

## Permanent Cure of Chronic Constipation.

Perhaps you've suffered with constipation for years, tried all the pills and purgatives you ever heard of read of, without getting any more relief than the one dose of the medicine afforded.

Then you were left worse than before, bowels bound harder than ever, the constipation aggravated instead of cured. All the miseries of constipation—Headache, Sick Stomach, Bilioussness, Pimples, Eruptions, Blood Humors, Blotches, Piles, and a thousand and one other ills crowded back on you again with redoubled severity.

Wouldn't you consider it a blessing to be cured of your constipation so that it would stay cured? So that a repetition of all the suffering you have endured would never come again? Burdock Blood Bitters can cure you—cure so that the cure will be permanent.

That's where it differs from all other remedies. It makes a thorough renovation of the whole intestinal tract, tones the bowel wall, acts on the liver and stomach, and causes all the digestive and secretory organs to work harmoniously and perform their functions properly and perfectly that constipation, with all its attendant sickness, suffering and ill health, become a thing of the past.

Miss Arabella Jolie, living at 99 Carrière Street, Montreal, Que., bears out all we say in regard to the efficacy of Burdock Blood Bitters in curing constipation permanently. This is her statement:

"For over a year I suffered a great deal from persistent constipation and could only get temporary relief from the various remedies I tried until I started using Burdock Blood Bitters. I am thankful to say that this remedy has completely and permanently cured me and I have had no return of the constipation."

**BBB**

# 5 & 10.

For a first-class variety of 5 and 10 cent goods, come here.

Glassware,  
Tinware,  
Woodenware,  
Novelties of all kinds.

MRS. R. B. GIBSON,

Opp. Opera House.

Queen St.,  
WOODSTOCK.

WOOL MATS,  
GRASS MATS,

For Carriages.

Summer Horse Blankets,  
Summer Lap Robes and Dusters,  
Axle Grease,  
Curry Combs,  
Whips, Lashes,  
Fancy Harness Trimmings.

All the Summer Styles in the  
Harness and House Furnish-  
ing lines.

ATHERTON BROS.

King Street,  
Woodstock.

**CANCERS CURED WITHOUT**  
USING A  
**MORRELL**  
**CANCER**  
**INSTITUTE.**  
CARIBOU, ME.  
THE EASIEST, QUICKEST, AND MOST  
SCIENTIFIC AS WELL AS SUCCESSFUL CANCER  
AND TUMOR TREATMENT IN THE WORLD.  
HUNDREDS OF CASES CURED WITHOUT A  
FAILURE. SEND FOR PAMPHLET, TERMS REASONABLE.

**FREE**

Our special pack-  
et of Sweet Pea  
Seeds contains all  
the best known varieties,  
including Fire Fly, Countess  
of Aberdeen, Crown Jewell, Eck-  
arts, and many others, 10 cts.  
per packet. Send us your name  
and address and we will send  
you two dozen to sell for us,  
when all are sold return the  
money to us and we will send  
you this elegant

Watch and Chain FREE  
We also give Violins, Accordi-  
ans, etc.  
NATIONAL MANUFACTURING CO.  
Dept. 18. TORONTO.

### Language of Assent and Dissent.

There are endless ways of saying "No," and assent can be expressed in equally varied ways. Mr. Kipling's neolithic poet informs us that

There are nine and sixty ways of construct-  
ing tribal lays,  
And every single one of them is right!

The same may be said of the language of as-  
sent. It has an ample vocabulary. There is  
the negative affirmative, for instance. As  
Bret Harte's stage-driver says at the conclu-  
sion of his wondrous story of the coach that  
travelled down the Geiger Grade on three  
wheels, then two, and finally for 1,200 yards  
or more on one—

Who swerves from the truth in his tale—No,  
thank you—Well, since you are pressing,  
Perhaps I don't care if I do; you may give  
me the same, Jim—no sugar.

"I don't mind if I do" is quite a familiar  
form of assent in some circles—especially to  
such offers as the stage-driver graciously ac-  
cepted.

