

THE RUSSIANS MORE HOPEFUL.

KUROPATKIN STILL FIGHTING HARD.

A Great Battle Expected to Begin on the Left Today--The Soldiers Have Lost All Regard for Life, and Fight to Do or Die.

London, Oct. 18.--The Russian success caused a considerable slump in Japanese fairs on the stock exchange today, which was further aided by the wildest reports even including the capture of General Kuraki.

Japanese Success.

London, Oct. 18.--The greatest admiration is expressed by the London newspapers today, for the tenacity displayed by General Kuropatkin in protecting his retreat, but nowhere is any idea entertained that the Russians first decided success on the Shalke river, can change the broad character of their defeat, or have any effect beyond retarding slightly the eventual Japanese advance to Mukden, and probably to Harbin, since the Japanese appear to be fully prepared for a winter campaign.

The Standard's correspondent with General Kuroki telegraphing under date of Oct. 15 says: "Kuroki as usual has borne the brunt of the battle and sustained a majority of the losses. We are now occupying the line of the Shalke with outposts near Mukden. The Russians lost the initiative on the second day of the battle when the Japanese repelled their infantry and assumed a vigorous offensive. For a time the situation at Bensihi was extremely critical, the Japanese being practically surrounded. Eventually however, the Russians fled, leaving 1,800 dead on the field. We are now pressing the enemy away from the railway into the mountains."

GENTLEMAN OF COLOR

Sent to Jail for Marrying Two White Women.

Montreal, Que., Oct. 18.--(Special).--Walter Tedford, a negro, was today sentenced to a year in goal for bigamy. He had married two white women.

BISHOP WORRELL CONSECRATED.

Montreal, Oct. 18.--(Special).--Bishop elect Worrell, of Nova Scotia, was formally consecrated in Christ Church Cathedral, this morning. The Primate of Canada, Archbishop of Montreal, the Bishops of Toronto, Ottawa and Fredericton and other ecclesiastical authorities participated in the service.

DID NOT KNOW IT WAS STOLEN.

Regina, N. W. T., Oct. 18.--(Special).--F. S. Bremer, charged with complicity in the Wilcox mail robbery was released in Regina, yesterday, the crown dropping the case believing that Bremer did not know the money was stolen.

WEDDINGS IN MONCTON.

Moncton, Oct. 18.--(Special).--St. Bernard's Church was the scene of a quiet wedding this morning when Ambrose Leger, manager of John O'Neil's grocery store, was married to Miss Alvina Elizabeth, daughter of P. D. Bourque. The ceremony was performed by Father Mehan. Mr. and Mrs. Leger, left for Boston, and New York for their wedding trip.

ALMOST MURDER.

Paul Beataugh of Kingsclear Beaten and Stabbed.

CONDITION GRAVE.

Set Upon By Two Men, Father and Son, and Badly Injured--One Arrest Made.

Fredricton, Oct. 18.--Kingsclear may have a murder case. Paul Beataugh, of Central Kingsclear, who is about forty-five years old, is now lying in Victoria hospital here in a critical condition and his recovery is doubtful.

Port Arthur Doomed.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 18.--There is still considerable uncertainty as to the disposition of Kuropatkin's left column. Certainly it has not returned to Mukden, whether it is again advancing after its first withdrawal is not known.

It is no longer a question of a Russian Sedan, though all hope of relieving Port Arthur must apparently be abandoned. Little hope is expressed that Kuropatkin will be able to continue to advance.

The four day fight of the eastern column was of the same desperate character that marked the operations of the center and right wing. A heavy column under such leaders as Ivanoff, Romanoff, Gergross and Kondratovich, repeatedly assaulted strongly entrenched Japanese positions on heights commanding the passes. The assaults were largely fruitless. The cannonade was so furious that it was impossible to advance in the light of day. Finally, on October 13, when the passes had been actually occupied, came the order to withdraw, probably owing to a critical position at other parts of the front. Here the story of the operations of the eastern wing of the Russian army ends.

Rear Admiral Rojstvensky has been appointed Adjutant to the Emperor. General Grippenber, who has arrived at St. Petersburg, will go to the front ten days hence to assume command of the second Manchurian army.

Great Battle Expected.

Tokio, Oct. 18.--1 p. m.--The Russians enveloped an advanced column on Sunday, Oct. 16, and captured the front. Here the story of the operations of the eastern wing of the Russian army ends.

HE CLIMBED TO FREEDOM.

Prisoner Scaled Thirteen Foot Wall and Escaped From Ontario Jail.

Perry Sound, Oct. 18.--(Special).--William Kelley, who had been serving a six months term in the Perry Sound jail for house breaking, broke jail last evening. He had been attending a furnace in the cellar and gained his liberty by way of the windows, which had been opened to take in wood. Assisted by one of the other prisoners he scaled a 13 foot wall, and escaped under cover of darkness.

