

**THE WOODSTOCK DISPATCH.**

ISSUED WEDNESDAY  
From the office, 46 Queen Street, Woodstock, N.B.  
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P. O. Box E. Telephone.  
**CHARLES APPLEBY & T. CARL L. KETCHUM.**  
Editors and Proprietors

WOODSTOCK, N. B., SEPT. 6, 1899.

**THE SCARCITY OF IRON.**

Everything points to a demand for all products of the factory and the field, and the business man and farmer is studying up the tune, "No more hard times."  
Iron is especially in demand. The Quebec Soleil in a recent number states that work on the new Grand Trunk station, is put off because of the scarcity of material. The Carnegie iron works are said to be running seven days of the week and twenty-four hours of the day. Russia used last year 1,800,000 tons of rail for the construction of the trans-Siberian railway. From all parts of the world come orders for iron and the supply does not appear to be equal to the demand.  
Sadly, there is hope that the works at Upper Woodstock may be started. In a recent report by Prof. Bailey, to the dominion government, he claims that the ore at Upper Woodstock and Jacksonville is adaptable, and quotes the opinion of a competent English authority that the iron is peculiarly strong and tenacious.

**"KEEPING TRADE AT HOME."**

Under this heading the Monetary Times, of Toronto, has such a pointed and suggestive editorial, that we publish it in full for the benefit of our readers. That trade goes from Woodstock which should be kept here is not infrequently the fault of our store keepers. Say the Monetary Times:—

"The most common complaint in mercantile circles is that trade is being diverted from the country villages and towns to the large cities. A very pessimistic view is often taken of this movement, and it is usually thought impossible to counteract the attraction citywards. Experience has proven, however, that this is not entirely an impossibility. The Dry Goods Economist of New York cites the example of merchants in Newark, New Jersey, who have successfully withstood the competition of the large New York stores. Communication between Newark and New York is quick and easy. There are four or five lines of railroad and an express train in either direction at almost any hour. And the traveller may be landed in New York at points on the west side of Manhattan Island within the shortest distance of the great shopping centres. And yet, we are told, 'in spite of the temptations offered the public, the Newark stores not only manage to hold their own, but most of them are steadily expanding. They are not content with keeping their own clientele from going to New York, but are reaching out for trade in every possible quarter.'"

The journal quoted recites the cause of this success: "The Newark stores have succeeded by pursuing a progressive policy—low prices, good service, comfort in the stores, first-class window dressing, wide-awake advertising and the prompt adoption and adaptation of improvements being their watchwords." We ask the attention of Canadian merchants to the fact that these means will keep trade at home wherever the home may be, for the same thing applies to Canada as to the States. The other day a Parry Sound merchant, who had spent some time in pricing goods in Toronto retail stores, stated to the writer that most staple commodities were sold in Parry Sound at about Toronto prices. We venture to say, however, that the general impression of the people of Parry Sound is to the contrary. In moulding public opinion the progressive merchant may show his handwork. It is one thing to have as good merchandise in stock at as low prices as can be had elsewhere, and another to make the fact apparent to the public. This can only be done by diligently studying and following the most progressive methods of modern store-keeping. No man who sits on his counter smoking a venerable pipe, ignoring modern ideas, and waiting for trade to come to him, is likely to make a successful competitor with the up-to-date man who sees the possibilities as well as the limitations of his sphere, and resolutely makes the most of them."

**Babies Tortured**

By flaming, itching eczema, find comfort and permanent cure in Dr. Chase's Ointment, a preparation which has a record of cures unparalleled in the history of medicine. Eczema, salt rheum, fetid, scald head, old people's rash, and all itching skin diseases, are absolutely cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

**The Base of Unbelief.**

[From the Chicago News.]  
Old Grumpy—I have found it the safest rule in life to trust no man—to take it for granted that every one is only waiting for an opportunity to beat you.

Miss Cutler—Ah, your case only emphasizes the fact that too much introspection is a bad thing.

**Generally.**

[From the New York Press.]  
She—What's the next thing to a kiss?  
He—Another one.

**VERY STALE BREAD.**

It Was Baked in Pompeii Before the Eruption 1800 Years Ago.

Sufferers from indigestion are advised to eat stale bread; the staler the better, they are told. There is in the museum at Naples some bread which ought to be stale enough for anybody. It was baked one day in August, 79 A. D., in one of the curious ovens still to be seen at Pompeii. There are several loaves of it, one still bearing the impress of the baker's name.

