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R. K. JONES.

Woodstock, April 17, 1896.

A BAD FIT
IS TO BE AVOIDED!

T. L. McRAE,

Merchant Tailor,

Is conducting the business carried on for many years past by the late J. B. McRae at the old stand.

LATEST NEW YORK FASHIONS
Received Monthly.

Work done Promptly and Thoroughly

Mr. McRae respectfully solicits the patronage of all old, and as many new customers as are willing to give him a trial.

U. R. Hanson

Desires to announce to the Public that he has arriving each week at his warehouse fresh from Boston, the following:

Oranges,
Bananas,
Lemons,

and all other Fruits in their season. Also, in stock:

Nuts, Cigars, Confectionery,
Dates and Apples.

Sold to the trade only. Small profits and prompt payment is our motto.

U. R. HANSON, Auctioneer, Com. Agent.
Woodstock, March 24, 1896.Dyspepsia, stoppage of water and bowels, fever, worms, rough hair cured by the
GRANGER
CONDITION
POWDEROLD LOWER WOODSTOCK
AND VICINITY.

[No. 76.]

The original parish of Woodstock extended as far down the river as the mouth of the Shogomoc. We have already described the settlement of the upper part of the parish by members of Genl. De Lancey's brigade. The lower part of the parish was reserved for the King's American regiment. While the grant to the De Lancey battalions was issued in October 1784, that to the King's American regiment was not made until August 17th, 1787. The cause of the delay was no doubt the difficulty of procuring surveyors together with the pressure of work in the Crown land office.

The King's American regiment under its commander Col. Edmund Fanning served with much credit through the revolutionary war and gained special distinction during the campaign in the Carolinas. There was one cavalry company in the regiment, commanded by Captain Isaac Atwood. We feel an especial interest in Capt. Atwood as being the leading spirit in the formation of the settlement and also as the first resident of the parish of Woodstock elected a member of the House of Assembly. If any other of the officers of the King's American regiment came up the river, they must have relinquished their lands and retired to more congenial situations before the year 1787, as their names do not appear in the grant. Col. Fanning had by that time been made Governor of Prince Edward Island, an appointment he continued to hold for nineteen years. Many of the settlers were evidently on their lands before the grant was issued since that document describes "a tract of 57 lots or plantations, partly improved and partly wilderness land." In the grant we find the white reservation to his Majesty of all white pine trees and all mines of gold, silver, lead and coals. In the grant the names of only some thirty non commissioned officers and men appear, of whom a dozen or so had served in Capt. Atwood's company, and sandwiched in among them were grants made to other settlers, some of whom probably had served in other loyalist corps. Instead of the ordinary military allowance of 100 acres to a private soldier and 200 acres to a noncommissioned officer, each grantee, as a rule, received a lot comprising about 225 acres. In the following list the men of the King's American regiment and their sons are printed in ordinary type, other grantees in italics. The grants are numbered northward from the mouth of the Shogomoc.

1. *Tristram Hillman*, 2 *Thos. D. Taylor*, 4 *Geo. Hicks*, 5 *John C. Fox*, 6 *Wm. Lint*, 7 *Sergt. Asa Blackley*, 8 *Titus Way*, 10 *Isaac Atwood, Esq.*, 11 *Henry Cronkite*, 12 *Widow Grant*, 13 *Daniel Wright*, 14 *Michael Housinger*, 15 *Anthony Woodland*, 17 *John B. Williston*, (Sullivan's Creek), 19 *John Curry*, 20 *Elizah Tompkins*, 21 *Obadiah Tompkins*, 22 *Hendrick Skidgel*, 23 *John Tompkins, Jr.*, 24 *Sergt. Hicks Seaman*, 25 *Edmund Tompkins*, 26 *Drummer Elias Leed*, 27 *Sergt. Solomon Teed*, 28 *Sylvanus Teed*, 30 *Sergt. Geo. Hartley*, 31 *Corpl. Cornelius Gee*, 32 *Daniel Teed*, 33 *Gideon Tichont*, 34 *James Murphy*, 35 *Samuel Whitney*, 38 *Samuel Freeman*, 39 *John Moore*, 40 *Corpl. Charles Frazer*, 41 *Sergt. Alex. Thompson*, 42 *Sergt. Jeremiah Masten*, 43 *Abraham Masten*, 44 *Peter Grant*, 45 *Gabriel Davenport*, 47 *Captain Isaac Atwood*, (mouth of Eel River), 49 *Philip Long*, 51 *Henry Charleton*, 52 *John Hicks*, 54 *Michael Brenoh*, 57 *John Hillsgrace*.

