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If you want to get strength and purity you will find our stock of Drugs the best in the vicinity. Our Drugs are bought with the greatest care, and we make pains that none but Pure Drugs reach our shelves. McKee's Quinine Iron and Wine and McKee's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla, a Skin and Blood Remedy, are confidently recommended to the public for spring disorders.

CHAS. McKEEN, Druggist, Woodstock.

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Tinware,
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Smokers and housekeepers alike find them faultless.

Their odorless qualities make them luxuries to use.

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Having opened a Drug Store under the management of W. E. Thistle, Druggist, we respectfully ask for a share of the drug trade. We have all the old prescriptions put up by W. E. Thistle, some 17,000, and we are prepared to refill any of them. Also, a new and fresh line of Drugs, Medicines and Druggists' Sundries, which we will sell cheap.

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UPPER WOODSTOCK.

Local Patriotism.

It was Caesar's opinion that the first rank in a small village was to be preferred to the second one in a big city. But since Caesar's time new ideas and new feelings have prevailed, and the general tendency of the age lies towards the city life and city prominence. Very few are the men who remain in their native place and content themselves with improving things around them and doing good to their neighbor. If it had always been so, England would not be England—that is, the British Empire would have less solid foundations and no centre. Local patriotism has been its corner-stone. What, then, is local patriotism?

A man is bound to love and serve his country; it is not considered a duty for him to love and serve the smaller community where he was born or educated. The former feeling is pressed upon him; the latter grows up freely. Patriotism is a moral tie; local patriotism is a more material one. The one is hereditary and general, the other is exceptional and depends on circumstances. You can love your country without even knowing it; you didn't love a town or village unless you have spent within its walls or fences the greater or most important part of your life. This is sufficient to explain why local patriotism decreases in proportion as patriotism grows strong. The modern nation has eclipsed and overpowered the antique city. The Anglo-Saxon race alone has succeeded in keeping up the two feelings, and in strengthening the one through the other. Local patriotism is not uncommon in Continental Europe, but there it remains platonic or becomes selfish. It manifests itself by words, not by acts; verba, non actor: and if money is given or bequeathed for the purpose of erecting a public building or founding a museum or an hospital or a library, the motive will seldom prove a purely civic one. Vanity or a sense of broader philanthropy will urge the benefactor, not a simple, modest, and noble desire to beautify a spot dearer to him than any other in the world, or to improve the conditions of a community of which he still feels himself a member.

This is the way Dr. W. P. Brookes did love Wenlock and the Wenlock people. He did not care for immortality and was a practical philanthropist. He believed in every man taking care of those near to him and leaving others to do the same. If progress can be reached by a shorter road, there exists no safer one. From "A Typical Englishman: Dr. W. P. Brookes of Wenlock in Shropshire," by the Baron Pierre de Coubertin, in January Review of Reviews.

Commercial Travellers.

Wm. Golding, commercial traveller, 130 Esther St., Toronto, says:—For 15 years I have suffered untold misery from Itching Piles, sometimes called pin worms. Many and many weeks have I had to lay off the road from this trouble. I tried eight other pile ointments and so-called remedies with no permanent relief to the intense itching and stinging, which irritated by scratching would bleed and ulcerate. One box of Chase's Ointment cured me completely.

An Awful Punishment.

One of the most terrible punishments ever devised by man was that formerly used in England called the "Peine Forte et Dure." It was first imposed in the time of Edward I., and was resorted to in the cases of persons who refused to answer in the courts the to the question "Guilty or not guilty." The punishment provided that the prisoner be taken to some dark room in the prison; there to be stripped and placed at full length, face upward, on the floor. A sharp stone was then placed beneath the back, a board laid on the body, and on this weights gradually piled up. If the prisoner lived any time, he received each day, either a small piece of bread of the worst description, or some water from the nearest stagnant pool. The punishment was continued as late as the year 1772. It is also known to have been used in Massachusetts.

Marry This Girl Quick.

I saw in your paper that a 13 year old boy made \$1.25 the first hour he worked selling the perfection Metal Tip Lampwick. I ordered a sample and went to work and the first week I cleared \$10, the second week I cleared \$15. I expect to run up to \$25 a week in the near future, as the Perfection Metal Tip Lampwick makes such a beautiful white light and does away with smoky chimneys and bad odor and saves oil, it is easy to sell. If you wish to try it send 13 two cent stamps to Miss A.M. Fritz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo., and she will send you sample outfit. This is a good way to make money around home.

Literary Notes.

The "Progress of the World," in the Review of Reviews for January, 1897, gives an admirable resume of the great world-events of 1896. Nowhere else can so faithful and impartial a chronicle of these stirring times be found. This illustrated editorial summary in each month's Review is everywhere recognized as one of the triumphs of modern journalism. The discussion of the Cuban situation is enlivened by the reproduction of timely Spanish and Spanish-American cartoons.

English Literature in France.

