

# THE DISPATCH.

VOL. 2. NO. 28.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., DECEMBER 11, 1895.

PRICE TWO CENTS

## Christmas

**Gifts** Are easy to select from the large stock of.....

## SOLID SILVERWARE

Which we carry, ranging from the modest and inexpensive article to the handsomest and most expensive. We can suit everyone's purse. Come in and look over our stock.

**CARR & GIBSON, 31 MAIN STREET, Woodstock.**



**TEA and COFFEE POTS, Nicked on Copper, Cold Handle, Embossed Body. HOT WATER KETTLES. WHITE ENAMEL TEAPOTS (Decorated.)**

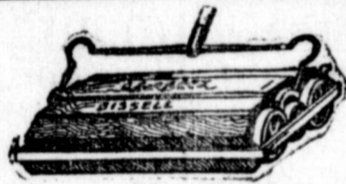
Complete Assortment. First Quality.

**LANTERNS.** Six Different Styles.

Furber Wood Pumps, Paints, Oils, Etc.

Call & See Them.

**BURTT, LEE & HALE.**



*"Bissell's Carpet Sweepers—The Best in the World. No Equal."*

**A Full Line**

OF THESE

## Celebrated Sweepers IN STOCK.

Call and look the line over. Take one home, keep it a week, and if not satisfactory return it. We charge nothing for the use of it.

## Dibblee & Son

O Yes, Right Here!

You can get 'em. We sell 'em.

Choice Groceries, Pure Confectionery, Good Fruits, Reliable Crockery, Beautiful Glassware.

Choice Teas a Specialty. EGGS WANTED.

C. M. SHERWOOD & BROS. Lynch Block, Main Street.

## D. FITZGERALD & SON

Have closed their Harness Shop at Bristol, as they are not able to run three shops in a satisfactory manner. They have REMOVED their stock and their harness maker to Centreville. They can now be found as usual at

**Centreville and Glassville,**

where they carry full stocks of LEATHER, BOOTS, and HARNESS of all kinds. OIL TAN MOCCASINS, SHOE PACKS, HORSE BLANKETS, LAP ROBES, WAGGON BOOTS, WHIPS, and all other goods usually kept in a first-class store of this kind. Cash paid for Hides, Calf Skins, and tallow.

D. FITZGERALD & SON, Centreville and Glassville.

## ST. GERTRUDE STREET IS STILL IN EVIDENCE.

COUN. NICHOLSON THINKS STREET COMMITTEE ARE PLAYING BLUFF.

Surveyor Stone Reports on the Encumbrances.—His Report Referred Back for More Particulars.—Coun. Bailey Wants an Explanation.—Other Matters.

The town council is a very active body in the matter of holding meetings, at any rate. There was one on Friday evening at which all the members were present, excepting Couns. Vanwart and Smith.

The first discussion was over Mr. S. B. Appleby's bill for his services in connection with the Glidden suit.

Couns. Leighton and Nicholson on behalf of the committee which was appointed in the matter on the Monday previous reported that they had seen Mr. Appleby, and he had offered to itemize the bill, but after his explanation they concluded that it was not necessary, and recommended that the bill be paid.

Coun. Jones moved that the bill be referred back for itemization, and Coun. Arnold seconded the motion.

Coun. Leighton told Coun. Jones of a bill which A. B. Connell had presented some time ago for certain services, amounting to \$21.00 when the case was settled, and which he (Coun. Jones) had recommended paid, without itemization.

Couns. Gallagher and Bailey complained that the committee had not carried out the instruction of the council, which was that they should see that an itemized bill was handed to the council.

Coun. Jones' motion carried, Jones, Arnold, Gallagher, Bailey, Carr, voting for it, and Couns. Nicholson and Leighton against it.

Quite a little excitement occurred over the report of Surveyor Stone on St. Gertrude's street. It was to the effect that all the lots were encroaching on the highway, some as much as 9 feet some 4, 3 and 2 feet. As the surveyor had not surveyed the entire street Coun. Gallagher moved that the report be referred back, with instruction that it include the survey of the whole street. This was not seconded but a motion by Coun. Leighton that the committee be instructed to bring in a fuller report was duly seconded by Coun. Gallagher.

Coun. Bailey—It seems to me there is a great deal of—

Shineganying—interrupted Coun. Leighton.

Coun. Bailey—Yes, that is about the way to put it. This survey is to be referred back. I did not hear any objection about the whole street when the other end was surveyed. The councillors do not appear to bite at this as hard as they did on the other end. I would like the matter explained.