In shape and size they resemble the small cottage loaves of England, but not in appearance, for they are as black as charcoal, which, in fact, they closely resemble. This was not their original color, but they have become carbonized, and if eaten would probably remain one of charcoal biscuits. When new they may have weighed about a couple of pounds each, and were most likely raised with leaven, as is most of the bread in oriental countries at the present time.

Other comestibles besides the bread were preserved, and may now be seen in the same room in the museum. There are various kinds of grain, fruit vegetables, and even pieces of meat. Most interesting is a dish of walnuts, some cracked ready for eating, others whole. Though carbonized, like all the other eatables, they have preserved their characteristic wrinkles and lines.

There are figs, too, and pears, the former rather shriveled, as one would expect after all these years, the latter certainly no longer "juicy." But perhaps the most interesting relic in the room is a honeycomb, every cell of which can be distinctly made out. It is so well preserved that it is hard to realize that the comb is no longer wax nor the honey honey.

A piece of the comb seems to have been cut out, and one can imagine some young Pompeian having helped himself to it and sitting down to eat it, when he had to jump up and fly for his life. One cannot help wondering what became of the piece—whether the young fellow took it with him and ate it as he ran, or whether he left it on his plate, intending to return for it when the eruption was over.

**Diamond Dyes**

Far Ahead of All Others.

Practical Experience Has Demonstrated That They Are the Easiest to Use.

It is the easiest matter in the world to dye with Diamond Dyes, as thousands of women know from practical experience. By using these simple home dyes one can make old clothing look like new and save a great many dollars in the course of a year.  
Do not accept imitations of the original Diamond Dyes from any dealer, no matter how strongly he may recommend them, for while he makes a larger profit on them they do not dye as much goods, nor do they equal the Diamond Dyes in fastness of colors.  
When poor dyes are used, both your money and labor are thrown away and the goods are spoiled forever. Use Diamond Dyes only and get the best possible results. All reliable dealers can supply you with the Diamond Dyes.

**How He Sold His Story.**

[From the Chicago Times-Herald.]  
An author who had been unsuccessful in getting a story accepted, though he had kept it going for three years, noticing that the manuscript was badly worn by constant transmission in the mails, forwarded it by express to the last available publication on his list, valuing it at \$75.  
He was in luck this time. The story was lost en route, and no track of it could be found.  
Some time afterwards a friend, who knew the unfortunate history of the story, asked: "Did you ever get that article of yours off?"  
"Just sold it?" replied the joyful author.  
"And how much did you get for it?"  
"Seventy-five dollars. It was bought by the express company!"

**Scrofula.**

Another permanent cure by B.B.B. after two doctors failed.

Ask any doctor and he will tell you that, next to cancer, scrofula is one of the hardest diseases to cure.  
Yet Burdock Blood Bitters applied externally to the parts affected and taken internally cured Rev. Wm. Stout, of Kirkton, Ont., permanently, after many prominent physicians failed; Cured Mrs. W. Bennet, of Crewson's Corners, Ont., permanently, when everyone thought she would die. Now Mr. H. H. Forest, Windsor Mills, P.Q., states his case as follows:

"After having used Burdock Blood Bitters for scrofula in the blood, I feel it my duty to make known the results. I was treated by two skilled physicians, but they failed to cure me. I had running sores on my hands and legs which I could get nothing to heal until I tried B.B.B. This remedy healed them completely and permanently, leaving the skin and flesh sound and whole."



Remember Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure the worst cases after other remedies fail.  
Laxa-Liver Pills cure Constipation.

**European Crops.**

Beerbohm says the English oats crop is turning out well, although perhaps better than expected. Last year's official average yield in Great Britain was 47.22 bushels per acre; whilst the previous ten year's average was 39.98 bushels. The present year crop is expected to reach from 36 to 37 bushels. In France, foreign oats are now competing with home grown, and although this year's crop is a poor one, the tendency of prices is very weak. Germany expects a very good crop, according to our Berlin correspondent, but with regard to the important Russian crop, we at present know nothing definite. From the returns of the exports it is seen that America has shipped to Europe during the past twelve months 3,793,000 quarters against 7,869,000 quarters last year, whilst Russia has managed to export only about 3,100,000 quarters against 3,162,000 quarters last season, and 8,392,000 quarters in 1897.

If you notice your child grinding the teeth during sleep, picking at the nose, eating ravenously but not seeming to gain flesh, you may be sure worms are present and should not delay giving Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup, Price 25c.

