## ALBERT STAR.

Published every Wednesday by the Albert Star Publishing Company at Hills borough, N. B.

J. A. BEATTY, MANAGER.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 19.

Terms One Dollar a Year in Advance.

LAW REFORM.—OUR SUPERIOR COURTS.

By our Superior Courts we mean the Supreme court in Equity, the Supreme court in all its parts, and the County courts. These should be wiped out and in their stead created (a) a Supreme trial court (b) a Supreme court of Appeal. The province should divided into convenient districts and a trial judge appointed to each, who should hold courts and certify all appeals from his district. The court of appeal to consist of three judges, a chief justice and two puisne judges who should hear all appeals from the trial judges and in order to do so attend at convenient points such as Fredericton, St. John, Moncton and Chatham. Instead of as heretofore the master going to the servant, the ser vant should go to such place as suits the convenience of the master who pays the bill.

The most simple practice should adopted. The voluminous bill, interrogatories and answers in equity cases should be swept out of existence. simple statement of claim of plaintiff's demand should be incorporated in the writ in each case, to which the defend ant should answer such grounds as he disputed the claim upon. All manner of actions heretofore brought in the courts abolished to be brought in the newly created courts and all applications made to the new judges or courts. No action should be allowed to be defeated upon any technical grounds whatever. A decision on the merits. or that there was no right of action, being the only grounds upon which a case could be brought to a close. No appeal to be allowed from the court of appeal to the supreme court of Canada, except where some very important question is involved or the amount is very large. By thus making the practice and mode of proceeding in these courts uniform the costs would be lessened at least one half and justice would be more convenient. Instead of having our statute book lumbered up with an Equity Act a Supreme Court Act, each very lengthy, one act of reasonable length would be all that is required. Again the saving of time to the practitioner would be great. Now according as the case of his client is, in one or other of the courts, he has to apply to it the practice of that court, which while in many respects similar is as a practice entirely separate. The courts referred to require at this time the hand of reform-radical reform-on the lines indicated. There is no reason why the court in which our larger cases are tried should not

### be as simple as our inferior courts. A Deathbed Wedding.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 13.—One of the most romantic of love stories culminated on Monday in this city. The dramatic events in it were the granting of a divorce at ten o'clock, a deathbed marriage at noon, and the death of the groom two hours later. The principals in this pathetic affair were W. H. Thompson, the Lackawanna county chairman ol the people's party and editor of the Industrial News, and Mrs. Mary E. McQuade, who, for the third time, became a wife. They both resided in Scranton. The bride's maiden name was Mary E. Fry, and soon after the death of her first hus- priest and urged his fellow-tribesmen band, named Behrens, she was mar- to return to an ancient custom of life ried to William J. McQuade. June 16 and superstitious worship. When the 1889, by the Rev. D. D. Spencer, and with him at Wilkesbarre. McQuade troops took the field against the deserted her November 6, 1891, and | mountaineers it was this boy who de has not been heard from since. Soon clared that the fortifications on the after her desertion, Mrs. McQuade hill-top were strong places and prewent to Scranton, and for a time was a clerk in White's bakery, at No. 325 Pennsylvania avenue. During the last year a strong bond of friendship sharp-shooters. In consideration of existed between her and Thompson. his youth the Executive Council sub-In December, through her next friend, John Carlson, she instituted proceedings against McQuade on the ground of desertion. In June of the present year proof was offered that the defend- the cases of two others, who will serve ant could not be found, and evidence in chains for twenty years. The two was heard by Judge Archibald, whose decree granting the woman release from her vows from McQuade was issued only Monday morning at ten o'clock. Meanwhile during the period of divorce proceedings; disease had fastened itself upon Thompson and he was dving slowly but surely at his home. Mrs. McQuade nursed him tenderly, submitted to personal deprivations and made every effort towards his comfort. Thompson finally really realized that his life was in immediate danger, and wishing to make Mrs. McQuade his wife solicited the assistance of Alderman Clay. On Saturday Mr. Clay and others knew that the sick man's lease of life was short, and bably the cheapest magazine of its ate so soon as a treaty of peace shall the half, which was made in 1.003, and made strenuous efforts to obtain Mrs. class extant. It contains 144 pages have been McQuade's divorce decree. However, and nearly as much matter as the owing to the intervention of Sunday, Delineator, is up to date in regard to the valued paper could not be secured | the latest fashions, has an abundance of until Monday morning. Thompson readable information for the home and hung tenaciously to the last glimmer | interesting articles on matters pertainof mortality, and spent the morning | ing to the fair sex. The Central Bookpraying for a few hours' respite from store, Moncton, has it on sale—only 5 issued early in August, have been re- time, 5.011, was put up at once. The death. With the ink almost undried cents a copy. 50 cents per year. 60 eeived at the State Department. In cheering which began with the sight on the favorable decree and with cents post paid. scarcely strength to respond to the clergyman's questions, he became Mrs. McQuade's legal husband at noon, the ceremony being performed by the Rev. "Oh for a lodge in some vast wilderness, W. C. Partridge. The form of his will, leaving his wife a nominal sum of in-

