

**The Issue Plainly Stated.**

By free coinage it is meant that anybody—individuals and corporations, natives and foreigners—may send bullion to the United States mints and have it coined into dollars free of charge, except the cost of the alloy employed. The dollars thus returned to the owners of the bullion would each be a legal tender for the payment of one hundred cents of indebtedness. The word "unlimited," as used in this connection, means that there should be no restriction as to the amount of bullion thus received for coinage—all the silver in the world if you please. "Independent" coinage means that this country alone, without the help of any foreign nation, shall undertake this unlimited coinage scheme, and, of course, the coins could circulate only in the United States. This is the "free" independent and unlimited coinage of silver." Finally, the ratio at which this coinage would be conducted—"sixteen to one"—means that each sixteen pounds of silver would be coined into as much legal tender money as each pound of gold.

Our mints and those of all the great commercial nations of Europe are today open to the free coinage of gold. None of them is open to silver. Our gold coin is accepted in any market in the world at the equivalent of its face value, not because of the mint stamp, but because the bullion in it is worth that amount. Persons in this city who have payments to make in Europe send either gold coin or gold bars. It goes on its intrinsic value. Now, in the form of bullion it takes about thirty pounds of silver to equal a pound of gold. The Chicago proposition to make sixteen pounds of silver coins equal a pound of gold coins could be imposed only upon our own people. The dollar containing only 53 cents worth of silver could be forced by law upon creditors in this country as legal tender for one hundred cents of debt. We have an existence today nearly six hundred millions of silver dollars and silver bullion, against which circulating notes have been issued, and these have thus far been kept at an equality with gold dollars, because the government has ceased to create any more of this legal tender silver and has kept the amount already in existence as good as gold by preserving the national credit and redeeming its obligations in gold when demanded.

But if the United States placed its mints at the free service of every foreigner who chose to have fifty-three cents worth of silver stamped into a dollar with which he could then discharge a hundred cents of debt to our own citizens—with every miner in this country and every owner of gold spoons turning his silver into dollars without end—it stands to reason that the government could not keep the vast unlimited mass of silver dollars at a parity with gold, and they would circulate at home and abroad, like the dollars of free coinage Mexico, at their worth in bullion. Persons who visit Mexico get a valuable coinage. A man may get a meal and when he puts down an American dollar in payment will get back as change a Mexican dollar, which contains six grains more silver than our own. He gets a demonstration of the fact that it is the credit of our government that keeps the silver dollar afloat at forty-seven cents more than its intrinsic value, just as it keeps its paper notes, which have no intrinsic value at all, at an equality with a gold dollar. "Free, unlimited and independent coinage at sixteen to one" would mean dollars worth only fifty-three cents. The wage-earner and the man on salary would be paid in these, thus cutting his income down one-half, and every debtor could pay his creditor with these depreciated dollars. If it ever became evident that the American people were so dishonest and so foolish as to adopt such a policy there would be a rush to anticipate its effects. The six hundred millions gold in the country would at once be hoarded or exported, and this enormous contraction would precipitate a panic, with all its dread sequel of distracted business, idle industries and unemployed labor. In the crash and in the subsequent readjustment to the depreciated currency the rich would get richer, and the poor would be poorer than ever, and it would require a generation's organized agitation to bring back wages to their present relative purchasing power.—New York Herald.

**Completely Knocked Out.**

"I was so much run down I had to give up work, and I felt as if life was not worth living," writes Wm. W. Thompson, Zephyr, Ont. "I took Scott's Sarsaparilla and am now feeling as I did years ago." Scott's Sarsaparilla tones up the entire system, purifies the blood, and eradicates rheumatic and scrofulous poisons. Ask for Scott's and get it.

**"Bulls" Not Irish.**

Those who are not Irishmen sometimes trespass on Irish property. A French cure, preaching about sudden death, said, "Thus it is with us. We go to bed well, and get up stone dead!"

An old French lawyer, writing of an estate he had just bought, added, "There is a chapel upon it in which my wife and I wish to be buried, if God spares our lives."

