

THE WOODSTOCK DISPATCH.

ISSUED WEDNESDAY

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Editors and Proprietors

WOODSTOCK, N. B., JAN. 20, 1896.

THE NEW DIRECTORS.

The citizens of Woodstock have duly performed one of their New Year duties in electing a new council to transact the affairs of the town for the present year. Something of a novel departure was made this year in a citizens' meeting at which a committee was appointed, who nominated candidates who were accepted by the meeting at large. In the election on Monday five of the ticket nominated were elected, and Mr. Thomas Flemming who ran as a free lance makes the sixth. The person nominated for Mayor by the committee, was unopposed.

Allowing for the frailty of all elective bodies, the new town council is generally acceptable to the citizens. It will not be long before they may be judged by their acts. Mr. Hay, the mayor has been a successful business man, and if he keeps up during the year the interest and enthusiasm he is now manifesting in the affairs of the town, we may look for a good record from him. Four of the councillors have served, before, at the board and the other two though new to town affairs, have held seats in the County Council, an experience which the mayor, too, has had, and which should be of considerable help in routine matters.

We can scarcely look for any great improvements this year. Economy will need to be the motto of the new town directors, but they should distinguish between economy and parsimony. It would be a good plan to publish, for the benefit of the tax payers, the exact financial standing of the town, making it so plain that he who runs may read. There is no reason to regard the situation as gloomy.

With a good system of government for the coming year, Woodstock may expect to take rank by Jan. 1898 as the best governed town in the province.

The last number of the Educational Review contains a bright contribution signed, A. Cameron, Yarmouth, N. S., on "Some questions on Shakespeare" "Julius Caesar." The last question is "If Caesar, Antony, Octavius, Brutus, Cassius and Cicero had been voters at the last Dominion election, how do you think they would have voted, and why do you think so? How about Shakespeare." All these worthies would have voted Liberal, for they are no-*tori*-us. We plead guilty, but the temptation was over powering.

A Bath correspondent makes the suggestion that inasmuch as Bath is now a suburb of Woodstock, its citizens should be represented in the town council. The people of Bath and indeed of all the villages along the line are highly pleased with the C. P. R. in putting on the suburban train. It is a great accommodation all around. Perhaps, as the Bath correspondent hints, we should inaugurate a movement to establish a "greater Woodstock," just as there is "Greater New York" under consideration. But will Bath vote for asphalt sidewalks on Main street?

How He Found Out.

"Mary," said he, "will you do a little sum for me." "Oh, yes." "Well write down the number of the month in which you were born. Multiply that by 2, and add 5 to the product. Now, multiply what you have by 50, and add your own age to the product. Now, subtract 365 from what you have, and add 115 to what is left. Please tell me your answer." She replied, "532." "Ah, I see, you were born in May, and are thirty-two years old." "Yes, but how do you know?" "Because the month of your birth was the fifth of the year, and the last two figures give your age."

Let the class in algebra or higher arithmetic explain why this exercise will always give a result like the above. An ingenious teacher can vary the problem indefinitely, and yet observe the same principle and arrive at the same result.

Burned in His Barn.

AURORA, Ont., Jan. 16.—A destructive fire, accompanied by loss of life, occurred about one mile east of Aurora. It appears that Mr. James Appleton, a farmer, went to the barn about 5 o'clock to feed his stock, and it is supposed he accidentally set fire to the straw with the lantern, and in endeavoring to save his cows lost his own life.

Is Now A War Vessel.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 18.—The Canadian Pacific Liner Empress of Japan, which arrived yesterday from Hong Kong, was, during her stay in that port, fitted out as a British cruiser. The armament of the Japan, which is now at the British naval station Esquimaux, consists of ten guns, which can be mounted at any time within a few hours.

"How intolerably conceited musicians are, as a rule!" "Oh, well, what can you expect from people who are naturally full of airs?"

MAINE'S GOVERNOR.

Advice Which he gives to his Legislature
Mr. Llewellyn Powers, of Houlton, the new governor of Maine, has delivered his inaugural address to the Senate and House of Representatives. It is a decidedly lengthy document, and occupies a prominent position in all the Maine papers which come to this office.