MRS. FROM'S MIDGET BABIES.

One Weighed Eight Ounces and Another Eleven Ounces at Birth.

September 7, says that George From-

an employee of the Crescent City Railroad Company, is the father of the smallest baby ever born. It is a boy of perfect form and weighs but nine ounces. It is in the best of health, cries lustily, and feeds ravenously. Mr. From is 45 years old, weighs 175 pounds, while the mother is 44 and tips the scales at 125 pounds. She is in the best of health and vigorous after more remote provinces en route ren during her married life of twentytwo years. Once there were triplets, and at another time twins were born. The despatch errs in one statement, and that is that this is the smallest baby ever born, for Mrs. From has given birth to two other liliputians, one of which was smaller than the one just born. In 1879, before the Sixth Avenue Elevated Railway was completed above 104th street, a car Edriver umped off his car in front of the Daily News office and asked to see a reporter. He said his wife had just given birth to a midget smaller than the late China, like Russia, fights at one of its Lucia Zarrette, who was then supposed

human species. The reporter found the From family which was then almost a wilderness. There in a little old-fashioned house, in a tiny doll's crib, rested the smallest specimen of human flesh ever recorded. It was then thirty-six hours old and weighed precisely eight ounces. It was the wonder of the neighborhood, and the surprise was so great to the doctor in attendance that a delicate with which to again try the avoirdupois of the youngster, who was just as

to be the smallest creature alive of the

chipper as a pouncing ten-pounder. It was then the impression of the different doctors and scientists who visited the little fellow that he would mature rapidly, and in a few months be as large as any ordinary child of its age, but he disappointed them, and when he was 2 years old weighed but 12 pounds. Then the Froms disappeared and little Frankie was nothing but record in the files of the medical

Several years went by, and one day the same News reporter accidentally ran accross From on the foreward end of a street car in Minneapolis, Minn. which he was driving. On being

"Come up to my house next week There is to be an interesting event there, and indications suggest that the child will be another midget. From said that his wife had given birth several children in the interim after leaving New York; but that they were all of normal size. Sure enough when the eventful time arrived, it proved to be a boy who tipped the scales at trifle over eleven ounces. Kohl and Middleton, the museum magnates the Northwest, tried in vain to get the mother and child for exhibition purposes but the father would no agree to it, although urged to do se and tempted by a three-figure salary.

The rigorous winters proved too strong for the little fellow, and again the Froms disappeared and were not heard from until now, when the event of the third liliputian brings them again before the public down in the Crescent City. The first boy, Frank now 15 years of age, has become in dependent, and is travelling with circus as the smallest man alive, an he weighs but 40 pounds and is only 33 inches in height. The one born in Minneapolis weighs but 15 pounds and is 10 years of age.

Fiji's Boy Priest. News from Fiji that the trial of th ring-leaders and principal actors in the recent devil-worship of rebel tribes of Fiji was concluded at Suva. Slx prisoners prisoners captured by the King's troops were arraigned for murder and. after a most sensational trial, sentenced to death. One of the condemned was a boy of about sixteen, who is said to be responsible for the entire tragedy, he having proclaimed himself devi'pared with scientific skill to resist the charge and to meet the volleys of the sequently commuted his sentence to ten years' imprisonment, at the same time remitting the capital penalty in oldest and fiercest of the rebels were executed on August 10. There is still a certain amount of disquiet throughout the islands, among the followers of the boy-priest, who are only partially satisfied by the commutation of his sentence, and still threaten to make trouble. Many of these have crossed over to the Ellice group, in which government work was initiated some months ago.

