

CORRESPONDENCE.

Hartland.

AUGUST 11.—Harvesting is begun in earnest now, and is ten days or a fortnight earlier than usual. The peculiar rust on the oats has not damaged the crops so much as was feared, indeed, it is difficult to determine any damage whatever.

The apple crop is good. George W. Richardson of Fort Fairfield, was here this week visiting his brother, R.W. Richardson.

It is puzzling to find out what is to be done in regard to the water works system. Many are inclined to think that nothing further will be done this year, or any other year; and others say work will commence in earnest inside of a month. The former is most apparent. One of the commissioners has come to the conclusion that the Morgan springs will not furnish water enough. It weighs 15 pounds, and is a boy. Papa Taylor has grown two inches, and has straightened up wonderfully during the last few days, and the air is full of congratulations and cigar smoke.

It is rumored that D. A. Grant & Co. talk of choosing Hartland as a site for the reconstruction of their carriage factory. If they do, what is Woodstock's loss will be Hartland's immense gain.

Centerville.

AUGUST 11.—Some of our Foresters went down to St. Stephen to attend High Court, they enjoyed themselves amazingly. The only regret they felt was not seeing their Indian Chief Ranger with the unpronounceable name. They are rejoiced over the fact of their surplus now reaching a figure, which takes six months and a one to tell it. We who are not Foresters rejoice with those with those who do rejoice. The lodge of R. T. of T. is booming, the Foresters have lent them their indefatigable Chief Ranger as a Chief Templar, he is a hustler. Two ministers of the gospel are with them, another one is halting between two opinions and the fourth is waiting for the third to move. The young, middle aged, and of both sexes, are identified with the lodge and they hope that some who have become weary in the work, not of it, may lend a helping hand. In days gone by there was a flourishing lodge, and as the material is as good now, if not better, for the population has increased, your correspondent knows not why we shouldn't have an A1 lodge here.

The time is rapidly drawing nigh when our Michigan friends will be taking their departure, their visit has been greatly appreciated and we shall all regret their departure.

Bristol.

The parish Sunday School convention met at Bath last Thursday, but on account of the rain, was not largely attended. The president J. Farley presided, and made a few opening remarks. Rev. Mr. Fiske led the devotional exercises. The secretary, Mrs. Barker, read the minutes of last session, which was followed by interesting reports from the different schools eight being reported. In the evening Rev. D. Fiske taught next Sunday's lesson in an interesting and most exhaustive manner, and the teachers and others present could not but be benefited thereby.

Rev. A. Hayward gave an address on the "Bible the book we study". Encouraging remarks were also made by Messrs H. Gillispie and C. T. Hendry. The next convention will be held in the church at Beechwood in October.

There will be a free basket Sunday School picnic here on Wednesday 23rd inst.

As Mr. Murdoch McLean was driving down Florenceville hill last Saturday with a load of boards he lost control of the horses, and they getting detached from the wagon ran, dragging Mr. McLean, whose foot had got caught by a chain hook, over the stones and rough road. His boot coming off, probably saved his life as then the hook lost its hold. When picked up he was in an unconscious state, and though no bones were broken he was badly bruised and cut by the sharp stones. As soon as possible he was removed to the residence of his brother A. J. McLean, Bristol, and is doing as well as can be expected.

Rev. Mr. Cameron of Kincardine filled Rev. Mr. Fiske's appointment here yesterday.

Grand Falls.

AUGUST 13.—Mrs. Maxwell, of Moore's Mills, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. L. J. White.

Miss Bessie Fraser left here Saturday to take charge of her school at Black Rock.

Mr. A. G. McGibbon, of Woodstock, spent Sunday in town.

The Misses Ellen and Cassie McClusky are visiting friends in Woodstock.

Conductor Henderson, of the C. P. R. spent Sunday with his family.

Miss Ethel Estabrooks, of Woodstock, was in town during last week, the guest of Mrs. G. McMillan.

Miss Oliver Poirier, of Fall River, is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. J. Lods. Miss Poirier is a favorite among the young people here, and was warmly welcomed back by the many friends she made during her visit in this town last summer.

Hon. John Costigan and wife, of Ottawa, were in town last week.

Mr. E. B. Meagher, of Fredericton, is spending a few days here.

Edmundston.

AUGUST 13.—There was a slight frost here Friday night but it did not do any damage.

There will be a complete change of Dominion officials here in a few days. D. J. Daigle customs officer takes his old position of postal clerk. Geo. Bois, assistant inspector weights and measures takes office Daigle's place as customs officer and Levite Theriault M. P. P. is to take the office of weights and measures.

There will probably be an election in the near future for the local legislature and the prospective candidates so far are Hector Nadeau late postal clerk on C. P. R., Levite Cyr and C. A. Dav. Gagnon.