HE LEAPED TO DEATH.

New York, Oct. 18.--Despondent because he had failed to make a success of his business since coming to this country a few months ago, Paul Godard, a French expert in precious stones, today jumped from one of the approaches of the new Williamsburg bridge, and was dashed to death on the stone pavement 125 feet below.

POLICE COURT.

Today was an unusually quiet one at the police court, there being only one case of drunkenness, which was disposed of in the customary manner. David Hennessy, who was arrested in September, for assaulting and threatening to kill his sister, was again before the magistrate; and as he did not want the case to go on until his sister arrives from Montreal, he was again remanded. She is expected here to-day.

CRY OF MURDER TRIAL AT WOODSTOCK.

Portland Predicts Poor Winter for St. John.

FALSE ALARM.

Maine Metropolis Sees the Finish of Trans-Atlantic Trade but St. John Authorities Chase Away the Gloom With Optimistic Opinions.

The Portland Me. Express of a recent date contains the following:-- "The transatlantic steamship business at every port on the Atlantic coast this winter bids fair to break all records for small cargoes and few steamships, and Portland will be no exception to the general rule although she will not suffer to such a great extent as will Boston, St. John, N. B., and even New York with its great home market."

"It was learned today from a reliable although unofficial source that Portland would probably have only three transatlantic steamship lines, or at least it can be stated positively that only three services have been contracted for to date. Of course if business demands more will be added but it is thought at the present time that the three will take care of everything."

"The lines that have been contracted for by the Grand Trunk, are: Dominion, weekly to Liverpool. Thomson, weekly to London. Allan, fortnightly to Glasgow."

"It is not expected that there will be a Bristol or Antwerp service. As however, these were both semi-monthly they are not so great a loss as if it was one of the weekly services that was being withdrawn. It is not expected that there will be any passenger steamships sent to this port until after the first of the year at the earliest."

"Doston is in even worse shape than this. She too is to have no Bristol service, and her other lines are reducing the number of sailings so as to correspond with the reduced business. At St. John, N. B., there will be a much fewer number of sailings and it was stated this morning that the Bristol service, which consists of only one sailing in every six weeks. This is getting pretty well down toward nothing."

"Montreal has had a bad summer and in fact every port on the Atlantic coast is feeling the effects of the bad transatlantic service."

"While there is an immense crop of grain the price in this country is just as high as it is in Liverpool. America seems to think that she can raise and so the price is away up too high for exportation."

"The reference to St. John is particularly interesting, but it has not the slightest foundation and indicates that the writer was drawing on his imagination, rather than writing from facts."

C. P. R. Official Talks.

A Times' reporter this morning called on a prominent C. P. R. official, in reference to the report and was informed, that the sailings of all the lines, for this port, have been arranged.

"There is nothing in this report about St. John," said the official. "The C. P. R. tonnage this year will be heavier than last, and there will be much more grain shipped."

"Last year between four and five million bushels of grain passed through St. John, this year we expect to ship, seven million bushels. Certainly the shipments, last year were greatly interfered with, owing to the heavy snow-storms in the west and the upper provinces, impeding transportation. In the west the business was practically paralyzed."

"How many lines will the C. P. R. have running from this port during the winter season?" queried the reporter.

"Three," replied the official, "and they will include eight steamers in all--The Montrose, Lake Champlain, Lake Erie, Lake Michigan, Montclair, Lake Manitoba, and Mount Temple. The Allan liners will run an extra service and there are also the Donaldson, the Manchester, the Furness, and the Headlines."

"I don't think," said the officials, "there is any doubt at all but that there will be a larger business done this year, than last. Last winter was an exceptionally hard one on railways, and this naturally proved an impediment to transportation."

Wm. Thomson & Co.

William Thomson & Co., were also called upon by the Times. Mr. Thomson, said that, last year the Allan

Continued on Page Eight.

McCAULEY IS WANTED.

Canadian Department of Justice Offers \$5,000 Reward.

GONE TO CUBA?

He Skipped Away From New York While Out Under Bonds--Is Charged with Swindling.

Hamilton, Ont. 18.--(Special).--The department of justice has offered a reward of \$5,000 for the arrest of Thomas McCauley, president of the distinct International Mercantile Agency, who is wanted here on the charge of obtaining money under false pretences. While extradition proceedings were pending in New York, McCauley, who was out under bonds, skipped out. It is reported that he went to Cuba.

"The assets of the bankrupt International Mercantile Agency, whose authorized capital stock was \$3,000,000 were sold at auction in New York a few days ago for \$25,560. There was a lien of \$10,000. In addition to this the receiver's fees, about \$8,000 would have to be deducted from the proceeds. This will leave less than \$2,000 for the stockholders and subscribers who have paid in advance."