## For the Ladies.

The Ladies' Standard Magazine, de voted to fashion and the home, is pro-

"Thou Hell o' a' Diseases."

Some boundless contiguity of shade."-Cowper. Where 1 could get away alone and cuss This———toothache. surance and real estate, had already been drafted, the dates were filled in, the signatures attached, and within two hours Thompson was a dead man.

This—toothe Hold! Hold! my friend; no need of that! Just try a little PRUSSIAN QIL. You'll be surprised how "quick as Scat!" Two hours Thompson was a dead man. two hours Thompson was a dead man. Use it and prove it! Only 25 cents a bottle.

THE JAPANESE-CHINESE WAR. The Treatment of the Chinese in the Mikado's Kingdom - The Latest Advices from the East.

A despatch from New Orleans, dated London, Sept. 12.—A dispatch fre Shandghai states that the power Viceroy Li Hung Chang is steady waning. Every day's delay in provid ing the promised victory over the Japanese adds to Li Hung Chang's danger. The block in moving the Chinese troops into Corea continues Everything has been thrown into con fusion. The reinforcements from having given birth to seventeen child- Tien-Tsin are at a standstill and are terrorizing the cities in which they are halted. These savage soldiery are plundering and maltreating th wretched populace and native merchants are fleeing to Tien-Tsin in order to save their lives.

The French Minister has formall protested against the action of the Chinese in boarding a French mai steamer on Saturday last.

NEW YORK, Sept. 12.—Says the Post The war between China and Japan resembles in some of its strategic aspects that which was fought in the Crimea. remote extremities, depending

CHIEFLY UPON ITS LAND FORCES. Japan, like the allies, can reach its adversary only by the use of its nava in Lawrence street, above 127th street power. It proved to be easier for the allies to assemble their forces in the Crimea by means of the water route, than for Russia to bring up hers by land; and it may be that Japan will overcome China in Corea for the same reason. The news from the seat of war is not very trustworthy, but it seems to indicate that the Japanese naval power is superior to that of the set of druggist's scales were borrowed Chinese. But, curiously enough, the army. Two thousand Chinese China has an advantage from her backwardness which Japan has lost through her aspiration to the rank of a civilized power. By the Declaration of Paris in 1856, privateering was abolished, and the doctrine that the neutral flag covers the enemy's goods, except those contraband of war, was proclaimed. Of course, this declaration bound only the notions that adopted it. China has not acceded to it, but Japan has. China can therefore issue letters of marque to privateers, and thus destroy the mercantile marine of Japan directly, and she can also capture neutral vessels laden wit Japanese goods

> AND CONDEMN SUCH MERCHANDISE in the prize court. It is true that Japan is not bound by the Declaration, so far as China is concerned, and may. attack her commerce directly; but the flag of a neutral signatory to the Declaration will protect Chinese goods, except contraband of war. Thus an English merchantman is bound to submit to be searched, and if an enemy's goods are found on board, to be captured and taken into port by a Chinese privateer, but is not bound, to to submit to either at the hands of a Japanese privateer. As the United States have never adopted the Declaration of Paris, their merchant vessels would fare the same; no matter into whose hands they fell, so far as this point is concerned. But owing to the dominance of England in the Oriental trade, the advantage of China over Japan in a war carried on by privateers would be considerable. But the war ought to be stopped by the intervention of the powers before it becomes de-

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—A telegram was received at the Japanese legation this morning, to the effect that an important treaty had been negotiated

BETWEEN COREA AND JAPAN, ment to carry on warlike operations bound by the article to afford the Japanese forces every possible facility in their movements, and furnish them

CONCLUDED BY JAPAN WITH CHINA.

in the Japanese Empire, which was came home strong and went under the wire with apparent courage. The the light of the recent controversy of the figures had not ceased when over the Japanese subjects in China who appealed to the United States Hamlin entry. The track was who appealed to the United States covered with people. Some of them Consul for protection and were deliver- caught him up on their shoulders ed to the Chinese authorities, the de- and carried him to the fence in front cree is interesting. Chinese subjects of the grand stand, where again he was by its terms, are authorized to continue Joe Patchen was brought out. He MONCTON, N. B. to reside in Japan and to engage in was to be sent to beat the stallion

