

Moncton News.

The Grand Lecturer is now in Westmoreland County. Thursday's Daily Times referring to his visit to Moncton says:—Mr. N. W. Brown, Grand Division, Sons of Temperance, lecturer and organizer, arrived in town yesterday morning from St. John and last night held a public meeting in the Sunny Brae Methodist church. To-night he holds a public meeting in the church at Lewisville in connection with the Division there. He is engaged by the Grand Division to lecture and organize in Westmoreland county during the month of September, visiting Sackville Friday night, Point de Bute Saturday night, Baie Verte Sunday night, Port Elgin Monday and in Bayfield Tuesday evening. Other engagements will be made later on. On his return he will address a mass meeting here.

Do the Saloon-Keepers own the Town.

Contractor Birkett, who is furnishing Brooklyn with street drinking-fountains has asked the city authorities to protect his work until his contract is finished.

Why do street drinking-fountains need protection? Because the saloon-keepers plug up the spouts in order to compel the thirsty to come and pay tribute at their bars for the privilege of slaking their thirst.

Really, do the saloon-keepers own these towns of New York and Brooklyn? Only a few weeks ago Mayor Grant vetoed an ordinance for a drinking-fountain, somewhere in the annexed district, on the ground that there was another drinking-fountain two blocks off, and that a drinking-fountain every two blocks was rather overdoing it. Neither he nor his party dares to apply this logic to saloons.

What are we coming to, anyhow, in this drinking business?

Perhaps the next step will be to require a man to pay a penny tax before he can drink a glass of water.

Then a nickel tax before he can drink a cup of coffee.

Then a dime tax before he can drink a cup of tea.

No tax at all, of course, on drinks of a malt, spirituous or vinous nature—to the public. The rumster will collect that tax for himself.

Then they will possibly put a drop-a-nickel-in-the-slot-and-get-a-glass-of-beer machine at every street corner.

There is one at each one of a great many corners in this town now, only you have to go inside the machine.

Then, again, the Board of Aldermen may some day make a street-railroad franchises contingent on a drink-slot machine in every car, in addition, of course, to "de boodle for de board."

There is \$5,000 liquor license and a \$2,000 license in Central Park now. Let's have high license at those figures down here in New York and Brooklyn. The rumsters are growing very much too fresh.—N. Y. Press.

Cost of Our Dens of Thieves.

The Union Signal presents a table of the leading businesses in Chicago. The population of the city is estimated at 900,000.

The churches and dry goods stores number each 420; physicians, 1689; druggists, 525; meat markets, 1,155; saloons, 3,990.

Thus it takes 2,142 people to support a church or a dry goods store; 79 to support a meat shop; but there is a saloon to every 225 persons.

Allowing for the men, women and children who do not drink in saloons 40 adults on an average support a saloon—but many of the low dram shops live on the wages of two or three to five or six poor workmen.

The Signal says each of these saloons pays into the city treasury the total earnings of one man and eats up not less than the total earnings of six more men, leaving the men and their families to be supported by the charity of others.

Women Suffrage in Fact.

The Governor and several other state officers of Kansas have published, a statement declaring that woman suffrage is a success. It has been demonstrated:

- 1. That they will vote.
2. That good women will vote.
3. That the evils predicted if women should vote, viz., that they

would neglect home duties, etc., have not visited Kansas yet, although that State has had three years of woman suffrage.

The way to prove that women won't vote is not to give them a chance.

Good women have as much interest in good government as good men, and they will exercise themselves to secure wholesome laws and see them enforced where their votes count as much as any other citizens'.

Almost every day brings news from some quarter that women, for one reason or other, are throwing off their ancient lethargy and asserting their right to be heard in matters concerning themselves and their children, and many women in the highest circles in England have taken sides on the question of granting the parliamentary franchise to their sex. For fourteen years or more certain classes of women have possessed municipal suffrage in Great Britain.

Woman suffrage may not come with a rush, but it is coming.—N. Y. Press.

Words For Wage-Workers.

If the consumption of whiskey could be done away with altogether, it would be more desirable for the country's welfare and morality than all the income which could be realized from so pernicious a drink.—Emanuel Swedenborg.

Burke, the Irish murderer, whose horrible method of committing his crimes has taken his own name, in his confession states that only once did he feel any restraint of conscience. That was when about to kill an infant child. The babe looked up and smiled in his face, but said he, "I drank a large glass of brandy then I had no remorse." His case is one of thousands—many times in my own experience have young men looked up to me when asked what they had to say why the sentence of the law should not be pronounced, and falteringly said, "I was drunk—I would not and could not have done it had I not been drunk."—Chief Justice Noah Davis.

Where Women Rule.