Coun. Nicholson—Why should not the encumbrances be removed which it is already shown exist? If the committee is sincere why do they not act on the report as far as it goes? I do not think there is any fear of them overtaking the surveyor. When the encumbrance was referred to at the other end, the council could not allow Coun. Carr from Monday till Friday to look into the case. I believe the street committee do not intend to remove the encumbrance at all. If they did, the law is laid down and they have only to follow it. The whole thing does not look well for the council.

Coun. Gallagher—I do not think that Coun. Nicholson knows what he is talking about. What authority have we to remove the encumbrances, without legal advice?

Coun. Nicholson—What has legal advice to do with it? We have the law laid down that the street shall be so wide, and that any encumbrance shall be removed.

Coun. Leighton's motion was carried.

## KINGSTON CAN SYMPATHIZE.

With Woodstock Over Loss of an Appeal Case.

In view of the fact that the town of Woodstock is a good deal interested in the question of suits for damages, the following bit of news from Toronto will be interesting. The city of Kingston appeared before the common pleas division of the Court of Queen's Bench to set aside the verdict of the jury in favor of the plaintiff (Miss J. G. Drennan) for \$1500 damages. The plaintiff, February last, fell at the corner of Princess and Montreal-streets in the Limestone City, and broke her leg, owing, she alleged, to the faulty construction of the street crossing, which slanted so that ice formed, and not being removed caused her fall. Counsel contended that gross negligence had not been shown, and therefore the plaintiff must fail, as provided by Ontario Statute 57 Vic., ch. 50, sec. 13, in such cases,

and also that notice of action had not been given, and that plaintiff's excuse for not giving same, viz., because she was ill from result of accident, was not sufficient. Their Lordships could not see the matter in that way and dismissed the motion with costs.

## AGAINST BLOOMERS.

Centreville Mock Parliament Discusses the New Woman.

The people of Centreville have placed their mock parliament on a footing that might well be emulated by their Woodstock friends. In their speaker they have a gentleman, whose long experience in parliament, enables him to conduct the business of the house in a formal parliamentary manner, and the younger members are enabled to absorb lessons in parliamentary procedure that will be of use to them in later life. H. T. Scholey, prime minister, has an able cabinet in S. A. McKenzie, post master general; C. M. Sherwood, minister of finance; H. W. Peppers, secretary of state; Ernest M. Reid, inland revenue; G. E. Perkins, interior; Hiram J. Clark, justice; Freeland McKenzie, militia, and Herrick Scholey, marine and fisheries. Jack Flewelling occupies the post of clerk of the house in a manner that is "out of sight." J. J. Gallagher Barrister at Law leads the opposition, and many a war of words on questions of order occur between himself and the leader of the government. The parliament meets in Mr. Scholey's hall, who generously gives it free of charge and he has recently sheathed the sides and cleaned it up to make it more inviting. At the session last Wednesday evening there must have been between 200 and 300 people some of whom had driven several miles to take their seats on the floor of the house or in the galleries. Some new members were introduced after the house was opened, and then business was attacked. Ed. West moved the house into a committee of the whole on a bill to prevent women wearing "pantalettes or bloomers." The speaker left the chair and called William Owens to preside in committee. Mr. West made a lucid explanation of the bill and earnestly requested the house to pass it. The leader of the government strenuously opposed the bill and brought to bear on it the whole force of his invective and ridicule. Speaker White also spoke against it, and in the course of his speech he remarked the beauty and grace of one young lady in particular whom he had seen riding the streets of Centreville on her bicycle. Mr. Peppers, secretary of state, took his stand with the mover of the bill and made a forceful attack on the new woman in general and pantalettes in particular. Mr. Gallagher leader of the opposition got to his feet in his usual leisurely fashion and proceeded to comb out both the leader of the government and the secretary of state, and for a while repartee was the order of the evening. He spoke against the bill as did Charles Appleby who followed him. Rev. J. A. Cahill also spoke against the bill, but he suggested to the house that there were features of women's dress that he would gladly vote to have prohibited. After many a passage at arms between the two party leaders the committee decided to report progress. Excellent order was maintained and a keen interest taken in the meeting. It is to be hoped that the Woodstock parliament and the Centreville parliament may meet in joint debate during the winter. The ladies of Centreville have promised to help the members get up a grand concert, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the further finishing of the hall.

## Standard Time.

The Fredericton city council has referred the question of the adoption of standard time to a committee. The Herald says:—"The city council might have gone straight ahead last night, and passed the resolution adopting standard time, instead of side-tracking the matter by referring it to a committee. There is no opposition apparent to the adoption of standard time, but the present council are evidently afraid to assume the responsibility of dealing decisively with any question, however small."

