

FREDERICTON, N. B., NOVEMBER 16, 1874.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CONGRESS IN LONDON.

The authorities of the Roman Catholic Church have decided upon holding an International Congress in London...

The Democrats in the United States are becoming all wild in their demonstrations of joy over their recent but great victories...

CANADA PACIFIC RAILROAD.

ULSWATER papers intimate that steps will be taken to contract a portion of the Road. It is thought that the first work to be undertaken will be in the vicinity of French River...

TRAINING SCHOOL.—The duties of the School were resumed on Wednesday last. This institution is becoming yearly more and more popular...

MRS. PHOEBE PALMER.

The death of this well known and well beloved lady is reported. The accounts of the funeral obsequies are thus given on the New York Herald...

BURNING OF SCHOOL HOUSES.

Almost every week we have to record the destruction of some School House by fire. Last week the School House in St. Mary's was among the number...

GLUE FACTORY.

The first Glue Factory in the Dominion has recently been put in operation at Penobscot, King's County, by Messrs. E. Roach and Company...

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL MEETING.—A meeting of the rate payers of St. Mary's was called for on Friday last at the Old School House...

Some wonderful fellow signing himself "Destruction," warns the Police Magistrate at St. John, to deal carefully with their friends who were arrested recently...

EMIGRATION DELEGATION.—At the recent meeting of delegates from the different Provinces at Ottawa, satisfactory arrangements were made for united effort to promote this great work...

LUMBERING.—Present appearances very plainly indicate that lumber-coming will be very much reduced the coming winter. Some parties who hitherto have been large operators, do not intend to go into the woods...

TALMAGE'S PAPER.—THE CHRISTIAN AT WORK (New York) ranks with the best of the religious weeklies. Dr. TALMAGE is its active editor, and his sermons are published exclusively in its columns...

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Saturday evening, (7th inst.) a son of Mr. T. Manzer, residing on the Nashvauk, was severely burned on both arms and legs by falling into an open fire, while attacked by an epileptic fit.

NIGHT SCHOOL.—We are glad to learn that a night school has been opened by the Trustees in the York Street School premises, and hope many of our young people, who cannot go to school in the day time, will avail themselves of this favorable opportunity to secure a good education.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

Westfield Orange Lodge celebrated the anniversary of the Gunpowder plot. The number of prisoners in the Penitentiary at St. John considerably exceed one hundred. Tenders for the construction of Dale Verte canal, are advertised for.

NOVA SCOTIA.

Thursday the 10th is Thanksgiving Day throughout Nova Scotia. Five men deserted from H.M.S. Sparrow at Halifax. A firm in Philadelphia has offered to take on parades in Colchester, 75,000 lbs. of magnetic iron ore yearly for manufacturing.

At Upper Settlement, East River, Plover on Thursday last week, a young lad named Alex. McDonald, aged 15 years, fell into the wheels of a threshing mill, while in motion, and before the horses could be stopped he was so terribly mangled that he only lived a short time. His arms and legs were literally torn from his body.

A claim is about being made by parties living in the United States, to the piece of ground on which the Victoria Hotel, St. John, now stands. The claimants are sanguine of success. St. John has an organization known as the "Bucket Club," whose chief aim and glory appear to be, to disturb, abuse and beat quiet citizens, and set at defiance law and law officers.

The Hatching House on the North West, the Atlantic states is in excellent condition. The crooks are nearly all full, containing about one and a half million of salmon eggs. Hopes are entertained that the spawn will winter successfully. The Albert Election Petition case will be tried at Hopewell on Wednesday next, before Judge Fisher. Mr. Morrison is attorney for Mr. Ryan and Mr. Rogers, Members elect, and Mr. Hamington is attorney for Mr. Duffy the Petitioner.

P. E. ISLAND.

On Hollow Ene night some mischievous person at Summerside, P. E. I., dug out a turnip, put a candle in it, and then placed it on the railway track, where it had the appearance of a danger signal, and badly scared not only the employees but the passengers on the train.