There was an accession of several families shortly after the grant was made out including George Nevers, John Porter, John Dow, T. W. Porter, Jesse Dow, Enoch Dow, Reuben Chase and James Murphy. The Dows, who came from Mauderville, were among the most enterprising and progressive settlers and soon acquired a valuable property. Enoch Dow's name appears as one of the first assessors of the parish. John Dow was elected a member for the County of York in 1816 and continued to represent the county for many years. When the County of York was divided John Dow and Richard Ketchum were two of the members and both residents of the old parish of Woodstock. John Dow built a mill which was run by himself and son Asa

for many years. He also established an inn and "Dow's" became a well known stopping place for travellers also a polling place in old York County elections. Of the other grantees just named a few words may now be said: Henry Cronkite moved across the river in 1791; he was an active man, filled various offices in the old parish of Northampton and left descendants who are numerous and respected. Peter Grant and John Hillsgrace also moved to the east side of the river. Cornelius Gee moved up to Brighton; his descendants are numerous in the upper part of the county. Solomon Teed in 1790 kept a tavern—one of the first in Woodstock, and of a somewhat different type from the modern style; he also had charge of the first pound about the same date. Gabriel Davenport joined the King's American regiment as a drummer boy; he was probably the last survivor of those of the corps on the river. He died the 15th October 1843 in his 84th year. In 1821 he succeeded Capt. Bull in charge of the ferry at Woolverton's, where the post road from Fredericton used to cross to the Woodstock side of the river. According to the rules that then governed the ferry, he was bound to have at all times good and sufficient boats for the accommodation of persons travelling either on horseback or on foot, the rate of fare for a foot passenger to be 7½ pence and for a horse 15 pence, no person to be kept waiting for a passage more than half an hour.

Captain Isaac Atwood was a New Jersey loyalist, and prominent in his regiment as Captain of the Cavalry Company in the Southern Campaign. He came with his regiment to St. John in September 1783 and drew lot 1177 in Parr Town, but soon after removed to his lands at the mouth of Eel river. Here he had a grant of about 700 acres and resided for some years. He was elected a member of the first house of Assembly, he was also one of the first justices of the court of common pleas for York County. He was a commissioner of roads for the parish of Woodstock in 1792. The Rev. John Beardsley in his first missionary tour up the river called at his house where on July 30, 1789, he baptized his son John Alfred Kirtland Atwood.

Captain Atwood like many others of the disbanded officers of the loyalist regiments, did not succeed very well as a farmer, and about the year 1793 he returned to the United States and his property was seized and attached at the instance of William Garden, Esq., merchant of Fredericton, in payment of his debts. What his fortunes were after leaving New Brunswick we do not know. The first settlers between the Pokiok and Shogomoc rivers were William Anderson, Samuel Gray, John Clare, John Hartley, John Benu, Corpl. Abijah Ingraham, James Hartley, Abraham Lint and Sergt. Benjamin Ingraham. With the exception of Messrs. Gray, Clare and Benu these grantees had either served themselves in the King's American regiment or were sons of old soldiers of that corps. John Clare was one of the first school masters on the river and taught for several years in the parishes of Kingsclear, Queensbury and St. Marys. John Benu's descendants live in South Richmond. The brothers Abijah and Benjamin Ingraham were prominent men in their generation and have left numerous descendants in York County.

Prince William parish formerly included the parish of Dumfries. While the lower part of the parish was rapidly improved by the men of the disbanded King's American Dragoons and others, the upper part was abandoned by the first grantees as too rough and stony for farming, the lands in consequence became the property of a few individuals. Major Daniel Murray had a tract of 200 acres at the mouth of the Pokiok, a portion of which was cleared and cultivated. He built at considerable expense "a very valuable set of mills" which were destroyed by fire about the year 1798. Major Murray became involved in debt and at the instance of his creditor William Garden of Fredericton, the property was sold and seems to have passed into the hands of Hon. Edward Winslow. Chief Justice Saunders had also quite an estate below the Pokiok long known as "The Barony." Colonel Jacob Ellegood and Captain John Davidson had large grants a little farther down the river.

It will have been noticed that the first magistrates and representatives for the County of York in the House of Assembly were chosen from the old half pay officers. Major Daniel Murray and Capt. Isaac Atwood were elected to the first House. Judge Saunders was elected in 1791, Col. Ellegood in 1795, and Capt. Davidson in 1802. In closing our notes on old lower Woodstock we shall insert a paragraph that ap-

peared in the St. John Courier of August 7th, 1824. It is about the only local news item, outside the mere notices of marriages and deaths, that the writer has been able to discover in a provincial newspaper down to that time which has any thing to do with the settlements north of Fredericton.

Woodstock, York County. About one o'clock on Saturday the 31st July in a violent thunder storm a flash of lightning struck the west end of a house owned and occupied by Tristram Hillman, tore off the verge boards, then dividing one part ran along the plate the other down the chimney which cut a furrow out of the stones. Mrs. Hillman was looking out of the window and on turning toward the fire place was struck dead on the spot. On examining the body there was found a mark down her breast, and between her shoulders a streak like the burn of a hot iron. Her cap was torn in pieces, her hair singed, her shoe on her left foot parted at the sole and shivered in pieces. She was in the 43rd year of her age and leaves a husband, eight children and numerous acquaintances to mourn her loss.

Tristram Hillman lived just above the Shogomoc and was the first settler in the parish of Woodstock. An item from that locality would hardly be recorded as Woodstock news today.

W. O. RAYMOND.

A lucky beau is one with a bang on his coat collar.—Galveston News.

"That TERRIBLE DISEASE"

Rev. L. B. ROY.

St. Jovite, Prov. Quebec: "When I commenced using K. D. C. I had been suffering several years from dyspepsia. I got relief almost as soon as I commenced the K. D. C., and now I am well and feel like a new man. I can highly recommend K. D. C. to sufferers from that terrible disease, Dyspepsia."

FREE SAMPLE OF K. D. C. AND PILLS

Mailed to any address.

K. D. C. CO., LTD, NEW GLASGOW, N. S.

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BUY CHEAP!

GOOD GOODS

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LOW PRICES.

Just see here what I can do for you. I am selling:

Oat Meal at 3 cents a pound.
8 lbs of Soda for 25 cents.
Surprise Soap at 5 cts. a cake.
Napoleon Tobacco at 50 cents a pound.
Smoked Fish at 8 cents a box.
Room paper at 5 cents a roll.
Paper Window Shades at 25 cents a pair.
Opaque Window Blinds 50 cents.
Cotton 5 cents a yard.
Print 5 cents a yard.
Flannellette 6 cents a yard.
Skirting 12 cents a yard.
Tartan Plaid Dress Goods 10 cents a yard.
And Thousands of other things at similarly low prices. Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Flour, Cornmeal and a general line of Provisions and Groceries.

TIMOTHY AND CLOVER SEED.

I will sell everything at the lowest rates for cash or merchantable produce.

W. F. THORNTON.

Hartland, March 23rd, 1896.

TOWN TREASURER'S
NOTICE!

NOTICE is hereby given that I have this day received the

Assessment Roll for 1896

Of the Town of Woodstock,
And that all persons Assessed in said Town shall be entitled to a Reduction or

Discount of 5 Per Cent.

On the amounts assessed against respectively, upon the payment of their respective Rates to the Town Treasurer any time on or before the 25th day of June next.

Dated at Woodstock, the 13th day of May, 1896

W. FISHER,
Town Treasurer.
And Collector and Receiver of Town Taxes.

HOTELS.

Wilbur : House,

MAIN STREET,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

ALL MODERN CONVENIENCES.

LARGE SAMPLE ROOMS.

J. H. WILBUR, Proprietor.

Queen Hotel,

J. A. EDWARDS, - - Proprietor.

QUEEN STREET,

FREDERICTON, - N. B.

VICTORIA HOTEL,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. W. McCORMICK, - Proprietor.

JUNCTION HOUSE,

Newburg Junction.

Meals on arrival of all trains. First-class fare.

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Physician and Surgeon

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DR. P. T. KIERSTEAD,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE:

CHAPEL ST., WOODSTOCK.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

W. D. RANKIN, M. B. C. M.,

Physician and Surgeon.

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Chapel Street, Woodstock, N. B.

OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 9 a.m.; 4 to 6 p.m.

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(Two doors below Town Hall)

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ALL LATE IMPROVEMENTS. PAINLESS EXTRACTING.

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HARTLEY & CARVELL,

Barristers, Attorneys,

Notaries Public, Etc.

Accounts collected and Loans negotiated.

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J. C. HARTLEY. F. B. CARVELL.

STEPHEN B. APPLEBY,

BARRISTER - AT - LAW,

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Neat and attractive home, near centre of town, good location, buildings new, house 9 rooms and bath, hot and cold water, good cellar, barn attached. All finished complete. At a bargain. Inquire at this office, THE DISPATCH.

HOLLOWAY'S RED BLOOD SYRUP,
The Great English Remedy.

It is a never-failing Blood-Builder, and Nerve Restorer. It is recognized wherever introduced as one of the greatest discoveries of the age, and perhaps has done more for human suffering than any other similar preparation. Its component parts have been recognized by all leading physicians and chemists as being essential to the existence of the body. Disease flies from it like magic, and when used as directed it is an unfailing remedy.

Now is your time to battle against disease. Those that have been fighting with some nervous disease, impure or poisoned blood, or incipient consumption, take the friendly advice of those who have been similarly situated, and who are now in the full bloom of health and vigor.

Buy a Bottle of the Great Holloway's Red Blood Syrup, take it faithfully and before you have taken it three or four days your condition will improve, your appetite will be better, your eyes will be brighter, showing the wonderful effects of that great compound.

Holloway's Red Blood Syrup is not a cure for all. But in the cases in which it is recommended to be used, it is unfailing. So marvelous quick is its action, and so certain are the benefits to be derived by its use, that in all cases where the Syrup has been used for one week, and purchasers are not satisfied with its results, the money will be refunded.

Ask your druggist for Holloway's Red Blood Syrup, and do not be persuaded to use any other.