

**Special Notice.**

The TEMPERANCE JOURNAL is devoted to the Principle of Temperance and is designed as a family newspaper. It is issued on Saturday morning of each week.

The articles are specially selected and are such as to recommend the Paper to all.

Deputies of all temperance organizations are Authorized Agents.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Copy, one year, \$1.00  
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 " three months, .30

Subscriptions must invariably be paid in advance. Postage stamps will be taken when more convenient to the party remitting.

SPECIAL RATES FOR DIVISIONS.

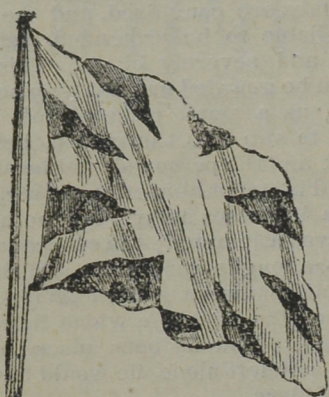
While the subscription rate for the JOURNAL is \$1.00 per year, where two will send their subscriptions together we will send a paper to their separate addresses for 80 cents each. Clubs of 5 will be sent the paper for 70 cents each—or where a division orders 5 copies, at the same rate—70 cents. Divisions ordering 10 copies, at the rate of 60 cents per year.

As a Son of Temperance, and no doubt anxious to promulgate the principles of our order, will you not kindly bring the matter of the JOURNAL, and this method of distributing temperance literature, before your division. Every subscription helps us make the paper better, and more useful as a temperance medium. The divisions are as a general thing not particularly burdened with funds, but almost any division could subscribe for 10 copies, or at least 5 copies, or surely one copy, and every one helps.

ADVERTISING RATES:

A limited number of advertisements will be taken at the rate of 25 cents per line, minimum measure, five cents for each subsequent insertion. Special rates given for yearly advertisements.

All communications to be addressed to  
 HERMAN H. PITTS,  
 EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,  
 Fredericton, N.



RAISE THE STANDARD.

—OUR MOTTO—  
 NATIONAL PROHIBITION.

Temperance Journal.

SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1889.

**SPECIAL NOTICE.**

The JOURNAL is liable to be discontinued immediately at the expiration of the date stamped on the label. We have been obliged to adopt this rule without respect of persons. If you do not receive your paper glance at the label of the last one you received, and if the date is past you will understand the reason. Any mistake in dates will be cheerfully rectified on notifying us.

THIS IS a good time of year to subscribe for the TEMPERANCE JOURNAL. Clubs of five or more are coming in from many Divisions, and when once a Division has adopted this method of circulating temperance literature, we notice with great satisfaction, that the subscriptions are renewed again at the beginning of the year. From all over America, kindly words are being forwarded to us regarding the work the JOURNAL is doing, and the pleasure the members of the Order have in perusing its columns. Thanks brothers for the good cheer. We hope to give a far better paper some day, when we get more extended support.

SOME OF our readers may have received notice of expiration of their subscription when the time on the label showed the subscription had not expired. We have been notifying all our readers who are in arrears, and some may have gone to paid subscribers. We trust that any who are in arrears, and it is easily ascertained by glancing at the address label on the paper you are now reading, will at once send the amount of their subscription to us. The increase of reading matter in the JOURNAL has necessitated additional expense and we are in need of all the amounts due us however small. Subscriptions must invariably be paid in advance.

THE SCOTT Act in Ontario is doomed. The repeal movement is something more than spasmodic, and appears to have come to stay. In Leeds and Grenville last week the law was voted upon, and resulted in defeat by considerable majorities. There are now only four counties in Ontario in which it is in force, and on the 9th three of them will take a vote on the repeal of the act. These counties are Middlesex, Oxford, Lambton and Elgin.

In Oxford voting to put the Act in operation took place on 20th March, 1884. The result was: For the Act, 4,073; against the Act, 3,298; majority for the Act, 775.

In Lambton the Act was carried the 19th March, 1885, by the following vote: For the Act, 4,465; against the Act, 1,546; majority for the Act, 2,919.

In Middlesex the Act was carried 18th June, 1885, by a vote of 5,745 in its favor to 2,370 against it, a majority in its favor of 3,375.

