

June 30, '88

John J. Weddall.

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In all the Newest Shapes,

PARASOLS & SUNSHADES,

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Midsummer Sale

Of REMNANTS begins on

Tuesday, July 3rd.

July Fashion Sheets now ready for delivery.

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LARGE STOCK

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COMPRISING IN KIND THE FOLLOWING, VIZ:-

LADIES' DRESS GOODS in Cashmeres, Serges, Suitings, and Stuff Goods in all desirable shades and colors, Velvets, Plushes, Jerseys, Shawls, Squares, Scarfs, Corsets, Hose, Gloves, Men's, Youths' and Boys' Ready-Made Clothing, Coats, Vests, Pants and Underclothing, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds and Worsted Coatings, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Ties, Shirts, Silk Handkerchiefs, Gloves and Brasces. Also, Grey and White Cottons, Paints, Tickings, Ducks, Drills, Swansdowne, Table Linens, Towellings, Cottons Warps, Flannels, all colors, Blankets, Table and Floor Oil Cloths, Carpets etc. Horse Blankets, Sleigh Robes, Blank and Valises.

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CLIFTON HOUSE.

Cor. Germain & Princess Sts.

ST. JOHN, N. B.]

This hotel is situated in a most central position and has all the modern improvements

Telephone Connection, Electric Bells.

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Office on Germain Street

Exhausted Vitality.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE, the great Medical Work of the age on Masohod, Nervous and Physical Debility, Premature Decline, Errors of Youth, and the untold miseries consequent thereon, 300 pages 8 vo., 1 prescriptions for all diseases. Cloth, full gilt, only \$1.00, by mail, sealed. Illustrative samples free to all young and middle-aged men. Send now. The Gold and Jewelled Medal awarded to the author the National Medical Association. Address P. O. Box 1895, Boston, Mass., or Dr. W. H. PARKER, graduate of Harvard Medical College, 25 years' practice in Boston, who may be consulting confidentially. Speciality, Diseases Man. Office, No. 4 Bulfinch Street.

New Brunswick Reporter,

AND TEMPERANCE JOURNAL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1844.

Is published every Saturday from our Steam Printing Office, York Street, Fredericton.

Terms of Subscription, \$1.00 per year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

For square of one inch, (10 lines) \$1.00 for the first insertion and fifty cents for every subsequent insertion.

When charged by the line 10 cents for first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Persons desiring to advertise for 3 months or a year will be made a special rate.

HERMAN H. PITTS,  
Publisher and Proprietor

New Brunswick Reporter.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 11, 1888.

That Official Organ.

In a late issue one of our city contemporaries disclose a scheme by which the REPORTER AND TEMPERANCE JOURNAL, is shortly to become the organ of Attorney General Blair, and his friends. The details given are so realistic and with all so apparently feasible to those who are looking for the sensational, that there seems little for us to add. We might be allowed to say, possibly, not with any intention to dispute the accuracy of our contemporary's sources of knowledge, that the whole scheme is another emanation from the brain of some individual who has been "fishing the Gleaner man for a sucker." The relief this will be to the minds of the few kindred spirits who circle around the business office of that paper will, we feel, be sufficient balm for their wounded vanity in our thus speaking of the incorrectness of their article.

We are not particularly interested in the article ourselves, but for the satisfaction of our subscribers, we will say that the REPORTER is not in the market. Of course we are not aware what the future has in store for us, but we have no idea that our paper will be in the market for many years to come. The REPORTER is not a political paper in the sense of catering to political parties for political patronage and assistance. It has never received any special recognition in this way from politicians since its present proprietor took charge of it, and having made it self-sustaining through its advertising and subscriptions patronage it is not our intention to change our policy under any circumstance for a money consideration. We are conducting our paper thoroughly independent—in politics—not neutral by any means, however.

Again, we are not publishing the REPORTER with purely monetary gain in view. There are many ways we might increase our revenue if we were so disposed; ways adopted by some of our contemporaries, but which we do not resort to. Questionable advertisements are not accepted at any price. We are not striving for political emoluments, or preference. Our readers are well aware of our views politically, morally, religiously, and socially, and it is hardly worth while filling up space by reviewing them now.

