

PICNIC EDITOR'S OUTING.

HE IS GIVEN A HOLIDAY, AND GOES TO WICKLOW.

In His Journeys He Runs Across Coun. Caldwell, who Stores His Receptive Mind with Useful Knowledge.—He is Inspired by the Music of Three Bands.

The picnic editor will always look back to Wednesday last with pleasant recollections. In the early morning he set out for the Wicklow picnic. Before he got to Florenceville, Councillor Caldwell, with whom he had been pleasantly engaged in conversation on the train kindly invited him drive through Greenfield to his home and go from thence to the picnic ground, which the editor readily consented to do. On the way out Mr. Caldwell explained his reasons for having opposed a county grant for a fair to be held at Woodstock last year. He thought that instead of spending money on a fair and giving prizes to large fine looking animals, which were perhaps not well fitted for farm work in this county, it would be better to use the money in sending good men through the county lecturing at various centres on subjects which were of interest to practical men. A man left a county fair in no wise better fitted to make farming a success than when he went there, whereas from a well considered lecture he would derive much that would be really valuable to him in his work. He called attention to a well built low set horse which with his mate had done all his work this spring. "Of course," said Mr. Caldwell, "I would not think of exhibiting him for he could not get a prize; but he is a more valuable kind of horse to a farmer in this county than the Clydesdale which gets so much attention at a fair. In the summer and winter when we do not work our horses much this small one is easier to keep, and on a level farm will do all the work a farmer has to do. Take then the case of pigs, at a fair a Berkshire can't get any notice when placed beside some other larger breed, but one can make a barrel of pork from the Berkshire at seventy per cent. of what it costs to do so from the other breeds that gets the prizes. With the case of cows the same fault exists, those best adapted to the needs of our farming not always receiving the same favor as other sorts which present a more pleasing appearance." Altogether Mr. Caldwell thought the fair had not the educating influence which is attributed to it by some. In course of the conversation a comparison was made between the University of New Brunswick and the Main State College at Orono, from the point of view of the needs of Carleton County and the farming interests of New Brunswick generally, and it is not a pleasant thing for a lover of the University to say that the comparison resulted to its disadvantage.

The drive through Greenfield is a pleasant one. The land is comparatively level, the buildings are good and well cared for and the country is looking particularly fine at this time of year. After enjoying the hospitality of Mr. Caldwell's house the picnic editor made one of a family party that drove to the scene of the Wicklow band picnic. Already a large number of ladies and gentlemen, although the picnic editor much prefers the appellation "men and women," were on the ground having driven from north and south, east and west on both sides of the river. The desire to see "the boys" succeed in their laudable and musical enterprise, as well as the appreciation of the good things of this world, were evinced by the numbers of people who thronged the booths scattered here and there over the grounds.

Among the interesting events of the day was a running race in which Charlie Giberson's three-year-old mare pounded joyously in, number one. Charlie Giberson also won first prize in the foot race. He has been walking off with quite a number of highly desirable prizes lately.

Dr. and Mrs. Atkinson were on the grounds during the afternoon. The doctor's health is much improved everyone was glad to see. Double and single carriages continued to arrive till late in the afternoon. The Andover and Centerville brass bands were present and helped to demolish time pleasantly. Dinner and supper were served in a large tent, where the young ladies of Wicklow were kept busy supplying the wants of the crowd that resorted thither. "The boys" made their picnic a success both from their point of view and that of the public. The picnic editor is glad he went.

Lumber Output.

It is estimated that 110,500,000 feet of lumber will come through the booms this year. There is forty millions less than last year and is made up as follows: Stetson, Cutler & Co., 12 millions; Cushing & Co., 14 millions; S. T. King & Sons, 1 1/2 millions; W. H. Murray, 26 millions; Robert Connors, 5 millions; W. H. Cunliffe, 4 millions; C. K. Jewett, 3 millions; Page & Mallett, 4 millions; Miller & Woodman, 3 millions; Hale & Murchie, 9 millions; George E. Barnhill, 7 millions; W. C. Purvis, 8 millions; A. F. Randolph & Sons, 9 millions; Hilyard Bros., 5 millions. Up to last Saturday forty-five millions had been rafted at the booms and Springhill.

CLEARVIEW AND AROUND THERE.

What the Roving Reporter of "The Dispatch" has to say.—A Thriving Court in a Prosperous Part of the County.

