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Gur Pulpit.

SERMON PREACHED BY

REV, A. J. MOWATT.

In St. Paul's Church on Sabbath Morning Oct. 12th, 1889.

"For what is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his exchange for his soul?"—MAT. XVI. 26.

Our Lord sets before His disciples here what it is to be His followers. There was danger of their building themselves up with the idea that He was going to do much for them in the shape of mere worldly good. There was danger of their taking Him to be a king like the kings of men, regarding His kingdom like the kingdoms of the nations, cherisbing utterly mistaken conceptions as to what He was to do for them and the world, and so losing the good of the mission He came to work out. He wants therefore to disabuse their minds of any false notions they may be entertaining with regard to what following Him is and what it is going to do for them, and to tell them just what it is. It is self-renunciation. It means the cross. "If any man will come after me, let him deny himself, and take up his cross, and follow me.

But then, it is objected here, that such a life is not much of an improvement on life as it is. It is death rather than life. It is losing one's life to save it, and you do not see what you lose. If following Christ leads to the cross, that is about the worst sort of life-losing one can meet with. The conclusion is therefore inevitable. If you want to save yourself, if you want to live; then keep clear of Christ, do not be a chris-

And there is some truth in that. If you want to have it easy, no hard work to do, never to be tired or sick, no cross to bear, no temptations to withstand, why then following Christ is not much of a way for you. Where He leads is the way of the cross, and a hard way it was for Him, and a hard way it is for His, but not so hard for His as Him.

Now, He answers the supposed objection by a reference to an old proverbi. al saying, a sort of wise maxim, to the effect, that losing one's life is the way to save it, and saving one's life is the way to lose it. "For whosoever will save his life shall lose it, and whosoever will lose his life for my sake shall find it." In other words, the best way to best care of oneself, and the best way to save one's life is not to save it. We all understand how that is. We may save our life in some respects only to sacrifice it in some other respects. We may sacrifice the higher for the sake of the lower. We may sacrifice the soul for the sake of the body. We may sacrifice the Forever for the sake of the Now. "For what is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own; soul? Or what shall a man give in exchange for his soul?"

Now, in further illustrating the text, I have now in stock a large supply observe first here, that there is about soul. We stand up, erect, strong, our This is the place for the laboring feet on the earth, and our head pointing heavenwards, and we say, I. Perhaps indeed that is where we get the I, a letter in the alphabet that is more to some of us than all the rest.

What, then, is that I of ours? And perhaps it is the what I have as well as the what I am. At least some of us would like to think so, and we act so. With us, I is not only our little self, but also the ground we stand on, and the much or little of space we fill with our importance and self-consequence. It is what we own as well as what we are-our house, our shop, our farm, our wide estate, our kingdom.

I may put my feet close together, and thus standing on the smallest possible portion of this earth, and therefore all the other hand, I may spread out my feet just as far as I dare spread them, and thus uncomfortably sprawled out, and standing with difficulty, and of course not very high up towards Heaven, I may say, I!!

And indeed it is easy for us to fall into the habit of identifying men by what they have rather than by what they are. We think and speak of them as possessed of this and that, as thus and thus titled and honored, as related to so and so. We think of a man's business or profession rather than himself, the acres he cultivates, the house he lives in, the position he occupies, the dress he wears, the crown on his head, the sword that dangles by his side, the money he counts and clinks, and much else of that sort.

world such as ours, a world where ap- its mountains were mines of gold and glitpearances go for so much, the things a tering gems, its valleys were capable man has, or seems to have, go a long of yielding abundant harvests, out of its his soul. way towards making him what he is, timber and rocks might be hewn fleets and it is not always easy for us to dis- and built up cities, and out of its natural tion. To save their life men will suffer criminate between what is his and him. forces might be developed so much; almost everything, if it is necessary.

occupies, those around him and with whom he has so much to do, the conrepresents and reigns over, yea, even the clothes he wears, the gold lace or lawn. These and such like things make him. We cannot see and know what a man is apart from what he has, and so we look at what he has to see what he is, and thus we form cur estimate of him.