QUEBEC.

A cry of distress comes from the Acadia colony of Metepediac, in the county of Bonaventure, Quebec. Owing to the occurrence of frosts in August and on the 13th September, the whole harvest was so injured that it is estimated it will not be more than sufficient to feed the population two months and a half...

Alarm exists in Brooklyn over the prevalence of Diphtheria. For two months there have been an average of 16 cases of death a week, and for the week ending Nov. 9 there were 18 cases of death. There is a corresponding mortality in New York, and last week there were 92 fatal cases, 24 more than in the same week of last year.

ONTARIO.

A boy eight years old fell off a large into the St. Lawrence river at the mouth of the Ottawa, and his mother, holding a baby in her arms, sprang after to save him, but both mother and child were drowned and the boyaved. An attempt was made to rob the Bank of British North America at Paris, Ont., on Thursday morning. The manager, Mr. Carnegie, and his wife and servant were handcuffed. The manager's gun, however, was not sufficiently tight, and he managed to get away and alarm the neighbors, who frightened the would-be robbers before they had entered the Bank premises. Three men have been arrested on suspicion.

UNITED STATES.

Careful estimates put the yield of the precious metals this year in Utah at \$10,000,000. This is against \$5,000,000 last year. Tilton's action against Bessler for damages is set down for Wednesday, 18th inst., at Brooklyn, N. Y. A house and barn belonging to Mr. Wilson, Upper Mills, Calais, were totally destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning last. Partly insured. Formula of divorce used by negro Justice in Dasha county, Arkansas: "As I find you so I must you sander. So go, you niggers. You go."

Connecticut seriously feels the drought. Many mills are idle for lack of water, and Hartford, Meriden, and other towns are hard of having their drinking water cut off. Rain would make work for thousands of unemployed working people. General Butler engaged a section of artillery, in anticipation of the election, to leave Boston on Wednesday on a platform car; it was to accompany him to Gloucester, to fire a gun at each stopping station between Boston and Gloucester, and a hundred guns upon reaching the latter place. The Post says his experience at Fort Fisher induced him finally not to waste powder.

The British ship Scotia, Captain George Harrison, arrived at New York a few days since from Calcutta, having on board one of the most remarkable natural curiosities of the world she has probably ever seen. It consists of a white-tailed, scaly Red-tail, born in Nepal, Northern India, in 1871, and imported here by Captain William Denison Foiger, formerly of New York, but latterly resident of Calcutta. The bull itself is a remarkable curiosity, and is one of that description of animals held in great reverence by the natives of India on account of its traditional sacred character. But in this case a novel circumstance renders it a most singular creature. The brute portion is symmetrically formed with a glossy coat of fawn colored hair and well shaped body and limbs. But protruding as it were, from the left side of the hump on the back of the neck of the animal is a wonderful and regularly shaped in nearly all respects human arm. The deltoid and triceps muscles are well developed, particularly the latter; the joint at the elbow is flexible; the forearm rather attenuated, the wrist as fully flexible as in the human arm proper, while the hand is composed of four distinct-toed fingers, two of them connected together. This extraordinary appendage to the animal's well formed body does not appear to give the creature any inconvenience or pain, generally hanging listlessly by its side, except when it is angered or annoyed, when the arm rises as if its possessor felt inclined to "strike from the shoulder." The animal is quite healthy, enjoys a ravenous appetite, the nice grass of its native clime being its favorite food, and does not seem to have suffered any bodily injury by its long sejour here. If not disposed of in this country, we learn that it is the intention of the importer to take the creature to England, and secure it a place in the London Zoological Gardens, where such novelties are highly prized.

EUROPE.

An English paper says that the present aggression in respect to the salt duty, prevalent on the well-known legend that Judas, the betrayer, spilled the salt at the "Last Supper." L'Univers, Paris, says it is reported that Italy is about to issue a memorandum to the European powers calling attention to the dangers to Italy from the intrigues of the Vatican, declaring that the Government can no longer tolerate a permanent conspiracy in its own capital, and urging the powers to discontinue the custom of maintaining Ambassadors at Holy See.