If it be the French journalists who always cry "Down with the English!" it is interesting to know how there is an appreciation of modern English authors in France. In Macmillan's Magazine a writer thus explains present conditions:

De Quincey has become, in the translation of M. Barbey d'Aurevilly, a part of French

literature, and Mr. George Meredith, if he prove not too craggy for the interpreter, will take his place at Hugo's side. Thomson and Wordsworth, Burns and Shelley have one and all joined the Parnassus of France, and it is impossible to pick up a single magazine wherein some courageous critic does not prove at once the Columbus and the panyerist of an unknown Briton. One writer, indeed, has been bold enough to discover Mr. Ruskin, and you tremble to think how far this curiosity will carry its victims. Moreover, from an intelligent understanding of Mark Twain, there has developed a fresh school of French humor, and not even the churl will deny that MM. Alphonse Allais and Georges Auriant have added to the world's gaiety. Then, again, there is the spectacle of M. Faguet writing of the British drama, as though it were still a serious pursuit, and taking a stern account of those trivialities which intelligence declines to separate. Nor is this all; Mr. John Morley (or Sir John Morley, if he prefers it) has come forth in the glory of a French dress and of a prefatory trapping contrived by M. Filon. Emerson also has his votaries, but the strangest freak of all is the French admiration of Carlyle. "Sartor Resartus" is at this very moment passing through the pages of a review, and one is aghast at the spectacle of Teufelsdröckh thus transformed. Surely it is enough to make the Seer turn in his grave—a public tribute from a nation for which he neither felt nor professed the smallest sympathy!

A Churn That Churns in One Minute.

I have been in the dairy business all my life and have many times churned for an hour before but would appear, so when I heard of a churn that would churn in a minute, I concluded to try it. Every day for a week I used it, and not only could I churn in a minute, but I got more and better butter than with the common churn. This is very important information to butter makers. The churn works easily and will churn an ordinary churning in less than sixty seconds. I have sold two dozen of these churns in the past month. Every butter maker that has seen me churn in less than a minute bought one. You can obtain all the information regarding the churn by addressing J. F. Casey & Co., St. Louis, Mo., and they will give you prompt and courteous attention.

Bethlehem's Christmas.

There is not one out of 10,000 who knows how the Christmas holiday is kept in Bethlehem, the city most closely connected with the day. Bethlehem of this time has 8,000 inhabitants and is not attractive in appearance; as the streets are too narrow for vehicles. Only donkeys and camels and foot passengers traverse the narrow allies. The town is but five miles south of Jerusalem.

There is a splendid road between Jerusalem and Bethlehem and the drivers take one over the ground at a furious speed. Of course, the city is larger and better built than in the time of Christ, but otherwise has not changed very essentially. The great Church of the Nativity and some of the larger buildings are since the day of Christ but many of the buildings doubtless stood at the time of his birth. At Christmas every one visits the Field of the Shepherds, a mile away from the church, which is reputed to be the place where the shepherds tended their flocks. Back at the big church a procession of bishops, priests and people form in the square before the edifice, each man dressed in his most gorgeous robes. Turkish soldiers line both sides of the streets to clear the way of the procession. Latin patriarch of Jerusalem arrives, is met by the procession carrying banners and immense candles and all go into the Latin chapel through the main entrance.

The entrance is so small that but one can enter at a time and he must stoop to do so. The reason for this is that the Mohammedans used at one time annoy the Christians, even riding into the church on horse-back, that the entrance was made small to keep them out.

Inside the structure is very ancient, some of it dating from the time of Constantine. In the Latin chapel of St. Catherine services are held and at midnight the patriarch of Jerusalem says mass. The chapel is filled with people sitting on the floor. Then the procession repairs to the Grotto of the Nativity, under the church. Originally this was simply a natural cave in the limestone rock.—Of course the original manger was not preserved. Now marble slabs cover the walls and floors and the ten-foot ceiling carries thirty-two brass lamps. Many religious pictures of poor execution hang on the walls and in the east end of the cave is a small recess hung about with fifteen lamps. On the floor of the recess a bright silver star is set in and it is almost worn away by the constant kissing it receives.

Most of the worshippers remain in the church all night; occasionally some steal out and are driven away home. The clear moon makes the country as bright as day. The Christmas day at Bethlehem is without the

HEART-BEATS.

The Reason Why the Heart Flutters, Palpitates, and is Oppressed, and How to Relieve it.

The heart has a hard old time of it and within itself does not excite much disease, but it is very often called upon to display the troubling symptoms of palpitation, fluttering, labored breathing, oppression, etc., on account of diseased Kidneys offering increased resistance to the passage of the blood through their defective secretive structures, causing a morbid change in the blood unsuited to nourish the tissues and noxious to them. The minute arteries resist the passage of this foul blood, resulting in the muscular walls of the arteries and the ventricle of the heart becoming partially paralyzed, and from this cause results much of the so-called heart disease, which is owing to wasting Kidneys not being able to perform their functions. In order to relieve heart trouble remove the cause in the Kidneys with Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They relieve the blood of poisonous deposits, it goes on its way a stream of health, relieving the heart and imparting strength to every tissue of the body. When your heart is in trouble Chase's Pills quickly remove the causing condition, no matter whether it exists on account of disorder of the kidneys, liver, stomach, or of nervous affection. Sold by all dealers. Price 25c. Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.

good cheer and happiness of our day, for the home life is so different. There is no feasting and giving of presents, nothing but religious ceremonies.

