morning of each week. The articles are specially selected and are such as to recommend the Paper to all.

Deputies of all temperance organizations are our Authorized Agents.

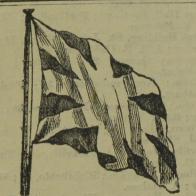
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All communications to be addressed to HERMAN H. PITTS, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR, Fredericton, N. B



BOOM THE "TEMPERANCE JOURNAL."

began as a weekly publication of his hospitality. Hampton is a the change, and we trust the temper- traffic are not known. A sober, ance people will not be slow to appre- industrious community, they do not ciate our efforts, and will give us see, or understand the horror the their assistance in the way of traffic has in large centres of populasubscriptions and advertising. We tion. The people are very religious want all who receive a copy of this and Church-going, and the places of paper, whether subscribers or other- worship of the various congregations meetings a deep interest is taken in wise, to introduce it in a few kindly are conspicuous by their handsome the cause of temperance. The words to their friends, and solicit exteriors and the number they will their subscription. Those who sub- accommodate. scribe before Feb. 1st will receive the Station is large, well seated, and well distant. On Monday evening last would ask Deputies to kindly notify perance principles, and their high few introductory remarks, intro- polls to vote." us by postal card and we will have moral standing, an audience at duced as the principal speakers for the pr per address placed in our

OUR TRAVELS!

in the Eastern Counties.

ALONG THE LINE.

BLOOMFIELD, Feb. 3rd.

Fredericton in the early train for St. and the sun came out brightly. of the Grand Officers, and workers in the Order, and enjoyed several very interesting conversations with these persons on the progression of the Order lately, and the way the temperance cause was booming in and about that city. We left St. John in the 5 p. m. train, arriving at Bloomfield at 6.15, where we were met by the

DEPUTY OF " LEADING STAR"

Division, Mr. O. A. Wetmore, who fully enforced in the town. had the looking after of the arrange

Principle of Temperance, and is designed as a sumptuous repast, which was fully not now remember, for their kindness emily newspaper. It is issued on Thursday enjoyed after our day's travel in St. and words of encouragement. John and in the cars, and at 7.30 Mr. Wetmore's house, and about a the "Canada House." Subscriptions must invariably be paid in enough to accommodate the audi- hearty welcome. Templars, and was not completed finally taken hold of by a few leading spirits in the community; a Division was organized, and after strenuous efforts on the part of a few ladies and gentlemen the Hall has been finished, and the district hold their public meetings and Sun-

day services in. At 8 o'clock the Chairman, Mr. O. A. Wetmore, introduced the lecturer in a few appropriate remarks, and we proceeded to express our views on the present aspect of the temperance question, for an hour or more.

The audience was quite large, and appeared interested in the many difficulties the people of Fredericton have had to contend with in the carrying out of the Scott Act; in the progression of the Order of the Sons of Temperance, and in the effort of this Order to spread the principles of temperance; to bring within its folds those who could be an influence and power in the different communities, and to "enthuse" the young people with new life on this question.

Hampton.

met at the station by Geo. Barnes, With the issue of Jan.7th the Journal | Esq., and kindly invited to partake We have long seen the necessity for place where the evils of the liquor Hampton is not one easily addressed the evening Rev. Messrs. Kirby and on temperance, or on any other sub- Tait from Richibucto. The Rev. ject, in fact. The young people gentlemen, who are well known looked for amusement, the old people here, did not take the audience by for solid temperance with dry

We discoursed more to the younger part of the audience, and may, possibly, not have pleased, so well, those of Among the Sons of Temperance more mature years, and longer experi-

> Through the kindness of the friends we were shown through the public buildings, machine shop and other places of interest, and have to W. A., the brother who is always reform. But I'd like to emphasize reason why he is a prohibitionist thank the brothers at Hampton ready to speak for the cause of the truth—that this temperance "Because the money of the country Station and Village for their many temperance; Bro. T. Atkinson, our reform is greater than any or all of is being absorbed by whiskey and kindnesses and their hospitality.