There are now ninety Chinese students gaining an education in Massachusetts and Connecticut at the expense of their Governments. Thirty of them have been in the country two years, thirty came but a year ago and the remaining thirty arrived recently. At first the students are placed two together in private families for the purpose of learning the English language. Every twelve months they undergo an examination, lasting from two to four weeks, at the headquarters of the Chinese Educational Commission in Hartford. The uniform refinement and intelligence of these young men, their correct habits, and their aptness and eagerness for acquiring knowledge, elicit unqualified admiration. Two of them were lately admitted to Yale College, Scientific Department, having passed a good examination. The students are called "the Emperor's boys," from their being under the Emperor's patronage—each one receiving \$700 per annum for his expenses.

Baltimore has a case of mysterious poisoning in a house situated on North Stricker street. The poisoning, it is alleged continued at irregular intervals during the entire day and night, and the cause remains undiscovered. The house is surrounded every night by crowds of curious people, who are greatly agitated over the poisoning. Friday evening Prof. Usher and several other members of the Maryland Academy of Science visited the house and carefully inspected every room, and although the bells were ringing all unceasingly, the learned scientists failed to unravel the mystery after a search of three hours. The bells are rung with such force that the sound can be heard on the opposite side of the street. They are three in number, and are rung both separately and together. The rings of the bells are exposed to view, and are in no way connected. In several cases the ringing was prolonged for fifteen or twenty minutes, and on Thursday night the residents in the house were compelled to muffle the clappers.

Last year 743 soldiers were sentenced for desertion from the British army. Some of the reasons given for desertion by the men are curious. Fifty-seven were annoyed by comrades or harshly treated by non-commissioned officers and others; 44 married without leave, or had "love affairs;" 87 were led astray by drink; 229 deserted from dislike to duty; 81 were persuaded by comrades or bad company; 64 alleged refusal of leave as the cause; 20 deserted to better themselves; 38 went on furlough and did not return; 28 were tired of the war; 18 deserted on account of crime and folly; and 32 gave no cause.

A strange incident is reported from Lyons, Oct. 6. Two young people were married in that town. Within a few hours of the ceremony they became insensible, and have remained so ever since. The Lyons doctors have exhausted their science in this case, and the ladies, though alive yet, are evidently sinking from starvation. There can be no question but that some narcotic of the most violent character had been given them, probably as a joke. A young man, apprenticed to a chemist, has been accused on suspicion. But it is believed that several of the marriage guests bore part in the affair, which was meant as a vulgar joke only.

Gladdstone has issued an anti-Papal manifesto in which he declares that the dogma of Papal infallibility is totally inconsistent with good citizenship. He says the "Catholic Emancipation Act" was passed under the belief that the Catholic would give his allegiance to the Queen, but it is now known given his first allegiance to the Pope. The manifesto declares that the Pope gains converts among the people, his conversions are among the rich. It says "he may control acres but cannot control the hearts of the poor." The manifesto refers to the religious legislation of Ireland and says "Under recent legislation all that was due to Ireland had been paid, henceforth that country will be treated without reference to Catholicism." The document has caused a great sensation and is the leading topic in religious circles.

The criminal statistics for Ireland for 1873 have been compiled. It appears that crime has been decreasing for the last three years. The number of indictable offenses is 774 less than last year. It is 42 per cent below the number in an equal population in England and Wales, and 26 per cent below the number in Great Britain for five years. The excess in the English average is in the more serious class of crimes. Ireland also contrasts favorably with Belgium, which is nearly equal in population. Ulster is compared with Scotland, and so far as murders and attempts to murder are concerned, the balance is against Ireland, but it is palpable that human life, slaughter and all offences against human life, are added, the crime of Scotland preponderates. The total is 73 in Ulster against 44 in Scotland in a population of equal number. Only two crimes against venery are reported in Ulster against 17 in Scotland, only 20 crimes against morals in Ulster against 103 in Scotland, and only 3,991 offences against property in Ulster against 12,950 in Scotland. Police officers, such as riots and assaults, are also less numerous in Ireland.

