

Aug. 30, '88

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LADIES JACKETS,

LADIES ULSTERS,

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LADIES' DRESS GOODS in Cashmeres, Serges, Suitings, and Stuff Goods in all desirable shades and colors, Velvets, Plushes, Jerseys, Shawls, Squares, Scarfs, Corsets, Hose, Gloves, Men's, Youths' and Boys' Ready-Made Clothing, Coats, Vests, Pants and Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds and Worsteds, Coatings, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Ties, Shirts, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Braces. Also, Grey and White Cottons, Paints, Tickings, Ducks, Drills, Swansdowne, Table Linens, Towellings, Cottons Warps, Flannels, all colors, Blankets, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Carpets etc. Horse Blankets, Sleigh Robes, Trunk and Valises.

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THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Manhood, Nervous and Physical Debility, Permanent Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon. 300 pages 8 vo., prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only \$1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative samples free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author by the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulting confidentially. Speciality, Diseases Man. Office, No. 4 Bulfinch Street.



New Brunswick Reporter,

AND TEMPERANCE JOURNAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

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HERMAN H. PITTS,
Publisher and Proprietor

New Brunswick Reporter.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1888.

Mr. Waldie, the Liberal candidate for Walton was elected on Wednesday, by a majority of 29 votes.

Sir, John Macdonald spent the early part of the week at Halifax. He was feted and held the usual reception.

The Toronto banquet to Mr. Blake has been given up owing to Mr. Blake's declining to be feted.

Much damage has been done the hay crop all over Canada, particularly in the Maritime Provinces. Other cereals have not been effected to such an extent, but should the rainy weather continue it will have a bad effect on the oat and buckwheat crop as well.

The General Boulanger boom seems to be in the increase again. On Sunday he was elected to the chambers from three departments besides Somme when his majority was 34,723 votes. The Republican papers declare that Boulanger's success is due to the Reactionists who have not the courage to put forward candidates of their own. The conservative journals state that Boulanger's vote was directed against the Republic.

Our friend of the Chatham World seems to have become a disciple of the Faith Cure doctrine. He ends up a long article, whether poking fun or in earnest about the subject it is difficult to discover by saying that "the records that prove the cures are so full and well attested that nothing but the necessities of a preconceived theory can induce any man to question them." That is a good sentence.

There seems to be a deficiency in the St. John water supply, and some of the papers of that city express the opinion that there should be prompt action taken by the council to have the water department put on a reliable footing, that a repetition of the fire of 1877 may be avoided. If there is any trouble over the water supply we would advise St. John people to loose no time in remedying the evil. Never have the business men and citizens generally of Fredericton felt so secure as they have since the present admirable system of water works has been running.

Not Ratified.

The United States Senate has refused to ratify the fisheries Treaty, by a strictly party vote of 30 to 27. It is expected by the Republicans that they will be able to make political capital by the rejection of the measure. It is very doubtful if they will be able to make many votes by this move. It has been pretty generally conceded by the fairly minded press of both countries that there should be a settlement of the difficulties on a fair basis between Canada and the United States. Concession had been made in this treaty by both countries, and it was believed that the troubles would be settled for some time to come, however the elections this year has caused the putting of this vexed question off probably for another year.

Murder on the Tobique.

On Monday the news reached this city of a terrible tragedy that had been enacted on the Tobique river some 40 miles from its mouth at the place known as the Oxbow. Major Howes and family of Boston have been in the habit of late years of passing a few weeks vacation on the Tobique, in fishing and shooting, and for the purpose of fishing had procured from the N. B. Railway Co., a license for that purpose on part of the river. For three weeks the party had been fishing on the river and were returning to Andover on Sunday last on their way to their home, when they were shot at by some parties ambushed along the shore, and Mrs. Howes was instantly killed by a bullet passing through her head. The party consisted of Major C. F. Howes, his wife, his son Loraine and daughter Helen, two sons seven and eight years of age, a Mr. Lincoln and four Indian guides. They were in three canoes, the first containing

Major Howes, his wife, one of the younger sons and an Indian guide. The assassins opened fire on the first canoe as it rounded the bend, and fired also at the other canoes, eight or ten shots in all, from repeating rifles. The third shot passed through Mrs. Howes' head and caused instant death. The parties in ambush were in the woods about forty yards from the canoes, but on the third canoe coming up, and returning the fire, beat a hasty retreat. The crime is thought to have been perpetrated as revenge for the Major's party having warned off parties who were discovered fishing illegally in the river. The body of the deceased lady was taken to Andover where an inquest was held. The sheriff and a large number of the residents in that vicinity started immediately for the place designated and began a thorough search of the woods.

Major Howes has been for years a regular summer visitor to New Brunswick. He is a member of the firm of Hallett, Davis & Co., the great piano makers, in the interest of which he travels through the west in winter and in summer he makes his home in this Province. He fishes Skiff Lake and its adjacent waters, and also the upper waters of the Tobique, and is well known to all the people of Andover and vicinity, as well as to the Indians who occupy the village at the mouth of the Tobique, and is a very popular man. He is an amateur photographer of much merit as well as a keen angler. Occasionally he brought on parties of friends to enjoy the opportunities for pleasing outings on the head waters of the Tobique. Mrs. Howes sometimes accompanied her husband on his expeditions, and sometimes remained at Andover. She was a graceful, pleasing and agreeable lady, and all who have ever met her will hear with sorrow of the terrible calamity which ends her life.