On Thursday morning last we left that town about 4 o'clock p. m. Our well ae speak for the cause; I. N. The snow was steadily falling when very large gathering of the temper- though not least, B. O. Bailey, we started, auguring a very slin ance people were in waiting at the house at Bloomfield, where our first Temperance Hall. They listened with Quite an array of speakers, Mr. lecture was announced to be deliv- apparent interest while we discoursed Editor. It is sufficient to say, ered. Before reaching St. John, solid temperance for something over although our meeting took up three however, the storm cleared away, an hour. The kindly and genial hours, the interest never flagged, face of Bro. McGruar at the left of the "enthusing" us with new life and chairman inspired us with confidence and enthusiasm, and the happy faces, and friendly greetings were appreciated deeply by the "wanderer.'

We regret to say that the authorities are not yet strictly enforcing the Scott Act in Newcastle, and it is reported that liquor is freely sold However, now that the Act has been assuredly just) may go on and prosdeclared constitutional, and that recent decisions make it impossible to appeal from the Magistrate's decision. it is expected that the Act will be

We have to express our thanks to ments in connection with the lecture Bros. W. C. and Jas. Anslow,

at this place. Accompanying him McGruar, Weeks, and many of the The TEMPERANCE JOURNAL is devoted to the to his home we were regaled with a other brethren whose names we do

On Friday morning we drove down o'clock we repaired to the Hall the river to Chatham, and put up at which is only a short distance from the well known temperance resort, mile from the station. The Hall is Johnson, an enthusiastic temperance a very fine one for a country dis-advocate, and a member of the order trict. It is not large, but fully large of the I. O. G. T., extended us a advance. Postage stamps will be taken when ences that are wont to assemble in Deputy of Northumberland Division, that locality. It was started in was on the lookout for us, and made 1876 by the old order of British the afternoon pleasant by reminiscences of his work in connection with until about a year ago. It was the Division in this place. Notwithstanding a carnival was going on at the rink, a large audience was present at the lecture Chatham having been visited by such eloquent and talented speakers as Colonel Hickman should be very proud to have such a and Mrs. Ellen J. Foster, it required fine and commodious building to no little effort to address a temperance audience in this town. We have to extend our thanks to those brothers and sisters, and the temperance people who made our stay in Chatham so enjoyable.

(To be Continued.) (For THE JOURNAL.)

HARCOURT DIVISION.

WELDFORD, Feb. 9, 1886. send you a few notes from Weldford, out a parallel for efficiency. Kent County, where Harcourt Diviare three Hotels where the ardent reforming the confirmed drunkard. Our next lecture was delivered at can be procured, they are patronized In these departments of our work

rounding country. operation some three years, and larger membership than at present, the Division was never in as prosperous a condition as at present. We have a membership of upwards of 70, and initiations every night of meeting, and an average attendance of about thirty-five, and at our members are endeavoring to organize The Hall at the a Division some ten or twelve miles surprise, for a rich treat was expected, and we were not disappointed, as the audience were held spell-bound for about an hour and a half by eloquent and soul-stirring addresses on the old, yet ever new subject — temperance. Afterwards there were a number of short, pithy remarks from Bros. G. Bailey, our present Worthy Patriarch, the right present representative at the Muni-

> handed in their names for proposition for next night of meeting. In conclusion, Mr. Editor, I may state that we purpose holding several public meetings during the remainder of the winter, trusting they may be beneficial, and also trusting our just cause (for it is per not only in our own Province, but in each and every Province of our loved Dominion, and in each and every country under the blue canopy of heaven.

D. G. W. P. of Kingston Division.

and as one of the results of the

meeting at the close four persons

Yours in Love, Purity & Fidelity,

TEMPTRANCE LAND PROHIBITION.