A trip at any time during the summer in Carleton County is very enjoyable, but more particularly during the month of June, when nature puts on her best attire. In company with a gentleman from St. John, who had never before been above Woodstock, I left Queen St. on the afternoon train for the Upper St. John. The scenery along the river must be seen to be appreciated. The river winding among beautiful hills, the fine farms and neat buildings give an air of comfort and prosperity not equalled in any part of the province.

While up at Clearview it was my privilege to be present at the formation of a Court of Foresters, by LeBaron Coleman of St. John, High Chief Ranger of New Brunswick, assisted by Prov. Dep. J. A. Lindsay of Woodstock, called Court "Clearview," with 28 charter members.

The officers for the present term are: C. H. Phillips, L. D. H. C. R. Thos. Collins, C. R. Clopper Tompkins, Vice C. R. John A. Graham, R. S. Bradford Smith, F. S. Allen Smith, Treas. Thos. Watson, S. W. Jas. Smith, J. W. Arthur Armstrong, S. B. Beverly Hiscock, J. E. Chas. H. Wolverton, P. C. R. Rev. Geo. A. Giberson, Chap. M. C. Atkinson, M. D., Physician.

Court Clearview starts under more than favorable circumstances. Mr. C. H. Phillips has just put up a hall 28x52, which he gives to the Court rent free to Jan. 1, 1895, including wood and light. All the members are good risks and energetic Foresters, and there is no reason why a strong, prosperous Court should not be made at this point, and judging from the enthusiasm manifested at the organization there will be.

After the Court adjourned the members and visitors sat down to a bountiful supper provided by the ladies of Clearview to whom was given a vote of thanks. Too much praise cannot be given to Mrs. Phillips and the ladies who assisted her in making the visitors enjoy themselves. Foresters from Woodstock, Hartland, Florenceville, Bath, Centreville, Andover and other places helped to make one of the most successful meetings ever held in this province.

Clearview is about three miles from River de Chute, at the place where the Watson's built a steam saw and grist mill, and in one of the finest farming districts of this fine county, at the end of the Mars Hill road, and by the way, the people are expecting some money on the road leading to the boundary line, from the only M. P. P. we have, and they say he has done very well so far. The grist mill is fitted with the best machinery for milling and should give satisfaction.

Some scoundrel cut the scow loose during the high water and for the last six weeks no teams could cross at this point.

There is a fine opportunity to put up a cheese factory, as the best of water can be had, and at all seasons. The people should wake up to their advantages. Mr. C. H. Phillips does a large business in mixed goods and talks up the cheese industry for all it is worth. There is evidently a first-class opportunity for some live man to put up a factory.

Tramps.

Tramps are very numerous at many points along the Intercolonial this year. Many board the blind end of baggage cars and crawl in upon the trunks at imminent danger to their lives. Conductors say that it is a rare trip when they do not have some trouble with tramps, who seem to be coming in herds from the States. For the most part they are no doubt harmless, but many of them are known to be armed and the provinces will be very lucky if they escape a repetition of the Buck and Jim murder. Old hands on the railway say that never, in all their experience, have tramps been so numerous so early in the summer and the army is steadily growing instead of decreasing.—Advance.

Colonial Zollverein.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Week writes as follows in anticipation of the meeting of the Intercolonial Conference: "The members of the conference will be able to find out from each other what each has to sell, and the best means of developing trade, which means employment, industry and wealth. That they cannot improve upon the patent that England has utilized for so many years in bringing up her family, is doubtful; and the Earl of Jersey, the conservative governor of a free trade colony will, in all probability, be able to give them some pointers that will direct their minds into channels of thought which are fed from the pure doctrines of free trade. The liberal government of the United Kingdom did not look for a liberal to represent their views when they could find a man who understood colonial life, and at the same time was imbued with the commercial principles of the mother country. Any attempt to form a colonial zollverein with the mother country which would discriminate against the sixty-five millions of the Anglo-Saxon race on this continent would be likely to meet with the opposition of thirty-eight million in the United Kingdom, and the Earl of Jersey would in all probability intimate that contingency.

Trunks of all kinds from the cheapest to the best at Hugh Hay's, Woodstock.

The New Franchise.