Petticoat rule has been tried at Oskaloosa, Kansas, for a year. The result has been surprising. First, the treasury was found to contain eighty-five cents. This amount was soon increased to a respectable surplus. The town marshal, who was fractious under the new rule, was bounced and another appointed. The streets were cleaned, sidewalks repaired. The saloons were made to come down to strictly business principles, and no selling on Sunday or to minors was allowed. The hotels, livery stables, drug stores, and barber shops alone were allowed to open certain hours on Sunday. The next move was against tobacco chewers, who in that Western country are a prevalent nuisance. As no ordinance could be passed to prevent them from expectorating on the sidewalks, personal appeals were resorted to with such good effect that the walks were soon in a cleanly condition, and a quarter of the population swore off from the use of the weed in this form. This was one of the crowning triumphs of the administration. The next serious municipal question was the cure of the loafing. An ordinance was passed requiring all boys under 18 years of age off the streets after 8 p. m. Naturally this met with considerable opposition, but the police were instructed and the ordinance was enforced. The streets are quiet after that hour, and there is no trouble with corner loafers.

The municipal election again draws near, and with the exception of two members the entire ticket will be re-nominated. The opposition, hopeless of electing a masculine ticket after such a showing, has cunningly nominated six of the handsomest unmarried young ladies of the village. Excitement is now at white heat, and neither the shafts of ridicule nor the newspaper man's contumely can prevent Oskaloosa from rising into a town of national importance. The gaze of a continent is upon it.—Utica Herald.

Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular says: "Many distillers and wholesale dealers favor high license as an expedient."

Facts for Business Men.

It is a fact that at the very time the people of this nation were crying "hard times" one year ago, the citizens of Maine, according to official records, were depositing more money in the savings banks than in any other period since the State was formed.

It is a fact that in Providence, R. I., where prohibition went into effect July 1st, the arrests, according to Chief of Police, were as follows: February, 583; March, 454; April, 592; May, 527; June, 515; July, 293.

It is a fact that in Atlanta when prohibition was in force, in spite of all the lying newspaper reports regarding the injury to the financial prosperity of the city, the tax commissioner recently decreased the tax-rate from 40 cents on \$100 to 30 cents.

Close the saloons and anarchism would die.

The rum-traffic is the robber that robs labor.

My liberty ends when it begins to involve the possible ruin of my neighbor.—John Stuart Mill.

To protect the American home and the American Sabbath are the two great issues of the hour.

The average life of a total abstainer is sixty-four years, while that of the drinker is thirty-five years and a half.

There are 8,000,000 teachers and scholars in our Sunday schools. Ought this not to be an army strong enough to overthrow King Alcohol?

Enough beer is annually consumed in Chicago, Ill., to give 720 glasses to every man, woman and child in the city, or \$3470 worth for each person.

The grain which is used annually in the manufacture of liquor, if made into bread would give ninety-nine and one-half four pound loaves, to every family in the United States.

Illinois paid last year \$24,800,000 tax for liquor and tobacco; Ohio, \$13,900,000; Kentucky, \$12,400,000; New York, \$15,100,000; Pennsylvania, \$8,100,000; North Carolina, \$1,950,000; Tennessee, \$1,000,000; Georgie, \$736,705; Alabama, \$78,542 and Mississippi, \$42,608.

One of the few female architects of the world is Miss Laura White, who is practicing her profession in Ashland, Ky. She was graduated in architecture at Michigan University, and then studied in Paris. She was noted in Michigan as a mathematician, and was the first student at Ann Arbor to solve a problem that had been sent over by one of the great English universities.

The true woman does not detract from her worth as a woman when she engages in any work to which duty calls her; womankind has not been degraded by the labors of such reformers as Alice Hopkins, Frances Willard or Lucretia Mott. Men have not found their wives less helpful, homes have not been made less bright or little children less happy because of the interest which women have manifested in politics, literature and arts, and in the advancement of their own sex.

Anything is possible in American politics, but nothing is certain. The rout in Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Pennsylvania may retard, but cannot prevent the discussion and final adjudication of the liquor traffic in its relations to government and society. The tragedies of intemperance are too fatal, it hurts too intolerable, its burdens too costly, to permit its ravages to go unchecked. License or prohibition are the alternatives; between them is no middle ground.

From comparison of the results in Kansas with those existing elsewhere, the conclusion is irresistible in favor of prohibition. It can be efficiently and successfully enforced. It does not retard the growth nor injure the resources of the people. Its operations practically cease with the closing of the saloons, leaving personal liberty unimpaired. It exonerates the state from complicity and participation in the most formidable agencies of its own destruction.—Senator Ingalls.

Napa County, Cal., is expected to produce 3,000,000 gallons of wine this year.