Mamie—"Yes, Katie, I think I shall marry Mr. Highflair and try and reform him."  
Katie—"In taking such a risk don't you think that you have everything to lose and nothing to gain?"

Some day.—The fair one—I suppose you will marry, though, when the golden opportunity offers, won't you? The Cautious one—It will depend upon how much good there is in the opportunity.

**Stiff Joints 4 Years.**

Mr. Arthur Byrns, Rock Hill, Ont., writes: "I was laid up with stiff joints for about four years and could get no relief until I used three bottles of Hagyard's Yellow Oil which cured me."

Work—The tramp—Can you tell me how I can get work, sir? The citizen (crustily)—Yes; buy a bicycle, and try to keep it clean!

Two ways of looking at it.—"Another daughter off your hands, smiled Mrs. Grims."  
"Another son-in-law to keep."

**MONEY TO LOAN**

On Real Estate.  
APPLY TO D. McLEOD VINCE,  
Barrister-at-Law, Woodstock, N. B.

**\$2.95 GOLD PLATED.** Cut this out to us with your name and address, and we will forward this watch to you by express for examination. It is a snap-back and bezel dust-proof open face, stem wind and set, gold plated, handsomely engraved. It looks like a solid gold watch, is fitted with a Jewelled American Model Movement that we warrant to give good satisfaction, and is just the watch for trading purposes. If after careful examination you find this watch to be exactly as represented, pay the express agent \$2.95 and charge, and it is yours.  
Dept. W. D. Terry Watch Co., Toronto, Ont.

**C. P. R. TIME TABLE.**

June 25th 1899

DEPARTURES.  
(QUEEN STREET STATION).

6.00 A MIXED—Week days—for Houlton, McAdam, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Fredericton, Saint John, Bangor, Portland and Boston.

8.30 A MIXED—Week days—for Aroostook M Junction, Presque Isle, etc.

11.28 A EXPRESS—Week days—for Presque M Isle, Edmundston, Plaster Rock, and all points North.

2.35 P MIXED—Week days—for Fredericton, M etc., via Gibson Branch.

3.00 P MIXED—Week days—for Bath and M intermediate points.

4.40 P EXPRESS—Week days—for Saint M Stephen, Fredericton, St. John, Vancorbore, Quebec, Sherbrooke, Montreal, and all points West, Northwest, and on the Pacific Coast, Bangor, Portland, Boston, etc.

6.00 P MIXED—Week days—for McAdam M Junction, etc. (STARTS FROM OLD STATION).

9.20 P MIXED—Week days—for Debec Junction and Houlton.

ARRIVALS.

7.30 A. M.—MIXED—Week days, from McAdam Junction.

9.32 A. M.—MIXED—Week days, from 11.30 A. M.—EXPRESS—Week days, from Saint John, St. Stephen, St. Andrews, Boston, Montreal, Jct.

2.15 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Fredericton, etc., via Gibson Branch.

3.50 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Presque Isle.

4.40 P. M.—EXPRESS—Week days, from Presque Isle, Caribou, Edmundston, etc.

5.50 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from Houlton etc.

10.50 P. M.—MIXED—Week days, from St. John, Portland, St. Stephen, etc.

**1899.**  
Up at North End of Woodstock we have  
**85 LIGHT CARRIAGES**

under construction and finished, in all the known designs. Our trimming in Leather and Cloths are ahead of anything in the market. Our Wheel and other stock is the best that can be bought. Latest Novelties in Mounting. Anyone having an idea of getting a carriage is invited to come and look over our goods. We like to show them. We believe we can suit you. Enquiries by mail promptly answered. Repairing and painting done by skilled workmen.

