

NEW BRUNSWICK

Rocks' Fraternalizing.

'Twas a merry party that left Granite Rock Division Hall Carleton on the evening of February 4th, to go to South Bay, to pay the second of their series of fraternal visits. 'Twas a veritable meeting and commingling of Lime Rocks and Granite Rocks. There has always been a very warm fraternal feeling existing between the Divisions, and their fraternal meetings have always been of a more than ordinary interesting and pleasurable nature. Monday evening's visit was no exception to the general rule. Lime Rock has been dormant for some time on account of the decline of business at South Bay, but has awakened up from its lethargy, and if one may judge from the character of Monday evenings visit is going to boom with the revival of business. The Division has about 40 members enrolled, 24 of which were present at the last night of meeting. About the same number of Granite Rocks were present. After the addresses of welcome by Bro. Wm. Roxborough, which was followed by fraternal greetings, the meeting was placed in the hands of the W. P. of Granite Rock, Bro. Willard McConnell, who opened with a short reply to the address of welcome, followed by members of Granite Rock as follows: Address by Bro. John C. Thomas, formerly of Lime Rock; song by Bro. John Lyons; solo by Sister Clara Wood; address by Bro. Strang; address by Bro. Campbell; (all these being P. W. P's of Granite Rock Division), recitation by Sister Sarah Hurst; solo with violin accompaniment by Bro. William Williams, a late accession to Granite Rock; reading by Bro. Sterling Morrison. The charge of the meeting was then returned to Lime Rock; Bro. Roxborough held up their end by a good, sound, practical talk upon the Temperance work, and the prospect of Lime Rock; Sister Lowery favored the Divisions with some instrumental selections; then Bro. Roxborough by request sang a comic song, and was obliged to respond to an encore, which he did in his usual happy vein. Bro. John Lee also responded to an encore and Bro. Williams sang three selections before the members were satisfied.

A hearty and unanimous vote of thanks was tendered the Division. The hour growing late, the meeting closed with the usual ceremonies, followed by cheers and counter cheers. Everybody was well pleased with the visit and no doubt much good will result from it. It will encourage the workers of Lime Rock, and imbue them with more interest in the work. Tilley Division could not accompany Granite Rock on account of their own meeting. It is quite likely that a public temperance meeting will be held under the auspices of the two 'Rock' Divisions in a short time. Granite Rock visits Silver Division on Friday evening; and Everett Division on the 12th inst; and other visits as published in the JOURNAL. Granite Rock has quite a missionary spirit, and is trying to work up a similar spirit among the Divisions. It is to be hoped that they will be successful. The circular lately issued by the G. W. P. will be acted upon by the Divisions, and a District Division will likely be organized in the near future. Hoping you will not consider my account of the visit too lengthy, I remain,

Yours in L. P. and F., ONE WHO WAS PRESENT.

Wills Division, No. 266.

DEAR SIR,—Several months have elapsed since the last report from this Division. Hoping you will excuse me for not reporting sooner, I will do so now.

Our Division is still alive and in a very healthy condition. Although our members are few, on account of many of them being absent during the fall and winter months, we manage to meet from time to time whenever the weather will permit and spend a very pleasant evening together. The entertainment is very good, consisting of readings, recitations and speeches.

At the beginning of this quarter the following officers were installed by our D G W P, S S Smith, James H Meredith, acting as Grand Con: John Sherman, W P; Lorinda McLaughlin, W A; A N Cameron, R S; Addie Gilman, A R S; Stephen

S Smith, F S; Maggie Smith, Trea; Carrie Beach, Chap; N Beach, Con; Maggie Beach, A Con; Willie Beach, I S; Edward Gilman, O S.

I remain, Yours in L. P and F, O C.

Resolution of Condolence.

The following resolutions were adopted by Campbell Section, No. 5 Cadets of Temperance, Richibucto, relative to the death of Thomas Wetmore Bliss, Esq.

Whereas, It hath pleased God in His infinite wisdom to remove by death Brother Thomas Wetmore Bliss, one of the Vice Patrons of Campbell Sections of Temperance, and

Whereas, Our departed brother was, during his life time, a consistent and an earnest member of our Parent Society, the Sons of Temperance;

Resolved, That this Section deplores the great loss it and the Temperance cause have sustained by the death of Brother Bliss, and desires to place on record this tribute to the memory of a just and true brother; and

Further Resolved, That the members of this Section deeply and sincerely sympathize with the family of the deceased, praying that the father of the fatherless may sustain and comfort them in this sad hour of their affliction.

O C. Richibucto, July 28th, 1888.

Clark's Corner Division.

Clark's Corner Division elected and installed their officers for the present quarter as follows.

Helen D Hunter, W P; Sarah E Hunter, W A; Wilnot Hunter, R S; Verra Chase, A R S; Willie E Palmer, F S; Stanley M Carle, Trea; Chip Hunter, Con; Mary Hunter, A Con; W A Carle, Chap; Fred M Clark, P W P.