Thadde Hebert has not received the money yet that he won with his horse "Ringbone" at the Van Buren trot last June. The horse was protested as being a "ringer" and the sec'y of the National Trotting Association has written Thadde for affidavits back from the breeder, as Ringbone is away up in the twenties and has probably changed hands 20 times.

Florenceville.

The schools re-opened on Monday with the same teachers as last term; Mr. C. T. Hendry and Miss Blanche Estey.

Mrs. Brown of New York is visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. Estey.

The Misses Hagerman of Fredericton are visiting here, the guests of Mrs. Hagerman.

Considerable improvements have been made by many repairing their front yards and building new fences.

The farmers are nearly done haying and a few have commenced harvesting, which promises to be very abundant.

Aberdeen.

The Aberdeen Agricultural Society will hold an agricultural show here on Wednesday, the 10th of October next. For the accommodation of farmers who may wish to make some change in their stock, the directors will arrange to have an auction sale of pure bred and high graded horses, cattle and sheep, at close of exhibition, open to all, free of charge except auctioneer's commission. Farmers will please take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

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54 First Awards at the World's Fair, Chicago, for Durability, Appearance and Light Running. It has No Equal.

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Criminal Statistics.

The criminal statistics for the year ending 30th Sept., 1893, have just been issued from Ottawa. The report says: During the year 1893, there were 6,766 charges for indictable offences in the several courts of Canada, against 6,002 during the year previous, or an increase of 164 over 1892. Of the above number of charges in 1893, there was 2,053 acquittals, 9 detained for lunacy, and 74 receiving no sentence for several causes, such as *Nolle prosequi*, "jury disagreed," "bail forfeited," &c., as compared with 1,907 acquittals, 9 detained for lunacy and 63 receiving no sentence in 1892. This leaves the number of convictions for indictable offences, during the year 1893 at 4,630, or 9.36 per 10,000 inhabitants, as against 4,040, or 8.23 per 10,000 inhabitants in 1892. The number of convictions on indictable offences in New Brunswick was 121 as against 93 in 1892, or 3.86 per cent. against 2.89 per cent. in 1893. In Ontario there were 2,315 convictions, and in Quebec 1,374. The highest percentage according to each 10,000 inhabitants was 26.11 in British Columbia, and the lowest 2.20 in Prince Edward Island, New Brunswick having the second lowest percentage. The percentage of convictions in Ontario was 9.66, considerably higher than in Quebec, where the percentage was 8.90.

The large increase in the number of convictions for indictable offences, during the year 1893, may be explained by the fact that in previous reports all cases of duplication of charges were struck off the original returns, excepting, however, those cases where a person was charged for different offences on the same day. For instance: if a person was charged of "Larceny" and "Assault," and tried on these two charges, these were given as two different cases in the report; but if another person was charged two, three or more times of "Larceny" alone, only one of these charges was then left in the report, and all the others struck off. In the present report the number charges are given as returned by the several justice officers, no matter how many times the same person may have been charged for the one offence on the same day. This has been done in order to give a faithful report of all cases in which criminal proceedings have been taken by the several courts of justice. Divided by sexes, the convictions stand thus: 343 females, or 7.4 per cent of the total convictions, in 1893; as against 289, or 7.2 per cent in 1892. By ages, 14.4 per cent of the total convictions belong to the young offenders, under 16 in 1893; against 17.7 in 1892. The following figures show the educational status of the convicted: 18.9 per cent being unable to read or write in 1893, against 74.3 in 1892; 1.9 per cent having a superior education, in 1893, against 2.3 in 1892. According to the returns of 1893, there were 2,521 moderate and 1,738 immoderate drinkers of the 4,630 convictions for indictable offences; against 2,151 moderate and 1,740 immoderate drinkers in 1892. 75.5 per cent of the total convictions have been furnished by the cities and towns, and 24.5 by the rural districts in 1893, against 79.4 and 20.6 respectively in 1892. Of the 4,630 convictions for indictable offences, 3,828 relate to persons convicted for the first time, 465 to persons convicted for the second time, and 337 to persons convicted three times and over.

The total number of summary convictions by police magistrates and other justices, was 1382. In 1360 cases the option of a fine was allowed.

In Carleton county the total of summary convictions was 119, the option of a fine being given in 112 cases. These were 77 convictions for offences against the Canada Temperance Act, 35 for vagrancy, 5 for assaults, one for malicious injury to property, and one for breaches of municipal acts and by-laws.

Those Who Passed.