An English lecturer on chemistry said, "One drop of this poison placed on the tongue of a cat is sufficient to kill the strongest man," and an English lieutenant said that the Royal Niger Company wished to kill him to prevent him going up the river until next year.

**Sir S. L. Tilley's Will.**

The will of Sir Leonard Tilley was probated at St. John Tuesday. The real estate is sworn at \$18,835, and personal at \$19,201.18. Lady Tilley and James A. Belyea are executrix and executor, and Leonard Tilley proctor. Sir Leonard left a number of bequests to charitable institutions; \$1,000 is given to the Diocesan Church Society. This was insurance on deceased's life, and was conveyed to the society before death. \$500 is bequeathed to the British and Foreign Bible Society, \$1,000 to Superannuated clergy fund of D. O. C. Society, and \$1,000 to the Y. M. C. A. of St. John. To Lady Tilley, house and land in St. Andrews, his daughters, Annie Burpee, Julia deWolf, Mrs. J. D. Chipman, and to his sons, Herbert C. Tilley and L. P. D. Tilley, \$2,000 each; to his grandson, L. Lee Street, \$2,000, and to his daughter Julia Tilley, \$4,000; to his son, Leonard A. Tilley, of Toronto, \$1,000, and to Laura Edith Tilley, granddaughter, \$1,000; to Bessie Tilley, widow of H. Harrison Tilley, \$900. The residue of the estate is left to Lady Tilley, to whom is to be paid an annuity of \$1,500 from rents of buildings on King street. All real estate, mortgages, bonds, etc., vested in Sir Leonard Tilley in trust, are transferred to the executors.

A mild laxative, do not sicken—the best family medicine  
**Beach's Stomach & Liver Pills** Small, Sugar Coated, Vegetable

**For Good Value**  
GO TO—  
**E. J. CLARKE'S**  
**Dry Goods Store.**

**The Celebrated Onyx Hosiery.**

A large importation just received from Germany. All Sizes for Ladies and Children.

A beautiful variety in  
**LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS,**  
Of Unique and Handsome Designs.

**Dress Goods of All Kinds.**  
A complete assortment of  
**Kid Gloves.**

**E. J. CLARKE,**  
Connell Block, : Main Street.

**THE VENDOME**

Has been cleaned and garnished and presents a most inviting appearance. I am running it in such a way as to meet the approval of the best class of customers. Call on me and see. My summer menu will contain Oysters, Pigs' Feet, Lambs' Tongues, Ice Cream, Strawberries and Cream, all kinds of Refreshing Drinks. The location near the station, makes the Vendome a handy place to get a light lunch when in a hurry.

**MRS. R. B. GIBSON,**  
Proprietor.  
Queen St., Woodstock.

**Men's Long Boots,**

" **Heavy Boots,**

" **Light Boots,**

" **Heavy Shoes,**

" **Slippers.**

**Ladies' Button Boots,**

" **Laced Boots,**

**Children's Boots & Shoes.**

All Sizes, Qualities and Styles of Men's, Women's and Children's Boots, Shoes and Slippers.

**BAILEY BROS.**

It is now good time to get the hay caps ready for the protection of the crop. There is always risk of weather, proverbially uncertain. And the hay necessarily suffers in quality or in the cost of the harvesting, when there is rain at the time. But with the hay caps there will always be time to get the hay under cover, and two, three, or even four days' steady rain will not hurt the hay. The cost is but a trifle if the right way is gone about.

This is to get a piece of the strongest unbleached sheeting a yard and a half wide. Tear it into squares, and hem the rough edges. Turn up the corners four inches, and sew the end firmly, leaving a space in which to put a cord loop that may be used to hold the cap firmly against the wind by means of a wooden pin stuck into the hay. The caps are first steeped in a solution of the following: Two and a half pounds of alum and the same of sugar of lead are dissolved in separate vessels in four gallons of water, in each. When dissolved the liquids are poured together into a tub, until a precipitate settles. The clear solution left is poured off and the cloths are steeped in it a few minutes. When dry they are ready for use.