A telegram to the Sun on Wednesday announced the capture of several parties supposed to be the murderers. The account was as follows:—The murderers of Mrs. Howes are safe in jail. They were captured on Sunday night in a camp a few miles from the scene of their dastardly deed. When surrounded they offered no resistance. Their names are William Day, Frank Trafton and Henry Phillipine. Day, is about 45 years of age. The other two are comparatively young men, between 19 and 20. The arrest was made by constables from the parish of Lorne between five and six o'clock in the evening. Circumstantial evidence points very closely to at least two of the prisoners. The settlers turned out in a body to aid the officers and were instrumental in running the criminals to earth.

A visit to the Ox-Bow showed that the men had chosen as the point of attack the most favorable situation for their fiendish work along the whole course to be followed by Major Howes and party on their voyage to Andover. The point commanded the channel where the waters ran slowly and where the canoes would be within range for quite a distance. In a clump of bushes they had constructed rests for their rifles and hidden by the dense foliage were able to fire on the voyageurs unseen. They did not trust the result to snap shots or even to firing from the shoulder. It was a calm, deliberate attempt to exterminate the occupants of the foremost canoes, and the wonder now is that a single person escaped alive. Close to the ambuscade two repeating rifles were found, dropped by the murderers in their hurried flight. It is known that two of the prisoners possessed weapons of this type and they form strong links in the chain of circumstantial evidence against them. The body of Mrs. Howes was taken to Boston this morning for burial. The people along the Tobique have used every effort to arrest the guilty ones, and great sympathy has been shown to the major and his party.

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In the evidence before the coroners jury Edward Jenkins said he saw Day where the shooting took place. He also assisted in the search for rifles. These were found in an old building about a mile from the place, hid away in a barrel. The building had been occupied for a time by Day as a place of residence. The rifles looked clean and as if had been recently shot out of. They were Winchester repeating rifles, one being eight magazines and the other 15. It has been proved almost beyond doubt that Trafton and Phillipine owned rifles. When they heard that search was being made for them, one said that he had lost his rifle on a blueberry plain, and the other that he had sold it to a man down the river some time ago.

A REGULAR AMBUSCADE PREPARED.

Several other witnesses were examined, among whom were Wm. Hillis, a former St. John boy, who had assisted in the search. It came out in the evidence that

a regular ambuscade had been prepared, the ground tramped down behind it and a rest for the rifles provided. There was a mark on the stump where the gun had been rested. Measurements of tracks alongside the place have been taken, and these agree in some respects with the prisoners. The belief prevails that Day planned the business, and that he induced the two youths to do the shooting.

The Indian, Lockwood, was recalled and indentified Henry Phillipine as the man he saw concealed behind the stump with a gun at Ox Bow.

The jury found that Susan L. Howes came to her death by a bullet fired from a rifle in the hands of William Day, Frank Trafton and Henry Phillipine, and the said William Day, Frank Trafton and Henry Phillipine did wilfully murder Susan L. Howes.

The jury recommend that the authorities on the Tobique river and vicinity look after the lawless and careless firing of firearms by fishing parties and others.

The Industrial Exhibition.

The Toronto Exhibition which is becoming more and more one of the events of the year for agriculturists, and country dwellers will be held from Sept'r 10th to 22nd next. The new Governor General, Lord Stanley, will open the Exhibition on the 11th. The railways are offering greater inducements in reduced rates than in previous years. Entries are more numerous than ever before, and the management are providing a great array & variety of special features regardless of expense. Each day and evening there will be presented several new & entertaining novelties with a view of combining in the Great Fair the amusing and entertaining feature as well as the instructive detailed programmes of each days performances can be procured by addressing Mr. H. J. Hill, Toronto.

Eastern Maine State Fair.

A large crew of carpenters and laborers are at work at Maplewood, putting the grounds and buildings in first class condition for the Eastern Maine State Fair, to be held Aug. 28, 29, 30, and 31. The new headquarters for the Maine Farmer are about completed and ready for the painters to lend additional attractiveness to the building by the application of bright colors. A new building is being erected opposite the President's headquarters, which will be the headquarters of the famous stallion Harry Wilkes owned by the New Brunswick government, and the other famous horses from the Provinces will occupy the row of stalls at the top of the hill. Wednesday, the 29th, will be Governor's Day and Governor Marble and friends will be present. Among the foremost gentlemen from the Provinces who will be present are Sir Leonard Tilley, Gov. of New Brunswick, Attorney General Blair, and Chas. H. Lugrin, Sec. of the New Brunswick Board of Agriculture. Many of the distinguished guests sojourning at Bar Harbor have signified their intention to spend a day at the Fair. Secretary Whitney and friends will be among them. It promises to be a great show and will attract thousands of people from all over the country. The management will spare neither money nor time to make it a success.

