

Frederickton Globe.

VOL. III.

FREDERICTON, N. B., SATURDAY, JULY 9, 1892.

No. 15.

Professional Cards.

H. D. CURRIE, D. D. S.,
Surgeon Dentist,

164 Queen St.

Frederickton, N. B., April 5.

BLACK, JORDAN & BLISS,
Barristers, Notaries, &c.

SOLICITORS BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA.
260 QUEEN STREET.

Money Loaned on Real Estate at lowest current Rates.
Frederickton, N. B., May 3.

JAS. T. SHARKEY,
Barrister & Attorney,

FREDERICTON, N. B.

Frederickton, N. B., April 5.

C. E. DUFFY,
Barrister-at-Law,
NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

OFFICES: West Side of Carleton St., Second Door from Queen St.
Frederickton, N. B., April 5.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE.

Best English, American and Canadian Companies.

APPLY AT OFFICE OF
JAS. T. SHARKEY.
Frederickton, N. B., April 5.

T. AMOS WILSON,
BOOKBINDER

—AND—

Paper Ruler.

Cor. Queen and Regent Sts.
Frederickton, N. B., Dec. 27.

CANADIAN PACIFIC R'Y.
NEW BRUNSWICK DIVISION.

All Rail Line to Boston, &c. The Short Line to Montreal, &c.

ARRANGEMENT OF TRAINS.
In Effect May 23rd, 1892.

DEPARTURES.

7.10 A.M. EXPRESS for St. John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Houlton, Woodstock and points North; Bangor, Portland, Boston and points South and West.

10.00 A.M. ACCOMMODATION for Frederickton Jc., St. John and points East.

4.20 P.M. ACCOMMODATION for Frederickton Jc., St. John and points East, also with Night Express for Bangor, Portland and Boston, and Saturdays excepted, with Short Line Express for Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, the West North West and Pacific Coast.

ARRIVAS.

9 25 a m from St. John, etc.
12 55 a m from St. John, Bangor, Montreal, etc.

6 40 p m from St. John, St. Stephen, Presque Isle, Woodstock, etc.

GIBSON.

DEPARTURE.
6.50 A.M. MIX ED. for Woodstock, Presque Isle, Edmundston, and all points North.

ARRIVE.
4 00 p m from Woodstock and points North.

All above Trains run Week days only.
C. E. McPHERSON, H. P. TIMMERMAN, Dist. Pass. Agt., Gen. Supl.

ALL Lovers of Pure Confection-
ery will do well to call at **JOHN H. TABOR'S.** You will see by the following list some of the high-class confectionery he has in stock:

Nictorines Bon Bons, Chocolate Scallops, Vanilla Chocolate Beans, Caracas Chocolates, Chocolate Ice-ings, Almond Ice-ings, Daisy Nougatines, Walnut Cream Bar, Almond Cream Bar, Chocolate Cream, Japanese Candy, Chocolate Acorns, Florida Strawberries, Chocolate Montivides, French Cream Shells, French Cream Bi Joux, Walnut Ice-ings, Burnt Almonds, Chocolate Cream Bar, French Cream Tablets.

And a lot of other kinds to numerous to mention the above goods are all Fresh will be put up in fancy boxes to suit the buyer.

J. H. TABOR,
Opp. Officers Quarters.

New Advertisements.



SEEDS!

THE LARGEST STOCK AND BEST VARIETY IN THE CITY IS AT THE

Drug -:- Store

DAVIS, STAPLES & CO.

WATCHES!

If you want time, the correct time, and want it every time you need it, look no further than our well-filled show cases and shelves for your watches and clocks. A gent or lady who secures one of our watches, feel as if they always have a true friend by them and the housewife knows she can depend to having the correct hour to minute, with one of our handsome clocks on the mantel shelf.



R. BLACKMER'S,

Queen Street, - Nearly Opp., City Hall.