THERE IS some talk of holding a temperance demonstration in this city on the 24th inst. The official programme has not yet been announced, and what the exact nature of the demonstration will be, has not yet been decided by the General Committee. It is probable there will be a torch light procession, and a grand Mass Meeting in the City Hall in the evening. The various temperance organizations in the province are invited to take part in regalia.

It is not true as reported that Lansdowne Division has refused to take any part, but as some of the prominent members of the Division will be in Campbellton attending the Semi-Annual Session of the Grand Division which takes place on the 22nd and 23rd and will not be at home in time to participate, it was thought best by the Division to take no part in Committee work but to instruct the members to attend in the regalia of the Order.

THE GRAND DIVISION PROPAGATION COMMITTEE.

The Grand Division Propagation Committee met in St. John on Tuesday last. There was a good representation present and the question of propagation work was thoroughly discussed. The names of several parties whose services could be secured, were presented to the meeting, and steps taken to secure one or more of them for work during the summer and fall months. A sub-committee has been appointed to make all necessary arrangements and to prepare the plan of the route over which the lecturer will go. In a short time we hope to be able to lay a definite plan of work before the Divisions. It is hoped that all the Divisions will be visited and many new ones revived.

**YORK DISTRICT DIVISION.**

Representatives to York District Division will take notice that the regular session will be held in the hall of Lansdowne Division, at Fredericton, on the afternoon of Thursday, May 9th, beginning at 3 o'clock. A session will also be held in the evening, opening at 7 o'clock.

The meeting will be of special importance, and will consider the present situation of temperance legislation in the county, and what steps the Sons of Temperance should take for the better enforcement of the laws.

The Executive are in hopes that each Division will take means to see that they have their full representation present.

Members of Subordinate Divisions not accredited representatives may attend all the sessions as visitors.

The evening session will be of a social nature and all the members of the order are cordially invited to be present.

**CIDER AS AN INTOXICANT.**

Every now and then the question of whether cider, should or should not be considered an intoxicant, and whether "sweet" cider as it is called should not be exempt from the obligations of the pledge, is proposed by members of our Order, but more especially by those who think of connecting themselves with a temperance organization. With reference to the intoxicating qualities of this beverage, we quote from Judge

Traverse's instruction to an Iowa

jury in a cider case. The line of argument the learned judge used was that the seller of this beverage in Iowa under the law is liable to prosecution because it is, or may be an intoxicating liquor. He said, "That while cider when first made is a non-intoxicant, and becomes what is called "hard" in the ordinary course of time, and that by mere lapse of time it will take on an intoxicating quality, and since the law prohibits the sale of all intoxicating liquors, therefore, if the state prove the sale of cider while it is of an intoxicating character, the state has done all that it is required to do to sustain a conviction; that the person who sells a liquor he knows will, in the natural course of its existence, become intoxicating, is charged with the duty of knowing whether it is intoxicating or not. It is no excuse, and he will not be allowed to plead, that he didn't know it was intoxicating. He sells it at his peril. And if it is intoxicating and he has sold it, the violation of the law is complete. Thus holding the general reckoning underlying the legislation which punishes selling meat which has become putrid from age, and berries and other fruit unwholesome from their decay."

**Oklahoma Under Prohibition.**

When the Oklahoma "boom" began in earnest and the soldiers were set to conduct the great trains of emigrants into the "promised land," the question of the admission of liquors into the territory was raised, for the saloon man saw too much money in his business in that new land, to let the opportunity of gathering it in his coffers pass by. The commander of the troops said the admission of liquors into the Indian Territory was unlawful, and he should search every train and detain any liquors found among these going into the new country. The traffic then appealed to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue who decided that the laws of the Indian Territory were abrogated in the Oklahoma belt by opening it up to settlement by white men, and therefore the prohibition of the Territory would not apply, and liquors could go in. But there remained a higher power and the Secretary of war directed the "suspension of the order issued by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, authorizing the sale of special tax stamps to wholesale and retail liquor dealers to engage in the business in Oklahoma. The secretary's decision is based on the opinion that it would be a palpable violation of law so to transport liquor across the Indian Territory, and it would be impossible to get liquor into Oklahoma without crossing some part or portion of the Indian Territory." Thus for the present at least this new territory is under prohibition—*Messenger.*