It is not yet two years since this Division was organized with only 18 charter members; there is now 58 enrolled. An increase of 40 in two years with a bright prospect before us, has caused an effort to be made for a temperance Hall. The Division by way of commencement gave a concert and realized the sum of \$37.36. A very good beginning and we ask the temperance people everywhere to assist us in the work. If Divisions will contribute however small a sum it will be thankfully received. To depend wholly upon our own resources it may be some time before the building will be completed; but with the help of our friends Clark's Corner could soon enjoy a Temperance Hall.

Whatever of darkness dims the age, Or hangs upon the mind; We are all brethren, let us then Be to each other kind.

Yours in L. P and F, O C.

License in Restigouche.

A despatch from Campbellton dated the 5th says:—Mr. James S. Morse, license inspector for Restigouche, has been making an official tour through the county. He was at Campbellton yesterday, and seized a quantity of liquor from Lecasse, proprietor of the Montreal house, and Charette, who keeps a bar-room, on the ground that these parties are selling without a license. The other liquor dealers of this place have been duly notified that unless they run their establishments according to the strict letter of the law they will be prosecuted.

Anagance Ridge.

The ladies of Anagance Ridge held a pie social at the residence of Mr. John Nickerson, and realized the sum of \$19.75 in aid of the newly organized division, S. of T. Mr. W S McCully was auctioneer. After the sale of pies was over the meeting was called to order by N Graves, W P, and Mr. W S McCully made a brief but interesting speech on temperance. He received a vote of thanks, as did also Mr. John Nickerson for the liberal opening of his house to the public.

Is it right to build churches to save men, and license shops that destroy them?

Granby Division, No. 44.

GRAND DIVISION OF QUEBEC.

Granby Division paid a fraternal visit to West Shefford Division, No. 64 on the evening of the 22nd inst. Twenty-five members in five teams left Granby at 6.30 P. M., but owing to the bad state of the roads, did not reach West Shefford until 8.30. The cold and weariness of the drive were soon forgotten in the warm and hearty welcome in which they were received. After an address of welcome by P. W. P. the Rev. Mr. Robinson and short speeches by the W. P.s, of both Divisions, the first part of a choice programme was presented. The Granbyites were then invited into the upper part of the building where a most bountiful supper had been provided for them by the ladies of No. 64.

Descending again to the Division room the remainder of the programme was gone through and after earnest expressions of gratitude from the visiting brethren for the most loyal manner in which they had been entertained, the Division closed in due form, and never did "Auld Lang Syne" sound so grand in the ears of your correspondent as when the eighty odd voices rolled out the closing ode:

"A goodly thing it is to meet In friendship's circle bright."

The following are the officers of Granby Division for the present quarter:

A McArthur, W P; Kate Williams, W A; Fred Taylor, R S; Mary Gill, A R S; Fred Warren, F S; Arthur Frost, Trea; H. Hollancy, Chap; F W West, Con; Mary Miles, A Con; Jas Topp, I S; Ellis Savage, O S; Camilla Hungerford, Organist.

Yours Fraternaly, O C.

The Scott Act in Cape Breton.

NORTH SYDNEY, Feb. 1st.—A Scott act convention numbering about seventy delegates, representing temperance societies, churches, labor associations, mining corporations and leading business men, met in Sydney on Jan. 21st. A league was organized, officers elected and an influential executive committee appointed to secure the enforcement of the act throughout Cape Breton county. Thomas Hill was elected prosecutor. It was decided to raise the necessary funds for the purpose named. Nearly \$1,000 was subscribed on the spot. Great harmony and enthusiasm prevailed. This movement is taken as the answer of the solid men of the county to the resolution lately passed by the county council favoring the repeal of the Scott Act. Telegrams were read from Charles H Rigby, Little Grace Bay, and others not present owing to the condition of the roads, expressing sympathy with the work of the convention.

Cure for Drunkenness.

I was one of those unfortunates given to strong drink. It reduced me to degradation. I vowed and strove long and hard, but I seldom held victory over liquor long. I hated drunkenness but still I drank. When I left it off I felt a horrid want of something I must have or go distracted. I could neither eat, work nor sleep. I entered a reformatory and prayed for strength; still I must drink. I lived so for over 20 years; in that time I never abstained for over three months at a time. At length I was sent to the house of correction as a vagrant. If my family had been provided for I would have preferred to remain there out of the way of liquor and temptation. Explaining my affliction to a fellow prisoner—a man of much education and experience—he advised me to make a vinegar of ground quassia, a half ounce steeped in vinegar, and put about a small teaspoonful in water and drink it down every time the liquor thirst came upon me violently. I found it satisfied the cravings and suffused a feeling of stimulation and strength. When I was discharged I continued this cure, and persevered till the thirst was conquered. For two years I have not tasted liquor, and have no desire for it. Lately to try my strength I have handled and smelt whiskey, but I have no temptation to take it. I give this for the consideration of the unfortunate, several of whom I know recovered by the same means which I no longer require to use.—Connecticut Home.