wful occupations and are entitled to pacing record of 2.051, held this

jurisdiction of the Japanese courts. They are required to register with the authorities of their provinces within twenty days, under penalty of expulson for refusal to register. For injury to the interests of Japan they are liable to expulsion, besides the usual penalies. Permission to move from one province to another must be obtained rom the authorities and Chinese cannot enter Japan without such permission. Nothing in the ordinance is to tary authorities. According to the first clause of the ordinance, it appears that the Chinese in Japan are under the same jurisdiction as the Japanese n China, namely, of the Government n which they are residing.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 12. - Files of the Japanese Advertiser and the Japan Herald have been received via Victoria and brings news of the war to August 25. It is reported that four fast. CHINESE TORAEDO CATCHERS ARE LYING

at Canton in waiting for Japanese nerchant vessels which may come from foreign countries laden with arms and ammunition. All of them are said to be able to make eighteen knots.

There has been some fighting at Bing Chong, Corea, but no decisive engagements have taken place. It is probable, however, that the next battle will take place in that vicinity. Bing Chong is situated off Seoul, near the Tai-Dong river. After the battles of Yashan and Zikwan many of the defeated Chinese made their way to Bing Chong, where a portion of the army was posted. There is now large force there, as Chinese troops numbering about 10,000 have arrived from Yashan. The Chinese ordered the governor to supply rice for the use of troops have also arrived at Hosan Chin, the banks of the Tai-Dong river and have started to build a fort to defend the position. They are collecting rice and other provisions in the neighborhood. A Japanese general says that the battle which will take place soon at Bing Chong will have important bearings on the ultimate outcome of the war in Corea. According to a correspondent of the Japan Advertiser there are now in Corea 34,600 Japanese troops. Of this number 800 are cavalry. The Chinese army number about the same, the main body being encamped at Ping Yang, where formidable earthworks have been thrown up. This will be the Chinese base of operations in Corea. Besides the Chinese, the same correspondent asserts that there are 20,000 Coreans arrayed against the Japanese, but as most of them are poorly armed or unarmed, they do not constitute a formidable force. When they join the Chinese army they are supplied by the latter with rifles, as it was intended that they should greatly strengthen the Celestials.

Robert J. Makes a new Pacing Re-

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept.15.—Yesterlay was the greatest record-breaking day ever seen on a race track. Last night every one was wearing a long printed upon it. Robert J. paced a mile in 2.011; Carbonate lowered the two-year-old pacing record from 2.10 to 2.09; John R. Gentry made the stallion record for pacers 2.034, and did so in a race; Directly tied Carbon- 314 MAIN STREET ate's record of 2.10 for two-year-old pacers made earlier in the week. Joe Patchen paced a mile in 2.04, beating the stallion record of 2.051, which held good until earlier in the day, when Gentry set the new mark, and Sweet Little Alix trotted a second mile | New Brunswick, County | Grey Cottons, in 2.041 the same week, which never which authoritatively defines the re- before had been done. Early in the lations of the two countries towards day the weather was sultry, threateneach other and toward China. The ingrain, the track was fast and the object of the treaty is stated in the horses announced for record miles in preamble to be the mutual desire on first-class condition. In the finished the part of the Emperor of Japan and free-for-all pace, in which Hal Braden the King of Corea to definitely fix and had won a head last evening, the pools determine the attitude of each country | were selling Braden \$25, and John R toward the other with a view of clearly Gentry and Flying Jib, the field at \$18, elucidating the existing relations be- Reflector having been distanced yestertween Japan and China, which have day. The Gentry people were weak been created by the request which the in their faith, too, because Braden had Corean Government has made of the gone the first three-quarters yesterday Japanese Government to compel the at a speed that gave hope of as good as Chinese to evacuate Corea. To secure 2.04 at the least. Flying Jib was tion as aforesald should not be granted as prayed for. concerted action on the more effective crankier than usual this noon, and concerted action on the more effective crankier than usual this noon, and accomplishment of this object this after several bad attempts to get away, treaty of alliance between the two the Braden and Contry borrer were specified by the Braden and Contry by the Braden and Control b treaty of alliance between the two the Braden and Gentry horses were countries was signed at Seoul on sent away with Jib dancing 100 yards August 26 by M. Oteri, the envoy of back of the wire. To the quarter the Signed, Jos. H. DICKSON, Japan, and the Corean Minister for two contestants were going together in Foreign Affairs. The treaty consists 31, and at the half Gentry was a half of three articles. Article first defines length behind in 1.013. At the threethe object of the alliance to be the quarters, which was made in 1.311, strengthening and perpetuation of the McHenry drove Gentry to a lead of a independence of Corea as an auto- half length. They came around on nomous state and the premotion of the stretch so placed, and 200 ft. from mutual interests of Corea and Japan the vire Geers gave up hope with by compelling the Chinese force to Braden, seeing which McHenry jogged withdraw from Corea, and by obliging in with Gentry in 2.033. Gentry also China to abandon her claim of the won the second and third heats. It right to dominate the affairs of Corea. was 3.20 when Robert J. started to Article two binds the Japanese Govern- beat his own record of 2.021. The atmosphere was yet sultry, but the clouds against China, both offensive and de- had disappeared and the wind had fensive. The Corean Government is gone down. The King made a bad break in the second scoring, but got away well in the centre of the track on he third attempt that he might the better get around the first short turn with supplies of provisions at a fair of the four-co.nered track. It was remuneration so far as such supplies seen that he was at his best, and when may be needed. By article three it is the quarter was caught in 304 hope was strong. The runner who was provided that the treaty shall terminmaking the pace came alongside near the 6,000 people broke into cheers. The three-quarters was reached in 1.301, making the middle half of the Copies of an Imperial ordinance of mile in the phenomenal time of 591 Japan defining the status of Chinese seconds, or at the rate of 1.59. He