**Grand Division of Pennsylvania.**

The Grand Divison S. of T. held its quarterly Session at Houtzdale, Pa., on Wednesday, 25th April. A large number of subordinate members were initiated into the Grand Division. John Shallcross, G. W. P., submitted an excellent report, which will appear in our next issue. A special car was placed at the disposal of the Grand Divison, by Mr. Latty, General Agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, which was well filled with Philadelphia del-

At a large Amendment meeting in the Opera House in the evening Mr. Shallcross, Revs. McDowell and Congelton made addresses.—*Quill.*

**That "Calf."**

"It was no suggestion of mine," pleaded Aaron to Moses. "I did not go out to the people and tempt them. The people came to me. They said, 'Make us gods to go before us.' Seeing that a god they were bound to have, I considered the sacredness of the great right of personal liberty and humored their bent. I said, 'If any of you have gold, break it off and bring it to me.' So they gave it to me and I cast it into the fire, and lo! there came out this calf."

How innocent! But, Aaron, did you not first make the pattern of the calf, mould that very pattern in the sand and then run the melted gold into that very mould? What in the name of reason could have come out but that very calf? and can you escape responsibility for the people's sin,

the anger of God, and the destruction and distress which followed?

"I do not dart out into the street after people," apologizes the saloon-keeper, "and force them in and compel them to drink. The people come to me. And since the liquor they are bound to have, who am I that I should deny to any man the great and sacred right of personal liberty? So I say, bring me your dimes and you shall have just what you want."

But surely Aaron was not such a hardened criminal as of set purpose to give to the people in exchange for their gold what he knew would prove to be only their ruin? Perhaps not, yet he knew perfectly well the sin and danger of idolatry, and he knew equally well that what he proposed making for their worship was an Egyptian idol. His excuse was false and cowardly.

The liquor-seller is not such a fiend at heart, when he takes his victim's money, as purposely to give in exchange that which will bring shame and ruin on him and his household? Possibly not; yet none knows better than he the pauperism, crime, and wretchedness that follow; the wives and children robbed of husbands and fathers; the fragments of shattered homes rebuilt into almshouses and orphan asylums; and how all this wreck and woe and crime comes directly from the liquor which he stands ready at all times to dispense.

This fearful responsibility comes most heavily on the liquor-seller. But there are others who share it with him. He can carry on the work of demoralization and general disaster only as he has the sanction of our votes. Give him that sanction and how much less criminal are we than is he? How much less would Aaron's sin have been, if instead of making the "golden calf" himself, he had let the making of it out on commission to a greedy Israelitish syndicate eager for the job?—*The Presbyterian.*

**Westmorland Temperance Men in Council.**

The Westmorland County Prohibitory Alliance met in the rooms of the Y M C A in Moncton on Tuesday afternoon last, Rev. Dr. Pickard of Sackville in the chair.

The following members were in attendance:

Moncton—J M Robinson, D Grant, James McAllister, Edward McCarthy, Geo H Cochran, Edward Hicks, Alex McLean, Jonathan Weir, W J Robinson, H Atkinson.

Salisbury—Rev. A C Thompson.

Shediac—Rev. Mr. McCully, Jas. Friar, A Calder, Rev. W R M Baird.

Sackville—Rev. Mr. Allen, Dr. Pickard, Thomas Pickard.

Westmorland—Rev. J McG. McKay.

Reports from the different parishes were of a fairly encouraging nature. Rev. A C Thompson reported six prosecutions in Salisbury parish in the last few weeks, five convictions obtained and one case adjourned.

The treasurer's report showed the balance on the right side.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Rev. A C Thompson, President; E McArthur, Moncton, Vice; W H Price, Moncton, Secretary; Jas. McAllister, Moncton, Treasurer; Vice Presidents: For Salisbury, S A Holstead; Moncton Parish, Geo. H Cochran; Moncton town, Jonathan Weir; Shediac, Jas. Friar; Dorchester, Walter Dobson; Sackville, Thos. Pickard; Westmorland, Rev. James Crisp; Botsford, A P Lewis.