The variations in public methods of ex-  
pressing assent are curious. Every one is  
familiar with the public meeting formula, in  
which all who are of a certain opinion are bid  
to express the same in the usual manner,  
whereupon up go what the reporter loves to  
call a "forest of hands." More inspiring is  
the method sometimes adopted of inviting  
those who assent to say "Aye." This is  
House of Commons fashion, though compar-  
atively few propositions sufficiently stir the  
House to the roar of agreement that goes up  
from an excited public meeting. The curious  
thing about "aye" is that no one knows  
whence the word came. Dr. Murray says  
that as an affirmative exclamation it appeared  
suddenly, about 1575, and was exceedingly  
common about 1600, but its origin is un-  
known. Of course, it is easy to guess, and  
the plausible suggestion has been made that  
it is the same as the adverb "ay," which means  
ever, always. But, curiously enough, at first  
it was always written phonetically, "I," a  
spelling never found with the meaning of  
"ay," ever; so the problem remains open.  
Drayton, in his string of sonnets called "Ides"  
(1594), writes:—"Nothing but No and I, and  
I and No." The word, wherever it may  
have come from, was early adopted by the  
House of Commons. Andrew Marvel, in one  
of his letters referring to Parliamentary pro-  
ceedings in 1669, writes:—"The ayes proved  
138, and the nose 129," and it was in use  
long before that date.

The House of Lords fashion of ex-  
pressing assent and the reverse—"Con-  
tent" and "Not Content"—is equally  
old, but grown quaint in style. It is,  
of course, founded on the older elliptical  
use of "content" as an exclamation of agree-  
ment which is now obsolete in ordinary  
speech. In the first part of "Henry VI."  
the King calls upon the contentious serving-  
men—some with their heads already broken  
—to cease from disturbing the peace and join  
in friendship at their superiors had done.  
"Content," exclaims one, "I'll to the sur-  
geon's." The earliest allusion of the House  
of Lords practice which has been found is  
dated 1621, in an account printed by the  
Camden Society of the Peers' debates:—"Such  
... as are of opinion that the  
charge shall be sent to the Lord Chancellor,  
say—Content. Such as will have his Lord-  
ship come hether to hear the charge, say—  
Not Content." Another variation, the  
"placet" and its reverse of ecclesiastical coun-  
cils and of university governing bodies, is,  
of course, simply the Latin equivalent, "It  
pleases," of "Content."

Perhaps the most singular of English forms  
of expressing agreement or approbation—  
long since obsolete—was the practice once in  
vogue even among church congregations of  
making a humming noise when anything  
was said which the audience particularly liked  
or agreed with heartily. In a contemporary  
account of the trial of the regicides in 1660,  
it is often stated that "the people hum'd,"  
evidently in approval of what was being said.  
Once, later, when Bishop Burnet preached  
before the House of Commons, part of his  
congregation, we are told, "hummed" so  
loudly and so long that he sat down to enjoy  
it, and rubbed his face with his handkerchief.  
Another preacher of that era, however, Dr.  
Sprat, Bishop of Rochester, when a loud hum  
arose from the congregation, stretched out  
his hand and cried:—"Peace, peace, I pray  
you peace." Macaulay tells us that when  
William III., five days after his proclamation,  
went down to the House of Lords, and from  
his seat on the throne addressed the Com-  
mons assembled at the bar, the speech was  
received by the crowd of members of the  
lower House "with the deep hum by which  
our ancestors were wont to indicate approba-  
tion."

It was about this time, according to the  
same writer, that another curious mode of  
expressing assent or agreement began to be  
commonly used—that is, the interjected  
"Hear! Hear!" which in the House of Com-  
mons of the present day may mean, accord-  
ing to the intonation, agreement or derision,  
admiration or indignation, but in ordinary  
use elsewhere is generally restricted to an  
indication of agreement. Macaulay says that  
the phrase "Hear him!" was first used to  
silence irregular noises and recall attention  
to the speaker, but gradually became what

"Hear! Hear!" is now. The form "Hear  
him!" lasted for a very long time. A poeti-  
cal "Art of Politicks," of 1731, gives the  
sensible advice:—

If, when you speak, you'd hear a Needle fall,  
And make the frequent hear-hims rend the  
wall,

In matter suited to your Taste engage,  
Remembering still your Quality and Age.