Glances Over the Field.

The Sailors' Rest, at Devonport has taken 1,100 pledges among sailor boys during 1888. "Bless the lads!"

The number of public-houses in the province of Ontario last year was 1,960. In four years the Scott Act diminished drinking by fully one half.

The Birmingham Gospel Temperance Mission has held, during 1888, upwards of 500 meetings, and taken 4,060 pledges. This means a lot of good practical work.

The Daily News says, very truly, that all the blessings which the presence of the white man brings to savage races, are balanced with the one comprehensive and all-pervading curse of drink.

In Barbadoes, liquor must not be sold within half a mile of the barracks. Good; the interests of the State require soldiers to be protected. But have the people no claim to be protected as well?

An agitation in favor of the Direct Veto has begun in the Isle of Man. The wonder is that it has not commenced much sooner. Manxland would be an excellent place to experiment on.

TEMPERANCE IN RUSSIA.—Mr. Malins says:—"On learning that Count Leo Tolstoi had formed a temperance society in Russia, I wrote to Mockba for information as to its institution, rules, and membership, and the following is the reply received from the daughter of the count:—"Dear Sir,—The date of the institution of our Temperance Society was the 1st December, 1887. At present the number is 350, not counting a whole sect of about 500 people who have sent their desire to become members of our society. As far as I know, nothing has been printed, because temperance societies are forbidden, so that we have to copy every leaf with the conditions of the society to give to new members.—Yours truly, T. TOLSTOI."

1500 casks of wine from Cete were analysed at the instance of the Paris authorities, and in the whole quantity there was not found a single drop of grape juice. How does this look as a mixture:—Alcohol, water, glycerine, plaster and salts. The colouring was obtained by the addition of Aristotle's berries.

A French gendarme was buried while under the influence of potato spirit, his friends considering him to be dead. He attracted the attention of the sexton as he was lowering the coffin, but on it being opened, the man was found to be dead. In his attempts to escape, he had mutilated his head and so killed himself.

THE COMMUNION WINE QUESTION AT LANGHOLM.—A petition, signed by sixty-four members of the Langholm North United Presbyterian Church, has been presented to the kirk-session of the Church, asking the session to discontinue the use of unfermented wine which was introduced at the last communion, or else to take the opinion of the congregation on the matter. The session refuse both requests on the ground that they have full powers. The Presbytery will be appealed to.

Current Thought.

The internal revenue in Maine last year averaged 4 cents per capita. In the rest of the country it was \$1.76.

New York State has \$60,000,000 invested in prisons, asylums, hospitals and alms-houses. New York city alone has 10,000 dram-shops to help provide the inmates.

The Japanese are temperate. To a visitor tea, and not alcoholic liquors is offered. There are no standing bars in Japan, and no public drinking of liquors that intoxicate.

General Eaton, United States Commissioner of Education, is authority for the statement that ninety-five per cent of the depraved youth of our land are children of drunken parents.

There are six counties in Illinois that have women superintendents of public schools. Of these Alexander county has 38 schools, DeWitt 97, Douglass 94, Green Peoria 163, Putnam 34.

The ratio of saloons to population in New York is about one to 214. It is proposed to reduce the number to one for 500 people.

It is affirmed by Rev. Hugh Montgomery, in his Budget, that in Edwards county, Illinois, no liquor has been sold for twenty years, and taxes are thirty-three per cent. less than in any other county in the State.

The Court of appeals of New York State hold that public intoxication, under the statute, has all the elements of a crime, being offensive to public decency, and dangerous to the good order and well-being of society.

The National Temperance Federation of Great Britain at its annual meeting held in Manchester voted to amend the "Prevention of Cruelty to Children bill" so as to prohibit serving any intoxicants to children under fourteen years of age.

Good books are best companions for leisure hours for two reasons: We can learn more from them that is useful and edifying than from our human associates; and, when they begin to bore us, we can shut them up without any fear of affronting them.—Ex.

Sr William Gull, the eminent physician, says the public ought to know that, of all the diluents or solvents for the nutritious parts of food, there is nothing like water. Water carries into the system the nutriment in its purest form. What do beer and wine drinkers say to that? What can they say?—Glasgow Reformer.

—The Rockford (Ill.) Daily Register says that notwithstanding the loss of \$21,000 license fees resulting from the shutting up of saloons in that city, the city government closed the year 1888 with a balance of \$14,129 in its treasury. At the same date the great city of Chicago, says the Chicago Union-Signal, with its 4,000 saloons, each paying \$500 license, cannot pay its public school-teachers their salary promptly because of empty treasury.

Feb 9th NEW GOODS.

Hamburg Embroideries,

Morse & Kaley Mfg. Co.'s

KNITTING COTTON,

HOLLINS & CO'S BEST

ANGOLA,

NEW PRINTS,

NEW GINGHAMS.

JOHN J. WEDDALL