REMARKABLE MURDER TRIAL.

A MOTHER TAKEN FROM HER CHILDREN AND MURDERED.—A DAUGHTER TESTIFIES AGAINST HER FATHER.—VERDICT OF THE JURY. Correspondence of the Detroit Tribune. NEWAYGO, Nov. 2.—One of the most remarkable cases in the annals of crime in this State has just closed in this place. Monroe and London, and were living on their farm in the township of Sherburne, in this county, for several years prior to the 18th day of last May, where they raised a family consisting of two children, the eldest, Mary London, a girl of 17 years, and a daughter, Mrs. London, a girl of 15 years, living in the neighborhood, by a former marriage.

On the evening of the date above named, Mrs. London and the children retired, all sleeping in the same bed, leaving the husband and father sitting by the fire, smoking. In the morning Mary was found lying on her side, with her little brother asking for his mother. When she arose, her father seemed to be very anxious about Mrs. London, saying, in substance, "Mary has been lying on her side, and the Soon all was concerned about the house, and Mr. London looked where he usually kept his room, finding it gone. He immediately began searching the premises for his wife, but soon gave up the search, going to call his neighbors to unite in the search, saying that his wife was missing, and he feared that she had made away with herself. The neighbors looked to his place, and a diligent search was made. Finally he went to a pile of logs, where, lying in a deep snow of the ground, he found her lying dead, with her throat cut. He did not go near the body, but he was the first to see her, and he was the first to see her. A subsequent examination showed that from where he stood when he made the discovery he could not possibly tell whether her throat had been cut or not, as Dr. Flora testified that her hair lay over the wounds, which were nine in number, so that he could not see them, and he was the first to see her. She had a red mark on her neck, and she was impaled by the Cogner, and after examining, as they confessed, very hastily into the matter, a verdict of suicide was rendered. It was not until after the body had been removed, that she had tried to choke herself previous to this. This matter rested until the Thursday following, when Mr. London was arrested on a charge of having murdered his wife. A closer examination of the surroundings had revealed a large pool of blood about eight-six feet from where the body was found, and a few drops of blood were found on Mr. London's clothes. Where the body lay there was but little blood, the razor was partially closed and lay under the shoulder, and there was no blood on either hand, except where the left hand lay on the body, and the blood had run down the clothing under it, nor was the clothing disarranged, but lay nicely disposed about the body. At the pool of blood there were some things broken off from the apartment, and the testimony of witnesses, as they confessed, very hastily into the matter, a verdict of suicide was rendered.

The trial was held at the Court House in New York, and was attended by a large number of people. The jury, after a deliberation of several days, returned a verdict of guilty. The judge sentenced the defendant to the State Prison for a term of years. The case has attracted much public interest, and has been widely reported in the newspapers.

TELEGRAMS.

Nov. 7.—James Dugan was arrested at Gloucester, Mass., on Thursday. He was charged with the murder of a woman named Dugan, who was killed in the town of Gloucester, Mass., on the 10th of last month. Dugan was arrested on the 10th of last month, and was held in custody until the 15th. He was then brought to Gloucester, Mass., and was committed to the custody of the Sheriff. He is now being held in the County Jail, and is awaiting trial.

Nov. 10.—Yesterday was Lord Mayor's Day in London. Salutes were fired in England, and there were many fireworks. The Mayor, Mr. Stansfeld, was the guest of honor at a banquet given at the Mansion House. The Mayor's speech was very interesting, and he spoke of the many improvements which had been made in London during his term of office. He also spoke of the many charities which had been established in London, and of the many good works which had been done by the people of London. The Mayor's speech was very well received, and he was loudly cheered by the audience.