YEARS OF VARIED EXPERIENCE
In the Use of **CURA**.
We Alone own for all Dis-
eases, who are suffering from **HOPE FOR YOU** AND YOURS.
Don't brood over your condition, nor give up in despair! Thousands of the Worst Cases have yielded to our **HOME TREATMENT**, as set forth in our **WONDERFUL BOOK**, which we send sealed, post paid, **FREE**, for a limited time. **GET IT TODAY!** Remember, no one else has the methods, appliances and experience that we employ, and we claim the **MONOPOLY OF UNIFORM SUCCESS.** **ERIC MEDICAL CO., 64 NAGARA ST., BUFFALO, N. Y.**

2,000 References. Name this paper when you write.

AN EYE OPENER

For House keepers.

Great Bargains in Carpets and Furniture.
First Importation of the Season. 65 Rolls per Steamer Celebes, just arrived from London. More Shipments to Follow.

Our Stock will comprise 268 Rolls of Carpeting beside Art Squares, Rugs and Door Mats. About 600 Yards of Mohair and Silk Plushes, Genoa Velvets, Raw Silks, English Tapestries and other Furniture Coverings; Chemise and Lace Curtains.

We Import Direct without paying any Commissions, or Importers profits, and can sell as Low as Any House in Canada. Please Examine Our Prices.

Our Usual Large Stock of Parlor, Chamber, Dining Room, Hall, and Kitchen Furniture. - Spring beds and Mattresses. Crockery, Glassware Lamps, Table Cutlry, Silverware and Fancy Goods.

Old Furniture Recovered and Made like New.
We are prepared to compete with All Corners, at home or abroad Customers served on Most Liberal Terms. Satisfaction Guaranteed.
Dealers supplied at very close wholesale prices.

JAMES G. M NALLY.

Mar. 5th, 1892.

Watches and Jewelry



F. J. McCAUSLAND,
Opp., A. F. Randolph & Sons.
Frederickton, N. B., June 7.

TAGS!

Furnished and Printed at Low Prices at the **GLOBE** Job Printing Department.

CAUTION.

EACH PLUG OF THE **MYRTLE NAVY!** IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.
NONE OTHER GENUINE.

AGRICULTURE

Notes and Suggestions of Practical Utility

OR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND DAIRY.

Cleanings of Interest for Our Country Readers.