As Maine is very close to us, and the people of the province and state intermingle a good deal, some extracts from Mr. Powers' manifesto—if we may so term his deliverance—will not be devoid of interest.

He congratulates the country on "having escaped all immediate danger of partial repudiation of our public and private indebtedness and practical confiscation of the assets of the industrious and saving."

This item will be well considered by the young men of this province, and particularly of this county:—"Our young men have, very generally, ceased to emigrate to the far West as soon as they are old enough to commence life for themselves. They are beginning to learn and realize the important truth, that at home are to be found more certain inducements and advantages, with much less of hardship, suffering and privation."

Mr. Powers thinks that you cannot have efficient government and modern improvements without paying for them. He says, "We cannot reasonably expect to have good schools, good roads, good municipal government, and all the comforts and blessings of a highly civilized community, without paying for them, and I believe that the tax payers, generally, are willing to do so."

Nor, is he put out by the cry we often hear on this side of the line, and which is supposed to carry weight. "It is sometimes said that if certain species of property is taxed the possessors or owners will leave the State. It is not worth while to bribe such men to stay here by omitting to tax them or their assets. The man who will not willingly bear his fair share, but desires to load it upon his neighbors we can well spare."

The governor has this to say of the financial condition of the state. "The large indebtedness, which was a legacy to us from the war of 1861, has been gradually reduced and paid off until at the present time our bonded debt is in round numbers, \$2,303,000.00 per annum. It is my deliberate judgment that, in a time of profound peace, we cannot afford to be continually, year after year, running in debt or having our expenditures exceed our receipts and thus creating a constantly increasing deficit, to be tided over by temporary loans or funded into more permanent ones."

We have arrived at a point where it is imperative that our expenditures must be brought within our income." The following clause in the address emphasizes a profound truism "My experience in legislation leads me to believe that all or nearly all of the institutions and objects, that have heretofore received aid, will return to each succeeding legislature generally asking for increased appropriations." He wants no cheapsparing with regard to education, saying, "Certainly the educational system of Maine should be of the very best. The State is expending each year over \$600,000 for the purposes of education, and the several towns and cities over \$1,200,000 more." The millenium is not at hand, thinks Maine's chief magistrate and he adds:—"I see no special reason that should lead to any increase in our present military establishment, yet as Maine is a border State, it seems to me a prudent foresight would determine that we should have a small but effective military organization to form a nucleus to rally around in case of any emergency should arise."

Dealing with the giving of charters, Mr. Powers remarks:—"Charters conferring special and exclusive privileges, or giving away valuable public franchises, especially where the act of incorporation carries with it the right of eminent domain, and permits the incorporators to take private property for their so-called public use, you should scrutinize with great care. They should not be granted solely for individual profit or gain. You should be satisfied, in every instance, that the public good is the principal interest to be served, and that individual or private rights will be amply compensated for any injuries received. I fear that our State has sometimes given away very valuable franchises too readily." Concluding the governor says:—"It is better to be conservative rather than to try doubtful experiments. A people is not always governed best that is legislated for most. In very many instances it is not of so much importance what the law is, as that it be and remain settled so that the people can govern themselves accordingly, with a fixed knowledge of its requirements and of their rights and duties."

Political Rumors.

Ottawa, Jan. 17.—A lengthy cabinet council was held yesterday preparatory to the departure of a number of the ministers from Ottawa for some days. Writs for South Brant, East Simcoe issued, nominating January 28th, polling February 4th. A rumor is current here, which cannot be verified until Sir Charles Tupper returns to Canada, that Hon. Mr. Haggart has resigned the conservative leadership for eastern Ontario and that it has been offered to and accepted by Hon. Peter White.

Mayors of Olden Days.

Ebor, a writer in the Toronto World gives some interesting reminiscences of the way they used to run elections in earlier days. Mayor-elect Hay will notice that festivities of no common order were among the circumstances attending an election of the chief magistrate. It might be remarked that the extract from the letter of Pridaux relates to Woodstock in England, not this moral Woodstock of N. B.