## Three New Law Suits.

George A. White, Agent of the Peoples Bank of Halifax, has been served with three writs issued out of the Supreme Court at the suits of Fred Moore, C. Miles Moore and George B. Moore, for the publication of the notice appearing in the last issue of the Carleton Sentinel, cautioning any person from purchasing any of their property, and threatening prosecution if they did. The Messrs. Moore claim heavy damages for the arbitrary and unwarrantable act.

Virtue consists in doing our duty in the several relations we sustain, in respect to ourselves, to our fellow-men and to God, as known from reason, conscience and revelation.

## TWO WIVES GET A MAN IN TROUBLE.

ARREST ON A CHARGE OF BIGAMY IN MALDEN, MASS.

Dr. Johnston A. Saunders is Known to Woodstock People.—Peculiar Circumstances of the Case.—Got Married and Became Insane.—

A sensational story comes from Malden, Mass., in which a Carleton County man and woman figure as principals. A dispatch dated Dec. 3rd appeared in the St. John Globe, of a recent date. It reads as follows. In the district court the case of Dr. Johnston A. Saunders, charged with bigamy, came up for trial, but was continued. It is claimed defendant married at Woodstock, N.B., in 1880 and again in Connecticut four years ago without a divorce intervening. The defence claims that Dr. Saunders married Jennie S. Roulston in New Brunswick and the next day was committed to the St. John Insane Asylum for a year and did not remember the marriage. When released and informed he consulted authorities and it was stated that the marriage was void. He afterwards met the lady in Lynn, Mass., but she would not recognize him, he claims. Taking the Canadian lawyers' judgment that the marriage was void, he, four years ago, married Miss Henrietta Herman in Connecticut, by whom he has had two children. The doctor is a graduate of two medical institutions and accumulated property in the west.

A DISPATCH representative spoke to several citizens, and they remembered a man bearing the name of Johnston Saunders who lived down the river several miles, on the eastern side. He was a large, well built, handsome man, but erratic in his manner, and regarded, when they remembered him as only about "half baked." At times he was known to be subject to insanity. The fact of his marriage is also remembered. Miss Roulston, lived on the other side of the river some miles below town. Further details of the case state that "Dr" Johnston A. Saunders applied to a Church of England clergyman to be married, but was refused on the ground that he was not in his right mind. He had more success, however, with a Methodist minister, and duly married Miss Roulston. The very next day, it is said, he was taken to the insane asylum in St. John, where he remained from July 26, 1880 until May 21, 1881.

After getting out of the lunatic asylum, Mr. Saunders went to Connecticut. It was not known here, that he was entering the medical profession, but it seems he has done so, and is now a full fledged M. D. It appears, that after his release from the asylum, he consulted some eminent light of the legal profession, who informed him that his marriage with Miss Roulston was void. Saunders claiming that in 1881, he met the first partner of his joys and woes in Lynn, and then and there offered to bind the marriage, but that she declined to continue the partnership. Considering himself a free man, he thereupon married another lady, a Miss Henrietta Herman. Now, the story goes that the wife, No. 1 hearing of this, decided to sue the doctor for bigamy. He has two children by spouse No. 2. Both wives appeared in court, when the charge was laid and No. 2 went the doctor's bail for \$500. There appear to be some very contradictory facts put in evidence regarding the case, as one report says that wife No. 1 lived with Saunders two weeks, and had to leave him because of his brutality. This hardly agrees with the statement that he went to the lunatic asylum, the day after his marriage in this town. Saunders was in the western states some time, where he is said to have accumulated considerable property.

Says a dispatch: Another feature of the case is the alleged assault which took place in the office of Lawyer C. R. Morse, Boston, Monday afternoon. Lawyer Morse is counsel for Mrs. Saunders No. 1. Mr. Morse says he was in the office that afternoon talking with Wm. Robertson when Saunders entered. It is alleged Saunders owes Robertson money. When Saunders saw Robertson the lawyer says he made an unprovoked assault upon him, during which considerable blood was shed, Robertson being badly used up. Robertson was in court Wednesday, but the non-appearance of Saunders prevented him from testifying. Mr. Morse claims the assault probably had more or less to do with Saunders' non-appearance and that the cause of assault was that Saunders thought Robertson was at the bottom of his arrest. No capias has been issued for Saunders's arrest, as he will be given some time to appear and explain the cause of his non-appearance. Saunders' lawyer stated his client was in Malden, and does not understand why he did not appear in court.