The new Franchise Act which Sir John Thompson has introduced into Parliament will be satisfactory so far as it is a measure of reform. It concedes what the Liberals have long contended for, namely, the adoption of the provincial franchises; but preserves what the Conservatives have as long insisted upon: that the Federal lists shall be under Federal control. It promises what the public interest has always demanded—an annual revision; and foreshadows a reduction of expense, though not a very considerable one. Indeed the saving would be much greater if it were possible to adopt the provincial lists without revision. But circumstances over which Parliament may be said to have no control have furnished an excuse for the failure to propose so complete a measure of reform. So long as the provinces, or some of them, choose to disfranchise Federal officeholders, and yet give the ballot to their own employes, there will be a stumbling block in the way of the adoption of a common list for both provincial and Dominion elections. Either all public servants should be enfranchised, or all should not; but at all events there cannot fairly be any discrimination. The short-sighted policy that makes flesh of one and fowl of the other is responsible largely, if not solely, for the fact that the revision of the Federal lists is to be continued.

It does not follow, however that it is hopeless still to look for a more substantial reduction in the outlay upon this score than the one now proposed. So far as the Province of Ontario is concerned, it has only to command the municipalities, which are its creatures, to prepare and pay for its lists, and it is free from further trouble and expense upon that account. But the Dominion having no such control over the local authorities, even if it was prepared to exercise it in that way, cannot transfer the burden to their shoulders. It must therefore bear the cost of seeing that no injustice is done, intentionally or otherwise, to those it represents. For this purpose a Federal revision is deemed necessary, though that does not imply that the printing of all the lists, at an annual expenditure of upwards of \$30,000, must be continued. If the present experiment, for such it is, proves satisfactory, why should not supplemental lists to those of the provinces be issued instead of fresh ones in their entirety? This ought to be a simple and economical way of restoring the franchise to those who have been deprived of it by provincial enactments, and at the same time making any other corrections that may be necessary.—Ee.

Wiman's Sentence.

Erastus Wiman was sentenced to five years and six months in the penitentiary for forgery. The judge in passing sentence, said: Certain laws were made to protect society, and the violators of them must be punished. Continuing, he said: "For a long time you used the money of your associate, Mr. Dun, and then resorted to forgery, not in one case but in several cases. You violated a trust in addition to appropriating another's money. I cannot think you thought at any time that you had a right to take this money. Your letters show that you knew you had not; but on the other hand the jury recommends mercy in passing sentence. Your previous good character and great works entitle you to consideration, but I shall not feel justified in making the sentence less than five years and six months in State prison."

Deputy Sheriff Brown was ordered not to take Wiman to Sing Sing until this matter is settled. The sentence with commutation off will amount to three years, eleven months and fifteen days.

Mr. Wiman's career in Canada, of which he was a native, ended in 1866, when he left the Dominion for New York to accept a position with R. G. Dunn & Co., with whom he continued, latterly as managing partner in the firm, until his failure, about a year ago. He is a well preserved man of about sixty years old and possesses an enormous capacity for work.

Dr. Caldwell says that there are but three known "tobacco takers" the African goat, the hideous tobacco worm and man.

The lavender plant has suddenly appeared in South Australia, and the natives expect to establish a lucrative perfumery trade.

This Space Reserved for R. W. Balloch, Centerville.

The cheapest place to buy Trunks and Traveling Bags is at Hugh Hay's, Woodstock.

The Young Englishman.

He arriveth in Manitoba full of hope and eager for glory, for he saith, "I will be an agriculturist." He owneth divers guns, a small revolver and a large bowie-knife. He thinketh in his heart "With these peradventure I may slay a buffalo," but grieveth when he findeth none. His farm he chooseth with an eye for the picturesque, and with some of his spare cash he purchaseth a yoke of cattle. His log house is neat for the space of one week, then cometh an accumulation of matter so great that he saith, "Let her rip." He is up betimes and ploweth sundry furrows with his oxen, and learneth many lessons therefrom in the manners and customs of bovines. When the novelty weareth off, he ceaseth, and seeking the nearest town he quaffeth beakers of Canadian rye, but curseth the usage of the country concerning the same. Still he drinketh it. He attracts around him many curs of many degrees of curriishness, whom he loves, and lays low many kinds of game, till after many years his Sunday best clothes are threadbare, and he saith bitterly "Farming doth not pay," and curseth the country he cannot leave. Still remaineth he joyous, and laughs to scorn all the tribulations which afflict him, and bobbeth up serenely, wiser, but not a whit sadder.—Glenboro Gazette.



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