Templance is a negative virtue, and relate to the individual, while prohibition a political question and relates to the ntire population of the state. Temperace don't belong to measure an excuse for the exercise the domain of poitics, but rather to the theatre of oral instruction, while prohibition is purely political question, and never in be secured without the aid of political machinery. Bro. Strothart, Make these distinctions clear, and down go the great bugbear of 'personal liberty,' and 'sumptuary legislation.'

Therefore we say take temperance into our schools into our homes, into our daily lives, into our pulpitsits beauties.

temperance make you respectable.

perance philosophy there is no agent liquor-dealers. For many years more potent than moral suasion. un- they have been oullying political less it is the power of a well balanced, parties, threatening the slaugthter of Mr. Editor,—Knowing you and temperate life and example, and this every public man who did not agree your numerous readers are pleased is moral suasion, individualized. To with them, domineering over State to hear at all times how the tem- prevent drunkenness, moral suasion, and local governments, resisting perance cause is progressing in the or what is the same thing, good, every reasonable effort to restrain different localities in the Province, I sound temperance instruction, is with. their traffic within such limits as the

sion is located. The little village of when wisely and judiciously employ-Weldford, Mr. Editor, I am pleased ed, in preventing the cultivation of to be able to state, is almost a tem- the alcoholic appetite, it is of little or perance community; although there ro use in suppressing the traffic or in

almost entirely by the travelling we need logical suasion, without On arriving at Hampton we were public and by people from the sur- which much that is secured by educational and persuasive means cannot Harcourt Division has been in be preserved. But those two departments of work must not be confoundalthough we have at times had a ed. Educational means are the pro- are at least impecunious, brokencal prohibition.

> enness by a proper system of educat-crease their receipts at all hazards. ion than it is to reform the drunkard Indeed, the wholesale dealers pick or cure his diseases after they have out for the retail trade men who will

once become chronic.

paper for the year for 75 cents, lighted; as fine a hall as we have had we had a public temperance meeting the confirmed inebriate, and the only the saloon becomes an agency to reeach deputy, and if at any time the they have of listening to able dis- was taken at 6.30 by Brother H. would say: "Don't leave your pro- tricks of his art; with smile and word paper should not come regular, we courses every Sabbath, -to their tem- Wathen, D. G. W. P., who, after a hibition at home when you go to the he works up drinking parties in which

and make void your moral suasion.

temperance reform has been made a appetite. There are saloons which, personal reform viewed from the standpoint of principle. It rallied could touch the heart of the people as avenues to dens of deepest infamy, they took up these living issues. It are not the homes of quarrels, robhas been too often a "Brown movement," or a "Jones movement." In gamblers and thieves, reeking with other words, the reform has been used blasphemy and lust? too muc! to build up the leaders, inman in the right place; A. Dunn, stead of the leaders building up the its leaders We see that the women's beer shops. Every bad account on On Thursday morning we took the cipal Board of Kent, the brother work in this movement has ever my books I can trace directly to early train for Newcastle, arriving at who is always ready to work as kept in view God as their Leader, beer. The beer shops get what is and so it has gone forward unchecked worthy brother, W. C. Anslow, took Wathen, in his usual eloquent and Do you not see that so long as the whiskey and beer is just the amount John, preparatory to a visit to a us in charge, and made our stay in forcible manner; W. C. Atkinson, people were led to feel that the taken from my trade. The drunknumber of Divisions in the eastern that town enjoyable and one long to the working as well as speaking movement depended for its success and—and the country is full of himand northern parts of the Province. be remembered. In the evening a member of our Division; and last, upon the success of the leader, they were constantly afraid it would fail But it is not possible to check God's movements in advancing the princi- nor her children are properly fed or ples of truth and righteousness.

The church that does most for God and thinks least of self-advancement, does most for self. The lodge that uses the temperance cause to build up the selfish aims of the lodge will die, and ought to die.