There are to be close and exciting games of base ball between the Manchester, Lowells and Portsmouths, of the New England League, each day of the fair.

Hon. James G. Blaine, Hon. Wm. L. Putman, Hon. E. C. Burleigh and many other prominent citizens of the State have been invited and are expected to be present on Governor's day. The Maine Central, Bangor & Piscataquis, Somerset, New Brunswick and the Intercolonial Railways, Boston & Bangor and the Bangor & Bar Harbor Steamboat Companies will sell cheap excursion tickets to Bangor the week of the fair.

English Landlordism.

People in this country, where the rented farm, and in most of our towns the rented house also, is the exception rather than the rule, can have little idea of the condition of things prevailing in the United Kingdom, where less than one in thirty hold any land at all. According to the new Domesday book of England, about ten thousand individuals hold more than two-thirds of the whole area and thirty persons about one-tenth of it. Less than 4 per cent. of the population of Scotland, about 5 per cent. in England, and less than 2 per cent. in Ireland have a share in the ownership of the soil. The 12 largest owners in England hold an aggregate of 1,058,882 acres; the 12 in Scotland 4,339,722, and the 12 in Ireland 1,297,888. In England 1, in Ireland 3, and in Scotland 24 individuals hold more than 100,000 acres each. The Duke of Northumberland is the largest landlord in England, being credited with 181,616

acres and an annual rent roll of more than three quarters of a million dollars. The Duke of Westminster, who owns immense blocks in the city of London, is, however, possessed of the largest rent roll, one writer estimating that the Duke's revenue at the expiration of long leases now running will reach five millions a year.—Times.

Few children can be induced to take physic without a struggle, and no wonder—most drugs are extremely nauseating. Ayer's Pills, on the contrary, being sugar-coated, are eagerly swallowed by the little ones, and are, therefore, the favorite family medicine.

All Quiet at Skeena.

The steamer Sardonix arrived on the 18th. at Victoria B. C. from Skeena with Superintendent Roycraft's specials. The Battery are encamped at Essington and will arrive there by the Cariboo Fly. The specials reached Hazelton on August 1 and were well received. Everything is quiet. The news of their arrival preceded them by three days, consequently the Indians fled into the woods. Superintendent Roycraft summoned the chiefs to a pow-wow, which was attended by all the chiefs, and addressed by Judge Fitz-stubbs and Mr. Roycraft. Both animadverted very strongly on the Indians' conduct, explained the nature of British law, and said that the latter, and not Indian, must govern in future. Mr. Roycraft said that he would appoint all the chiefs special officers, the better to enable them to preserve the peace. If there was any more killing the Queen would look upon it as a declaration of war and send soldiers to terminate them. The chiefs replied, and said that both had spoken strongly, but there was no hypocrisy about their utterances. They were glad to be appointed special constables, and would endeavor to preserve order. There would be no more killing. It developed that at Katimax two secret meetings were held last winter, when a general massacre of whites was only prevented by the efforts of the man, who told of the many good things the whites had done for the Indians. Green, who shot Kit-wan-cool-Jim, was tried on August 7th by Superintendent Roycraft and Judge Fitz-stubbs. He was very much affected. He was remanded for trial at Nanaimo on a charge of manslaughter, and bail fixed at \$1,000, which was secured.

A perfect complexion, free from pimple or blemish, is very rarely seen, because few people have perfectly pure blood. And yet, all disfiguring eruptions are easily removed by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Try it, and surprise your friends with the result.

Interesting Items.

Typhoid fever is prevalent at Moncton and gaining ground at an alarming rate. There are six cases on one street alone.

At Big Bras D'Or B. C. the other day an old lady died of the age of 107 years. Her name was McDonald.

Major General Schofield has been appointed by President Cleveland as Commander-in-Chief of the U. S. Army, the position which General Sheridan held.

Principal Grant of Queen's College, Kingston, writes from New Zealand, that the C. P. R. is likely to be the means of opening up a large trade in wool between that place and the Dominion.

John Wanamaker, a merchant of Philadelphia, carries an insurance of nearly two millions on his life. Depew, the New York orator, is insured for \$500,000. George K. Anderson, the tobacco-merchant, has \$375,000 on his life, Isidor Cornfield, carries \$290,000, Cyrus W. Field, \$250,000, Charles A. Dana, of the New York Sun, carries \$120,000.

Some of the herbs in Hall's Hair Restorer, that wonderful preparation for restoring the color and thickening the growth of the hair, grow plentifully in New England.

September Century.

Mr. George Kennan will contribute to the September Century an article on "Exile by Administrative Process," in which he gives a great number of instances of the banishment of persons to Siberia, without the observance of any of the legal formalities that in most countries precede or attend a deprivation of rights. Mr. Kennan will also discuss, in an Open Letter in this number of The Century, "Is the Siberian Exile System to be at Once Abolished?"

Before such a plan goes to the Council of State for discussion, it is always submitted to the ministers within whose jurisdiction it falls,—in the present case, the Minister of Justice, the Minister of Finance, and the Minister of the Interior.

This is by no means the first measure of reform which has been submitted to the Tsar's ministers, but every effort has so far been fruitless, and the plans have been found "impracticable."