Executive: Officers and W J Robinson, Rev. J M Robinson, D Grant.

The bills of James A Vanwart and E McCarthy, law expenses, were passed for payment.

The sum of \$25 was donated to the Secretary for his services.

On motion of Rev. J McG. McKay it was—

*Resolved,* That this alliance, recognizing the importance of enlightening the public mind on the principles of temperance and prohibition, appoint a committee who shall consider the best means to secure the said object and report.

Committee named: Revs J M Robinson, McKay, Hinson, Campbell and McCully.

A resolution declaring it inexpedient to form a third party was tabled, after a pretty general discussion. The opinion appeared to be almost unanimous that it would be unwise

from the temperance standpoint to proceed with the formation of a third party, it being deemed better to obtain from the candidates of the regular political parties a pledge to vote in favor of prohibitory measures.

The session lasted about two hours. *Moncton Times.*

**Grand Division of Illinois.**

EDITOR JOURNAL.—The semi-annual session of the Grand Division of Illinois adjourned yesterday afternoon after a largely attended and spirited two-days meeting. While no material advance in membership was reported, a spirit of awakened interest manifested itself that argued well for the future. Two new Divisions, one at Galena and one at North Prairie, were instituted since April 1st, and application for a charter has been received from York House, Lake County. In addition there are three or four more in process of formation which are expected to be organized in a few weeks.

At the evening session Bro. Jack Warburton of Wisconsin, gave one of his characteristic speeches, interspersed with songs, and was heartily applauded.

Arrangements have been made with Bro. Warburton to enter upon work for the Order in this State, and he will begin his labors here on May 1st. Jack Warburton is known as an earnest and unflinching advocate of temperance, having been engaged for the last twelve years in talking and singing temperance in nearly all parts of this country, especially the west and northwest, and has earned a reputation second to none in this line of work, and his success in the past has been marked.

A fund for propagation work was pledged, sufficient to support the organizer in his labors, and we confidently expect that the Grand Division, of Illinois, will make a record in the coming months of which she and the whole Order may be justly proud.

**St. John News.**

GURNEY DIVISION, S. of T. held a very successful literary and musical entertainment Monday evening. The chairman, S B Pater-son, delivered a brief opening address, after which the following programme was carried out:

Dialogue, The Way to Windham, Messrs. Boner and McLean; song, E. E. Marshall; piccolo solo, Mr. Myers; vocal solo, Miss Buchanan; reading, E. G. Nelson; harmonica solo, E Warn; dialogue, The Bashful Lover, Messrs. Buchanan and Tufts, club swinging, W. M. Graham; piccolo solo, J Leaman; bone performance, Mr. Camm; Irish dialogue, Messrs Anderson and Marshall.

**New Era Resuscitated.**

A meeting was held in the Vye settlement on Wednesday evening last for the purpose of organizing a new Division or resuscitating New Era Division which had been inoperative for some years past. The meeting was brought to order by Mr. W. C. Anslow, and on motion of Mr. Thos. Flett, seconded by Mr. Geo. A. Flett, it was resolved unanimously to resuscitate New Era Division. The gentlemen who made the motion was a charter member of old New Era Division, and the seconder also a member of that Division. The Division was then opened with the following officers appointed pro tem:

W C Anslow, W P; Wm Cushman, W A; A F Morrison, R S; W J Miller, A R S; Thos. McGruar, Con; Susan Gifford, A C; George McLean, I S; Daniel McGruar, P W P; Clara Cottier, Organist.

Eighteen persons were then obligated, after which the election of officers was proceeded with, the following members being elected and installed:—

Thos Flett, W P; George A Flett, W A; Alice M Irving, R S; Wm McLean, A R S; Ernest Flett, F S; H S Flett, Treas; Robert Flett, Chap; James McDiarmid, Con; Henderson Bateman, A C; John Bateman, I S; George Hubbard, O S; John McDiarmid, P W P.

On motion the selection of D G. W. P. was left over until next night of meeting. After transacting some necessary business the Division adjourned. The Division will shortly hold its meetings in the room over the store of John Flett, Esq., it having been kindly offered for that purpose until the members are able to build a hall.