The German Pastor Moritz, who wrote an  
account of his "Travels Through Several  
Parts of England" in 1782, describing the  
House of Commons of that day, says that  
friends and admirers of a speaker made their  
approbation known by "calling out, 'Hear  
him!'" which is often repeated by the whole  
house at once. This calling out is always re-  
garded as a great encouragement, and I have  
often observed that one who began with  
some diffidence, and even somewhat in-  
auspiciously, has in the end been so animated  
that he has spoken with a torrent of elo-  
quence."

Another foreign visitor, M. Grosley, who  
attended a sitting of the House in 1765, rep-  
resents the members as crying out in chorus  
"Ya! Ya!" which appears to be a phonetic  
rendering of "Hear! Hear!" but the latter  
form does not appear to have superseded  
"Hear him!" until some time early in the  
present century. Dickens, by the way,  
represents Colonel Groper, at the reception  
of the Hon. Elijah Pogram, in "Martin  
Chuzzlewit," as saying, "Good, very good;  
hear him!" But this appears to be a slip, for  
the expression is said to be unknown in  
America. The current usage at English pub-  
lic meetings is, of course, adopted from the  
House of Commons practice. We have by  
no means exhausted the vocabulary of the  
language of assent. The cross on the ballot  
paper, and the ball (of the right colour) drop-  
ped into the club urn or ballot-box are both  
eloquent, though unspoken, parts of speech  
in that language. There are, too, inarticu-  
late forms, such as the grunts of acquiescence  
we hear of in novels, but do not often hear  
of in real life. In fiction, also, may be stud-  
ied the endless forms in which the moment-  
ous "Yes" is uttered (or otherwise expressed)  
by Her in reply to Him.—London Globe.

## A SIMPLE SOLUTION.

Why Dodd's Kidney Pills Al-  
ways Cure Kidney Diseases.

What a Prince Edward Island Doctor Says  
on the Subject—Dodd's Kidney Pills are  
the Only Cure for all Kidney Com-  
plaints.

GASPEREAUX, P. E. I., May 22.—The  
startling story that comes from Murray  
Harbor South, concerning the rescue of Mr. Wil-  
liam Sharam, of that town, from the deadly  
clutches of Kidney Disease; has set the peo-  
ple throughout the island talking. Many  
others have been cured of Kidney Disease on  
this Island, by Dodd's Kidney Pills, but Mr.  
Sharam is so well-known that his case excites  
more than ordinary interest.

One of our cleverest and most successful  
physicians was asked today, how he account-  
ed for the enormous number of Kidney Dis-  
ease cases that have been cured by Dodd's  
Kidney Pills.

"It can be accounted for in only one way,"  
he answered, "Dodd's Kidney Pills possess  
the power of curing disordered Kidneys. No  
other preparation known to man possesses  
this power."

"Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Gout,  
Stone in the Bladder, Gravel, Lumbago,  
Rheumatism, Heart Failure, Paralysis, Nep-  
hritis, Diseases of Women, etc. all spring  
from disordered Kidneys. These diseases  
are all marked by the retention in the blood  
certain dead matter, that healthy Kidneys ex-  
tract from the blood, and throw out of the  
body."

"Now Dodd's Kidney Pills restore the  
kidney's to health. Then the blood is pro-  
perly purified, all poison being drained out  
of it and thrown out of the system. There  
can then be none of the diseases named. It's  
very simple, you see."

"Dodd's Kidney Pills are undoubtedly the  
only medicine that can cure these diseases.  
They never fail to cure them—they cannot  
fail."

Dodd's Kidney Pills are sold by all drug-  
gists, at fifty cents a box, six boxes \$2.50, or  
sent, on receipt of price, by The Dodds Med-  
icine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

"So you were bound and gagged by bandits  
while in Italy, were you?" asked the garru-  
lous person; "regular comic-opera bandits, he?"  
"No, sir," said the traveller; there was noth-  
ing of the comic-opera style about them.  
The gags they used were all new."

"HIS MONEY IN THE STREET."  
Catarrh Remedies Cost Him Hundreds and  
No Cure—Two Bottles of Dr. Agnew's  
Catarrhal Powder Cured Him.

Fred H. Helb, jr., distiller, Railroad,  
York Co., Pa., on January 31st last wrote of  
Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder like this: "I  
had catarrh of the head and stomach for two  
years, and had it in the worst form. I spent  
several hundred dollars in remedies and  
might as well have thrown my money in the  
street. I was recommended to try Dr.  
Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and two bottles  
of it have already cured me. I am a well  
man, and wish its makers the greatest of  
success."