Gentry's mile was made earlier in the property, but are made subjects to the day. He went the first quarter in 301. the half in 1.031, the three-quarters in 1.32 and the mile in 2.04 Alix made a 2.041 mile. She was not equal to the task of lowering it She went to the quarter in 311, a half second faster than Wednesday, when she scared at some dirt, to the half in 1.023, Nancy Hanks' time on the same track two years ago, and a half second faster than she arrived there two days She went to the third quarter in .33, just as she did on. the third occasion, but she could not get home fast enough. When the 2.041 was shown there was not a ripple of apeffect the orders of the Imperial mili- plause. Directly went to beat the 2.10 mile made by the 2 year old pacing ing, carefully attended to by a colt Carbonate, but he could better than tie the new record. Later thoroughly Experienced Man. in the afternoon Carbonate was sent to beat his own 2.10 and did it so handsomely that next to Robert J. he was the idol of the day. At the first quarter the watches caught it 311 and it was feared that Jack Curry was sending him too fast. Geers, with the runner, came up with him at the half mile in 1.031 and the 2.07 gait was thought to be crowding the gray colt so fast that he could not get home May mean a gathering of New Yorks four hundred, and even a hand-organ has a certain amout of tone; but for real richness and purity of tone the ahead of his 2.10 record. The three quarters was passed in 1.35 and he came under the wire in 2.08. Joe Patchen's 2.04 is the fourth 2.04 mile over the track.

## NOTICE

A meeting of the directors of the Harvey Branch Railroad will be held at the office of H. E. Graves, on September the sixth, at three By order of President, H. E. GRAVES, Sect'y Harvey Bank, Aug. 29th. 1894. The above named meeting is posponed ill Saturday the 15th inst.

### NOTICE

The undersigned hereby forbids and cautions all persons, corporations and commissioners of sewers against interfering in anywise with the roadbed and track of the Salisbury and Harvey Railway, as anyone so doing will be prosecuted to the utmost rigor of the law.

Dated, Railway Office, Hillsborough.the 26th day of July, A. D. 1894.

A. SHERWOOD,

Manager of the said railway.

Expect to have vessel load of coal at Gray-s Island, about 5th of October Parties wishing supply for winter will please send in their order before first of month. A. SHERWOOD, R'y Office, Hillsboro', Sept. 17th, 1894.

### SPORTING GOODS!! C. E. ELLIOT,

Main Street, Moncton, N. B.

Rifle Shot, Guns, and Ammunition, Fishing Rods, Fishing Tackle of all kinds; a firstclass lot of Flies and Lines, selling cheaper repairing. Anyone wishing anything in this line had better give us a call before purchasin

Marble and Granite onuments and Grave-Stones

T. F. Sherard & Son. MONCTON, N. B. Work Delivered Free.

### ANGUS O'HANLEY, Blacksmith,

Main St. Hillsboro', N. B. neatness and dispatch. Horse Shoeing A Specialty.