Prior to 1832 peers and the landed gentry took a keen interest in municipal politics in many of the old Parliamentary boroughs. This had been the case as far back as the time of Henry the VIII. Cromwell took an interest in the municipal affairs of the ancient city of York. How, as far back as the time of Charles II. elections of mayors were brought about can be learned from the letters of Humphrey Pridaux. Writing from Oxford, he tells a friend that Lord Lovelace "hath been very busy making Mayors at Woodstock and Wallingford." To carry his candidate in the former place Lord Lovelace had been "drunk for three days with all the tag-rag of the borough." Thirty years later, in Queen Anne's time, Lord Radnor reported to the Treasury how he was maintaining his interest in the borough of Bodmin and Lostwithiel. "The corporation of Bodmin," he wrote, "dines with me next Friday. I expect about four hundred persons that day. I had that number last time, and there did not go home five sober of the whole number." The Reform Acts of 1832 and 1835 put an end to this kind of interference on the part of the aristocracy in municipal politics. Now, there is a revival of titled interest, but there is no fear of the above-named evils re-appearing. I do not consent that civic life would be purer, or the rates lower, with well-to-do citizens at the head of affairs, but I do think that in many respects those largely interested in the material wealth of a place should take their full share in the management of a city's affairs, and not allow them to fall into the hands of cliques and ringsters. Truth, to tell, the way municipal elections are run in Toronto no self-respecting man will without an uncalculated sacrifice subject himself to the mud-throwing and inquisitorial proceedings of the opposite party. Every incident of his life is raked over and the worst construction put upon not only actions but motives, and thus the city suffers as well as the candidate."

How many people are ashamed to go into company on account of their foul-smelling breath, caused from catarrh or cold in head? If they would study their own interests they would soon have sweet breath like their neighbors. There is one sure cure for Catarrh and that is Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Give one blow through the blowers and you get relief immediately. Price, including blower, 25 cents.

Provincial Bonds Above Par.

FREDERICTON, Jan. 16.—Tenders are opened at the provincial secretary's office to-day for \$44,000 of provincial 4 per cent, debentures. All were sold to St. John parties whose names cannot be ascertained here. One lot of \$35,000 forty years to run with the option of calling in ten years at a premium of \$103.52; another lot of \$7,000 twenty years to run with no option at \$105.52, and another lot of \$2,500 forty years with no option at \$106.06. The latter are for St. John elevator and wharf improvements.

Seventeen thousand acres of timber lands on the Miramichi, belonging to the late Edward Jack, on which the People's Bank held a mortgage, were sold to-day under a foreclosure decree of the Supreme Court in Equity. The entire property was bid in by the bank for \$10,380.

CAPTAIN SWEENEY, U. S. A., San Diego Cal., says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c.

Blood Poisoning Set In.

CHESLEY, Jan. 16.—Hugh M. Barton of the Township of Bentinck, was engaged with two neighbors recently killing hogs. A dog had followed one neighbor to where they were at work and, as Mr. Barton approached, it considered him as an intruder and sprang at him, inflicting a slight bite on his left wrist. It did not cause any pain or uneasiness at the time, and nothing was thought of it. Early the next Sunday it became more painful and was much swollen, and Dr. Bean of Elmwood was sent for. He at once pronounced it to be blood poisoning, and, accordingly, Dr. Bonnar of Chesley was called in for consultation. They decided on operations higher up the arm, but all their efforts to prolong life were unavailing and he died on Jan. 7.

China Orders Warships.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 18.—The Canadian Liner Empress of Japan brings the following advices from the Orient: The Japanese government has passed a bill authorizing the Minister of War or the Minister of Home Affairs to seize and confiscate the edition of any newspaper which may give offence to the government through its editorial or news columns. The newspapers are indignant at the despotic power conferred upon the Ministers.

The village of Kagasa-Machi was totally destroyed by fire during the last week of December, some 300 houses were burned.