Thomas W. McCauley was the first president of the company. He was recently arrested on a charge of embezzlement, made by Frank Wood of Boston, who invested \$5,000 in the stock. McCauley was to have answered the charge in the court of Special Sessions on Sept. 28, but he did not appear and his bail of \$5,000 was declared forfeited. Assistant District Attorney Garvin said at the time that McCauley had gotten away with \$134,000 which he had raised on his property in Chicago.

When the Mutual Mercantile Agency, which was organized by Erasmus Wiman became bankrupt, McCauley bought its effects for \$6,000 and got for them, it is said, over \$1,000,000 of the International company's money.

IS A FINE LINE NOW.

Railway Commissioners Pleased with Trip Over N. B. Coal and Railway Company's Line.

Norton, N. B., Oct. 18.--(Special).--The transcontinental railway commission consisting of F. B. Wade, chairman, and Messrs. Brunet, Young and Reid, accompanied by H. D. Lunstien, chief engineer Mr. Murphy, Guy C. Dunn, who is in charge of the surveys in New Brunswick and George McAvity, president of the New Brunswick coal and railway company, arrived here yesterday by the Boston Express. Attorney General Pugsley arrived a little later, by the C. P. R. The party proceeded to Chipman and Minto, by a special train on the New Brunswick Coal and Railway company's line, accompanied by the superintendent. On their return here last evening they expressed themselves as delighted with the trip and with the condition of the railway from here to Minto. The train ran at a speed of between thirty and forty miles an hour. The road has been greatly improved during the past few months. Several members of the party spoke in terms of surprise at the coal development which is taking place at Minto, where they had twelve cars of excellent coal. They also visited one of the mines. Messrs. Pugsley, McAvity, Murphy and Dunn, went to St. John last night, the commissioners proceeding to Moncton.

STILL UNDER CONSIDERATION.

I. C. R. Authorities Have Not Yet Decided to Adopt Machinists Schedule in Toto.

Moncton, Oct. 18.--(Special).--The G. T. B. commissioners arrived in the city, last night, and spent forenoon here, proceeding to Halifax this afternoon.

Alex. Champion, second vice-president of the International Association of Machinists, had an interview with Mechanical Supt. Joughins yesterday, relative to the adoption of the clause of the schedule providing for an investigation before the dismissal of members. The matter is still unsettled.

The funeral of Charles W. Burns took place this afternoon, from his home 2 Short street, at 2.30 o'clock. Interment was in the Church of England burying ground. The services were conducted by Rev. P. J. Stackhouse.

FATHER AND SON FACE JUDGE TOGETHER.

Thomas Cammack and His Son, Walter, Charged with Murdering Willie Doherty in July--Story of the Crime.

Woodstock, Oct. 18.--(Special).--The supreme court opened this morning, at 11.20, His Honor, Judge Gregory, presiding. The new clerk, Williamson Fisher, who takes the place of the late J. R. Murphy, was present. There was a large attendance of jurors. The grand jury, on retiring elected as foreman Charles Gallagher, who took the oath and was followed by the remaining jurors. His Honor, in addressing the jury, said it was very regrettable, of late, that the county of Carleton came before the public on account of the heinousness of crimes committed within its border.

On this occasion there was a charge against Thomas and Walter Cammack, for the murder of Willie Doherty, on the 17th of July last. Thomas is now in jail, and Walter, his son, is at liberty under bail. There is a joint indictment against both for murder, and it has not been decided yet whether they will be tried together or separately. Thomas, the father, is the principal in the transaction, that is, he took the life, while Walter is charged with keeping watch for his father, which if proven would make him accessory before the fact, and equally guilty with the principal. There was some evidence that Walter assisted his father. Even if he remained at a distance and kept watch, it would be sufficient to place him on trial for the frightful crime.

If any twelve of their number felt they had sufficient evidence to should be placed on trial, if no evidence, then the jury may find a true bill against Thomas, and no bill against Walter Cammack.

Generally speaking, in murder trials, there is some evidence or motive for the crime. There is not much evidence to show the motive in this case. It appears that Thomas seems to have taken a woman named Alice Walter in wife, by going through a form of marriage ceremony.

The night of the murder Mrs. Cammack was at the house of William Doherty. What Cammack's motive was for going to the house was hard to understand, probably he was offended with Alice for leaving him, or it might be that it was because William Doherty was keeping company with his daughter, and he did not approve of that. After concluding his address, His Honor asked the grand jury to retire to hear the witnesses and bring in the verdict. It will be late in the afternoon before a verdict will be reached.

Story of the Crime.