Nature never duplicates. Take time to hoe the garden. Health demands clean water. Bees and children will swarm. Hotbeds are growing popular. Judiciously fertilize the lawn. Use a trowel for transplanting. Keep up the growth if possible. Garden truck is good in winter. Insects bid you watch and prey. Proportion the feed to the need. Justice demands honest measure. The trio is air, exercise and food. Allow no shoots on grafted limbs. A tool in its place is easily found. Sell the poorest and keep the best. Housing tools makes them durable. Honest measure begets confidence. Change of pasture makes fat stock. Stuffing a fattening animal clogs it. Study nature with the aid of books. Don't set your lawn mower too close. Mulch is a nice thing in dry weather. Flowers express the spirit of beauty. Make your garden an all-summer one. Home-grown seed ought to be the best. It is found that brooders don't lay eggs. Crumblings goes before every revolution. Forethought is better than afterthought. Damp, foul cellars are death generators. Plenty of rich feed makes rapid growth. Land-greeds makes many a farmer poor. Give your work team a good bed to sleep on. Poor feed makes slow growth, if any at all. The improved dairyman has improved cows. Young animals need water as well as milk. The celery plant is better than the extract. Give each class of stock separate pastures. Food given to unprofitable animals is wasted. Animals and plants have their limits of latitude. First milk and then beef is the popular demand. Avoid as much as possible working in the rain. Web-footed fowls are easily marked in the feet. The sneers of the ignorant are complimentary. Provide a shelter from rain and sun for all stock. "Don't get wild over poultry"—nor anything else. Grow more oats; it is a nice as well as a valuable crop. Age does not always count in argument; facts are better. The earth is pronounced a battery of magnetic force. Why not set a few fruit trees for the birds and boys? Machinery expedites work on the farm; it also costs more. Don't waste your strength whaling your team; give it a rest. Clover has both a fertilizing and mechanical effect on the soil. "Never too old to learn," except the average cheesemaker. A passionate affection is liable to be struck by a cold wave. Waving lines are more pleasing to the eye than straight ones. Where nature does the most for man, he does the least for himself. The best farmer is often laughed at, but time vindicates his ways. The earth is a vehicle for turning raw materials into food products. Breed and feed the animals on the farm if you want to make money. The possession of political power is demoralizing to the individual. History should present the thoughts as well as deeds of the age. It is poor economy to sell thin cattle when you can make them thick. Judging age by the teeth would't work very well among the human race. No amount of after-regret is a full substitute for a little proper foresight. Early varieties of potatoes appear to be less liable to disease than late ones. The emancipation of the blacks did not complete the work of emancipation. The quality of honey depends much on the nature of the plant it is drawn from. The phase of the moon has as little to do with agriculture as the face in the moon. People who seek to tend to the affairs of others are seldom fit to tend to their own. The sooner you mow your meadow the sooner the second crop begins to come on. When rutabagas are fed to milk cows, they should be fed immediately after milking. If animals are properly fed and kept there is little use for the card or curry comb. A properly balanced fertilizer ration is as important as a properly balanced food ration. First-class butter is a law unto itself against oleomargarine, except when mixed with it. Ground flaxseed, in proper proportion, is better than linseed meal to mix with milk for calves. The Shetland pony is supposed to be the stunted offspring of unfavorable conditions for the horse.

There is gratification in doing work that aids your fellows as well as brings you personal gain.

You can get almost anything done for money, but you lose the development there is in doing it.

The argument that the relish for salt acquired, would apply to about everything we eat and drink.

No kind of stock need be expected to thrive if it does not have ample room and proper conditions.

The condition of the soil as well as the size of the seed should govern the depth of covering when planting.

THE DAIRY.

The Canadian Illustrated Journal of Agriculture says Sir J. B. Lawes has often shown in his writing how impossible it is to follow out in practice what is known among theorists as the nutritive ratio; yet in the feeding of his 126 cows he has been feeding according to the principles of true science. The true theory seems to us as follows: "Give your animal such digestible food as will produce what you aim at, be it lean or fat meat, wool, milk, butter, or cheese, eggs, etc.—or animal labor of various kinds—fast or slow, heavy or light, etc. Purchase such food in the cheapest market; that is from such material as will give you the digestible elements of food needed, at the lowest cost. Then prepare your rations so as to give your animal what it needs fully, in the proportion required to obtain the result aimed at, and no more. That is to us perfect doctrine. Only let us say respecting what is called the nutritive ratio, that its fallacy appears to us in the fact that too many theorists mix up the carbohydrates proper with the fat, making no distinction, as if carbohydrates could form fat, and then advise so much of the mixture to so much of albuminoids, say one of the latter to five of the former. In opposition to this fallacy, Jules Crevat has demonstrated that carbohydrates proper, or what he denominates under the general term of sugar, must not be fed in view of producing anything else but heat, or vital power—and never in considerable excess—and that vegetable fatty matter must either be fed direct, or obtained from digestible nitrogenous food—which alone can be transformed by the animal, either into heat, or flesh, or fat. Of course, all agree that fat produces heat, and therefore the only point at issue is in the false supposition that pure carbohydrates (outside of fat) can be transformed into fat."