**CAPTAIN SWEENEY,** U. S. A., San Diego, Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c.

Some popular ideas on the effect of weather in varying the quantity and quality of milk have led to some interesting investigations. These indicate that during a falling temperature the quality of the milk has a tendency to become richer, while a rising temperature has a contrary effect—the milk becomes less rich. The approach of a storm does not seem to make any change in quantity or quality. No connection is found between storms and the number of pounds of butter fat. Cows in flush milk on pasture give as much or more milk, and of just as good a quality in bad weather. When a storm is over they give a less quantity of richer milk.

Kind Words from the Fred. Victor Mission Bible Class.

On behalf of the Fred. Victor Mission Bible Class I wish to express our gratitude to you for the box of Chase's Ointment which you supplied in aid of our charitable work to the infant child of Mrs. Brownrig, 162 River street. Ten days ago the child was awfully afflicted with scald head, the face being literally one scab from forehead to chin, and in that brief time a complete cure has been effected. Surely your gift was worth more than its weight in gold.

**EDMUND YEIGH,**  
264 Sherbourne St., Toronto.

How sad is his plight who has no sacred self; who never falls back on a conviction, as a believer on his gods, whose soul is the empty mirror of the world's passing fashions and shows.

**Brunswick House.**

I have leased the Brunswick House on Main Street, South Side of Bridge, and am now prepared to accommodate permanent and transient boarders. Good stabling facilities in connection.

**JOHN HILLMAN,**  
Proprietor.

**W. E. THISTLE,**  
**DRUGGIST.**

HARTLAND, N. B., June 19, 1896.

Dear Sir,—I beg to inform you that, on and after the 1st of August, 1896, I intend to adopt the CASH SYSTEM, believing that it will be for the mutual advantage of my customers and myself.

Thanking my friends for past liberal patronage I invite them to continue the same.

With a fresh and full stock of goods in my new store, I will tell as cheap as any establishment in the county.

An immediate settlement of outstanding accounts is requested.

Yours truly,  
**W. E. THISTLE.**

**WANTED.**

Birch, Ash, Pine,  
Butternut and Spruce  
Planks and Boards.

I will pay cash.

**JAMES HAYDEN,** Woodstock

**Upholstering!**

**GEORGE LAIRD,**

who has done all of Alex. Henderson's Upholstering for over seven years, will take orders for any work in this line at the Vendome Restaurant, Queen street. Entire satisfaction guaranteed. He will supply any material necessary to a good job.

**GEORGE LAIRD,**  
Woodstock.



**A Whole Kitchen Outfit**  
(14 pieces)

**FOR ONE DOLLAR.**

Call and get a set before they are all gone.

**W. F. Dibblee & Son.**

**ONE WAY OUT!**

That is in selling what Carriages we were able to save from the Fire at Upper Woodstock.

We invite all those desiring a **FIRST-CLASS CARRIAGE** in every respect to step into our new warehouses opp. the office of Small & Fisher, upper end of town, and help along home manufactures. Thanking our many friends for their kind sympathy extended, we cherish the hope that those who wish a **Carriage or Heavy Wagon** will give us a call. Fine Repairing of all kinds, in wood, iron or Upholstering on Carriages done on the premises. Fine Cabinet work made to order.

Yours truly,

**Chestnut & Hipwell.**

**Crown**  
**Mowers.**

Eleventh Year in the Market  
Without Change of Construction.

We don't have to put on so-called improvements every year to make them sell; each year we try to improve them in material and workmanship.

Intending purchasers please call and see them, buy the Best, the Best is the Cheapest.

WE ARE ALSO AGENTS FOR THE CELEBRATED

**BUCK'S STEEL OVEN RANGE,**

The leading Range in the Canadian market.—Farmers in want of a Range had better call and see "Buck's Superb" before purchasing Fake Ranges from unknown Peddlers.

**SMALL & FISHER CO.**  
Woodstock, N. B.

**Cheap Sale.**

**All Summer Goods, together with a Lot of Remnants will be cleared out Regardless of cost.**

**McManus Bros.**