

DEC. 5TH.]

FARM AND DAIRY.

This column is devoted to agricultural subjects, and the editors will be grateful to farmers if they will use it for the intelligent discussion of matters pertaining to their important calling.

Why Do Hens Stop Laying?

The most profitable hen lays at seasons of the year when eggs are scarce and dear. The thing to do then is to provide conditions which will be conducive to egg production. Laying hens depend less upon seasons of the year than they do upon the weather. That being the case, all poultry keepers should provide comfortable quarters for the hens in both winter and summer. Why is it, says an exchange, that the hens will be in good condition and as soon as the first cold snap comes every one of them will stop laying? It is a matter that is worthy of the attention of poultry men and philosophers. It is a serious thing, when eggs are selling at 3 cents apiece, to have the hens suddenly cease laying when they should be filling the egg basket. It seems hard for the hens, after laying as regularly as clockwork during the summer, when eggs are low, to shut down just when there is the heaviest demand. But there is a cause for it. It is not because of lack of food, as the cessation of egg production may happen in a single day. It is not due to disease, for the hens may be healthy. The cause is lack of warmth. While the heat of the body comes from the food, yet the cold may be so intense that digestion is not sufficiently rapid to create the heat necessary to protect the bird against the cold. Every breath of wind that touches the body or air that is inhaled is warmed by the bird, and that warmth may be lost so rapidly as to cause the hen to suffer from the cold. Egg production ceases because nature's first effort will be to protect the bird before it is permitted to do extra work in production. What is this remedy? It is simply to guard against loss of animal heat. This is done by keeping the cold winds away, by providing shelter and sunny places for the hens, by feeding warm food and giving warm water. No ventilators, cracks or openings are to let in the cold air. If you wish the hens to lay as they do in the summer, they must have summer conditions.—*Cultivator.*

Religion As Jesus Taught It.

The religion of Jesus was not a new religion, but a manifestation of life in an old one. He introduced no new forms or ceremonies, no new organizations, but a new heart and life into a religion which needed reanimation. It is interesting to note that, in accepting the two great commandments as the basis and ultimate of religion, Jesus was going back to centuries which had preceded him. Deeply imbedded in the old law and proclaimed in the preaching of the prophets was the spirit of love to God and love to man. Levitical ritual, priestcraft, the growth of cumbersome and mechanical forms, and all the machinery of ritualism had obscured them. But Jesus brought them out into a light; not by philosophizing about them, but by illustrating them. How cold, dark, uninteresting and even unintelligible are a series of electric inscriptions when the light is not turned on! But turn on the current, and how vivid they stand out in lines of light! The form of the old commandments was never wanting in Judaism. It preserved that form as it did all others. A formal religion may be more conservative of traditions than of anything else, and it will hold fast to forms of words as to forms of observance; but when Jesus brought the line of his own life into these Hebrew precepts, they seemed aglow with new meaning.

Jesus thus recognized what many other inspired prophets since have recognized—that to go forward, he must go back. When the world forgets, neglects or loses sight of any true principle which is necessary for its life and development, it is always the task of the reformer to see that it is taken up again. Outwardly, Hebraism seemed perfect enough; but inwardly it had lost connection with the living battery, with the heart of God and the heart of man. Jesus led men backward only to lead them forward. It was not going back to the old tradition; it was not in the spirit of the antiquarian, who assumes that a thing is better simply because it is older for what Jesus appealed so was a principle of life which in itself is forever new. Love can never grow old. Like the solar heat, it perpetually renews itself, and beams from day to day with new splendor and surprise.

Though Jesus appealed to an old principle, the moment he began to apply it, his ethics as related to man and his worship as related to God immediately took a wider range and higher expression. The mechanical, formal literalism of the scribes and Pharisees he set aside, and preached to men that, unless their righteousness exceeded that of the scribes and Pharisees, they could not enter the kingdom of heaven. Instead of mockeries, platitudes and vain repetitions in worship, he set forth with sublime simplicity the spirit of the Lord's Prayer.

And now it is important to note that the Christian world is summoned to do just what Jesus himself did; namely, to go back to a principle which it has overlooked and neglected, or with which it has lost connection.

It must go back as he did, breaking through creeds, rituals, dogmas, hierarchies, traditions and formalism, to find the life current which is to give it new impulse. There was a permanent element in Judaism, and Jesus found it beneath all the tangled growth of conventionalism; and there is a permanent element in Christianity, and we may find that by going to the source and centre of its life.—*Christian Register (Unitarian.)*

A NOBLE BENEFACTOR.

His Grand Discovery Has Blessed the World.

Paine's Celery Compound Cures Mr. C. F. Kevill, of Dunsford, Ont.

Most Important Testimony From the Cured Man—Kidney Disease was Dragging Him to the Grave—Intense Sufferings Borne for 15 Years—All the Ordinary Medicines had Failed to Meet the Case—A Trial was made of Paine's Celery Compound—Two Bottles of the Life Giving Medicine Banished Every Trace of Disease.

The world has never had a grander or nobler benefactor than Prof. Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D. He was the discoverer of Paine's Celery Compound, that marvellous curing medicine that has dragged so many victims of kidney disease, from the brink of the grave.