No plants should have as much heat during the day; from 10 to 20 degs. being the proper difference in temperature. On the other hand, as we all know, plants in a room where there is no heat are in danger of freezing and if left in a room of low temperature at night must be carefully protected from all possible window draughts. Moisture is one of the most important considerations for plants as the dry air of the average living room is fatal to bloom and beauty. Ingenious devices are sometimes resorted to for the necessary moisture and among these a very simple one is to suspend a large sponge (or two if there be many plants) in the window and keep it constantly wet. A successful cultivator of house plants says: I steam my plants quite often. I heat several stones or bricks very hot in the stove take them out in an old wooden pail, set it in the room, pour on a quart of boiling water, and drop the curtain. The dampness is just what the plants like, but the insects do not. The watering of plants seems easy enough but in reality it is a very important and delicate operation.

How a Woman Paid Her Debts.

A lady in Lexington says: "I am out of debt; and thanks to the Dishwasher business. In the past six weeks I have made \$530.00. Every housekeeper wants a Dishwasher, and any intelligent person can sell them with big profit to himself. The Dishwasher is lovely, you can wash and dry the family dishes in two minutes, and without wetting your hands. You can get particulars by addressing, The Mound City Dishwasher Co., St. Louis, Mo. There is big money in the business for an agent. I expect to clear \$4,000 the coming year. I need the money, why not make it."

MISS C. E.

EQUITY SALE.

There will be sold at Public Auction at the front of the Post Office, in Kings Ward, in the Town of Woodstock, in the County of Carleton, on Tuesday, the Ninth day of March, A. D. 1897, at the hour of Twelve o'clock, noon, pursuant to the directions of a Decreeal Order of the Supreme Court in Equity, made on the First day of December, A. D. 1886, in a certain suit therein pending, wherein John W. Begg was plaintiff, and William Henry Post and Annie Post his wife, Arthur B. Demerchant and Margery Demerchant his wife, and Frank E. McNally were defendants, the said decreeal Order of the undersigned Referee in Equity for the County of Carleton, the lands and premises directed to be sold by the said decreeal order, the lands firstly described therein to be sold first, and described as: "All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in the Parish of Wicklow in the County of Carleton, being the lands and premises mentioned in Item number two of the last Will and Testament of Isaac Post, late of the Parish of Canning in the County of Queens, deceased, which said lands are described in the said item number two of the said will as follows:—the piece or parcel of land situate in the Parish of Wicklow, County of Carleton, Province aforesaid, being twenty rods on the lower side of a block of land that I purchased on the fifth day of August, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, from Charles Simonds and Sarah his wife, bounded on the lower or southerly side by lands owned by Charles McMullin, on the front by the river Saint John, on the upper or northerly side by lands owned and occupied by Abraham Post, being twenty rods from front to rear of said block of land, containing fifty acres more or less, which said lands are at present bounded on the lower or southerly side by lands occupied by Frederick H. Hale, on the front by the river Saint John, on the upper or northerly side by lands occupied by George White, together with all buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining. And if the proceeds of such sale be not sufficient to pay the amount assessed to the plaintiff and directed by the said decree to be paid to the said plaintiff and his costs of suit, and costs of the defendant Frank E. McNally, the undersigned referee will then immediately after the sale of the above described lands at the place of sale aforesaid sell the lands secondly described and directed to be sold by the said decreeal order in accordance with the directions of the said decreeal order, which said lands are described in the said decreeal order as follows: "All that certain piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in the said Parish of Kent in the County of Carleton and bounded and described as follows: commencing at a cedar stake near the road leading to Beechwood Siding and directly in front of the said Annie Post's House, thence easterly along the said road eight rods to another cedar stake, thence north-westerly, about four feet east of a row of apple trees recently set out thirteen rods to another cedar stake, thence south-westerly parallel to the said road eight rods to another cedar stake, thence south easterly parallel to the before mentioned row of apple trees twelve rods and eleven feet to the place of beginning and containing three fifths of an acre more or less. Together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining. For terms of sale apply to plaintiff's solicitor. Dated the twenty-sixth day of December A. D. 1896.

C. E. DUFFY, Referee in Equity.
Plaintiff's Solicitor,
Fredericton, N. B.

HOTELS.

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Carleton Street, - - Woodstock, N. B.,
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Within a stone throw of Queen Street Station, overlooking the St. John River. Sample rooms in Opera House Block and in hotel.
237 Terms \$1.50 per day.

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