

CORRESPONDENCE.

Bristol.

JAN. 28.—The storm of Saturday was the heaviest of the season, and though only about six inches of snow fell, the wind piled it up in big drifts. Today a crew of men and horses have been busy plowing out the track on the river for driving purposes.

The parish of Kent Sunday School convention will be held in Bristol hall next Thursday, sessions at 2 and 7 p. m. Rev. A. Lucas, the field secretary, and the pastor of the parish will be present.

Rev. M. P. Orser preached three times in the Free Baptist church yesterday.

Mr. Sheridan Rogers, of Pennsylvania, is visiting his father, Mr. Barton Rogers, after an absence of several years.

Dr. Atkinson will go to Fredericton on Wednesday to be present at the opening of the legislature on Thursday, and to take his seat in the house.

George Boyer, who has been seriously ill for some time, is able to be out again.

James Carr's only son is also very low, and small hopes are entertained of his recovery.

Deacon James Derrah, an aged resident of Gordonville, died last Saturday at the home of his son, Harvey Derrah.

Carleton County, L. O. L., will meet in its annual session on Tuesday, 5th inst., in the Victoria lodge room. A large attendance of Orangemen is expected.

Andover.

JAN. 29.—About five inches of snow fell on Saturday. A heavier fall is reported both above and below here. Travelling is heavy owing to the drifts. All the trains were delayed on Saturday. The north express did not get in till six o'clock and the express going south was five hours late.

A well known commercial traveller of Montreal is the happy possessor of two of the finest robes in the country and a splendid fur coat, and he prides himself on having one of the handsomest turn-outs on the river. His appearance is certainly suggestive of comfort but would be much more so were it not that the hard hat is slightly out of place in such a temperature as we have. A person would suppose that on a cold day two robes are better than one; but when one is hung from the back of the seat to trail along the snow, this is only a supposition.

One morning last week while hastening to catch the train one of our coaches had the misfortune to upset. The only passenger, a good looking young gentleman who travels in the hardware line, happily escaped uninjured. Witnesses say it was laughable to see him shoot head foremost through the window into a snow bank.

Mr. Meagher, School Inspector is in town on his way to Madawaska.

Perth.

JAN. 28.—The weather for the past week up to Saturday has been fine. It snowed and drifted all day Saturday causing trains to be very late. The west bound express did not pass here until 12.30 p. m. It was stopped by the storm between Presque Isle and Caribou.

Mrs. W. D. Appleby left here Saturday night for the hospital at St. John to have her arm operated on.

Miss May Alexander, of Hartland, is the guest of Mrs. James McPhail.

F. H. Hale and Turney Whitehead were in town today.

The Presbyterian church at Lower Kincardine, held Burns' anniversary in the manse Friday evening. There were two hundred or more present. The evening's programme consisted of readings, singing and recitations. All took part in the amusements, young and old. Mr. A. Henderson of Woodstock, was present, also Mrs. G. T. Baird. Mrs. A. B. Street, Mr. and Mrs. James McPhail of this place were present, and as the roads were fine they enjoyed the drive at midnight returning home after spending a pleasant evening.

Victory for Sir Oliver Mowat.

KINGSTON, Jan. 28.—Hon. Wm. Hartly, commissioner of public works, for Ontario, was victorious in the bye-election here today for the Ontario legislature, receiving the handsome majority of 432 over his old-time opponent, Dr. Smythe. It will be remembered Smythe defeated Hartly at the general election by the narrow majority of five last June, and was unseated for corrupt practices, thus necessitating another election. Both sides worked hard, but Hartly's election this time was a forgone conclusion. The total vote was: Hartly 2,283, Smythe 1,851.

Floods in England.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—A terrific rainstorm has prevailed in the Midlands. The roads from Tamworth to Birmingham and Lichfield are submerged, and traffic is entirely suspended. There are five feet of water in the streets of Evesham, where an election took place for member of Parliament. The voters were obliged to go to the polling places in boats. The towns of Eton and Buckingham are partly submerged.

Prohibition to be Tested.

The state of South Dakota is to have the experience of a test vote on prohibition which has been in force for five years. The resubmission bill was passed in the senate by a vote of 26 to 19.

Father Lefebvre Dead.

DORCHESTER, Jan. 28.—Rev. Father Lefebvre, who founded and was superior of St. Joseph's College, Memramcook, was found dead in bed this morning.

Should you want to make a harbor for your carriage that wants painting, bring or send it to McKenzie, the Sleepless Painter, who is always awake to do business in his line. Shop Loane's Factory, Connell St., Woodstock. Address, John McKenzie, P. O. Box 209.