The results of the University matriculation examination, held at various examining stations throughout the province, were announced at the Education office on Saturday last. There were 54 candidates, of whom 16 failed. At Woodstock there were nine candidates, of whom six passed with the following average: A. Melville Vince, 51 5; Mary E. Bourne, 47 5; Mable E. Jewett, 46 8; Mary J. E. Sturrett, 44 7; Miles S. Trafton, 36 6; Mary Louisa Connell, 34. Those who matriculate are entitled to enter the Normal School without further examination. Five hundred and seventy-seven candidates underwent preliminary examination for teacher's license and entrance at the Normal School. Of these 78 are ranked first class, 185 second and 168 third, while 146 failed. In the teacher's license examinations there were nine candidates for grammar school licenses—eight of whom passed; and 112 for first class—77 of whom passed; 186 obtained second class licenses and 20 third class. The successful candidates for grammar school licenses from this county are Frank A. Good, and L. R. Hetherington.

For first class.—E. N. Drier, Samuel R. Estey, David W. Hamilton, Frank Patterson, Perry B. Perkins, Lydia E. Alexander, Isabel A. Carter, Mary E. Coen.

For second class.—Eugene Clark, Frank Kelly, Roy Lee, Fred Patterson, Mrs. H. L. Ross, Martha Sippell, D. B. Shaw, Kate Cahill, Mary Caldwell, Annie Clare, Jennie Dow, Ruby Dow, Almada Gill, Antoinette Hall, Bessie Harold, Bertha Ivey, Lavinia Kennedy, Pearl Kimball, Annie Kinzie, Dela Lewis, Louise McCormick, Maud McDonald, Minnie McElroy, Susie McGuire, Bessie Nicholson, Helen Page, Annie Rice, Celia Shaw, Mabel Speer, Sadie Squires, Louis Upton, Annie Watson.

Hotel Arrivals.

At the Wilbur: S. S. McGill, Montreal; M. E. Algar, St. John; W. A. McKay, Martin Lawlis, Houlton; G. W. Simpson, J. J. Simpson, Norfolk, Va.; A. J. Teed, St. Stephen; Geo. Burt, Hartland; A. Isaacs, L. A. Miles, St. John.

At the Exchange: Edward Jack, Fredericton; Odbur Sharp, Nottordale; C. S. Taylor, St. Stephen; P. J. Perry, Houlton.

At the Victoria: Fred Humphrey, Presque Isle; G. F. Plummer, Fort Fairfield; H. D. Keswick, Hartland; Wm. Staten, Glassville; J. S. Merrithew, Richmond.

What is a Natural Market?

The "Herald" and the "Chronicle" of Halifax are having a controversy as to whether the States, or England, is the "natural market" for Canada's products. The discussion is chiefly a play upon words; mere logomachy in fact. Every market a man can sell or buy in, profitably, is his "natural" market, for such action is the natural life of commerce. So, any market in which no business can be transacted profitably by a merchant is not a "natural" one to him, for, to do business without profit is unnatural. The natural, the common sense policy of Canada is, to push her goods into every possible market where they can be satisfactorily sold, and to study every chance of buying, anywhere what can be bought for use or re-sale profitably. So long as the States impose heavy duties on Canada's manufactures, it is quite natural, it is a mere act of self preservation for Canada to follow the same course, as, if she did not, her whole industrial enterprise would be crushed under the heel of American competition. This would be national suicide, which would be a most unnatural act of folly. We, however rejoice to see the large trade done by Canada with the States, being fully assured that our traders are putting money in their purses by their operations in that market.

The naturalness of the British Market to Canada lies in its profitability. If we could sell the same products which we send to England at the smallest advance over what is obtained there, in any other market, we should be fools indeed to take a lower figure in Great Britain, it would not be "natural" to do so. Business is business, and sentiment is sentiment; they make a very unsatisfactory mixture. Canadians are in trade to make money, not for politics, and their natural markets are everywhere, and anywhere where a dollar can be secured. England centuries ago laid the foundation of her maritime and commercial supremacy by this policy of pushing into every place where her goods were saleable. She has even made, and is yet making money by selling guns and swords that have been, and will be used to slaughter her own soldiers. She has spent millions for powder and shot in blowing down market gates that were closed against her. This dogged determination of the mother land to do business wherever possible must be imitated by Canada, so the sooner sentimentalism is dropped in trade matters, the freer will be our course to an enlarged commerce.—E.C.

Gen. Herbert.

The London World formerly edited by Edmund Yates, says that Major-General Herbert may possibly be ordered to vacate the command of the Canadian militia and return to his regimental duties with the Grenadier Guards. This is consequent upon Col. Ricardo's promotion to the command of a battalion. It is rumoured, however, that the War Office is being urged by British military circles to allow Major-General Herbert to continue in Canada owing to the important reforms which he has started. If Major-General Herbert does not return he will forfeit his right to the command of the battalion. The opportunity presented by the promotion of Colonel Ricardo would afford Major-General Herbert a convenient opportunity to escape the unpleasant consequences of the Powell incident, and it is said that for this reason General Herbert may return to his old regiment. It cannot be ascertained that any pressure has been brought to bear upon the War Office from Canada to have the Major-General of the Canadian militia recalled, but in Canadian circles here it is considered that the opponents of General Herbert have a fine opportunity to make an effective effort to get rid of the admittedly unpopular officer.