**CHESTNUT & HIPWELL**  
Opposite Small & Fisher Co' Woodstock'

**We Manufacture And Have For Sale**

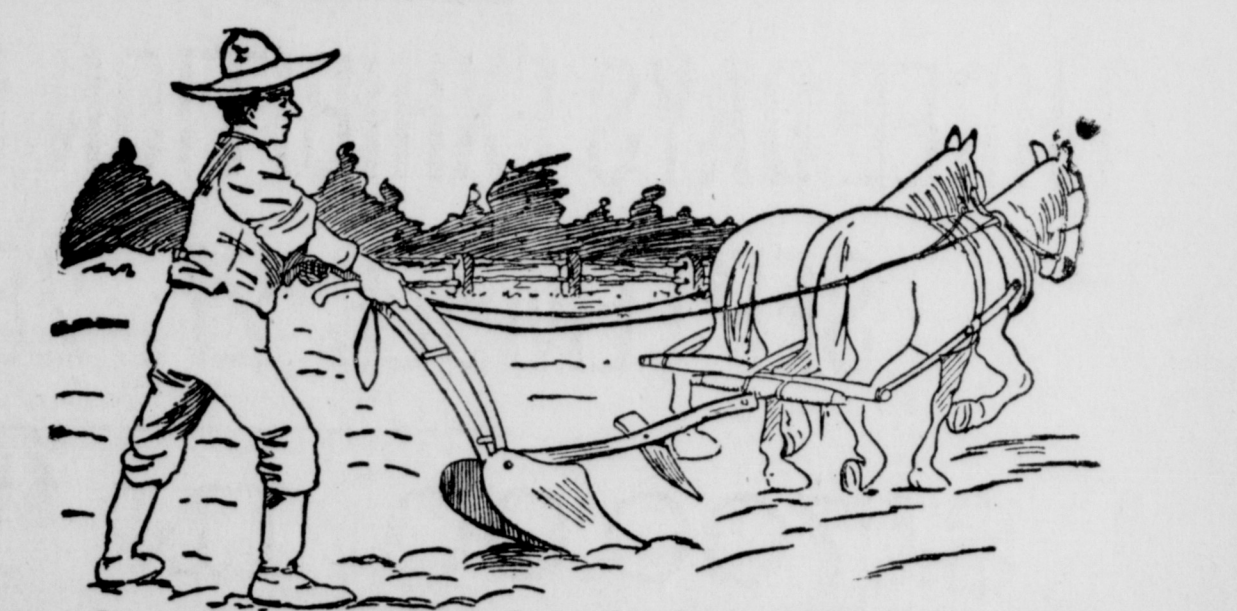
Threshing and Sawing Machines, Rotary Mills, Shingle Machines, And General Mill Work. Also, Furnaces, Farmers' Boilers, Stoves of All Descriptions, One and Two Horse Seeders, Turnip Drills, Pulpers, Mowing and Reaping Machines, with Roller Bearings, Spring Tooth Harrows, And the Finest Kind of STEEL PLOWS in the market, consisting in part of the CELEBRATED No. 21, 30, 8 and 6. They are guaranteed not to be Chilled Plows, but Genuine Crucible Steel Mouldboards, Hard Outside with Soft Centres.  
Repairs for Frost & Wood's Machinery kept in stock.

**SMALL & FISHER CO. L'td.**  
Woodstock, N. B.

Ask your grocer for  
**EDDY'S**

"EAGLE"	PARLOR MATCHES	200s
do	do	100s
"VICTORIA"	do	65s
"LITTLE COMET"	do	do

The finest in the world. No brimstone.  
**The E. B. EDDY CO. Limited,**  
Hull, P. Q.



I am a farmer located near Stony Brook, one of the most malarious districts in this State, and was bothered with malaria for years, at times so I could not work, and was always very constipated as well. For years I had malaria so bad in the spring, when engaged in plowing, that I could do nothing but shake. I must have taken about a barrel of quinine pills besides dozens of other remedies, but never obtained any permanent benefit. Last fall, in peach time, I had a most serious attack of chills and then commenced to take Ripans Tabules, upon a friend's advice, and the first box made me all right and I have never been without them since. I take one Tabule each morning and night and sometimes when I feel more than usually exhausted I take three in a day. They have kept my stomach sweet, my bowels regular and I have not had the least touch of malaria nor splitting headache since I commenced using them. I know also that I sleep better and wake up more refreshed than formerly. I don't know how many complaints Ripans Tabules will help, but I do know they will cure any one in the condition I was and I would not be without them at any price. I honestly consider them the cheapest-priced medicine in the world, as they are also the most beneficial and the most convenient to take. I am twenty-seven years of age and have worked hard all my life, the same as most farmers, both early and late and in all kinds of weather, and I have never enjoyed such good health as I have since last fall; in fact, my neighbors have all remarked my improved condition and have said, 'Say, John, what are you doing to look so healthy?'  
WANTED.—A case of bad health that R.I.P.A.N'S will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word R.I.P.A.N'S on the package and accept no substitute. R.I.P.A.N'S for 5 cents or twelve packets for 45 cents, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one testimonial will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the/ (pans Chemical Co., 25 Spruce St., New York.