Just here we would like to remark, and it appears a good chance for a little advertisement, that we have quite a large printing office, one of the largest if not the largest and most complete office in the Maritime Provinces. We are now publishing four or five newspapers and magazines and have ample facilities for publishing several others. It has not been our privileges of seeing Mr. Blair for several months, or any of the parties named by our contemporary for still longer time, and we believe that none of the parties are aware of our facilities for newspaper-publishing. We just take this opportunity of remarking that if Mr. Blair or any of his friends should think seriously of publishing a newspaper, we trust they will give us an opportunity of giving figures on it. As a matter of business we would about as leave print a political paper for Attorney General Blair, as a religious paper for Dr. McLeod, particularly if the politicians pay as promptly as the Dr. does. Because we happen to be "closeted" with some individual, we are sorry to say, is no indication that we are talking 'newspaper,' or that we are negotiating for the publishing of one. For instance we had a kindly visit from Mr. Gregory lately, and although he inspected our office he gave us no indications that he wished us to publish him a newspaper, but when the Gleaner has taken another twist and sees things through another glass, and he finds he requires an "organ," we trust our facilities will continue to be such that we shall be able to publish one for him, as well.

The Bishop Strachan School for Young Ladies, Toronto, advertises its re-opening Sept. 5. This school greatly increased its members last year, which was the most successful in twenty years.

Letter From British Columbia.

The following is a portion of a letter written by Mr. H. E. L. Smith to his cousin Mr. G. Fred Fisher of this city on the 25th of July last, being on or about the day of the sad occurrence which ended his life. We have given only that portion descriptive of the country etc. which may be of interest to our readers.

Here we are in Victoria, the Queen city of the West, beautifully situated at the Southern end of Vancouver Island. Nature seems to have done her share, for nowhere do I think one could find such charming walks; and the people as conservative as they are, and very English in their ways, take great interest in their houses and grounds. I will say though that in N. B. I have seen residences just as handsome and grounds appear to greater advantage. Then there is Beacon Hill Park just on the outskirts of the town and overlooking the straits of San Juan De Fuca. Here on fine afternoons (and the weather is always fine and pleasant during the summer months) may be seen the elite of the city either driving, or watching the progress of a game of cricket or base ball, or listening to the strains of a band. Then for boating the harbour and gorge afford grand opportunities. The East must not imagine that the West is behind in all that goes to make life enjoyable. People work hard, earn big pay, and spend freely. Sunday picnics and outings are popular with mechanics and working men. Whiskey is undoubtedly the curse of the land. I was in Vancouver the other day, some 6000 people there, fine stores, handsome brick and stone blocks, good hotels, etc. only three years old, yet every other place of business was either a whiskey saloon or a real estate agents office.

Too much boom at present, must be a tumble in prices, and business has got to get down to solid rock.

Then I think the place will go ahead as it has without doubt a magnificent harbour. In fact the whole Burrard Inlet some 18 or more miles inland is a sheltering spot.

Chinamen I know are a curiosity down East. Here one sees hundreds of them. They do almost everything now-a-days. There is going to be trouble with them yet. They are coming in all the time. Victoria alone has nearly 3,500 Chinese, while the whites number possibly 11,000. They spend no money in the country. They are first-rate in a mental capacity but, the line should be drawn tightly at that.

How do I like the country? First-rate so far, and am satisfied so long as there is work to do. It's all money here; none of this confounded barter business like down east. Some people come here, stay a few days, can't get work to suit them, some I fancy expect to pick up gold on the streets, don't half try to get a job and away they go and say the country is no good. Perhaps a little bit of what is familiarly known as "home sickness" or "the blues" gets hold of them. When I landed in the Province I only had ten dollars in my pocket. I was in the city four days, heard of a school in the country, walked 25 miles to secure it and have been there ever since. If one wants to get along here one must rustle around, let the people see that you want a job. "Take the first thing that comes" is the motto that succeeds in this country. Since holidays I have been visiting several localities such as Vancouver, New Westminster and a portion of the lower Fraser. I intended going up to Chilfawack, a fine farming country on the Fraser, but too many mosquitoes. 'By George' they bite, so I got out of the mainland and returned to Victoria my first love. Whilst in New Westminster I saw Arthur Jack who has concluded to try chances in that city. Lawyers are plentiful enough but they all seem to get along, so he has just as good a chance as the rest of the younger ones. Competition is cheap here as well as in the East. Hotels do a good business especially in Victoria where the tourist travel is very great. You can get accommodation at almost any price from 2 bits (25 cts) upwards. There are no such things as copper cents here, nothing smaller than 5 cent pieces and even these are scarce. On the Island the lowest denomination of paper money is a V, all smaller change in silver.