It appears that the less cream is "ripened" or rotted, the more water the butter churned from it will hold and the firmer it will appear. Here are the results of experiments made at the Vermont station, as given in bulletin No. 27: "There is one point, however, worthy of notice in connection with the butter. It was intended to make all the butter of the same general character, that is until the salt was evenly distributed and the water worked out so as to put it into good merchantable condition for print butter. So far as the eye could judge the butter from day to day was worked to the same quality. On analysis the butter was found to show quite a range in the per cent. of fat. The butter fat ranges from 77 per cent. to 84 per cent. In studying these figures we find that these variations have some connections with the way the cream was handled. The sooner the cream was churned after it is separated from the milk, the firmer the butter seems to be, i. e. it will appear solid and marketable with a less amount of fat and a larger amount of water. The extractor butter has the most water; that churned sweet next, and the ripened butter still less, while one sample made from cream kept 48 hours had a very small per cent. of water. The averages are: Extractor, five samples, 80.03 per cent. of fat; all others, 12 samples, 81.20 per cent. of fat; ripened 28 hours, one sample, 84.16 per cent. of fat. If, then, the creamery man can by the use of the extractor sell one and a half per cent. more water and still have the butter satisfactory, that is an argument in favor of that method—if the butter is to be quickly sold—and just as much against it if it cannot get to the consumer in a comparatively short time." We believe it is a characteristic of all organized substances that as soon as they begin to part with moisture, and this process of separation goes on until decay is complete. Sound fruit of all kinds contains more moisture than it does after it begins to decay and blue mould has devoured its substance. On the same principle, the further gone in decay cream is the more loss of moisture there is in its remaining solid portions, up to the point of final dissolution. If, instead of 48 hours, the cream had been kept 48 days, no doubt the separation of water from the butter churned from it would have been still more complete.

At one of the New York State farmers' institutes the question was asked: "Do you recommend keeping cows in all winter?" Mr. Ives answered: "If you are keeping cows for immediate profit—butter and milk only—I would recommend to so keep them; but if I wanted to keep them to breed from, and I wished to have strong, robust healthy progeny, I would turn them out and allow them a few minutes out of doors every day when the weather was warm." This is common sense. By non-exercise and stimulating feed, you can get more out of a cow for the present, but it will be of an inferior quality and at the expense of the health and shortened life of the cow.

Mr. Hugh Caldwell, Clydesdale, Ont., writes:—"My daughter was under the care of doctors for more than a year for female weakness, without getting relief. I then procured Pink Pills and they cured her." All dealers, 50c a box or 6 boxes for \$2.50, or mailed on receipt of price. Dr. Williams Med. Co., Brockville, Ont., and Schenectady, N. Y.

Psalmist—Why do the heathen rage? Cynic—Probably because so little of the money subscribed for their conversion ever reaches them.

PARAGRAPHS

On All Subjects of Current Note at Home and Abroad.

ANECDOTES, HAPPENINGS AND GENERAL COMMENTS

Clipped and Condensed for the Readers of The Globe.

Mr. Glaisher, when in a balloon, at two miles from the earth heard a musket shot and a dog bark, and at four miles a railway train.

The largest parish church in England is St. Nicholas, Yarmouth. The smallest is either the old church at Bembridge, in the Isle of Wight, or a church in one of the Dorsetshire parishes.

At a meeting of the trustees of Shakespear's birthplace, a letter was read from the owner of the cottage in which Anne Hathaway lived before her marriage to the poet, stating that he would accept £3,000 for the dwelling.

Queen Victoria during her reign has only signed one death warrant, which was for an execution in the Isle of Man; the Act passed for relieving Her Majesty of the signing of death warrants having by an oversight, not included that part of Her Majesty's dominions.

The following quaint epitaph on husband and wife—the husband having died first—is to be seen in one of the Parisian cemeteries:—"I am anxiously expecting you—A. D. 1827." "Here I am—A. D. 1867." So the good woman was forty years in making up her mind to follow her husband.

It has been figured out by a statistical that there are thirty-one criminals to every thousand bachelors, and only eleven criminals to every thousand married men. From this showing he argues that matrimony restrains men from crime, and ought, therefore, to be encouraged by legislation and otherwise.