But it is evident there is a wide difown soul? or what shall a man give in ference between what a man has and is. Across a rich man's life may sweep the tornado of disaster as in the case of the patriarch of Ur, and all he has is gone, only what he is left. And how changed he is to his acquaintances! They regard the world that is owes whatever it is, he is to his acquaintances. They regard the world that is owes whatever it is, he is to his acquaintances. They regard the world that is owes whatever it is, he is to his acquaintances. They regard the world that is owes whatever it is, he is to his acquaintances. They regard the world that is owes whatever it is, he is to his acquaintances. They regard the world that is owes whatever it is, he is to his acquaintances. him with askance looks, and speak to when all that is owes whatever it is, 16.35 and take sleeping car at Moneton. him with askance looks, and speak to when the three him with harsh words. Ah! it was and whatever of worth it has, to the TRAINS WILL ARRIVE AT ST. JOHN what he had they took off their hats to soul. and respected, his vast wealth, his fine clothes, his dignity and importance, not same mistake that Job's friends made, blood and agony here. We find here Express from Halifax, Pleson & Malgrave 2330 and it is a serious mistake.

front door of his fine house, the shop he death." Ah! not gold nor gems avail does business in, his official public life. here. Not crowns nor thrones can far off, seeing him only thus. We have comes down the son of God, and He no proper estimate of his real worth. gives Himself, His blood, His life, for And sometimes God helps us to see the soul. what a man is apart from what he has. friends. He did that with Job; sometimes He does it with others.

But you can come nearer still. And so, as in Job's case, the Lord lets disease pick his bones, the worms feed upon his flesh, until there is almost nothing left of him but a bare soul. And now, Again: The loss of the soul. If the loss of the soul. self of a man, his best, if there is any best about him, his glory and power, he shall gain the whole world, and lose ville, 6:45; Doaktewn, 7:25; Boiestown 8:15; Cross Creek, 9:10; Durham, 9:50; Maryaself of a man, his best, if there is any lose it. "For what is a man profited, if 5:00 a. m Chatham Junction, 5:25; Upper Nel that about him which neither the his own soul?" chances nor changes of the years can of a man is the I am of every man.

value beyond human arithmetic to calculate, is clear from what the Lord the whole world, and lose his own soul? Or, what shall a man give in exchange for his soul?"

worth so many thousand dollars.

much. Another may say of himself that he gets away with his life. sadly: "I am a poor man, a very poor nothing.

But, poor man, you have a soul. You have a life within you that can never die, and that may be an eternal rapture. You have thoughts perhaps the more erect, and all the higher up capacity to enjoy whatever is worth having there. At your feet rises a mystic ladder reaching up to God, and up that ladder you can climb to where seraphs sing. With a soul, then, of such possibilities, such wide-ranging and high-reaching capabilities, a man is not poor, need not be poor. The universe is his. Heaven and earth are his. They are his to cull satisfaction from, to reap harvests of good from, to possess and enjoy. The millionaire is poor compared with the man whose soul is what a soul is capable of possessing and enjoying of good and glory, power and

The soul's worth is seen, too, in this, And, it must be granted, that in a human soul there was a world, and in him than his soul. That young man be without the money he happens to breathed into the clay He shaped into

have, the accidents of birth and station, the human form. and man became a the age he belongs to, the place he lives living soul. If gold has any preciousand does his work in, the position he ness, it is the soul that gives it its preciousness. It is the soul's ingenuity that extracts it from its darkness, purigregation he ministers to, the people he fies it of its dross, shapes it into a crown, weaves it into lace, and makes it all it has cone to be in this age when the dollar is all but omnipotent for good or ill. But it is not the dollar, but the soul unseen behind it that is the power. The lightning wreathed the cloud with but not until these modern times was it but not until these modern times was it fast Express for Halifax fleetness, and make it the useful, yea, the indispensable thing it has come to the indispensable the indispensable thing it has come to the indispensable the indispen be. And so with everything else of

But it is when we come to the cross Fast Express from Montreal and Quebec 10.50 clothes, his dignity and importance, not we see as no clothes, his dignity and importance, and his dignity and importance, and his dignity and me mistake that Job's friends made, blood and agony netc.

the dying soul of God's own Son. "My the dying soul of God's own Son. "My and from Montreal are lighted by electricity and heated by steam from the local by electricity."