Fire, Life Accident and Plate Glass. Moncton, N. B.

# W. G. BELL,

MONCTON, N.B. Cheapest Flour, Meal and Pork in the City

Lowest Prices.

## of Albert, ss.

To the Sheriff of the County of Albert or to any Constable within the said County. Greeting-Whereas Esetta B. Kennie of the Parish of Hillsborough, in the County of Albert, a creditor of Dawson Steeves, late of the said Parish and County, deceased, hath prayed that letters of administration of all and singular the estate and effects of the said Dawson Steeves may be granted to her in due form of law. You are therefore required to cite the said Esetta B. Kennie, the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased and all others interested in his estate and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at the Office of the undersigned Judge of Probate at Albert in the Parish of Hopewell, in the said County of Albert, on Saturday, the thirteenth day of October pays at the home the twenty-second day of September, next at one o'clock in the afternoon at or near the office of Alexander W. Leeman, Esquire, Parish of Coverdale in the County of Albert, the lot of land belonging to John Miller of the said Parish and County bounded and described as follows:

"Beginning at a post standing on the western side of the Pow Road where the Southern line of lot Lumber one hundred and thirty granted to John A. Miller on the Southern side of Bannister Road intersects the said Pow Road, thence from said post along the western side of last mentioned road running by the magnet south three degrees and thirty minutes, west thirty-seven chains to another post thence North eighty-six degrees and thirty minutes west five chains to another post, thence south three degrees and thirty minutes west thirteen chains to a pine tree, thence north eighty-six degrees and thirty minutes west fifteen chains to another pine tree, thence north three degrees and thirty minutes east fifty chains to another post and thence south eighty-six degrees and thirty minutes east twenty chains to the place of beginning containing ninety-three acres more or less and distinguished as lot number one hundred and teenth day of October next, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, to show cause of any they have or know why letters of administra-

Signed, W. ALDER TRUEMAN, Judge of Probate... County of Albert

County of Albert.

Registrar of Probates,



-TO-

Patronize us

Patronize us

in the Patronize us

You are therefore required to cite the said Administrator, the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased and all others interested in the said Estate and they are hereby cited to be and appear before me at at a Court of Probate to be held in the office of the Registrar of Probates at Hopewell Cape in the said County of Albert on Saturday, the Twenty-eighth day of July next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon to attend the passing of the said account and show cause if any they have or know why the same shall not be finally allowed as prayed for. And before placing orders IT PAYS to call at our estab-67 10 , 5, 70 1111118 02

Don't forget the Address

BISHOP THE TAILOR. Will make monthly trips to A. Co.

ing, Sign Paint-

ing.

"Mendelssohn" Piano

ranks with the best, and it is not only

for its grand tone that it is so justly celebrated as it is also noted for that

so much desired by those wishing a really first-class instrument.

Exquisite Touch and Beautiful Finish

I cordially invite the public and musicians in particular to call at my music rooms and inspect these magnificent piana-fortes.

K. Bezanson's

Jewelry and Music Store

258 & 260 Main Street,

MONCTON, N. B.

Cor. Main and Downing Streets,

MONCTON, N. B.

BOTTLED GOODS,

A SPECIALTY.

Pork, Flour, Meal, &c.

Special attention paid to orders

D. STEEVES

Canned Corn "Delhi,"

Val Layer Raisins,

Soda Biscuit,

Canned Peas "Delhi,"

Canned Salmon,

Brooms, Pails,

Corner Main and Academy street.

Received per A. J. and by Rail,

White Wine Vinegar

Extra Yellow C. Sugar,

Pulverized Sugar,

Mixed Pickles,

J. C. STEWART & CO

NO CHEAP GOODS.

EVERYTHING FRESH

outside the city.

Cider Vinegar,

Granulated Sugar

White Cotton,

Print Cotton,

Summer Suiting.

Flannellette,

Ladies' Blk. Hose,

Paris Green, Gem Preserve Bottles.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

twenty chains to the place of beginning containing ninety-three acres more or less and distinguished as lot number one hundred and thirty-two, west on Coipitts Brook south of Bannister Road" the said lands being granted to said Miller by the crown by grant dated December 15th, 1892, by number 22,826 the same having been seized and taken by virtue of a warrant issued by W. O. Wright, Esquire, Secy-Treas. of the County of Albert at the suit of the Trustees of School of District No. 15, in the Parish of Coverdale in the County of Albert versus the said John Miller, the said lands having been duly viewed as required by law.