Why may a professor without students be  
said to be the most attentive of all teachers?  
Because he has only two pupils, and they are  
always in his eyes.

## Women Need Not Suffer



From those terrible side  
aches, back aches, head-  
aches and the thousand and  
one other ills which make  
life full of misery.

Most of these troubles are  
due to impure, imperfectly  
filtered blood—the Kidneys  
are not acting right and in  
consequence the system is  
being poisoned with impuri-  
ties.

### DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

are daily proving themselves woman's  
greatest friend and benefactor.

Here is an instance:

Mrs. Harry Fleming, St. Mary's, N.B.,  
says: "The use of Doan's Kidney Pills  
restored me to complete health. The  
first symptoms I noticed in my case were  
severe pains in the small of my back  
and around the loins, together with  
general weakness and loss of appetite.  
I gradually became worse, until,  
hearing of Doan's Kidney Pills, I got a  
box from our druggist.

I am pleased to testify to their effect-  
iveness in correcting the troubles from  
which I suffered."

Papa: "So Emily now stands at the head  
of her class in French?" Mamma: "Yes. She  
and another girl were exactly even in the  
written exercises, but it was decided that  
Emily shrugged her shoulders the more cor-  
rectly."

Why is a telephonist like a blind man?  
Because he listens to the voice of those he  
cannot see.

Why is a man proposing like a hen hatch-  
ing? One is in earnest, and the other is in  
her nest, too.

### COOK'S ANODYNE LINIMENT.

#### NOTICE OF SALE.

To Henry C. Cliff, of the Parish of Wicklow, in  
the County of Carleton and Province of New  
Brunswick, and all others whom it may con-  
cern:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that under  
and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a  
certain Indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the  
fourteenth day of September, A. D. 1895, made  
between the said Henry C. Cliff, of the one part  
and Thomas R. Cameron, of the Parish of  
Andover, in the County of Victoria, Carpenter,  
of the other part, and which said mortgage is re-  
corded in the Victoria County records office in  
book "S" on pages 253, 254 and 255, and is num-  
bered 8411, in said book, and which said mortgage  
was duly assigned by the said Thomas R. Cam-  
eron to Bridget Ann Lynott, of Edmundston,  
in the County of Madawaska, administratrix  
of the personal estate and effects which were of  
Patrick Lynott, deceased, who died intestate, and  
which said assignment is recorded in the Victoria  
County records office in book "S" on pages 312,  
313 and 314 by the number 8445 in said book, there  
will for the purpose of satisfying the moneys  
secured by said mortgage, default having been  
made in the payment of the amount due thereon,  
contrary to the proviso for the payment of the  
amount secured by said mortgage, be sold by me,  
the undersigned Bridget Ann Lynott, adminis-  
tratrix, as aforesaid, at public auction, in front of  
the Court House, in Andover, in the County of  
Victoria, on THURSDAY THE FIFTEENTH  
DAY OF JUNE next, at the hour of three  
o'clock, in the afternoon, the lands and premises  
described in said mortgage as follows—all that  
certain piece parcel or lot of land and premises  
situate lying and being in the Parish of Andover  
in the County of Victoria and Province of New  
Brunswick and bounded as follows—beginning at  
a cedar post at the south east angle of lot number  
two granted to Robert Brown in block eight,  
thence west fifty-two chains to a cedar stake  
thence south sixteen degrees along the line of  
lands owned and occupied by George L. Brown  
until it strikes the side line of lands formerly owned  
by and occupied by Susan Murphy widow of  
Elias Murphy thence east until it strikes the base  
line of the river lots thence northerly along the  
base line of river lots to place of beginning—con-  
taining fifty acres more or less, the same having  
been granted to George W. Murphy and distin-  
guished as part of lots three and four of block  
eight, together with the buildings and improve-  
ments thereon or in anywise appertaining.  
Dated at Edmundston, New Brunswick, this  
third day of April A. D. 1899.

BRIDGET ANN LYNOTT,  
Administratrix Patrick Lynott estate.  
JOHN M. STEVENS,  
Solicitor.