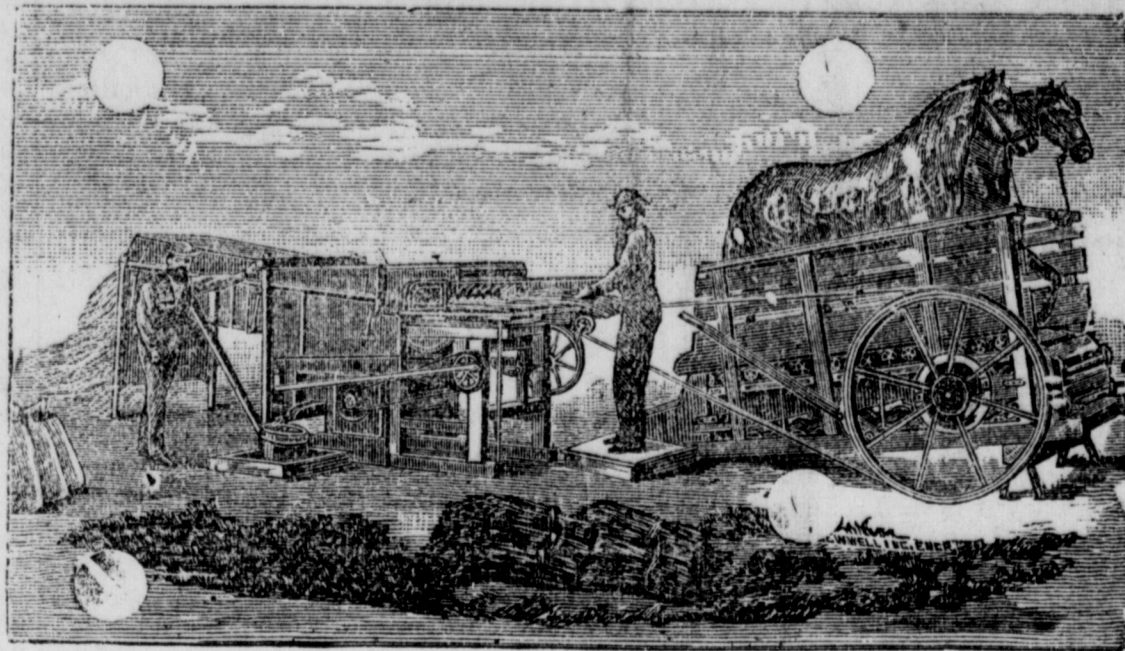
An order for 11 armored cruisers and torpedo destroyers has been placed with German builders by the Chinese Government. A special tax upon tea has been imposed to meet the expenditures.

Hon. Mr. Blair to Come East.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—Hon. A. G. Blair, who has not yet had an opportunity to inspect the Intercolonial since he became its administrator, will go east next week for that purpose.

There are many persons who know not how to idle their time alone; they are the scourge of those who are occupied.—DeBonald.

What the People Say.



Mactaquacy, York Co., N.B., April 29, 1895.

Messrs. Small & Fisher, Woodstock:

Gentlemen,—Having used one of your Threshing Machines for a number of years, I can say that it did the work to my entire satisfaction. It is not only easy on horses, but does not waste any grain and cleans well, and always took the lead wherever I worked. I threshed 10,000 a year for 4 years and it did not cost me fifty cents for repairs.

Yours truly, WM. GRAHAM.

Scotch Settlement.

Tracey's Mills, N. B.

Small & Fisher, Woodstock:

Dear Sirs,—I think that the Little Giant Thresher and Sowing Machine is the best that is put out. I had a share in one in 1894 and earned about \$500 with her.

Yours truly, G. W. STILES.

Whitney, Northesk, N. B. Mar. 1, 1895.

Small & Fisher, Woodstock:

DEAR SIRS,—I have been using your Thresher for six years, and it has given perfect satisfaction. I consider your Machine the best in the Maritime Provinces, as it is so easy on the horses, cleans well and feeds very easily. I can recommend it to the public as being first class.

Yours truly, DAVID WHITNEY.

North Tay, N. B., March 11th, 1896.