Let us get nearer a man than the doorh." Abl not gold nor gems avail We do not know him looking at him so ransom the soul. And so from Heaven

Now, there is much here to contem-It is a sore process, but it is sometimes plate, much to think about, but this necessary, both for himself and his must strike us, how much the soul is worth in God's eyes, when He would give His son to die on the cross for it. A man is a king perhaps; so He Only He who made the soul, gifted it stirs up rebellion around him, and with with all its powers, endowed it with rude traitorous hands tears off his crown, all its graces, made it capable of so much and strips off his royal purple, and lets gladness and glory, gave it something of us see him a simple unofficial plain man. Himself, knows its true value. If the If he has wealth, sometimes He lets soul were what some would have us bedisaster come, wave after wave tumbl- lieve it is, a material something, a thing ing high over one another, until he is of dust and to return to dust, a life like Trains run on Eastern Standard Time. stripped so bare that there is only his the insect life that buzzes itself out in a poor naked self left. And then it is summer day and is no more, would there A seen what a grand manhood was back have been any cross and any Christ? ed) for Chatham. No. The soul would not have been

at this last analysis, we get at the very | soul is worth so much, what a loss to

There are things you lose, and you give or take away, his I, his soul. Job say: "Let them go; they are not of give or take away, his I, his soul. Job could rise up from amid the ruins of all he had been in the days of his prosperity, and with only enough left to him to hold his soul, he could still say, I! and now he can say it as he could not when there was so much piled around him say: "Let them go; they are not of much account anyway!" And you put yourself to no trouble and expense to seek and find them. But there are other things you would not lose for a great deal. You put yourself to no therefore the property is the property of the property is an analysis of the property is and at C hold his soul, he could still say, I! and now he can say it as he could not when there was so much piled around him end of trouble, and you spare yourself take care of oneself is not to take the that was his, not him. Thus the soul no expense, to recover them. What combe's dry goods store. you would not do to vindicate your Again: The worth of the soul. That | nonor, maintain your good name, regain the soul is of great worth, that it has a your health, save your life! I think you would part with every dollar you had. You would sell your houses and lands. Himself says. His argument implies To save your life, to regain your lost that. It is based on that idea. "For health, to re-establish your character, what is a man profited, if he shall gain what would you not do that could be done?

Sometimes it comes to be with a man in a very rude sort of way: "Your You often hear men talking about money or your life!" And his money what a man is worth. They rate him is much to him perhaps. Through busy according to what he has rather than weary years he toiled for it and gatherwhat he is. He has so much property, ed it. He saved and scraped dollar after so much money invested. and he is dollar till he had come to be rich. And he does not like to lose his money; it is And men get into the way of rating hard to lose it. But it is still harder to themselves according to what may be lose his life. Life is more to him than called their commercial value, and so his thousands, more to him than millions. they rate themselves too high or too So, because life is more to him than his low. One thinks he is such a great money, he parts with his money. He man, worth so much, because he has tries to compromise. He hands over horses and lands and wealth, whereas in \$500, then \$1,000, then \$10,000, and real soul value he may not count for then at last all; and he thanks the Lord

But the soul is more to a man than man. I do not own one foot of land. even his life. His life is only for a brief The house I live in is not my own. I time, a few years at the most; but his have no money in the bank. I have soul is to live forever. If, then, a man will part with all he has for his life, what will he not part with for his soul? That is the way you and I would reason about it, and in some such way our Lord reasons about it. He asks in strong words: "For what is a man profited, if he shall gain the whole world, and lose his own soul? Or what shall a man give in exchange for his soul?"

And yet, somehow, our reasoning is to meet the wants of our Customers. God is, and Christ shines, and the lame; it does not hold. Most men alas! Leave your orders early and get best think but little of their soul. They value in Canada. value money, and they value life, but they do not value the soul. For the sake of money and life they will lose their soul.

Once a rich young man came to our Lord with the question how he could have eternal life; in other words how he might save his soul. Just then, it would appear, something had led him to concern about his soul. Our Lord told him that to save his soul he must part with all he had. It was with him: things whatever of value and usefulness they have. Before there was a living human soul there was a world, and in him then him than him then him than him then him the him than him then him the him than him then him than him then him than him then him then him then him than him then him the him then him the him would have sold all to save his life; but Court Honse Square, - Fredericton, he did not sell all nor anything to save

And that young man was no excep-What would a man of great prominence but all was waste and useless till God They will cross continents to do so. They (Continued on third page)

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