A carat of gold receives its name from the carat seed, or seed of the Abyssinian coral flower. This was at one period made useful when gems or gold (uncoinced) were used in Eastern trading, and so came about the peculiar and now general use of the word. Twenty-two carats fine means that out of twenty-four parts twenty-two are gold and the rest alloy.

When the two sons of the Prince of Wales were visiting South America, at a ball in Rio, Prince George was having a right good time, dancing with any of the pretty girls who took his fancy, irrespective of their social position, and neglecting the bigwigs. His elder brother remonstrated with him. "You go and sit down and whistle God save your grandmother and let me alone," said Prince George, and went on enjoying himself after his own fashion.

In the German army it is the custom to order the men to aim at the eye of the Instructor of Musketry, who is thus able to see whether their aim is correct. A recruit in the 130 Regiment, stationed at Metz, had by some mistake received ball cartridge, and having loaded his rifle, aimed in the usual way at the eye of the sergeant who was instructing him. The man pulled the trigger, and killed the instructor on the spot.

A Parliamentary return just issued gives particulars of the cost to the country when the judges are on assize circuits. During the year 1891 the Queen's Bench judges were absent from London on assize business for 1,239 days, and their allowances, at the rate of 67 10s. a day, amounted to £9,292 10s. Further, their railway fares cost £173, and the railway fares and cab allowances of their clerks £278. Marshals to judges, who are each paid two guineas per diem, received £2,583; whilst the Clerks of Assize were paid £4,140 in the shape of "subsistence allowances."

Tobacco Chewers Among Women.

A well known physician, while walking down the street with a friend remarked, a patient of mine lives in that house who is dying—an idolized wife—beyond all help, and tobacco chewing has killed her. Why, doctor! what do you mean? I mean this her husband is literally steeped in tobacco juice, and the insensible perspiration from his body has become so saturated with nicotine as to be a deadly poison. His wife, before I was called, had absorbed enough of the poison so that no human power can save her; and even he will, I believe, end his days in torture from some form of skin disease. The skin is really the most wonderful and important organ of the human body. Night and day, every hour of our lives, it is filtering out from the blood use less or poisonous debris. If it stopped work for twenty-four hours in this or any case, death would ensue. You can imagine, then, what it means for a delicate, sensitive-skinned woman to sleep in a warm bed night after night with an inveterate tobacco chewer. The skin and mucous membrane of some persons is much more sensitive than others. A person who in summer is subject to hay fever, tanned or burned skin, in winter to colds, bronchitis, chapped hands, or chilblains, ought always (whether at home or traveling) to keep a bottle of Johnson's Anodyne Liniment near at hand. Dilute the liniment with water and gently bath, or moisten a cloth with it and lay upon the irritated skin if very sensitive; then wash it clean in the morning with Castile soap and water. If a person who takes cold quickly, or is predisposed to bronchitis or catarrh, or exposed to any poison, irritating the skin or mucous surfaces, which might tend to cause consumption will every night, before retiring, bathe the chest and throat with Johnson's Anodyne Liniment and, before dressing in the morning, rub the whole body smartly with a coarse towel, slightly dampened, and then wipe dry, we believe they never would have pulmonary troubles, or disease from neglective working of the skin. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, will send a pamphlet, free, describing other uses for this old household remedy, now eighty years old.

JINGLES OF HUMOR.

A Little Nonsense Gathered for Leisure Reading.

"We made a big mistake, Adam," said Eve after they had settled outside the garden. "How, dear?" "We should have insisted upon having that matter arbitrated."

She—Who is that?
He—Mr. Markham.

She—How sad he looks. Has he been disappointed in love?
He—Yes. The girl's father failed the week after Markham married her.

"I know where Gilbert got his idea for his twenty love sick maidens and Bunthorne." "From Oscar Wilde, wasn't it?" "No, indeed. From a summer hotel."