Thousands of cured men and women have already contributed their grateful testimony to the extraordinary curing powers of the great medicine in cases of kidney and liver troubles, Bright's disease, palpitation of the heart, dyspepsia and indigestion, nervousness, loss of sleep, depression of spirits, sick headache, loss of vital forces, rheumatism, sciatica and neuralgia; and new testimony is coming in every day from all sections of Canada.

Paine's Celery Compound is doing a work among the sick and diseased that no other medicine has ever done; it cures the worst cases and raises up those who have been pronounced incurable. The following testimony from Mr. C. F. Kevill, of Dunsford, Ont., is strong, convincing, cheering and comforting:

"I wish to testify in favor of the wonderful curative powers of Paine's Celery Compound for two reasons; first in justice to the proprietors; and secondly, for the benefit of suffering humanity.

"For the past fifteen years I have been troubled with diseased kidneys. I am engaged in the manufacture of cheese, and am obliged to work more or less in a stooping posture. At times I found it almost impossible to work owing to severe pains across my kidneys. Often, after working in a stooping position for a time, I would find it very difficult to straighten up at once, and could only do so after repeated efforts.

"Of late years, while laboring under these severe attacks, I became very nervous, and continually had tired, worn-out feelings. My rest at night seemed to do me no good, and I always felt tired out in the morning.

"I had been taking various medicines and was getting worse all the time. At last I decided to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial. I procured a bottle, and took it according to directions, and found its effects wonderful. Before I had used the first bottle I began to improve; after I had used the second bottle I felt as well as ever I did in my life. It had banished all aches and pains, my nervousness was all gone, and the tired and worn-out feelings were banished. I can go to bed now and sleep well, and rise in the morning rested and refreshed.

"I have recommended Paine's Celery Compound to my friends who were suffering from the same troubles as I had, and all have been greatly benefitted. Knowing what it has done, I can cheerfully recommend it to any person suffering from kidney disease."

The Embargo on Cattle.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—Herbert Gardner, president of the Board of Agriculture, has sent Sir John Long, M. P., a letter concerning Sir Charles Tupper's address to a Forfar and Fife deputation of farmers. Sir Charles said Canada had challenged the Board of Agriculture to select the ablest veterinary experts and detectives and investigate the condition of all the cattle in the dominion. Canada have offered to pay the cost of inquiry. He said the prevalence of pleuropneumonia should be established. Sir Charles taunted the board with declining this challenge. Mr. Gardner maintains in his letter that experts proved the existence of the disease among cattle aboard the steamship Mongolia, from Toronto, last summer. He adds: "The matter rests mainly with Canada. She ought to arrange efficiently for giving notice of the lung disease and systematic records should be kept. I hope that this will speedily take place and that the prospects of removing restrictions may be increased."

Life is a grind;
Work is a flunk.
You think, think, think,
And you get nothing think.

R. B. C. the household remedy for stomach troubles.

NOTES BY THE WAY.

Some Matters Worth Knowing About Andover and Grand Falls.

Taking the Presque Isle Express at 1.05 p. m., from Queens street, after a run of about two hours, during which time we have crossed the noble St. John river twice, and have never lost sight of it, we arrive at Andover, a beautiful village of about 300 souls, situated on the right or western bank, and about one mile below the Tobique empties its waters into the majestic St. John.

Andover is pleasantly situated on a flat of land extending along the river to a distance of one and a half miles. In the back ground are high hills, and looking across the river still higher ones meet our view, which gives the village a most picturesque and cosy appearance. It contains a dozen or so of stores, a couple of factories, two saw mills, three churches, three or four lawyers and besides other things which we might mention two hotels, the principal of which is Perley's Hotel, J. A. Perley proprietor. This hotel is situated near the lower end of the village and distant from the station about one mile, but the enterprising proprietor having in view his own interests and those of the travelling public, has recently purchased a very fine hack for the sole purpose of transporting his guests to and from the station, which he does without extra charge. He is thoroughly alive to his own interests for he has had within a couple of years all the modern improvements in the line of hotel equipments placed in his house, making it one of the most comfortable and homelike stopping places in the province. Here the comfort of the guests is looked right after, and he who has stopped there once is sure to come again.

Resuming our journey, the next station is Aroostook Junction, just before arriving here the passengers are informed that they will change cars for Grand Falls and Edmundston. This may seem to have a doubtful meaning, for those passengers who are going on to Presque Isle and other points in that direction are not told to remain in the car, but the information is given as if for all. Arriving here we find one good country store run by W. P. Hopkins who does a good business and looks well after the interests of his customers, not forgetting his own. Here too we find D. B. Hopkins, who carries on a general trading business. He can supply you with a horse, sleigh or wagon, and harness, or if it is haying time with a mowing machine, rake or pitching machine, and you will find he has the right goods too.