No trouble to get gold if you want it, but strange to say silver is preferred. If you are paying an Indian money he wants silver. He would take 20 American silver dollars but won't look at a gold twenty. All these Indian traders have to handle silver in order to suit their dusky customers.

Sometimes I receive letters from parties asking for advice as to the desirability of coming to the country. I never would advise any one to make a move. If they come they must take their chances, and then no blame attaches to your humble servant and cousin. One young man in Woodstock wrote me in reply to what I

told him that I must be homesick to write him in that way; simply because I told him the simple truth. It often amuses me to read the glowing circulars of the C. P. R. and other railway companies. I do not go a cent on all this hurrah about this "Glorious British Columbia of ours" for it is a notorious fact that half the country is mountainous and two thirds of the other half is mighty poor land. So long as I can make a living and a little more I am satisfied at present. There is no doubt that the climate is very different from that of other parts of Canada, being much milder, especially on Vancouver Island. One has only to go 400 or 500 miles north up Alaska way and Caribou country to get into a land where the thermometer in winter time reaches 60' below zero. Where I am located some 25 miles out of Victoria at Rocky Point there was but one snow storm last winter which lasted only one day. But in winter it rains, rains, rains, no let up for four months.

Lots of fruit here, pears, peaches, etc., etc., makes one's mouth water. Sharp the apple king of N. B. is nowhere alongside B. C. fruit, so much variety.

I. O. O. F.

Grand Lodge Session at Windsor N. S.

OVER ONE HUNDRED DELEGATES PRESENT.

The 33rd annual session of the Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the lower provinces was convened at 10.30, on Wednesday morning, in the Temperance Hall. There were present the grand officers and about 70 representatives. After the usual opening exercises and prayer by the grand chaplain, Rev. Mr. Young, the grand lodge was declared open for business.

The credential committee reported the credentials of representatives correct.

EXCURSION.

An invitation to an excursion from Pessaguid Lodge, of Windsor, was tendered the grand lodge and accepted. The lodge adjourned till two o'clock. The excursion was down the Avon river as far as Hantsport, and was enjoyed by members of the order here and their friends, in all about 250, on board the Hiawatha. The time was delightfully spent, the day being fine, the scenery attractive, and the 78th battalion and Windsor Cornet bands furnishing very pleasant music.

At 2.30 the lodge re-assembled, and some 25 new members were introduced and received the grand lodge degree.

GRAND MASTER'S ADDRESS.

In his address the grand master says the past year has been one of unbroken peace and harmony in the ranks. No disturbing question has arisen within, nor has any attack come from without. Improvement in the character of the places of meeting, as well as in regalia, is constantly taking place.

The returns will show that the old lodges are in a healthy state. He hoped to be able to report a new lodge in the northern district of New Brunswick, but had been disappointed. All the towns there have so many societies already that it is difficult to get sufficient members of the right kind to start a new one so successfully as to ensure its permanence, and without the apparent certainty of growth and life no new lodge should be chartered.

After alluding to some questions referred to him the grand master said: "Two very pleasant visits from United States brethren were received during the year. Visitors and guests demonstrated by the character of the reunions, that, though they belonged to two nations, they were members of one neighbourhood. The first visit was paid by the brethren of Houlton, Me., to Carleton Lodge. They were given, in the words of Grand Representative Watts, a cordial welcome and a good country dinner. I deeply regretted not being able to accept the kind invitation of Carleton Lodge, sent by Grand Representative Watts in most persuasive terms by mail and wire. I also regret having been prevented by pressing business from accepting a formal invitation to attend the festivities incident to the reception of Canton Shawmut of Boston by the St. John and Fredericton brethren. The two cities were practically en fete during the stay of the visitors, who must have carried back with them most gratifying recollections of the fraternal courtesies of their Canadian brethren, and the conviction that Odd Fellowship is not only a power in itself in this country but a power because of the esteem in which it is held by the whole community."