The story of the crime for which Cammack is on his trial today and of the events leading up to it, is as follows:--

Some eight or ten years ago a man named Boyd was found guilty in the court of an indecent assault on a little girl, and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment in the penitentiary at Dorchester. His wife had before her marriage, borne the name of Doherty. A certain time having elapsed, Mrs. Boyd, possessed, perhaps, of an idea, common in some country sections, that the sentence of her husband to a term in the penitentiary, meant her release from the marriage bond, went through the form of marriage with Thomas Cammack, who was at that time, an undoubted widower. His first wife had died, and he was left with a family. The marriage license was duly procured, a minister was found to perform the religious ceremony, and Thomas Cammack and Alice Boyd were made, outwardly at all events, man and wife. Cammack was a good deal older than the woman he married. It has not yet been made public how these two got along, as the phrase is, during the early years of their marriage, but within a year past, anyway, if not before, Alice left her husband and went to live with her three brothers, whose home was some four or five miles distant from where Cammack lived. Cammack was a man of very violent temper. This is sufficiently vouched for by his wife, who was evidently deeply incensed at his wife leaving him, and the utmost bad feeling arose between him and the Dohertys. Appeals are said to have been made by him to his wife to return. This she would not accede to.

At the same time it is claimed that Willie Doherty, the deceased, paid attention to Cammack's daughter, that he did not fire the house, that the lamp set it on fire, and that the wife, who was present, was not the one who set it on fire.

It is a pitiable affair throughout. The prisoner is a man of about sixty. He is now fully aroused to the awful seriousness of his position. He breaks down easily, and harps on the conduct of his wife. He is said to weep before the deed. It looks as if the jury would have only one question to decide in his case--was he and is he insane?

Cammack is a native of Charlotte county, his father having kept a public house and being a joiner, carrying on his work at Digdequash, between St. Andrew's and St. Stephen. The prisoner went, when a youth, to St. John, where he lived some time, moving afterwards up to this county. He has brothers and sisters living. One is on Deer Island, one in Eastport, and one in Boston.

From the story, as told by the surviving brothers and sister, and afterwards sworn to at the hearing in the police court, Thomas Cammack went to the house in question in the dead of night, armed with a revolver, every chamber loaded, and a reserve supply in his pocket. He effected an entrance to the house through the cellarway, and proceeded upstairs. One of the boys seems to have been aroused. A lamp was lighted by the sister, Alice, who was awakened out of her sleep. The intruder, who, it has been sworn, was Thomas Cammack, began shooting. He fired at the three boys in turn, hit one brother George, on the top of the shoulder; another, Charlie, on the chin, with a bullet one or more shots he fired at Willie were evidently fatal, as no evidence is given of anything he did or said after the second shot was fired at him by Cammack. The terrified inmates endeavored to make their escape. In trying to get out by the front door they found it chained or tied by a rope to the verandah post. Finally, they got out by the back door. Here, Alice Cammack says, a man was standing at the woodpile. She and one of her brothers ran hand in hand until she fell. Her brother, who is only a boy, hurried on, guided, no doubt, by the instinct of self-preservation.

And here is where the serious element in the case is for the son, Walter Cammack, Alice says, that she was overtaken, knocked down, struck with a heavy stick, choked to insensibility by a man who, she asserts positively, was Walter Cammack. There is other evidence of a second man being present, but one of the brothers who saw, also, a man at the woodpile does not identify him.

When Alice Cammack or Boyd recovered consciousness she made her way, after calling one of her brothers and a neighbor's, but not before the two had seen the house in flames. And had, at no inconsiderable risk to themselves, taken from the burning building two children who were with them that night. After the fire had cooled down so that the cellar could be reached, the charred remains of Willie Doherty were found, in such a position as to lead to the conclusion that he was killed by the pistol shot.

Great indignation was aroused in the neighborhood. Deputy Sheriff Foster was notified. He soon organized a posse early in the morning, and search was made for Cammack. It was evident he was making a 'break' for liberty. In the afternoon a section of the party came on him. When he saw them he drew his revolver on himself and sent a bullet into his head, the entrance being retained in his head. It was thought he had finished the affair. The attending surgeon said he could not recover, but he got better, was brought to jail, was present at the preliminary hearing, and now seems to be physically, at all events, strong.

The Deputy Sheriff, in his testimony before the magistrate, said that Cammack, unolicited, told him that he had shot himself, and also that he did the shooting at Doherty's. He said that no one was with him, and before and after the investigation his great desire seemed to be that Walter should get free.

With respect to the burning of the house, the Doherty claim, and they are supported by the testimony of a neighbor, Elliot, that the fire when first noticed was in the lower part of the house. It is assumed that it was set in two places, in the cellar, where there was some dry stuff, and on the verandah, and it is further claimed by the prosecution that this tends to corroborate Alice's testimony of two men being present. There is also evidence of a swinging lantern having been observed at the barn, some distance from the house, at the time Cammack, senior, was evidently within the house.

Thomas Cammack gave no testimony at the hearing. He says, however, that he did not fire the house, that the lamp set it on fire, and that the wife, who was present, was not the one who set it on fire.

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