WILLIAMS WOODWORTH

Sheriff's Office, Hopewell, Aug. 9, 1894.

New Brunswick, County

of Albert, ss.

To the Sheriff of the County of

Albert or to any Constable with-

in the said County. Greeting-

Whereas James W. Colpitts of L. S. Point De Bute, in the County of Copy Westmoreland, Farmer, Administrator of all and singular the goods, chaftlels and credit of William E. Colpitts of the Parish of Coverdale, in the County of Albert, Farmer, deceased has filed his final account in the said estate and prayed that the same may be passed and allowed in due form of the law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Probate Court, at Hopewell, in the County of Albert the Twenty-Seventh day of June

A. D. 1894.
Signed, W. ALDER TRUEMAN,
Judge of Probate,
County of Albert.

WILLIAMS WOODWORTH,

Ladies' Blk. Mitts,

Clark's 300 yd Cotton.

CONFECTIONERY.

CANNED GOOD,

C. STEWART & CO.,

### Carriages and Sleighs. Men! Fine Carriage Paint-

You will want

Long Rubber Boots, We have the Granby—the best— All Branches of Undertak-Long Grain Boots,

Long Kip Boots,

Bellows tongue Grain Boots, ALBERT, N. B. All hand made.

# Ladies

Rubber Wraps and Rubber Shoes.

Ladies' and Misses'

Hand-made Peb. Bals. and Button. BOYS HEAVY SCHOOL BOOTS

Archibald Steeves.

REPEAT ORDERS. Per S. S. Carthegenian, from Glasgow.

# WATERED SILK

Black, Navy, Fawn, Tan, Seal, Bronze and Myrtle Green. Repeats of our popular makes, BLACK CASHMERE, special value, 35c., 45c., 50c., 55c., 65c., 75c. and 90c. New Tinsel Trimmings, in all the Leading Colors. 100 Pairs Lace Curtains, same as the best sellers in our Spring

## Stock. Full line of Stylish Dress Goods, Trimming to match. W.F.FERGUSSON.

174 Palmer Block, Moncton.

# KARN PIANOS.

Endorsed by the leading musicians and used by the tolwing Provincial Musical Institutions:

St. Martins Seminary Sackville Academy St. Joseph's College **Buctouche Convent** Halifax School for the Blind.

They are also used and highly recommended by Toronto Conservatory of Music and other Upper Province Musical In-

Now is the time to get a good Piano-Will take your Old Piano or Organ in exchange.

We are SOLE AGENTS for Karn Pianos and Karn Organs for the Maritime Provinces. Also have other grades of cheaper American and Canadian Pianos.

Write us for our Catalogues and get our term and prices before buying elsewhere.

MILLER BROS.

229 Main Street. MONCTON.

# Autumn EDUCATIONAL

School Books and School Requisites for Autumn 1894.

the Educational Books use can be found at Central stock constantly on full

Special Books ordered with all possible expedition.

Best possible discounts allowed; teacher's mail orders have immediate attention.

### Central Bookstore, MONCTON, 11

HYGEIAN WAISTS Suitable For All Ages.

THEY ARE MADE IN THE FOLLOWING SIZES AND STYLES:

Are unexcelled in their elegance of style, comfort of fit, superiority of material and workmanship.





in stock.

Misses' 12 to 17 years. They are furnished with adjustable shoulder straps, stitched-edge button-holes, tape-fast ed buttons, and can thus be laundried when necessary without injury to the garment.

These waists are equally a Boon to the Invalid as well as the most robust; no unhealthy

rompression of the vital parts existing to restrict the utmost freedom of action or fullness of respiration. To school children, misses, and young ladies who practice calisthenics, and thus acquire that elasticity of step, erectness of figure and gracefulness of deportment which are so much and justly admired, they are absolutely indispensable. For therapeutic qualities alone they have no equal, and are thus highly endorsed by the best medical authorities throughout the Dominion.

FOR SALE BY WILLIAM COWLING & CO., MONCTON, N. B.

# E. W. STEEVES,

and Collar Maker, Harness MAIN ST., MONCTON, N. B. A well selected stock of Whips, Combs, Brushes, Blankets and

INSPECTION SOLICITED.

other small wares in connection with the trade, always