and Commission Merchant; any Goods left with him for sale will receive prompt attention.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber wishing to close his present business and seeing no better method of converting his Stock into Cash to liquidate his debts, will offer the whole at public sale in lots to suit purchasers during the present season.—He therefore will commence a series of sales for *Cash*, to be held on the *Saturday* of each week, when he will offer Goods fitting the season, and those always required for family use. Persons who may wish to purchase can not go astray in buying such articles as are continually wanted in their families and especially as they will be set up in such lots as they may require, or such articles as they may at the present time wish. Any person wishing to purchase at private sale, the Subscriber will sell any goods that he may have on hand at Cost rather than risk their sacrifice at Public Auction.

The attention of the public is respectfully invited to his Stock which can be examined at any time.

THOMAS HATHEWAY.

N. B. The first Sale will be held at his Store, in Queen Street, on Saturday the 25th instant, at 11 o'clock, and be continued on the Saturday of each week until the whole is sold.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons are hereby forbid to trespass on Lands situated in the Parish of Andover, Co. Carleton, belonging to Colonel C. B. Turner, by cutting Timber, Logs, or otherwise, as in the event of their doing so, they will be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the Law. Persons wishing to purchase timber or logs on said Lands can be accommodated. For particulars please enquire of Jonathan P. Taylor Esquire, An-

JUST PUBLISHED

And for sale at Mr. Beverley's store, Fredericton, and at Mr. McMillan's, St. John.

"EPISCOPACY AND PRESBYTERY COMPARED."

Single Copy 7 1-2d. A dozen copies 6s.

**The members of the Church of Scotland throughout the Province, are respectfully requested by a fellow-churchman, to give this Pamphlet as extensive a circulation as possible.

Fredericton, Jan. 18, 1840.

A CARD.

MR. DEUCHAR having returned from Halifax, begs leave to notify his friends and the public, that he is about to open a winter class in Fredericton. He will call upon his friends and patrons during the coming week; and respectfully requests a continuance of the support which he has heretofore received.

Fredericton, Jan. [illegible]40.

FOR SALE OR LEASE,

For One or a Term of Years.

The whole or a part of the following Property.

THE Valuable SAW and GRIST MILL at Lake George, with a DWELLING HOUSE BARN, &c. together with the LAND formerly owned by J. Morris, containing 550 acres, of which about 25 acres are under mowing ground, well fenced, and the residue well covered with TIMBER and LOGS. Also. The Irvine and Donnelly lot, so called, of which 40 acres are cleared, and can readily be made a Good Farm, the residue of these lots containing 400 acres are plentifully covered with TIMBER and LOGS—there is a lease also of 8000 acres of LAND on the borders of Lake George, all of which afford ample supply of Logs for this Mill.

Also for Sale or Lease, the new SAW MILL at McGundy Stream, with

300 acres LAND called the West Lot.
400 do do Gertly Lot.
100 do purchased of Government adjoining the West Lot, which are all well covered with Logs and Timber, yielding a plentiful supply for said Mill, there is on the Gertly Lot about 40 acres under Grass, well fenced, with a good DWELLING HOUSE and BARN, in which a family could be immediately accommodated with a comfortable residence—the whole or any part of the above property will be Sold or Leased in small parts, or the whole, on the most liberal terms and payments made easy.

Apply to
MARK NEEDHAM.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT any person removing any Logs or Timber from the above premises until the Stumpage is paid, will be prosecuted as trespassers, and any persons cutting Timber or Logs on said LANDS will also be prosecuted as the Law directs.

MARK NEEDHAM.

ALSO ON SALE.

THE MARSH FARM, about 9 miles from Fredericton on the post road to Woodstock, containing 540 acres, about 90 of which are under Grass cultivation, with a good Two Story Dwelling HOUSE, BARN and several Out Houses.—The property is valuable and so well known, it needs not a particular description, the price and terms liberal, and as the owner intends to sell it, a good bargain may be expected.

Apply to
MARK NEEDHAM

Fredericton, Dec. 26, 1839.

CLOTHS.

THE Subscriber has on hand a few pieces of Superior BEAVER and PILOT CLOTHS, for Gentlemen's Coats which will be sold low for Cash.

JAMES S BEEK.

Waterloo Row, Dec. 28th 1839.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of DANIEL YERXA, Sen. late of Fredericton, deceased, are requested to render the same, duly attested, within Six Months; and all those indebted to the said estate are required to make immediate payment to

MOSES PICKARD,
Sole Executor.

Douglas, 1st January 1840. 6m.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any just demands against the Estate of Darius Burt, late of Douglas, deceased, are requested to present the same within Six Months; and all those indebted to the said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment to

DAVID BURT.
Sole Administrator.

Douglas, Oct. 10, 1839.

CAUTION.

THE Subscriber forbids any person from purchasing a Note of Hand drawn by the Subscriber in favour of J. & H. Kinnear, dated August 8, 1839, 3 months, for the amount of £50, said note having been paid, and in conveyance from St. John to Fredericton, has been