### FARM FOR SALE.

The undersigned now offers for sale, his farm,  
located in the pleasant village of Jacksonville,  
about four miles from the town of Woodstock,  
a mile from superior school, store, post office and  
four churches. House, two story, well built and  
finished throughout, also barns and outbuildings  
in good repair. This farm contains 140 acres, di-  
vided into two parts, one 50 acres on main road,  
the other, containing 90 acres on cross road, within  
40 rods of front place. These will be sold sep-  
arately or together to suit purchaser. Also some  
farming implements. This farm will be sold at a  
bargain. Terms easy. WM. PAYSON.

## ROOM PAPER,

LATEST DESIGNS,  
RICHEST COLORS,  
LARGEST VARIETY.

## BORDERS TO MATCH

Prices from 5c. to 50c. per  
roll. Borders from 1c. to 15c.  
per yard.

MRS. J. LOANE & CO.

Opp. Carlisle Hotel, Main Street,  
Woodstock.

## General House Finishing.

DOORS,  
WINDOWS,  
MOULDINGS,  
FLOORING,  
SHEATHING,  
SCHOOL DESKS,  
CHURCH WORK.

James E. Barter & Co.

Avondale, N. B.

GRASS SEED,  
FRESH GROCERIES.

Of all kinds. Price away  
down, and a Liberal Dis-  
count for cash.

W. R. WRIGHT,  
UPPER WOODSTOCK.

HOTELS

### JUNCTION HOUSE,

COLIN CAMPBELL Prop.

Excellent Accommodation.

McAdam Junction.

### QUEEN HOTEL,

J. W. SMITH, Proprietor.

St. Stephen, - - - N. B.

Opposite Post Office, two minute's walk from  
C. P. R. Depot.  
Newly Painted and Renovated, most convenient  
Hotel in St. Stephen for Commercial Men.  
\$1.50 PER DAY.

### VICTORIA HOTEL,

Carleton Street, - - Woodstock, N. B.

T. J. BOYER, Proprietor.

Within a stone throw of Queen Street Station,  
overlooking the St. John River. Sample rooms in  
Opera House Block and in hotel.  
\$2 Terms \$1.50 per day.

### Hotel Stanley,

J. M. FOWLER, PROPRIETOR,

TERMS MODERATE.

47 AND 49 KING SQUARE,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

### Queen Hotel,

J. A. EDWARDS, - - Proprietor.

QUEEN STREET,

FREDERICTON, - N. B.

### VICTORIA HOTEL,

ST. JOHN, N. B.

D. W. McCORMICK, - Proprietor

### JUNCTION HOUSE,

Newburg Junction.

Meals on arrival of all trains. First-class fare.

R. B. OWENS, Proprietor

### C. P. R. TIME TABLE.

October 2nd, 1898.

DEPARTURES.

(QUEEN STREET STATION).

6.20 A. MIXED—Week days—for Houlton, Mc-  
Adam, St. Stephen, St. Andrews,  
Fredericton, Saint John, Bangor, Portland and  
Boston.

8.35 A. MIXED—Week days—for Arrostook  
M Junction, Presque Isle, etc.

11.28 A. EXPRESS—Week days—for Presque  
M Isle, Edmundston, and all points  
North.

1.20 P. MIXED—Week days—for Perth, Plaster  
M Rock, etc.

P. MIXED—Week days—for Fredericton,  
M etc., via Gibson Branch, etc.

4.18 P. EXPRESS—Week days—for Saint  
M Stephen, Fredericton, St. John, Vance-  
boro, Quebec, Sherbrooke, Montreal, and all points  
West, Northwest, and on the Pacific Coast Bangor  
Portland, Boston, etc.

5.35 P. MIXED—Week days—for McAdam  
M Junction, etc. (STARTS FROM OLD  
STATION).

8.05 P. MIXED—Week days—for Debec Jun-  
M tion and Houlton.

ARRIVALS.

7.50 A. M.—MIXED—Week days, from McAdam  
Junction.

10.50 A. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Plaste  
Rock, etc.

11.20 A. M.—EXPRESS—Week days, from Saint  
John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Boston, Montreal,  
etc.

12.15 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Frederic-  
on, etc., via Gibson Branch.

2.55 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Presque  
Isle.

4.18 P. M.—EXPRESS—Week days, from Presque  
Isle, Caribou, Edmundston, etc.

5.40 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Houlton,  
etc.

9.35 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from St. John,  
Portland, St. Stephen, etc.