After a delay of about half an hour we again start off, this time on the Grand Falls branch, and in about an hour we arrive at Grand Falls, 19 miles from Aroostook Junction, just in time to partake of a good supper at the Hammond House, which is run by Geo. H. West. Of all the places for city building the site of Grand Falls is most unique, the streets crossing each other at right angles. Here would be a most magnificent chance for a firm of capitalists to invest their money. The water of the St. John river could easily be converted into the motive power for running an endless amount of machinery. Wood is convenient in large quantities, is cheap and in great variety, and a factory for working it into the many articles into which it is made would be hailed by the inhabitants as a good omen.

"I want to be a consul,
And with the consuls stand;
'Old Glory' on my house-top,
A fat fee in my hand."

But when he came to get there
He quickly found, I fear,
A thousand-dollar consularship
Required ten thou. a year.

FREDERICTON BUSINESS - COLLEGE

Will give you a better COMMERCIAL COURSE than you can get elsewhere in the Maritime Provinces. Terms moderate. Write for Circular to A. W. YOUNG, Principal, Box 235, Fredericton.

WHEN

You want anything in
Horse Blankets,

—TRY THE—

King Street Harness Shop.

We have them from

FIFTY Cents to SIX Dollars.

Also, a good line of

FALL LAP ROBES.

Will sell Cheap for Cash.

HARNESSES

Made to Order at Short Notice.

REPAIRING done PROMPTLY.

F. L. ATHERTON,

King Street, - - Opp. People's Bank.

WOODSTOCK.

NOTICE.

At Cost for 30 Days!

To our Friends and Patrons in the Town and County:

Owing to the limited space in our store, and to make room for **New Goods**, we have decided that **for the next 30 days** we will **mark down** our entire stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

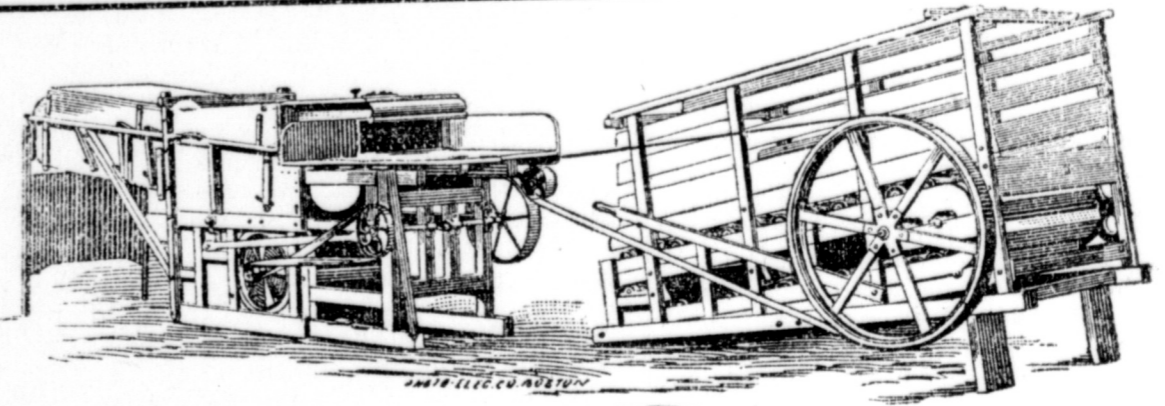
consisting of all kinds and styles **at cost to cash buyers.** Improve the opportunity, and get your Fall and Winter supply of Footwear at **Genuine Bargains.** We mean what we say.

SPECIAL REDUCTIONS

On many lines of Shoes Away Below Cost to clear.

Call, and you will be satisfied that everything is just as we represent, and save money.

J. D. DICKINSON & SONS.



To Parties Intending to Thresh

FOR THE PUBLIC

It is of the greatest importance that they have a machine that will thresh

**FAST, CLEAN WELL,
WASTE NO GRAIN,**

And prove easy for the Team.

We make the only machine that fills the bill. Come and see it. **BUY THE BEST. The BEST is the CHEAPEST.**

SMALL & FISHER,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

**HARNESS
Made & Repaired**

**GREAT VARIETY OF
HARNESS FITTINGS**
ALWAYS IN STOCK.

**H. V. MOOERS, Main Street,
WOODSTOCK.**

C. B. CHURCHILL.
**Tinware, Stove Pipe, Hot
Air Furnaces, Etc.**

**21 KING STREET,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.**

DANIEL LEE,
**Landeau, - Livery - and
Boarding - Stables.**

Coaches in attendance at
Steamboats and Trains.

**DOUBLE and SINGLE TURNOUTS.
ACCOMMODATION BARGE,**

for Picnics and other outings.
LANDEAU.

**A SPECIAL EXHIBITION OF
WINTER
MILLINERY**

—AT—
MISS A. A. GALLAGHER & CO.'S.
"The Only Claims"

That we profess to have on public patronage are the best possible value for the money, and the best stock in town of First-Class Reliable Millinery to select from. Also, a

Special Sale of Felt Hats
FROM 50 CENTS UPWARD.

MISS A. A. GALLAGHER & CO.,
South Side of Bridge,
Next door to B. H. Smith's.
Nov. 14th.

Brewer & Perley
Are paying the Highest Cash
Prices for

POTATOES

—AT THE—
**OLD KITCHEN STAND,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.**

Call and see them before selling elsewhere.

**SUBSCRIBE NOW
FOR
The Dispatch.**