The grand master is of the opinion that the election to that office should be for two years, and concludes: Odd Fellowship! One of the finest fruits of Christian civilization, and the staunchest bulwark of order and virtue. In an age of irreverence, it marches under a banner inscribed with faith in one supreme creator and ruler of the universe. In the rush for

riches and honors, it turns aside, like the good Samaritan, to succor those who have fallen by the wayside. Amid the clang of arms, in sight of millions of soldiers in training for war, it puts before itself the glorious goal of universal fraternity in the family of man. Friendship, love and truth are the glorious links of its triple chain—the friendship that nurses the sick, feeds the hungry, buries the dead and educates the orphan; the love that burns to make all men better and happier by imbuing their minds with broad, charitable and ennobling principles; the truth that stamps its possessor with a dignity and nobility greater than a king can bestow. Old Fellowship whose work will be crowned by the gratitude of posterity and the benedictions of God. Let us stand by our colors, brothers: cultivate the virtues we teach; be more fraternal to one another; make greater efforts to raise the reputation and widen the influence of our order, and thus bring the world a step nearer the reign of love and peace to which we are looking forward with serene and unquestioning faith. If our aspirations for the high ideal we have set before us are strong enough to overcome the evil impulses which alloy the pure gold of human nature, we will create for ourselves the happy state for which we hope as the crowning glory of humanity.

Still in thy right hand carry gentle peace, To forgive wrongs darker than the death of night; To love and bear; to hope till Hope creates From its own wreck the thing it contemplates;

This, like thy glory, Titan, is to be Good, great, and joyous, beautiful and free; This is alone Life, Joy, Empire and Victory.

It was referred to a special committee for appointment to various standing committees.

The reports of the

GRAND SECRETARY AND TREASURER

were read and referred to the finance and audit committee.

The reports of the year's work, presented by Grand Secretary Frazee and Grand Treasurer Taylor, showed the following evidences of the prosperity of the order in the jurisdiction: Numerical strength last year, as corrected, 2,386, gross increase, 329; gross decrease, 232; net increase, 46; now in membership, 2,432; total receipts for the year, \$13,972; total expenditure, \$12,179; amount paid out for relief of brothers, \$2,275 for families of deceased brothers, \$312; burial of deceased Odd Fellows, \$466; special relief, \$270; total amount of invested funds, \$21,100.

The memorial of W. H. Wilson was read and referred to the committee on appeals.

A telegram of congratulation was received from Mizpah Lodge, of Iron Mines. The grand secretary was ordered to return the thanks of Grand Lodge.

The lodge adjourned to 11 p. m. to allow members to prepare for the procession. The officers for the ensuing year are:

W H Weatherspoon, Granville Ferry, N S, grand master.  
Joseph Wilson, St. John, deputy grand master.  
J P Smith, Windsor, grand warden.  
J C P Frazee, Halifax, grand secretary.  
H A Taylor, Halifax, grand treasurer.  
Rev. F M Young, Dorchester, grand chaplain.  
H E Codner, St. John, grand marshal.  
Chas A Sampson, Fredericton, grand conductor.  
P A McGowan, Moncton, grand guardian.  
D R McLellan, Charlottetown, grand herald.

Representatives to sovereign grand lodge—Robt Hochin, Picou, and Andre Cushing, Dr Jas Christie and Joseph Wilson, St John.

After some further routine business, the grand lodge adjourned, to meet at Charlottetown, P E I, on the second Wednesday in Aug., 1889.

The Century Magazine.

The Century keeps up its custom of making the August a "Midsummer Holiday Number." The points of novelty in this number are the beginning of an ingeniously planned story in three parts by Thomas A. Janvier, author of the "Ivory Black" stories, and an astronomical series by Professor Holden of the Lick University. Mr. Janvier's new serial is called "A Mexican Campaign." It need hardly be said that this is not a new War Series, although the chapters of the first part are named "The Mobilization of the Troops," "The Parley Under False Colors," and "The Skirmish at Buena Vista." Professor Holden will publish two articles on Sidereal Astronomy, old and new. The one now given briefly chronicles the data which astronomy has collected up to date; it tells of the methods of naming the stars, their number, the star charts, catalogues, etc. These articles are appropriate to the star gazing season.

The President of the Waterbury Watch Company is dead. The Maine Farmer thinks that if it takes as long to wind up his affairs as it does some of his watches, his administrator will have a long job