Mr. Laurance, the oculist, will be at W. E. Thistle's drug store, Hartland, tomorrow (Thursday).

Laurier's Hearty Reception.

The Montreal correspondent to the Toronto Mail, (independent) gives the following account of the Laurier meeting held in Montreal last week: The Liberal campaign was opened in this city with a great hurrah, and if the enthusiasm manifested at this great gathering is any indication, the country has a very lively political campaign before it. Two thousand people packed the Windsor hall to overflowing. Even the aisles were crowded, and hundreds of people were unable to gain admittance. This is not the estimate of a partisan chronicler, but the cool calculation of an impartial observer. The crush was so great that it was found necessary to close the doors before eight o'clock, and many could not obtain admission. The hall was beautifully decorated for the occasion with plants and flags, and appropriate inscriptions covered the walls, such as the following:—Results of the National Policy, farm and land value decreased, distress for the masses, riches for the few, development of the monopolies, trusts, and combines, checked immigration, loss of population, obstacles to commerce, discrimination against Great Britain, discharge of railway and factory employes, increased national debt and expenses, depressed industries, thousands daily clamoring for bread, remove the breaches from trade, lessen the cost of living, down with monopolies, trusts and combines, stop the fight of exiles.

When Mr. Laurier, accompanied by Sir Oliver Mowat and Mr. Paterson, M. P. for Brant, appeared on the platform at eight o'clock, the vast gathering rose and broke into tumultuous cheering, which lasted for several minutes. The cheering was interspersed with cries of "What's the matter with Laurier? What's the matter with Mowat, and what's the matter with the Liberal party?" which evoked hearty responses of "They're all right."

When Mr. Laurier came forward to commence his address he was greeted with another outburst of applause. Mr. Laurier was in fine form, and spoke for an hour and a half, dealing principally with the Liberal tariff policy, which he declared emphatically to be a tariff for revenue only. One of the most important features of Mr. Laurier's address was his emphatic declaration that if the Liberals came into power there would be no revolutionary dealing with the tariff, but what Mr. Laurier termed a happy medium of reform for revenue only. Mr. Laurier was greeted with frequent applause, and his denunciation of protection was enthusiastically cheered.

Concluding he said:—We are Liberals of the English school, and upon that platform we are prepared to meet the Canadian electors whenever the next election will take place. When will that time come? I am not in the secret of the false gods who sit at Ottawa. What I do know is that death will come like a thief in the night, and the Government at Ottawa represents death in more ways than one. It has already come like a thief, and it may come again. The Government, I know, have the power to dissolve Parliament at any time, but they have not that power for mere caprice, but for adequate cause. Yet it is not for cause adequate that the Conservative party of late years asked for dissolution. The business community is certainly entitled to know whether we will have a session or a dissolution; but I know this, that the question which is debated today is not whether there is adequate cause or not to go to the country, but whether or not it would be to the advantage of the Conservative party to have a dissolution today or to have the election later on. In 1891 they obtained dissolution from Lord Stanley by deceit and falsehood. They stated that they had obtained from Mr. Blaine, Secretary of State in Mr. Harrison's Administration, an invitation to go to Washington to enter into negotiations for the renewal of the reciprocity treaty of 1854. That was a falsehood, for which they had to eat humble pie at Washington, and Sir Charles Tupper so admitted to Mr. Blaine. But through that falsehood they snatched a verdict from the people of Canada. It was an outrage upon free parliamentary institutions. (Applause.) But, at all events, let dissolution be tomorrow, let it be later on, or next year, I do not care which, whenever it comes, we shall be ready for the fray. (Loud applause.) We shall fight a fair battle, and we shall win. (Great applause.) I do not say this in any spirit of boastfulness. As the late Sir John Macdonald once said, there is nothing so uncertain as an election, a horse race, or a cock fight. (Loud laughter and applause.) But the signs of the times are that the people are determined to have a change at Ottawa, and we will accept the verdict of the people of Canada. Gentlemen of the city of Montreal, I now have explained what is the programme of the Liberal party, and it is as plain as it can be, I am sure. It is a programme of a Customs tariff on the basis of revenue, and nothing else. That is the issue upon which we intend to fight, and that is the issue upon which I invite the co-operation of the whole city of Montreal, and of the whole Dominion. (Great applause.)