"This here paper," said good old Mrs. Jason, "says that in the chills an' fever districts all the drinkin' water sh'd be boiled. I wonder if it has to be boiled dry?"

"I told you," said the teacher, apologetically to Tommie, "that I should whip you if you didn't tell your father you had run away from school, didn't I?"

"That's all right," responded Thomas; "I didn't tell him. One of your lickin's is a picnic by the side of one of dad's."

Student—Would you perhaps buy this Greek dictionary?

Antiquary—I am sorry, but I buy only whole libraries.

Student—Just so. This book is the whole of my library.

Inconvenience of modern waiers' attire.

First Guest—Here—! I want a knife and fork, please!

Second Guest—Confound you, so do I!

A Record Lost. Professor of History: "What do you know about Louis XIV's time?"

Jack Athletics—"Nothing, sir; I never knew he was a sprinter."

Dignified Stranger (at news-stand)—Which of those papers is the most highly respectable?

Newsman—This one, I guess. Nobody buys it.

"So Col. Playton has all your money?" said one Congressman to another. "Yes." "How did he get it?" "He took it by force. I was backing a full hand."

The story that comes from St. Joseph, Mo., about a three-months-old baby with a beard 18 inches long is not exactly a barefaced lie, but it would be if it were shared.

First Tramp—Did you hear about the new \$1 counterfeit bill that is out?

Second Tramp—No.

"Fact. And a fellow can't tell it from the genuine."

"I know I couldn't. We must be on the lookout for it, Jim."

"Taw, what is a partisan?"

"It's a man that's always on one side."

"And an Independent?"

"O, he's always on the other side."

Visitor—What are you painting?

Artist (sarcastically)—Can't you see?

Visitor (sweetly)—Yes, I see it is a flower.

Have you decided yet what to call it?

Mr. Breezy—Just on your account, madam, I've been hiding my light under a bushel for years!

Mrs. Breezy—Oh, dear! Extravagant as ever! Why didn't you buy a pint cup!

It Costs Less than a Dozen of Ordinary Dress Buttons.

Buying new dresses at each season is to many ladies a serious and important matter, for the reason that all women are not the wives and daughters of wealthy men. Fashion however, demands that the new dress must be forthcoming to suit the season; and thousands of women who really cannot afford the money are compelled to obey fashion's imperious commands in order to uphold their status in society. We are extravagant people, and must change our mode of living, if we wish to be happy, prosperous and independent of others. Let us show the ladies how to do this.

It is a recognized fact, that no more fashionable or becoming dress in colour and appearance can be worn to-day by ladies, than a Black Dress. A Black dress looks well upon any occasion, and under any circumstances, for young and old.

In order to dress well and cheaply, it is only necessary for a lady to take one of her colored wool dresses, no matter how old, dingy and faded it may be, and with the aid of one or two packages of Fast Black Diamond Dye for wool, she can transform the old and cast-off garment into a thing of beauty and utility, for less money than a dozen of ordinary dress buttons would cost.

With this magnificent, rich and brilliant Fast Black Diamond Dye, the work of dyeing is rendered easy, light and quick; and the results are invariably satisfactory. No other dyes can give the same satisfaction and pleasure; only the Diamond can give that perfect and rich tone of Black, so much looked for.

Every Department of the Diamond Dye establishment is now being worked to its utmost capacity to supply the increasing demand. That novel and interesting "Diamond Dye Competition" is the talk of the ladies all over Canada; and the number of ladies who are entering as competitors is increasing every day. The Competition being free to all ladies who wish to show their work, and the prizes so very liberal, are certainly weighty inducements for all wives, mothers and daughters to take a part in the great work.

The Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal will send, post free to any address in the Dominion, a book explaining the scheme, and giving full particulars.

Myrtle Navy.

The success which the Myrtle Navy tobacco has with the public because it is composed of the very finest Virginia leaf grown, and is manufactured with the most scrupulous care at every stage of the process.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER