

HOTELS

VICTORIA HOTEL,
Carleton Street, - - Woodstock, N. B.,
T. J. ROYER, Proprietor.

Within a stone throw of Queen Street Station, overlooking the St. John River. Sample rooms in Opera House Block and in hotel.
Terms \$1.50 per day.

CARLISLE HOTEL,
(Formerly Wilbur House)
C. J. TABOR, - - Prop.

Sample rooms. Coaches in attendance at all trains. Livery Stable attached.

MAIN STREET, WOODSTOCK, N. B.

Hotel Stanley,

J. M. FOWLER, PROPRIETOR,
TERMS MODERATE.
47 AND 49 KING SQUARE,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

Queen Hotel,

J. A. EDWARDS, - - Proprietor.
QUEEN STREET,

FREDERICTON, - N. B.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. W. McCORMICK, - Proprietor.

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Newburg Junction.

Meals on arrival of all trains. First-class fare.
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E. H. SAUNDERS, M. D. C. M.,
RESIDENT SURGEON TO THE MONTREAL
GENERAL HOSPITAL, YEAR 95-96.

OFFICE OVER H. V. DALLING'S,
MAIN STREET.

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WOODSTOCK, N. B.

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CHAPEL ST., WOODSTOCK.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DISEASES OF
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W. D. RANKIN, M. B. C. M.,

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OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 9 a. m.; 4 to 6 p. m.

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Graduate Boston Dental College. Assistant Sur-
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ALL LATE IMPROVEMENTS. PAINLESS
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Painless : Extraction.

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Office: King St., opp. Woollen Mills,
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CHARLES APPEBY, M. A., LL. B.

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Solicitor, Notary Public, Etc.,
REFEREE - IN - EQUITY.

QUEEN STREET,
WOODSTOCK, N. B.

LAW for PROTECTION of SHEEP.

From the Act of 1896.

8. Any person may kill (a) any dog which he sees pursuing, worrying or wounding any sheep or lamb, or (b) any dog giving tongue and terrifying any sheep or lamb on any farm, or (c) any dog which any person finds straying between sunset and sunrise on any farm whereon sheep are kept. Provided always, that no dog so straying, and which belong to or is kept or harbored by the occupant of any premises next adjoining that part of any highway or lane which abuts on said farm, nor any dog so straying either when securely muzzled or accompanied by or being within reasonable call or control of any person owning or possessing or having the charge or care of said dog, shall be so killed unless there is reasonable apprehension that such dog if not killed is likely to pursue, worry, wound or terrify sheep or lambs then on said farm.

9. The defendant in any action of damages for killing a dog under the circumstances in the preceding Section mentioned or under the authority of this Act may plead not guilty by statute and give the special matter in evidence.

10. On complaint made, in writing, on oath before a Justice of the Peace for any County, that any person residing in such County owns or has in his possession a dog which has, within six months previous thereto, worried and injured or destroyed any sheep, the Justice of the Peace may issue his summons, directed to such person, stating shortly the matter of the complaint, and requiring such person to appear before him at a certain time and place, therein stated to answer to such complaint and to be further dealt with according to law.

11. The proceedings on the complaint and summons shall be regulated by the Act, Chapter 62 of the Consolidated Statutes "Summary Convictions" and any Acts in amendment thereof, which shall apply to cases under this Act.

12. In case any person is convicted of owning or having in his possession a dog which has worried and injured or destroyed any sheep, the Justice of the Peace may make an order for the killing of such dog (describing the same according to the tenor of the description given in the complaint and in the evidence) within three days, and in default thereof may, in his discretion, impose a fine upon such person not exceeding twenty dollars, with costs, and all penalties imposed under this Section shall be applied to the use of the Municipality in which the conviction is had.

13. No conviction under this Act shall be a bar to any action by the owner or possessor, as aforesaid, of any sheep for the recovery of damages for the injury done to such sheep in respect to which such conviction is had.

14. (1) The owner of any sheep or lamb killed or injured by any dog shall, whether the Council of the Municipality shall or shall not have passed the by-law authorized by Section two of this Act, be entitled to recover the damage occasioned thereby from the owner or keeper of such dog, by an action for damages, or by summary proceedings before a Justice of the Peace, on information and complaint before such Justice, who is hereby authorized to hear and determine such complaint and proceed thereon in the manner provided by the said Chapter 62, and any Acts in amendment thereof, in respect to proceedings therein mentioned, and such aggrieved party shall be entitled so to recover in such action or proceedings whether the owner or keeper of such dog knew or did not know that it was vicious or accustomed to worry sheep;

(2) If it shall appear before the Court or Judge at the trial of any such action for damages, or before such Justice at the hearing of the said information or complaint before him, that the damage or some part of the damage sustained by such aggrieved person was the joint act of some other dog or dogs, and of the dog or dogs owned or possessed by the person charged in such information or complaint, the Court, Judge or Justice shall have power to decide and apportion the damages sustained by the complainant among and against the respective owners or keepers of the said dogs, as far as such owners or keepers are known, in such shares and proportions as such Court, Judge or Justice shall think fit, and award the same by the judgment of the said Court or Judge, or in the conviction of such Justice on behalf of such aggrieved party.

(3) When, in the opinion of the Court, Judge, or Justice the damages were occasioned in part by dogs, the owner or owners of which are unknown, or the owner or owners of which have not been summoned to appear before the Court, Judge or Justice, the Court, Judge or Justice may decide and adjudge as to the proportion of the damages which, having regard to the evidence adduced of the strength, ferocity and character of the various dogs shown to have been engaged in committing such damage, was probably done by the dogs, the owner or owners of which have been summoned to appear before the Court, Judge or Justice decides to have been probably done by the dogs whose owners have been summoned, amongst the various owners who have been summoned as aforesaid.

(4) The same proceedings may be thereupon had against any person deemed by the Judge or Justice to be, the owner or keeper of the dog or dogs which by the evidence shall appear to have contributed to the damage sustained by the person aggrieved, as if the information or complaint had been laid in the first instance against such person.

(5) The Court, Judge or Justice shall not decide and apportion the damage against any person other than the person in the information and complaint first charged, nor award the same in the judgment without such person having been summoned to appear before the Court, Judge or Justice and having had an opportunity of calling witnesses.

15. The owner or keeper of any dog or dogs to whom notice is given of any injury done to his dog or dogs by any sheep or lamb, or of his dog or dogs having chased or worried any sheep or lamb shall, within forty-eight hours after such notice cause such

dog or dogs to be killed, and for every neglect so to do he shall forfeit a sum of two dollars and fifty cents for each such dog, and a further sum of one dollar and twenty-five cents for each such dog for every forty-eight hours thereafter, until the same is killed, if it is proved to the satisfaction of the Justice of the Peace before whom proceedings are taken for the recovery of such penalties, that such dog or dogs has or have worried or otherwise injured such sheep or lamb, but no such penalty shall be enforced in case it appears to the satisfaction of the Justice of the Peace that it was not in the power of the owner or keeper to kill such dog or dogs. The penalties provided by this Section may be imposed and collected whether the penalty provided by Section 12 of this Act has or has not been imposed or collected.

16. In case the owner of any sheep or lamb so killed or injured proceeds against the owner or keeper of the dog that committed the injury, before a Justice of the Peace as provided by this Act, and is unable on the conviction of the offender to levy the amount ordered to be paid for want of sufficient distress to levy the same, then the Council of the Municipality in which the offender resided at the time of the said injury shall order their Treasurer, or other official having custody of the corporate funds to pay to the aggrieved party the amount ordered to be paid by the Justice under the conviction, including the costs of the proceedings before the Justice, if the special fund is sufficient for the purpose, or if not then *pro tanto*.

17. The owner of any sheep or lamb killed or injured by any dog, the owner or keeper of which is not known, may, within three months apply to the Council of the Municipality in which such sheep or lamb was so injured, or any Committee thereof appointed for such purpose, for compensation for the injury, and if the Council or Committee (any member of which shall be competent to administer an oath or oaths) on examining the parties in the premises, is satisfied that the aggrieved party has made diligent search and inquiry to ascertain the owner of such dog, and that such owner or keeper cannot be found, they shall award to the aggrieved party for compensation a sum not exceeding two thirds of the amount of the damage sustained by him.

18. After the owner of such sheep or lamb has received from the Municipality any money under either of the preceding Sections, his claim shall thenceforth belong to such Municipality, and they may enforce the same against the offending party by any means or form of proceeding that the aggrieved party was entitled to take for that purpose and in the name of the Municipality; but in case the Municipality recovers from the offender more than they had paid to the aggrieved party, besides their costs, they shall pay over the excess to the aggrieved party for his own use.

19. The owner of any sheep or lamb killed or injured while running at large on any highway or enclosed land, shall have no claim under the Act to obtain compensation out of the said fund from any Municipality.

20. Every Justice of the Peace shall be entitled to charge such fees in cases of prosecution or orders under this Act as is lawful for him to charge in other cases within his jurisdiction, and he shall make the returns usual in cases of conviction and also his return in each case to the Secretary, Clerk, or other like official of the Municipality, whose duty it shall be to enter the same in a book to be kept for that purpose.

The Suffering and Crushed in Spirit

Need Words of Cheer.

Their Only Avenue of Escape is Through Paine's Celery Compound.

True words of encouragement, hope and cheer are generally welcomed by suffering humanity—at least by that part of it with crushed spirits and despondent hearts. To those who are martyrs from rheumatism and neuralgia we have a few words of honest advice, which, if followed, will certainly lead to that coveted goal—perfect health—that many are so earnestly praying to reach.

Up to the present you have failed to banish your rheumatism. The medicines you are using have not removed the floating acid poison from your joints and muscles. You are as bad today—perhaps worse—than when you commenced to doctor, and some of you are pronounced incurable.

Cheer up, sad souls! There is hope, yes, more than hope; there is a new life for you and freedom from all pain and agony if you give that heaven-sent remedy, Paine's Celery Compound, a fair and honest trial. It has completely cured the worst forms of rheumatism in the past, and its great and precious virtues will do the same good work for you today.

To those who suffer from that merciless tormenter, neuralgia, we say, with all candor, use Paine's Celery Compound, and your future will soon be happy and bright. This disease always indicates a low or depressed vitality, and is the most agonizing and exhausting that can afflict the nervous system. The ablest physicians now freely prescribe Paine's Celery Compound for neuralgia, and affirm that no other medicine can so completely eradicate the cause of this terrible disease.

One bottle of the great health-giving medicine will produce cheering results and will prove that our advice is golden. May heaven give you sufficient faith to make a trial.

Usury Bill.

A bill compelling notes bearing interest at so much a day, week or month to have the rate inscribed on the face of the note, otherwise interest at six per cent. only could be collected, was passed in the Dominion House also a bill amending the companies act. Both these bills were from the Senate.

Baldness is either hereditary or caused by sickness, mental exhaustion, wearing tight-fitting hats, and by over-work and trouble. Hall's Hair Renewer will prevent it.

A FAMOUS MAN!

What His Researches Have Done for the World.



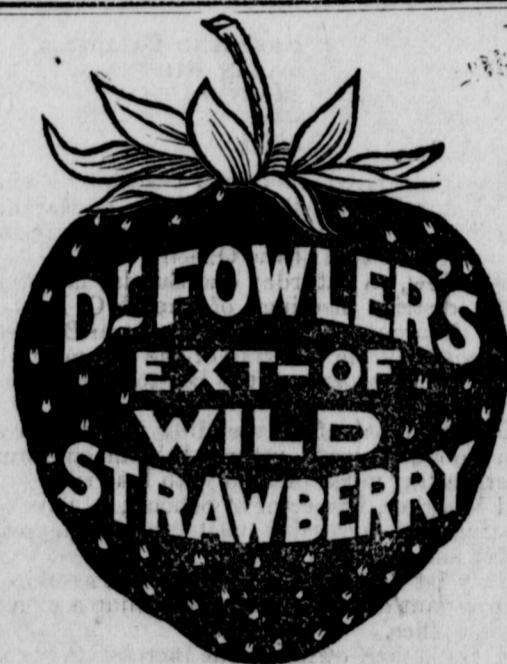
All successful and distinguished men have imitators, and Dr. Chase, the well-known author of Chase's Kidney Pills, proved no exception to the rule. Dr. Chase's discoveries have many pretended rivals, but no equals. During 1895 the Canadian manufacturers, Edmondson, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard street, Toronto, gave away free 500,000 samples of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and 100,000 samples of Chase's Ointment. The return they brought proved how much they were appreciated. The same free distribution of samples will be continued during 1896. Those at a distance should enclose a 5-cent stamp and also receive a sheet of the latest music in return.

Where Doctors Differed.

FREDERICTON, June 18.—The case of Joseph James vs. Dr. Crocket came to an abrupt termination in the Circuit Court this morning, when Judge McLeod refused to let it go to the jury on the ground that no evidence of negligence whatever had been adduced. He therefore directed a nonsuit to be entered against the plaintiff. This action was brought to recover damages for alleged negligence of defendant in failing to reduce an alleged dislocation of the plaintiff's shoulder in the month of January, 1894, and the evidence upon which the plaintiff relied was that of Dr. Atherton, who said he found the shoulder dislocated in November, 1895, and that at that time the head of the dislocated bone was prominent in the chest under the collar bone. The plaintiff's shoulders were exposed in court and Dr. Atherton deposed that the bone was in the same position as it was when he made his examination in the fall of 1895, and pointed out the prominence referred to as the head of the bone. While the plaintiff was thus exposed in court, the defendant as well as Dr. Coburn and Drs. Thomas Walker and Murray MacLaren of St. John, had an opportunity of examining him also. All these doctors yesterday testified that what Dr. Atherton pointed out to the jury as the head of the arm bone was a bony prominence of the shoulder blade, and that the head of the arm bone was really located some inches below the armpit. They also deposed that they found symptoms of a rare disease known as osteoarthritis in the shoulder joint and great paralysis and wasting of the muscles about the joint, either of which cases would produce a dislocation such as the one found and that in their opinion the dislocation had been actually produced in this way long after Dr. Crocket ceased to treat the injury which the plaintiff received in the month of January, 1894, and furthermore, that the treatment which Dr. Crocket applied to that injury was the best possible treatment known to the medical profession, and that nothing else could have been done for the patient than what was done by Dr. Crocket. In addition to this Drs. Coburn and Crocket testified that they both subjected the plaintiff to the strictest possible examination under chloroform in the month of February, 1894, and that there was then no dislocation present. The case is one of great interest to the medical profession as disclosing an exceptionally rare disease produced in an exceptionally rare manner. Wm. Wilson conducted the case for the plaintiff, and O. S. Crocket and G. F. Gregory, Q. C., for the defendant.

A CURE FOR CHILBLAINS.

DEAR SIRS,—I used Hagyard's Yellow Oil for chilblains this winter and found it most effectual. It relieves the irritation almost instantly, and a few applications resulted in a complete cure.
F. L'ESTRANGE,
Port Sydney, Ont.



CURES
COLIC, CHOLERA, CHOLERA-MORBUS, DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY,
And all SUMMER COMPLAINTS of Children or Adults.
PRICE, 25c. Beware of Imitations.

Seeds!

Of All Kinds
For sale at lowest prices. Groceries and Provisions.

W. R. WRIGHT,
UPPER WOODSTOCK.

STRENGTH



If you want to get strength and purity you will find our stock of Drugs the best in the vicinity. Our Drugs are bought with the greatest care, and we take pains that none but Pure Drugs reach our shelves. McKee's Quinine Iron and Wine and McKee's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, a Skin and Blood Remedy, are confidently recommended to the public for spring disorders.

CHAS. MCKEEN, Druggist, Woodstock.

LIVERY AND HACK STABLE,

H. E. & Jas. W. Gallagher, Props.

Outfits for commercial travellers. Coaches in attendance at arrival of trains. All kinds of Livery Teams at Reasonable Rates.
First-Class Hearses in connection.

Carlisle Hotel, - - Woodstock, N. B.

N. B.—Orders for each left at stable or sent by telephone will receive prompt attention.

A PAIL WITHOUT HOOPS

That means a long lasting Pail. Its many qualities are unique.

The price makes it available to all.

THE E. B. EDDY CO'S
INDURATED FIBREWARE

PAILS, TUBS, PANS, DISHES, ETC.

Something New!

The True Antidote for thst Chilly Feeling.

HOT SODA!

When cold and tired one is liable to place their money to a poor advantage. Drop into our Pharmacy and have a glass of Hot Soda in the shape of

Hot Lemon, Hot Chocolate,
Hot Cocoa, Hot Coffee,
Hot Tea, Hot Orange,
Hot Beef Tea.

It will invigorate you and make you less liable to spend your money for that which is best bread. ONLY 5c. a Glass.

Connell's Drug Store,
Opp. Carlisle Hotel.

Notice of Sale.

To Augustus F. Lockhart, of the Parish of Wakefield, in the County of Carleton, and Province of New Brunswick and David Smith of the same place, and all others whom it may concern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Indenture of Mortgage bearing date the first day of April in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two and registered in said Carleton County Records in Book O, number three and records on page 768, 761 and 762, and made between the above named Augustus F. Lockhart of one part and the undersigned George L. Stickney of the other part; there will, for the purpose of satisfying the money secured by said Indenture of Mortgage default having been made in the payment thereof be sold at Public Auction in front of the Post Office in the Town of Woodstock in the County of Carleton aforesaid on Wednesday the thirtieth (30th) day of June next, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the Lands and premises described in said Indenture of Mortgage as follows: "All that certain tract or parcel of land in the said Parish of Wakefield bounded and described as follows, viz., commencing at the junction where the old cross road leading by the Hartford Mill and passing into the third tier road strikes the Connell Road so called, thence running northerly along said Connell Road about thirty rods to the dividing line between said land and land owned and occupied by David Scott, thence running easterly along said line about twenty rods to the bank of the stream called Marvin Brook on which the Hartford Mill now stands, thence running southerly along said Brook down stream about thirty five rods to the aforesaid cross road leading to the Connell Road thence running along said cross road about twenty five rods to the place of beginning and containing four acres more or less." Together with all and singular the buildings, improvements, privileges appurtenances to the said premises belonging or in any way appertaining.

Dated this tenth day of March A. D. 1897.
GEORGE L. STICKNEY,
STEPHEN B. APPEBY, Mortgagee.
Solicitor for Mortgagee.

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