Sir Oliver Mowat, who followed Mr. Laurier, was complimentary and reminiscent, and promised that Ontario would do its part in the next election. Mr. Paterson, who was the closing speaker, was favorable and declamatory, and evoked considerable enthusiasm by his strong denunciation of the protective policy. The meeting closed with loud cheers for the Liberal leaders.

Liquor Question in Maine.

The everlasting liquor question is being revived in Maine. At a late session of the legislature there came somewhat of a curiosity, in the shape of a bill introduced by Representative Bartlett, the prohibition house leader, which proposed that the state offer a standing reward of \$50 to any and all persons who, after taking the Keeley treatment, abstain from the use of the wine cup for twelve months. That bill created a deal of amusement on the floor of the house, which it took the speaker's gavel to stop. Then came what would have caused a big sensation, had not the early arrival of the Associated Press morning papers informed several members of what was coming. It was the bill sent up by Mr. Patten of Bath, to re-submit the prohibitory constitutional amendment to the people at the next September election. As it was, the prohibitionists were profoundly surprised, and as the speaker read a little of the bill a little stir ran up and down the room among the seats. In the senate, Mr. Shaw of Aroostook sent up a bill providing for the abolishment of the office of state liquor commissioner, substituting therefore a board comprised of three members of the executive council, appointed by the governor, who should buy all intoxicating liquors and dispense them to city and town agencies, after being tested for purity by a special appointed assayer. Local agents will be allowed a certain percentage on their sales. That ended the liquor business for the day. It is the general opinion that the Keeley reward will die peacefully, while the Shaw bill will receive respectful consideration. What will become of the re-submission bill cannot be said. Everybody seems to expect that it will be the object of a hot fight. Members in general express themselves as sorry that it has been presented, probably because of the time it will consume in settling, as well as on account of the unpleasantness it will cause.

More Armenian Outrages.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Daily News correspondent in Constantinople sends this despatch: The Armenians of Tarsus, purchased thirty years ago a walled cemetery. The Turks recently have forbidden interments there, pretending that the Armenians used the place as a depot for arms. Troops destroyed the Armenian inscriptions on the gateway and defaced the words from the crosses on the tombs and covered the structures with filth. The Armenians protested to the authorities and reported the outrage to their patriarch.

A Story of the Late Premier.

Last week's Outlook contains a beautifully written article on "Canada's Late Premier," by the Countess of Aberdeen. She repeats the story of Sir John, that when a woman, whose savings he had invested for her many years before, came to tell him she had lost her money he contrived with great inconvenience to himself to give her back the money, conceiving himself in a measure responsible for the loss.

Lord Randolph Buried.

A London dispatch of the 28th inst. says: The interment of the body of Lord Randolph Churchill took place at Blenheim Park, Woodstock, today. The Queen, the Prince of Wales and the Emperor of Germany sent representatives to the funeral and there were also present delegates from various Conservative associations and a number of members of the house of commons.

Want Canadian Lumber.

WINNIPEG, MAN., Jan. 28.—Two Chicago capitalists are here endeavoring to purchase the entire lumber cut of the Portage district mills for this year. They say that the pine forests of Minnesota are rapidly being depleted, which sends the United States dealers and lumbermen into the north-western Ontario woods for their supply.

Reduction.

The Victoria (Australia) Parliament yesterday passed the income tax bill and fixed the salary of the Governor at £7000 a year, a reduction of £3000 a year, the reductions to go into effect July 1, 1895.—*Ex.* Canada should follow suit.

Censorship of the Press.

ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 28.—The Czar has instructed a commission to revise the rules governing the censorship of the foreign press despatches. His purpose is to make the rules as lenient as possible.

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For your Christmas photographs, Main St. next door below H. V. Dalling's store.

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Vegetable in children and
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Our little New Year hatchet has been at work slicing slices from previous prices. Now is the time to get the most goods for the least money, in any department of our establishment.

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To Enter 1895

With your best wishes has been our endeavor. It will be our constant endeavor to make our Hardware just suit you. It is plain our planes have been trimming prices into a slim and attractive form during 1894, and we intend to still keep on planing in 1895. Perhaps you do not play see-saw, but you can see saws in our establishment that put to flight, in cutting qualities, the saws you see elsewhere. We will sell you a first class Disston Narrow Cut Saw, patent handles, for \$1.25. If you were wood you would cry in pain when our fine chisels touched your grain, with their highly tempered points. Tools for anything from building houses to shaving slices off a door that is tight. We have a few fancy goods left over from our Xmas trade which we have marked down to cost. Now is the time to get a good bargain.

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January 1895

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