Small & Fisher, Woodstock:

Sirs,—We have run one of your Threshers for the past five years, and it gives good satisfaction both in threshing and cleaning, and in that time have not lost an hour to breakage. We are also well satisfied with the Wood Cutter.

Yours respectfully, DAVID DELUCRY.

For Prices and Terms call on or write to

SMALL & FISHER CO. Lt'd,

Woodstock, N. B.

MEN WHO STUDY TO DRESS CORRECTLY

Recognize the impossibility of making their old clothes pass for new ones by any juggling of the bushelman. The past year has decreed so many changes in men's garments that the old cannot be made to pass muster as creations of 1897. As Shakespeare has said, "The apparel oft proclaims the man." And it is indeed true in this progressive age, man is judged by the clothes he wears. Men who wear old clothes are not only well dressed, but are always dressed in the latest Styles, for our constant endeavor is to keep a little ahead rather than behind the latest Fads and Fashions. Our Spring Suitings have arrived.

Porter
—AND—
Gibson,
Connell's New Block,
Queen Street.

"CHRISTMAS BOX"

FULL OF WONDERFUL THINGS.

25 Portraits of Actresses and Pretty Girls, 20 popular Songs, Magic Telescope and Pictures, 50 Amusing Experiments, Love's Puzzle, 20 Rebuses, 100 Funny Conundrums, Book of Love, Game of Letters, Magic Writing, 324 Jolly Jokes, Recipe for Mustache Grower, 100 Money Making Secrets, 100 Toilet and Cooking Recipes, 255 Selections for Autograph Albums, 10 Model Love Letters, How to tell Fortunes, Dictionary of Dreams, Guide to Flirtation, Magic Age Table, Lover's Telegraph, and our New Cat, of Xmas Toys, Books and Novelties. All by mail, FREE, for 5c. silver to pay postage.

A. W. KINNEY, W. D., Yarmouth, N. S.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers for sale his farm containing one hundred and fifteen acres of land under good cultivation, a good house and three good barns, and granary, well watered, handy to schools, churches, and post office, three miles to town of Woodstock. At a bargain. Apply to
GEORGE E. SMITH,
Jacksonville, N. B.

TO BE LET.

That pleasantly situated tenement on Park street, in Wellington Ward, now occupied by Fraser Grant. Possession given Nov. 1st.
R. K. JONES.

COFFINS and CASKETS with all the latest and most appropriate trimmings, may be found in my store. I have no old stuff to work off and no interest in giving you anything but the best.
MARCY, Connell Street.

BOOKS, ETC.

School Books,
Scribbling Pads,
Slates, Pencils,
Stationary,
Books,
Magazines,
Reviews,
Fancy Goods.

All these and more in great abundance.

MRS. J. LOANE & CO.

Opposite Carlisle Hotel, Woodstock.

NEW

Produce Market.

C. L. TILLEY & SON

have opened a new produce market in Grant, Birmingham & Co.'s Warehouses, South Side of Bridge, where they will buy all kinds of Farm Produce FOR CASH. They will pay 17 cents a pound for Butter in the granule, washed but not salted, if in good condition. They invite the people of Woodstock to call on them when looking for supplies.

C. L. TILLEY & SON. Money to Loan

On Real Estate Security.

Attractive plan for repayment, viz.: By paying a rental for a short time you can own your home.

Call on or write to

G. FRED. WATSON,

Local Treasurer,

The Globe Savings and Loan Co.

P. O. Box 297, Woodstock, N. B.

LOST.

A Purse containing a certain sum of money, between Wm. Boyer's store, East Florenceville, and Somerville. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at Wm. Boyer's, or giving it to the undersigned.
DUDLEY C. SMITH,
Somerville, C. C.

For Sale.

A house with outbuildings attached, situated on a good lot on Park street. The house is new, has 9 rooms. Terms easy.
DANIEL SULLIVAN, Woodstock.

Notice to the Public.

Any person or persons piling lumber on my land below the mill in Grafton, below the mill property, can use the land by paying \$4.00 for every 40 feet in length running along the main road. Claim to be settled before lumber leaves the bank.
J. J. HALE.
Grafton, Dec. 28th, 1896.