Some time ago President Seelye said Prohibition was the rising tide. Every week that tide is rising with increased rapidity. The last report is from West Virginia. There, out of fifty-four counties in the State, fortyone have refused to grant licenses to sell intoxicating liquor. It is a tidal wave this time sure, and a wave that has come to stay, for it is produced by a permanent accession to the ocean of Moral Sentiment.

LIQUOR REBELLION.

Great political changes, which would otherwise be impracticable, are sometimes brought about by a feeling of resentment. It is in some of Granger legislation that they were prompted by the strong indignation that high-handed and defiant conduct on the part of railroad officials had aroused. A still stronger illustration may be found in the overthrow of slavery. A lare majority of the people of this country had been opposed to abolition. But the insolent and domineering conduct of pro-slavery politicians, and their aggressive acts, led to earnest efforts to restrict the spread of that instituteach it, live it, show its excellence, tion, and, when these were resisted by rebellion and war, the people Press its claims upon the attention were roused to exterminate the of all classes by both precept and ex-system at any cost. It is a question ample. Use moral suasion and ex- whether the liquor interest has not ample suasion also, demonstrate that been preparing for itself a new illustemperance men and women are the tration of this principle. The rebest, the purest, the safest men and markable growth of the prohibitory wemen in any community. Make sentiment at the West is certainly temperance respectable, or rather let due, in no small degree, to the aggressive, insolent, and law-defying In the propagation of a true tem- course of liquor manufacturers and public welfare demands, and defying But, powerful as this means is, and generally nullifying every law for that purpose. In short, their behavior has been exactly like that of the Southern slave-drivers, and, like the South, they have arrayed themselves in open hostility to law. In effect they are in rebellion against the civil authority, and have thus roused a feeling which has passed an abolition amendment in Iowa.

The mass of those who open saloons per agents to employ in disseminat- down men, useless in any other occuing the true principles of temperance, pation. The one care of such men is but nothing short of political action to make money. Their poverty, can ever secure and maintain practi- their lack of conscience, the pressing demands of wholesale dealors for the It is much easier to prevent drunk- repayment of loans, urge them to inmake money, slight care paid to The only remedy of any value for other qualifications. In this manner after which we shall be obliged to the pleasure of visiting since leaving when our commodious hall (for this safeguard for the state and nation, is cruit drunkards. Inducements are advance the price to all new Sub- Fredericton. The people turned out place) was packed with an audience constitutional prohibition, backed up held out to entrap the unwary scribers to \$1.00. Deputies of in the evening to the lecture, in judging from the attention given by a political party to defend and opening soirces, free lunches, con-Divisions will remember that the large numbers, filling the hall. Owing and the good order that prevailed,) enforce it. In conclusion, then, we certs, flower displays, attract victims Grand Division S. of T. has sub- to their nearness to the commercial that were in sympathy with the say, "don't take temperance into into the meshes of the keeper. Once scribed for one copy to be sent to metropolis, and to the opportunity temperance movement. The chair politics," and with equal emphasis we they are within he is skilled in the the etiquette of treats will call for Don't let your political action nullify numerous rounds. The liquor is adulterated to cheapen it for the seller; ingredients are infused into it Almost from the beginning this that will dull the palate, irritate the to increase custom, ally themselves with all that Is criminal and foul. too much under special leaders, who How many of your saloons are not beries, murders, the harbors of

> A merchant gives the following due to me. The amount paid for don't buy hats, boots, clothing or food to any extent. His wife gets but very little of what I sell, for neither she clothed. It has mortgaged the farms of men who owe me, who, when they did not drink, used ten times more than they do now, and paid for them. The number of drinking places is increasing so rapidly that unless the business is destroyed, it is only a question of time when they will absorb the country. I voted for prohibition in self-defense.'

Most christians greatly deplore the alarming extent of Sabbath desecration, and inquire what can be done to prevent it. We should especially remember that the liquor saloon and the beer garden are the most prolific causes of Sabbath desecration. If we would preserve our Sabbath, we must pulverize the rum power.