THE JOURNAL PROBLEM.

GIVEN AWAY.

We want to get a lot of subscribers this month and next for the JOURNAL and we are going to give our young readers a little puzzle to interest them in the paper, and a chance to work it out. We want you to send us a subscription for the JOURNAL for one year (\$1.00) and the solution to the following question worked out, and every one who sends us the correct answer will have their money returned, and get the paper free for the year, and be presented as well with a solid gold badge pin of the order of the Sons of Temperance. You want the paper anyway, and you might as well try for one of these handsome gold pins, which have been adopted by the National Division as the badge of the order. Understand, the money is returned only to those who get the right answer, the others get the paper for the year.

QUESTION.—Take the age of Joseph when he stood before Pharaoh and multiply by the number of persons saved in the Ark, subtract from this the number of Jacob's sons and divide by the number of barley which Boaz gave to Ruth, add to the product the number of times which the Israelites compassed Jericho, subtract the number of each kind of clean beasts that went into the ark, multiply by the number of men who went to seek Elijah after he was taken to heaven, add the number of Haman's sons divided by the number of stones in David's bag when he killed Goliath subtract the number of Prophets of Baal slain by Elijah on Mount Carmel, subtract the number of furlongs that Bethany was distance from Jerusalem multiplied by the number of anchors cast out when Paul was shipwrecked.

Money can be sent by American Express order or P. O. Order, and probably would be safe if sent in an ordinary letter, but in the latter case it must be at the risk of the owner. Address HERMAN H. PITTS,

Fredericton, N. B. (Canada.)

RESOLUTION.

(To be moved by some Brother in active Divisions, where they do not already subscribe for the JOURNAL.)

Believing that our officers and members should be kept informed as to the doings of the order, and the duties of their several officers, therefore

RESOLVED, that this Division subscribe for six copies of the TEMPERANCE JOURNAL, a weekly, 8 page paper, the Organ of the Sons of Temperance of America, published at Fredericton, N. B., Canada, and that the papers be sent to the address of the Worthy Patriarch of this Division for distribution each Division night, and that a cheque be issued on the Treasurer for the sum of \$4.20 in payment of the same, and the money forwarded to the Editor.

PREMIUMS.

JUST THE THING FOR YOU.

If you will get up a club of 12 subscribers for the JOURNAL, we will give the paper to each subscriber for 70 cents for the year, and for your trouble in soliciting the subscriptions will send you one of the Solid Gold Badge Pins of the order. The paper is 8 pages, is published weekly, and is the recognized organ of the Sons of Temperance of America. Will you not be the first to get one of these fine Pins?

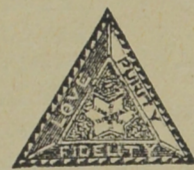
ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR THE MONTHS OF

JULY, AUGUST & SEPT.

There are about 80,000 Sons of Temperance in America. The JOURNAL is the recognized organ of the Order and should be in the family of every member of the order. We are determined to offer every inducement that the members may come in and help us push the order through the means of Temperance Literature. We offer in this supplement special inducements, one of which we hope will be accepted by every one who reads this, if they are not already a subscriber to the paper. Will you please help us get 5,000 additional subscribers in three months. If every reader would get us a club of five or ten we would double that number. Our usefulness as a Sons of Temperance paper depends largely on the number of members of the order we reach each week. You are helping the order when you help circulate its paper, as all the money received is put into improving the paper. If you would like circulars to help us with, write and we will send you them. Your assistance as a correspondent from your locality is also earnestly solicited.

SONS OF TEMPERANCE



BADGE PIN.

EVERY MEMBER SHOULD HAVE ONE.

It has been found that one drawback to the more rapid extension of the order of the S. of T. is the inability of the members to know each others in public as Sons. It is generally conceded that a way to overcome this is the more general adoption by the members of the order of the authorized badge pin, to be worn on the lapell of the vest or as a tie pin.

This Badge Pin stands for a principal and it is expected and hoped that the members will all stand by the emblematic triangle of the orders, and wear it in public. It is for us to stand by our colors, that we may be living epistles known and read of all men.

The lady members of the order are expected to wear them as well as the male members.

THE PRICES LOW ENOUGH FOR ALL.

Table listing prices of badge pins: Plated Pin (30 cents), Heavy Rolled Plate (fine) (75 cents), Solid Gold (\$1.00).

Pins sent all over the world at these prices.

A handsome badge pin is given away to every new subscriber to the Sons of Temperance paper, the TEMPERANCE JOURNAL, published at Fredericton, N. B. The subscription price, for this 8 page weekly is \$1.00 per year, this includes the badges as well.

S. of T. Bureau, Box 325 Fredericton, N. B.