The announcement of the General's prospective promotion to the colonelcy of Grenadier Guards has started a good many reports in reference to the general's intentions. Speaking on the subject General Herbert remarked that all the information he had received about the matter was through the newspapers. He had no opinion to express as to the possibility of his return to England in the near future, as no official communication had been received by him.

Tea From China.

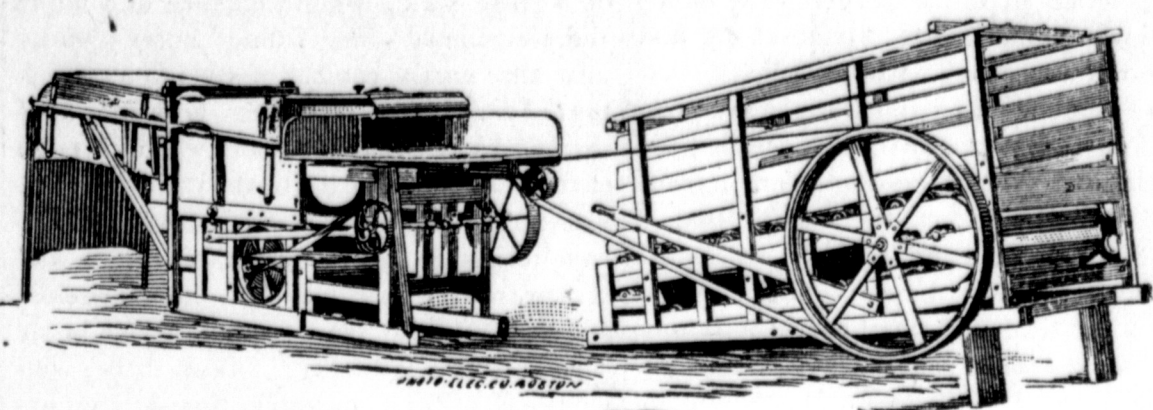
A large quantity of tea arrived here this week direct from China. It has always been thought that when the C. P. R. took hold of the China tea trade they would be able to at least capture that part that came to Canada and her eastern provinces. Several St. John merchants, feeling that the C. P. R. rate of freight was too high, this year tried the Northern Pacific. A lot of 1,675 packages, which left Foochow on June 20th, came by a Pacific steamer to Tacoma and thence by the Northern Pacific, the Grand Trunk and the I. C. R. to St. John, arriving here on the 8th inst., in all 49 days. This is a few days less than it took tea to come here over the C. P. R., and the present importation was made at a lower rate of freight than the C. P. R. charged. This lot of tea, which was billed for 98 tons, was consigned to W. F. Hatheway, and another lot has arrived by the same route for J. J. McGaffigan.—St. John Sun.

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Choice Domestic Lamb and Beef,
Swift Bros.' Bacon and Hams,
Pigs Feet, Lambs Tongues, Tripe.
Fresh Fish Every Week.
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And prove easy for the Team.

We make the only machine that fills the bill. Come and see it. BUY the BEST. The BEST is the CHEAPEST.

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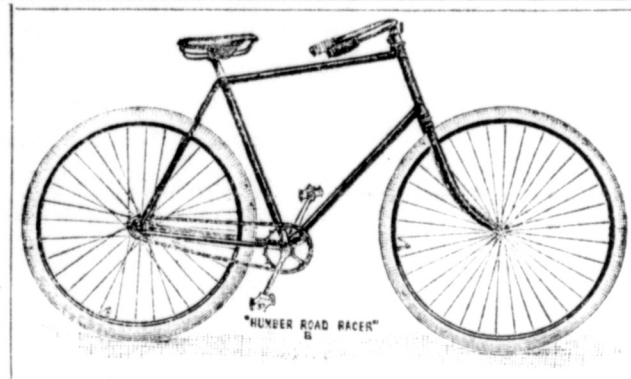
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And balance of stock of

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"The ruddy-cheeked, full-limbed girl of today, who climbs mountains, rides the bicycle, swims, rows, and is not afraid of the health-giving kisses of the god of day, is a living illustration of the value of exercise."

As every woman who has ridden a wheel realizes, and every man, too, there is nothing like it for taking one's self out of one's self, from care, anxiety, and all the mental ailments which sap and destroy the bodily powers.

We can sell you a good wheel at a low price.

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Repeat Order.

We have been obliged to repeat our order for

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More of Those

Fine Cashmere, Black Sateen, Fast Dye, Fancy Cambric Dress, Fine Underwear and Hosiery, Yeddo Straw Hats, also, Fedora and Stiff Flange Brims, Latest American Shapes.

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JULY 10, 1894.

Remnant Sale :-

OF

Dry Goods

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